



**PPTC
Emergency Response Plan**

Developed by:
 **JENSEN HUGHES**



**PPTC
Emergency Response Plan**

Developed by:
 **JENSEN HUGHES**



**PPTC
Emergency Response Plan**

Developed by:



JENSEN HUGHES



PPTC

Emergency Response Plan

Plan Last Revised: 10/03/2024

Developed by:



JENSEN HUGHES

FOREWORD**AMENDMENT PROTOCOL**

This Emergency Response Plan will be reviewed, validated and updated as per regulation. Additional updates may be distributed if an identified change is deemed critical or upon the request of the Lead Agency.

All amendments will be distributed to each individual plan holder who will be responsible for incorporating them as they are received. A record of all amendments will be maintained utilizing the Revision History.

If you detect an error, or subsequent to the latest revision date, become aware of any changes to information, please complete an Amendment Request Form found in **SECTION 7.3** and submit to

DATE OF CHANGE	CHANGE LOCATION	DESCRIPTION OF CHANGE
4/12/2024	Entire Plan	Plan Migration
5/8/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.7 Public Information Handout (PIH) Delete PIH1.jpg	
5/8/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.7 Public Information Handout (PIH) Delete PIH2.jpg	
5/8/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.7 Public Information Handout (PIH) Insert PPTC PIH - Page 1	
5/8/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.7 Public Information Handout (PIH) Insert PPTC PIH - Page 2	
5/8/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.7 Public Information Handout (PIH) Insert PPTC PIH - Page 3	
5/16/2024	Annual review conducted with Alan Mang, Paulo Candeias and Adetola Okunola. Updates made to sections: 9.1.4 (Removed Empress 6), 9.1.4-2 Internal Telephone Directory and 9.1.6 Support services.	
5/16/2024	Emergency Response Plan Foreword Distribution List	
5/16/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.4 Common Telephone Directory Figure 9.1.4-1 - 24-Hour Emergency Line Remove Plains Empress 6 Plant Local 24-hour Emergency Number	
5/16/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.4 Common Telephone Directory Figure 9.1.4-2 - Internal Emergency Telephone Numbers Remove Jim Graham, Area Supervisor	
5/16/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.4 Common Telephone Directory Figure 9.1.4-2 - Internal Emergency Telephone Numbers Insert Jason Carter, Director, NGL Operations, Empress Area	
5/16/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.4 Common Telephone Directory Figure 9.1.4-2 - Internal Emergency Telephone Numbers Insert Adetola Okunola, Team Lead, Maintenance	

AMENDMENT PROTOCOL, CONTINUED

DATE OF CHANGE	CHANGE LOCATION	DESCRIPTION OF CHANGE
5/16/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.6 Support Services Insert Elite safety Services	
5/22/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.6 Support Services Update WSP (Windsor, ON)	
7/31/2024	Section 9.1.1 Rapid City E2 ID reference removed. Storage tanks have been decommissioned. Refer to MOC113634.	
8/14/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.6 Support Services Update Badger Daylighting (Edmonton, AB)	
8/14/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.6 Support Services Update Clean Harbors Canada Inc. (Edmonton, AB and Leduc, AB)	
8/14/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.6 Support Services Update Holiday Inn Express & Suites	
8/14/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.6 Support Services Update Kory's Vacuum Truck Services (Brooks, AB)	
8/14/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.6 Support Services Update PRIMEC Controls (Estevan, SK)	
8/15/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.6 Support Services Delete HomeStay Inn & Suites	
8/15/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.6 Support Services Update Howard Johnson by Wyndham - Winnipeg West	
8/15/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.6 Support Services Update Integrated Sensing and Surveillance (ISS) Inc. (Red Deer, AB Airport)	
8/15/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.6 Support Services Update Integrated Sensing and Surveillance Inc. (Red Deer, AB Airport)	

AMENDMENT PROTOCOL, CONTINUED

DATE OF CHANGE	CHANGE LOCATION	DESCRIPTION OF CHANGE
8/15/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.6 Support Services Delete Premier Oilfield Services Ltd. (Virden, MB)	
8/19/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.6 Support Services Update Rise Air	
8/19/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.6 Support Services Update Rise Air (La Ronge, SK)	
8/19/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.6 Support Services Update Stantec Consulting Ltd. (Contact in the order listed)	
8/19/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.6 Support Services Update Stantec Consulting Ltd. (Edmonton, AB)	
8/19/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.6 Support Services Update Trojan Safety Services (Alberta Dispatch)	
8/19/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.6 Support Services Update TS & M Supply (Melita, MB)	
8/19/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.6 Support Services Update TS & M Supply (Moosomin, SK)	
8/19/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.6 Support Services Update TS & M Supply (Regina, SK)	
8/19/2024	Emergency Response Plan 9 - Area Information 9.1 Overview 9.1.6 Support Services Update Republic Services (Windsor, ON)	
8/19/2024	Local Public Information - Updated	
8/22/2024	Emergency Response Plan 8 - Government Agencies and Local Authorities 8.3 Government Notification Matrix	Replace Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba Government Notification Matrices

AMENDMENT PROTOCOL, CONTINUED

DATE OF CHANGE	CHANGE LOCATION	DESCRIPTION OF CHANGE
9/12/2024	Emergency Response Plan Foreword Operations Policy Insert Operations Policy	
10/3/2024	Emergency Response Plan 8 - Government Agencies and Local Authorities 8.4 Local Section 8.4.2 Local Authorities Insert Roles Stoney Nakota	
10/3/2024	Facility information updated: All maps	

NOTE: During each regulated annual ERP update, all revisions (including dates) are captured in the above table.

DISTRIBUTION LIST

Plan No.	Recipient	Location	ERP Type
Plains Midstream - Corporate			
██████████	██████████	██████████	■
██████████	██████████	██████████	■
Plains Midstream - Field			
██████████	██████████	██████████	■
██████████	████████████████████	██████████	■
██████████	██████████	██████████	■
██████████	████████████████████	██████████	■
██████████	████████████████████	██████████	■
██████████	██████████	██████████	■
██████████	██████████	██████████	■
██████████	██████████	██████████	■
██████████	██████████	██████████	■
Government Agencies and Local Authorities			
██████████	████████████████████	██████████	██████████
██████████	██████████ ██████████	██████████	■
██████████	████████████████████	██████████	██████████
██████████	██████████	██████████	■
██████████	██████████	██████████	■

DISTRIBUTION LIST, CONTINUED

[illegible]

DISTRIBUTION LIST, CONTINUED

[illegible]

DISTRIBUTION LIST, CONTINUED

[illegible]

DISTRIBUTION LIST, CONTINUED

[illegible]

DISTRIBUTION LIST, CONTINUED[illegible]

C = Confidential paper copy
EC = Electronic Confidential

NC = Non-Confidential paper copy
ENC = Electronic Non-Confidential

OPERATIONS POLICY

[REDACTED]

1 Policy Statement

Plains commits to conducting our operations in a manner that protects people and the environment. We are committed to the safety and security of the public, our employees, and contractors; the protection and stewardship of the environment, including property; and the safety, security, and integrity of all Plains assets throughout the entire asset lifecycle including design, construction, operation, and abandonment.

Our commitment to this Policy is demonstrated by:

- The Plains Code of Business Conduct with our core values of Safety and Environmental Stewardship; Respect, Fairness, and Inclusion; Teamwork; Ownership and Accountability; Ethics and Integrity; and Entrepreneurship and Innovation.
- Our goals for the prevention of ruptures, releases, fatalities, and injuries; for our rapid and effective response to incidents and emergency situations; and our drive to zero incidents.
- The sustainment and continuous improvement of our Operations Management System (OMS), including but not limited to Asset Integrity, Health and Safety, Damage Prevention, Physical Security, Environmental Protection, and Emergency Management.

All Plains personnel are accountable to follow this Policy.

2 Expectations & Accountabilities

Each Plains operational leader is expected to:

- Foster a culture that creates an environment of trust and demonstrates safety and continuous learning.
- Reinforce expectations that employees follow programs, standards, processes, and procedures, including but not limited to Plains Life Rules.
- Reinforce expectations that employees identify risk and take action to prevent an incident.
- Ensure the OMS and programs, processes, and procedures are developed, implemented, and sustained.
- Protect employees and those who work on behalf of Plains from reprisal for stopping work if an unsafe act or condition is identified or for reporting incidents, near misses, hazards, and potential hazards.

Plains personnel are expected to:

- Follow programs, processes, and procedures including but not limited to Plains Life Rules.
- Identify risk and take action to prevent an incident.
- Stop work without fear of reprisal if an unsafe act or condition is identified.
- Report incidents, near misses, hazards, and potential hazards.

3 Approvals

The following signatories approve this Policy.



Chris R. Chandler
Chief Operating Officer
Plains All American Pipeline, L.P.



Michelle Podavin
President and Accountable Officer
Plains Midstream Canada ULC

TABLE OF CONTENTS

FOREWORD	
Amendment Protocol	1
Distribution List	5
Operations Policy	11
Table of Contents	12
Manual Instructions	18
SECTION 0 - OVERVIEW	
0.1 Introduction	2
0.2 Objective	3
0.3 Scope	4
0.4 Emergency Response Framework	4
0.4.1 Response Principles	4
0.4.2 Response Organizations	4
0.4.3 Incident Management Team	5
0.4.4 Corporate Crisis Management Team (CCMT)	5
0.4.5 Corporate Strike Team (CST)	5
0.4.6 Response Organizational Structure	6
0.4.7 Incident Command System	7
0.4.8 ICS Planning Cycle	11
SECTION 1 - INITIAL RESPONSE	
1.1 Introduction	2
1.2 First on the Scene Actions	3
1.3 Initial Response Checklist	3
1.3.1 Notifications	7
1.3.1.1 Internal Notification	7
1.3.1.2 External Notification	7
1.3.1.3 Notification Flow Chart	8
1.3.2 Initial Actions and Assessment	9
1.3.3 Document Initial Actions	9
1.3.4 Level of Emergency	10
1.3.4.1 Incident Classification Matrix	11
1.3.4.2 Incident Response Classification	12
1.3.5 Incident Details	13
1.3.6 Activate Emergency Response Protocols	15
1.3.6.1 ICP Activation and Setup	16
1.3.6.2 EOC Activation and Setup	17
1.3.6.3 Incident Command Post (ICP) Layout	18
1.3.7 Incident Briefing and Next Steps	19

TABLE OF CONTENTS, CONTINUED

1.3.7.1 Incident Briefing	19
1.3.7.2 Response Actions - Next Steps	20
1.4 Initial Incident Command / Unified Command Meeting	21
SECTION 2 - ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES	
2.1 Introduction	2
2.1.1 Transfer of Personnel	2
2.1.2 Demobilization / Post-Incident Procedures	2
2.2 IMT Organization	4
2.2.1 IMT Organizational Structure	5
2.3 CST Organization	5
2.3.1 CST Organizational Structure	5
2.4 CCMT Organization	6
2.4.1 CCMT Organizational Chart	6
2.4.2 Corporate Crisis Management Team (CCMT)	7
SECTION 3 - RESPONDER SAFETY AND PUBLIC PROTECTION	
3.1 Introduction	2
3.2 Responder Safety	2
3.3 Emergency Planning Zone Determination	4
3.3.1 Emergency Planning Zone	4
3.3.2 Initial Isolation Zone	5
3.3.3 Protective Action Zone	5
3.4 Isolation of the Emergency Planning Zone	6
3.4.1 Primary Roadblock Example (for Single Lane Roads)	7
3.4.2 Roadblock Placement Example	8
3.5 Air Quality Monitoring	9
3.6 Evacuation	9
3.7 Shelter-In-Place	11
3.7.1 Shelter-in-Place Instructions	12
3.8 Ignition	13
3.8.1 Ignition Flowchart	14
3.8.2 Ignition Checklist	15
3.8.3 Public Protection Measures Flowchart	16
SECTION 4 - INCIDENT SPECIFIC MEASURES	
4.1 Overview	2
4.2 Functional Support Plans	3
4.3 Fire / Explosion	5
4.4 Hazardous Product Releases	7
4.4.1 Gas Release	7

TABLE OF CONTENTS, CONTINUED

4.4.2 Vapour Cloud	9
4.4.3 Pipeline Release	13
4.5 Spill or Leak	15
4.5.1 Spills	15
4.5.2 Leaks	17
4.6 Transportation of Dangerous Goods	19
4.6.1 Trucking / Rail	19
4.6.2 Emergency Response Guidebook	20
4.7 Natural Disasters or Severe Weather	21
4.8 Next-of-Kin Notification	22
4.9 Security Incidents	23
4.9.1 General Security Response Actions	23
Figure 4.9-1 - STRP Standard: STRP Activation	24
4.10 Dams (Brine Ponds)	25
4.10.1 Potential and Imminent Emergencies	25
4.10.2 Potential Abnormal Conditions	26
SECTION 5 - MEDIA & CRISIS COMMUNICATIONS	
5.1 Overview	2
Figure 5.1-1 - Crisis Communications Leadership Structure	2
5.2 Public Information Officer	2
5.3 Communications Advisor (CA)	3
5.4 Plains Crisis Communications Plan	3
5.5 Crisis Communication Approvals	3
5.6 Plains Media Policy	4
5.6.1 Sensitive Information	4
5.7 Regulatory Requirement	5
Figure 5.7-1 - Communications Plan Template	5
SECTION 6 - FORMS	
SECTION 7 - REFERENCE MATERIALS	
7.1 Concordance Table	2
7.1.1 Canada Energy Regulator Onshore Pipeline Regulations (SOR/99-294)	2
7.1.2 AER Directive 071 (D071)	7
7.1.3 Environmental Emergency Regulations (SOR/2019-51)	10
7.2 Training Requirements	22
7.3 ERP Amendment Request Form	24
7.4 Acronyms	25
7.5 Glossary	27
7.6 Characteristics of H ₂ S and SO ₂	48

TABLE OF CONTENTS, CONTINUED

7.7 Canadian Environmental Protection Act (E2) Requirements	51
7.8 Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG)	54
7.9 Dominion Land Survey System (DLS)	56
7.10 Concessions and Lots	57
SECTION 8 - GOVERNMENT AGENCIES AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES	
8.1 Incident, Spill and Release Reporting Requirements	2
8.2 Government Involvement	21
8.2.1 General Communication Expectations	21
8.3 Government Notification Matrix	22
8.4 Local Section	27
8.4.1 Emergency Services	27
8.4.2 Local Authorities	27
8.5 Provincial Section	28
8.6 Federal Section	62
8.6.1 Federal Agency Notifications	62
8.6.2 Federal Government Roles	62
8.6.2.1 Federal Regulatory Agency	62
8.6.2.2 Transportation Safety Board of Canada (TSB)	63
8.6.2.3 Canadian Environmental Protection Act (E2)	63
8.6.2.4 Environment & Climate Change Canada (ECCC)	64
8.6.2.5 Canadian Department of Fisheries & Oceans (DFO)	65
8.6.2.6 NAV Canada	65
8.6.2.7 Health Canada	66
8.6.2.8 Public Health Agency of Canada	66
8.6.2.9 Indigenous Services Canada, Regional Operations and First Nations and Inuit Health Branch	67
8.6.2.10 Indian Oil & Gas Canada (IOGC)	68
8.6.2.11 Transport Canada	68
8.6.2.12 Public Safety Canada	69
8.6.2.13 Royal Canadian Mounted Police (RCMP)	69
8.7 Mutual Aid	70
SECTION 9 - AREA INFORMATION	
9.1 Overview	6
9.1.1 Regulatory Description	6
9.1.2 General Area Information	7
9.1.3 Alarms and Communications	8
Figure 9.1.3-1 - Warning Systems	8
Figure 9.1.3-2 - Communication Infrastructure	9
Figure 9.1.3-3 - Emergency Shut Down (EDS) System	9

TABLE OF CONTENTS, CONTINUED

9.1.4 Common Telephone Directory	9
Figure 9.1.4-1 - 24-Hour Emergency Line	9
Figure 9.1.4-2 - Internal Emergency Telephone Numbers	10
9.1.5 External Support Organizations	13
Figure 9.1.5-1 - Spill Co-Op	13
Figure 9.1.5-2 - Mutual Aid	16
Figure 9.1.5-3 - Utilities	17
Figure 9.1.5-4 - Other Organizations	17
9.1.6 Support Services	18
9.1.7 Public Information Handout (PIH)	23
9.1.8 Emergency Response Planning Map	26
9.1.9 Plains Response Equipment	37
Figure 9.1.9-1 - Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)	39
9.2 Facility Site Information	40
9.2.1 Pipeline Section 1	
9.2.1.1 Driving Directions	
9.2.1.2 Evacuation	
9.2.1.3 Equipment Lists and Locations	
9.2.1.4 Site Notifications	
9.2.1.5 Technical Data	
9.2.1.6 Major Accident Risk (MAR) Scenarios	
9.2.1.7 Maps and Plot Plans	
9.2.1.8 Other Site-Specific Information	
9.2.1.9 Additional Site-Specific Information	
9.2.2 Pipeline Section 2	
9.2.2.1 Driving Directions	
9.2.2.2 Evacuation	
9.2.2.3 Equipment Lists and Locations	
9.2.2.4 Site Notifications	
9.2.2.5 Technical Data	
9.2.2.6 Major Accident Risk (MAR) Scenarios	
9.2.2.7 Maps and Plot Plans	
9.2.2.8 Other Site-Specific Information	
9.2.2.9 Additional Site-Specific Information	
9.2.3 Pipeline Section 3	
9.2.3.1 Driving Directions	
9.2.3.2 Evacuation	
9.2.3.3 Equipment Lists and Locations	

TABLE OF CONTENTS, CONTINUED

9.2.3.4 Site Notifications	
9.2.3.5 Technical Data	
9.2.3.6 Major Accident Risk (MAR) Scenarios	
9.2.3.7 Maps and Plot Plans	
9.2.3.8 Other Site-Specific Information	
9.2.3.9 Additional Site-Specific Information	
9.2.4 Pipeline Section 4	
9.2.4.1 Driving Directions	
9.2.4.2 Evacuation	
9.2.4.3 Equipment Lists and Locations	
9.2.4.4 Site Notifications	
9.2.4.5 Technical Data	
9.2.4.6 Major Accident Risk (MAR) Scenarios	
9.2.4.7 Maps and Plot Plans	
9.2.4.8 Other Site-Specific Information	
9.2.4.9 Additional Site-Specific Information	
9.2.5 Pipeline Section 5	
9.2.5.1 Driving Directions	
9.2.5.2 Evacuation	
9.2.5.3 Equipment Lists and Locations	
9.2.5.4 Site Notifications	
9.2.5.5 Technical Data	
9.2.5.6 Major Accident Risk (MAR) Scenarios	
9.2.5.7 Maps and Plot Plans	
9.2.5.8 Other Site-Specific Information	
9.2.5.9 Additional Site-Specific Information	
9.2.6 Pipeline Section 6	
9.2.6.1 Driving Directions	
9.2.6.2 Evacuation	
9.2.6.3 Equipment Lists and Locations	
9.2.6.4 Site Notifications	
9.2.6.5 Technical Data	
9.2.6.6 Major Accident Risk (MAR) Scenarios	
9.2.6.7 Maps and Plot Plans	
9.2.6.8 Other Site-Specific Information	
9.2.6.9 Additional Site-Specific Information	
9.2.7 Pipeline Section 7	
9.2.7.1 Driving Directions	

TABLE OF CONTENTS, CONTINUED

9.2.7.2 Evacuation	
9.2.7.3 Equipment Lists and Locations	
9.2.7.4 Site Notifications	
9.2.7.5 Technical Data	
9.2.7.6 Major Accident Risk (MAR) Scenarios	
9.2.7.7 Maps and Plot Plans	
9.2.7.8 Other Site-Specific Information	
9.2.7.9 Additional Site-Specific Information	
9.2.8 Pipeline Section 8	
9.2.8.1 Driving Directions	
9.2.8.2 Evacuation	
9.2.8.3 Equipment Lists and Locations	
9.2.8.4 Site Notifications	
9.2.8.5 Technical Data	
9.2.8.6 Major Accident Risk (MAR) Scenarios	
9.2.8.7 Maps and Plot Plans	
9.2.8.8 Other Site-Specific Information	
9.2.8.9 Additional Site-Specific Information	
9.2.9 Pipeline Section 9	
9.2.9.1 Driving Directions	
9.2.9.2 Evacuation	
9.2.9.3 Equipment Lists and Locations	
9.2.9.4 Site Notifications	
9.2.9.5 Technical Data	
9.2.9.6 Major Accident Risk (MAR) Scenarios	
9.2.9.7 Maps and Plot Plans	
9.2.9.8 Other Site-Specific Information	
9.2.9.9 Additional Site-Specific Information	
9.3 Consultation Information	145

MANUAL INSTRUCTIONS

How to Use the Manual

This manual is arranged with the company response personnel in mind. The first eight sections are what form the Plains Core Emergency Response Plan (Core ERP) and are consistent across all Plains operations and associated ERPs. Sections 8 and 9 contain all area and/or site information specific to each ERP.

Section 0 – Overview

An introduction to the plan that outlines the Emergency Management Program and the emergency response framework.

Section 1 – Initial Response

Provides an Initial Response Checklist to initiate an incident response and activate the Incident Management Team while considering the safety of responders, workers and the public.

Section 2 – Roles and Responsibilities Outlines

The Plains response framework for Incident Management Team (IMT) and Corporate Crisis Management Team (CCMT). It contains roles and responsibilities checklists for all possible CCMT positions. For more information on specific IMT and CCMT roles, refer to the Plains Incident Management Handbook (IMH).

Section 3 – Responder Safety and Public Protection

Processes and considerations to protect responders and to determine the safest way to protect the public during an incident.

Section 4 – Incident Specific Measures

Information and procedures specific to various identified incident types. Note that these are not Standard Operating Procedures and outline general guidelines emergency responders to consider.

Section 5 – Media & Crisis Communications

Provides an overview of the Crisis Communications Manual and outlines protocol for emergency communications and general media interactions.

Section 6 – Forms

Includes all forms required in an emergency (Government First Call, Executive Update Form, AER Release Reporting Form, Security Threat Assessment, Incident Command System, Public Protecting Forms and WCSS)

Section 7 – Reference Material

General ERP related information including: regulatory references, plan maintenance, acronyms, glossary terms, and product characteristics.

Section 8 – Government Agencies and Local Authorities

Outlines the notification requirements and contains the roles and responsibilities for lead and supporting agencies that are specific to the ERP. Also includes the roles and responsibilities for local/regional authorities and mutual aid.

Section 9 – Area Information

Outlines emergency response information specific to the area and operations. This includes: contact information, maps, technical data, response equipment, lead agencies, support services and confidential information.

SECTION 0 OVERVIEW

Section Last Revised: January 2023

© Jensen Hughes 2024

0.1 Introduction

0.2 Objective

0.3 Scope

0.4 Emergency Response Framework

0.4.1 Response Principles

0.4.2 Response Organizations

0.4.3 Incident Management Team

0.4.4 Corporate Crisis Management Team (CCMT)

0.4.5 Corporate Strike Team (CST)

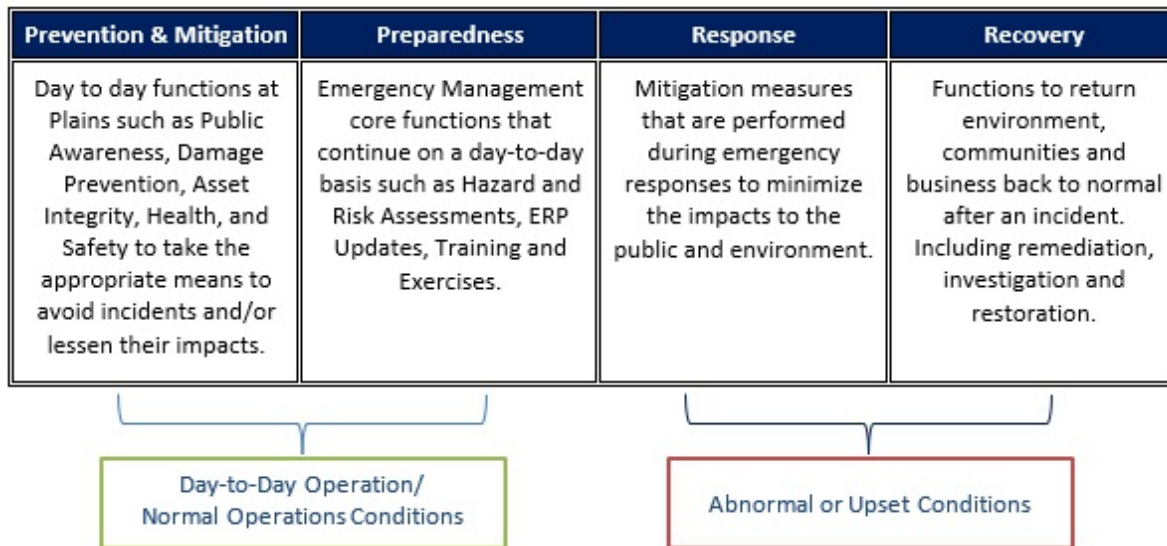
0.4.6 Response Organizational Structure

0.4.7 Incident Command System

0.4.8 ICS Planning Cycle

0.1 INTRODUCTION

Plains has identified the Core Emergency Response Plan (Core ERP) as a critical component of the Emergency Management Program (EMP). The EMP has been designed, using the four pillars of emergency management, to meet the need to anticipate, prevent, manage, and mitigate conditions during an emergency that could adversely affect the safety of the public, responder, property, and the environment. The Four Pillars of Emergency Management (EM):



As part of the EMP, Plains requires the development of Emergency Response Plans (ERP) focused around the protection of employees, the public, the environment, company assets and reputation. Each ERP consists of two major components and is designed for a particular geographical region, pipeline system and/or critical facility/site.

1. Corporate (Core) ERP – Comprised of **SECTION 0** through **SECTION 7** that outline PMC's emergency response framework and allows for a consistent approach to all emergencies company wide.
2. Area/Site Specifics – Comprised of **SECTION 8** and **SECTION 9** that outline all information specific to the ERP including all applicable federal (including ECCC E2) and/or provincial regulatory requirements, outlining applicable assets/operations, and identifying local hazard/response considerations.

A key component for the development of ERPs is the EM consultation program the contact of impacted stakeholders. The EM consultation program consists of the following:

1. Public consultations
2. Local authority, indigenous community, first responder, and government agency consultations
3. Area user notifications

The contacted stakeholders are defined by the EPZ and types of consultations / notifications are defined by the applicable regulatory body. All Plains ERPs are directly supported by the Plains Operations Management System (OMS) and guided by the Operations Policy and the Emergency Management Commitment Statement.

0.1 INTRODUCTION, CONTINUED

In addition to supporting internal Plains systems, the Core ERP is designed to meet and exceed the regulatory requirements set out by the following regulatory agencies and associated regulations:

- Canada Energy Regulator (CER)
 - Onshore Pipeline Regulations (SOR/99-294)
- Alberta Energy Regulator (AER)
 - Directive 071 and 056
- Saskatchewan – Ministry of Energy and Resources (ER)
- Manitoba Agriculture and Resource Development (ARD) – Petroleum Branch
- Ontario Energy Board (OEB)
- Ontario – Ministry of the Solicitor General – Emergency Management Ontario (EMO)
- Ontario – Technical Standards and Safety Authority (TSSA)
- Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
 - Z246.2, Z731, Z1600 and Z662
- Environment Canada and Climate Change (ECCC)
 - Canadian Environmental Protection Act – Environmental Emergencies (E2)
- Transportation Safety Board (TSB)

0.2 OBJECTIVE

Plains has developed the Core ERP to assist company personnel respond to emergencies for all operations. The primary objective of the ERP is to clearly define the framework and the tools that facilitate the ability of Plains personnel to respond consistently and effectively to all incidents (operational and non-operational).

The ERP is designed to assist with:

- Activation of the ERP.
- Initial response procedures and tools.
- Internal notification process.
- Incident Command System (ICS) processes and incorporate ICS key principles.
- Response organization and structures.
- Roles and responsibilities checklists for field and corporate level responding personnel.
- Emergency response procedures and guidelines to protect people, the environment and assets threatened in an emergency.
- Notification and communication requirements to all stakeholders (public, government, media, internal, etc.).
- Documentation tools and requirements.
- Fulfill all provincial and federal emergency management regulatory body requirements.
- Required post emergency actions including evaluation and follow up.

In conjunction with the ERP, Plains adoption and full implementation of the Incident Command System (ICS) ensures that an organizational and systematic response structure will be initiated and established equal to the complexity and demands of an emergency.

0.3 SCOPE

Plains Core ERP supports all Plains personnel from field responders on-site that comprise the Incident Management Team (IMT) and Corporate Calgary responders that comprise the Corporate Crisis Management Team (CCMT). It contains the core ERP components, outlined in **SECTION 1** through **SECTION 7**, that are consistent across all ERPs including area specific. **SECTION 8** and **SECTION 9** contain all area and/or site specific information to each ERP.

SECTION 8 outlines the applicable government agencies, local/regional authority's roles and responsibilities, as well as company-wide and local support agreements with external agencies and mutual aid partners. **SECTION 9** (if applicable) outlines all area specifics including: operations overview, general area overview, contact lists for Plains personnel, external contact lists (government, local authority, first responders, support services, etc.), area user information, site equipment and processes, technical data, maps and confidential resident information.

Plains Core ERP is guided by the Plains Operations Policy and Emergency Management Commitment Statement and complimented by Functional Support Plans (FSPs). It is aligned with the standards and expectations of first responders, regulators, local authorities and industry partners.

0.4 EMERGENCY RESPONSE FRAMEWORK

0.4.1 Response Principles

1. The highest priority is placed on human life (personal, employees, contractors and the public).
2. ICS is utilized as the foundation for response to all incidents.
3. All responders (field and corporate) are trained to ICS procedures and principles.
4. All responders are trained annually via exercises and role/hazard specific training sessions.
5. The IMT (field responders) are expected to manage the emergency response with support from the CCMT (corporate responders).
6. Responders must 'Get Big Quick' and mobilize as many responders as possible at the onset of an emergency.

0.4.2 Response Organizations

Plains emergency response framework is comprised of two response organizations that work in conjunction with one another and are in regular communication. Key reporting lines are established between each response organization and communications are encouraged between leadership roles within each.

0.4.3 Incident Management Team

- Based in the field at the Incident Command Post (ICP).
- Responsible for managing the emergency response and all field level (tactical) emergency response actions.
- Managed by the Incident Commander and initially comprised of local and nearby area personnel. Other company personnel who are trained to respond may take IMT roles as well as external agencies/company personnel, as required.
- Deputy Incident Commander must be established communicates and report to the Crisis Manager (CCMT) at the EOC.
- IMT leadership is comprised of:
 - Command Staff: Incident Commander, Deputy Incident Commander, Safety Officer, Liaison Officer and Public Information Officer.
 - General Staff: Operations, Planning, Logistics and Finance/Administration Section Chiefs.

0.4.4 Corporate Crisis Management Team (CCMT)

Comprehensive team established at the Emergency Operations Centre to support the field and IMT response. The CCMT provides direction and support for local actions with emergency management response guidance, designed to enhance the local facility's emergency plan and capabilities; while also managing external pressure(s) from the media, local community or other stakeholders to allow the local response team to focus on containing the issue itself.

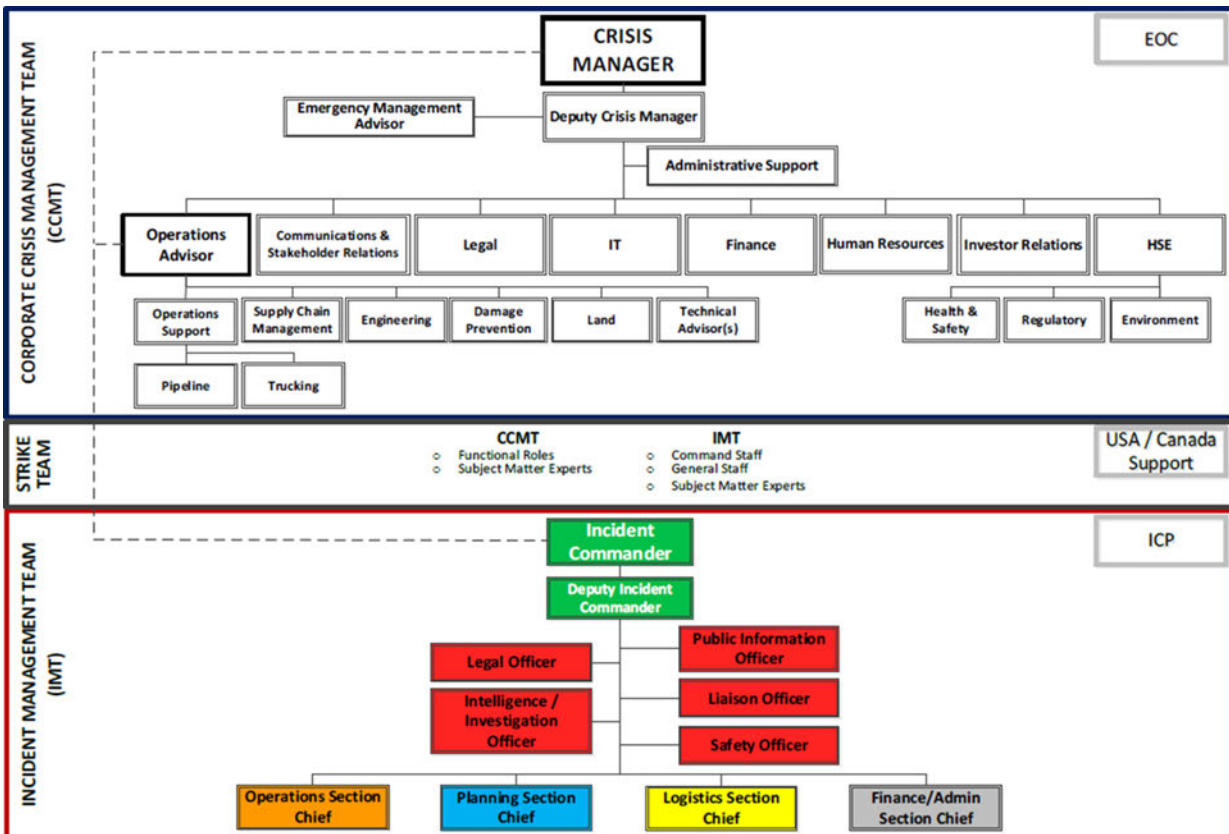
The Corporate Crisis Management Plan (CCMP) is designed to:

- Establish a framework and structure for the CCMT.
- Define criteria for classifying levels of response.
- Establish standardized notification and activation procedures.
- Identify roles and responsibilities for CCMT members and other key personnel.
- Prepare Plans to communicate effectively to all audiences during the event.

0.4.5 Corporate Strike Team (CST)

The Corporate Strike Team (CST) is comprised of enterprise-wide personnel that respond to the local incident scene and directly support the on-site Facility Response Team through the Incident Command Structure (ICS). The CST is responsible for communicating and coordinating activities through the Responsible Party Incident Commander (RPIC).

0.4.6 Response Organizational Structure



NOTE: Roles and responsibilities are assigned based on the needs of the incident and span of control.

0.4.7 Incident Command System

Plains has adopted and fully implemented the Incident Command System (ICS) at all levels within the organization. ICS is a comprehensive and practical system widely used nationally and internationally by both government and industry sectors to manage emergencies. It is a standardized, on scene, management system used for all types of emergency and non-emergency events. Plains has adopted the following core and consistent incident priorities for all emergencies:



All Plains personnel are trained to the following ICS principles and features that include:

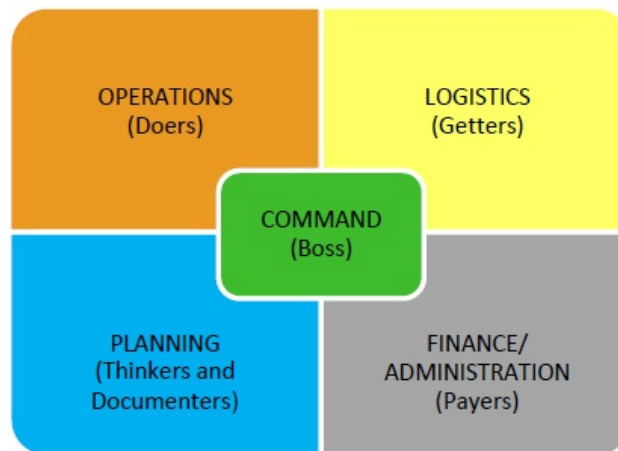
- Common Terminology
- Establishment and transfer of command
- Chain and unity of command
- Unified command
- Management by objectives
- Incident Action Plan (IAP)
- Modular (flexible) organization
- Manageable span of control
- Comprehensive resource management
- Incident location and facilities
- Integrated communications
- Information and intelligence management
- Personnel accountability
- Dispatch / Deployment

Plains personnel will use the ICS Planning Cycle (Planning “P”) and ICS Forms to manage a response to an emergency.

Plains focuses training and formulates emergency responses based on the **management by objectives** principle. This is a systematic and organized approach that involves establishing and prioritizing common objectives to guide the actions of all responders. This approach allows responders to focus on achievable goals and to attain the best possible results from available resources. At the onset of an incident the incident priorities (life safety, incident stabilization and minimizing impacts) provide guidance for the objectives and are documented on the ICS 201. The incident priorities will act as the objectives until there is time to define SMART objectives that will also be added to the ICS 201. During a prolonged response the incident priorities are utilized to define and prioritize objectives within the **Incident Action Plan (IAP)** that are specific to the incident and hazard/area considerations. All incident communication, reporting and assignments occur using **common terminology** through clear text/speech and specific details without the use of slang, codes or acronyms. Roles and responsibilities are then identified based on the strategies and tactics that are outlined to achieve the established objectives. This works in conjunction with the principle for modular organization and the development of an organizational structure specific to the incident.

0.4.7 Incident Command System, Continued

There are five primary ICS management functions that apply to both the Incident Management Team (IMT) and Corporate Crisis Management Team (CCMT):



Command	The Incident Commander is responsible for all response actions until additional functions and positions are assigned. Additional functions include the Command Staff that is comprised of the Safety Officer, Liaison Officer and Public Information Officer as well as General Staff comprised of Operations, Planning, Logistics and Finance/Admin.
Operations	Operations is responsible for directing all field tactical actions that include all responder and public safety actions, incident stabilization as outlined in the Incident Action Plan. It includes identification of personnel and equipment resources required to carry out tactical operations.
Planning	Planning is responsible for the collection, evaluation, dissemination, maintenance and display of incident information, and preparation of the Incident Action Plan to be executed by the Operations Section. It is also responsible for predicting the potential of the incident and to assess and recommend response tactics and countermeasures.
Logistics	Provides support to response operations by ordering resources and services, tracking and notifying responding personnel once they are available.
Finance/Admin	Ensures funding is available and tracked for response actions, monitors, manages, and tracks response related cost-accounting including time recording, claims and compensation.

0.4.7 Incident Command System, Continued

The five primary ICS functions management functions are utilized by the Incident Commander. Once the incident has been assessed and it has been determined that the ERP will be activated, field personnel will be mobilized to create an Incident Management Team (IMT) organizational structure specific to the hazards and needs/complexity of the emergency response. At PMC the Corporate Crisis Management Team which provides support to the Incident Management Team, Crisis Manager follows a similar process, however mobilizes corporate personnel to create the Corporate Crisis Management Team (CCMT) organizational structure specific to the incident and supporting the IMT. The creation of the organizational structure helps to ensure the following:

- **Unity of command** – Each responder reports to and receives direction from one source.
- **Chain of command** – Outlines an orderly line of authority primarily focused on Section Chiefs, Branch Directors and single resources.
- **Span of control** – Refers to the number of reports one person may have. It may range from 3-7 but the optimal number is 5.

All tactical resources are assigned to the Operations Section and the most hazardous activities are carried out there. Because of this, it is necessary to carefully monitor the number of resources that report to any one supervisor.

The following supervisory levels can be added to help manage **span of control**:

- Divisions are used to divide an incident geographically.
- Groups are used to divide functional areas of operation.
- Branches are used when the number of Divisions or Groups extends the span of control and can be either geographical or functional. Within Branches:
 - Unit – That organization element having functional responsibility for incident, logistics, or finance/administration activity.
 - Task Force – A group of unlike single resources assigned to complete certain tactical assignments.
 - Strike Team – Similar to a Task Force but comprised of the same kind and type of resources to complete tactical assignments.

When responders are mobilized, they may be dispatched and/or report to any of the following incident facilities:

Incident Command Post (ICP)	The facility location where the command functions are carried out and the Incident Management Team resides. Typically located in close proximity to the incident. There should only be one ICP per incident response.
PMC Emergency Operations Centre (EOC)	The facility location established for the Corporate Crisis Management Team to carry out their functional responsibilities and check-in. It is located in the Calgary PMC Plaza.
Staging Area	A temporary location established by the Operations Section Chief for incident personnel and equipment to check-in and be immediately available for deployment on a tactical assignment. There may be multiple staging areas based on incident needs and are managed by a Staging Area Manager.
Heli-base	The main location from which helicopter-centred air operations are conducted.
Heli-spot	Temporary location for helicopters to safely load and unload personnel and cargo.
Reception Centre	A facility established for evacuated residents to check-in and for responders to assess their needs. There may be multiple reception centres based on incident needs.

0.4.7 Incident Command System, Continued

The process of moving the responsibility from one Incident Commander to another is called **transfer of command** and generally occurs for expanding incidents and/or incidents spanning over multiple operational periods. There are 4 key steps to consider during transfer of command:

1. The outgoing Incident Commander should conduct an assessment with the incoming Incident Commander.
2. The Incoming Incident Commander must be adequately briefed on the ICS 201 or current IAP.
3. After the incident briefing, the incoming Incident Commander should determine an appropriate time for transfer of command.
4. At the appropriate time, notice of a change in incident command should be made to all responders.

Similarly, transfer of personnel follows the same principles and occurs when responsibility is moved from one responder to another. Transfer of command and/or personnel should be planned to ensure there are no impacts during the transition period.

*NOTE: **SECTION 2: Roles and Responsibilities** includes a checklist for **SECTION 2.1.1 Transfer of Personnel**.*

Unified Command may be needed for an incident response involving multiple jurisdictions or agencies. Unified Command is an authority structure in which the role of incident commander is shared by two or more individuals. Unified command is one way to carry out command in which responding agencies and/or jurisdictions with responsibility for the incident response share incident management.

If a Unified Command is needed, Incident Commanders representing agencies, jurisdictions, or organizations that share responsibility for the incident manage the response from a single Incident Command Post. A Unified Command allows agencies with different legal, geographic, and functional authorities and responsibilities to work together effectively without affecting individual agency authority, responsibility, or accountability. Under a Unified Command, a single, coordinated Incident Action Plan will direct all activities. The Incident Commanders will supervise a single Command and General Staff organization and speak with one voice.

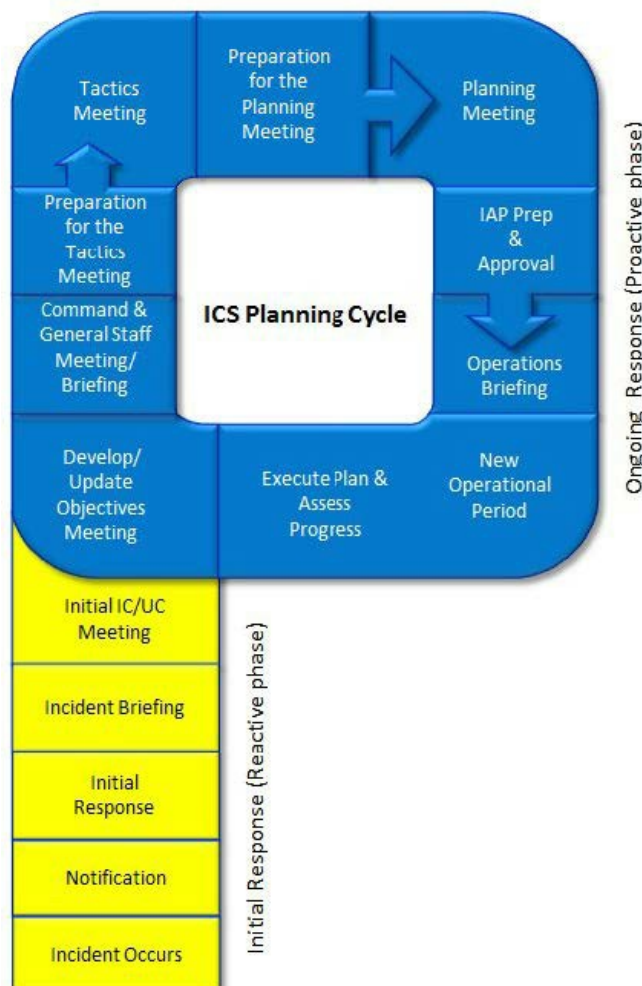
0.4.8 ICS Planning Cycle

Sound, timely planning provides the foundation for effective incident management. The Planning "P" acts as a guide to the ICS planning cycle and outlines steps involved in the strategic, operational, and tactical planning for an incident.

The ICS Planning Cycle (Planning "P") is used by the IMT Command Staff and General Staff in the Incident Command Post (ICP) to manage and execute Incident Action Plans (IAP) during each operational period.

The stem of the "P" outlines the Initial Response (Reactive phase) that takes place at the onset of the incident (first operational period) and focuses on the completion of the **ICS 201**. These steps include: Notifications, Initial Response, Incident Briefing, and Initial Incident Command (IC)/Unified Command (UC) Meeting. The actions associated with these steps are outlined in **SECTION 1: Initial Response** and the Initial Response Checklist (**SECTION 1.3**).

The top of the "P" outlines the planning cycle known as the Ongoing Response (Proactive phase). The planning cycle steps work towards the completion of an IAP for the next operational period. These steps include: *Develop/Update Objectives Meeting, Command and General Staff Meeting, Preparing for the Tactics Meeting, Tactics Meeting, Preparing for the Planning Meeting, Planning Meeting, IAP Prep & Approval, and Operations Briefing*. The completed IAP should outline the objectives, strategies and tactics for the last step of the cycle (Execute Plan & Assess Progress). At this point, the planning cycle begins again for the following operational period. Full details of the ICS Planning Cycle steps and meetings are outlined in **SECTION 2: Roles and Responsibilities – ICS Planning Cycle**.



SECTION 1

INITIAL RESPONSE

Section Last Revised: January 2023

© Jensen Hughes 2024

1.1 Introduction

1.2 First on the Scene Actions

1.3 Initial Response Checklist

1.3.1 Notifications

1.3.1.1 Internal Notification

1.3.1.2 External Notification

1.3.1.3 Notification Flow Chart

1.3.2 Initial Actions and Assessment

1.3.3 Document Initial Actions

1.3.4 Level of Emergency

1.3.4.1 Incident Classification Matrix

1.3.4.2 Incident Response Classification

1.3.5 Incident Details

1.3.6 Activate Emergency Response Protocols

1.3.6.1 ICP Activation and Setup

1.3.6.2 EOC Activation and Setup

1.3.6.3 Incident Command Post (ICP) Layout

1.3.7 Incident Briefing and Next Steps

1.3.7.1 Incident Briefing

1.3.7.2 Response Actions - Next Steps

1.4 Initial Incident Command / Unified Command Meeting

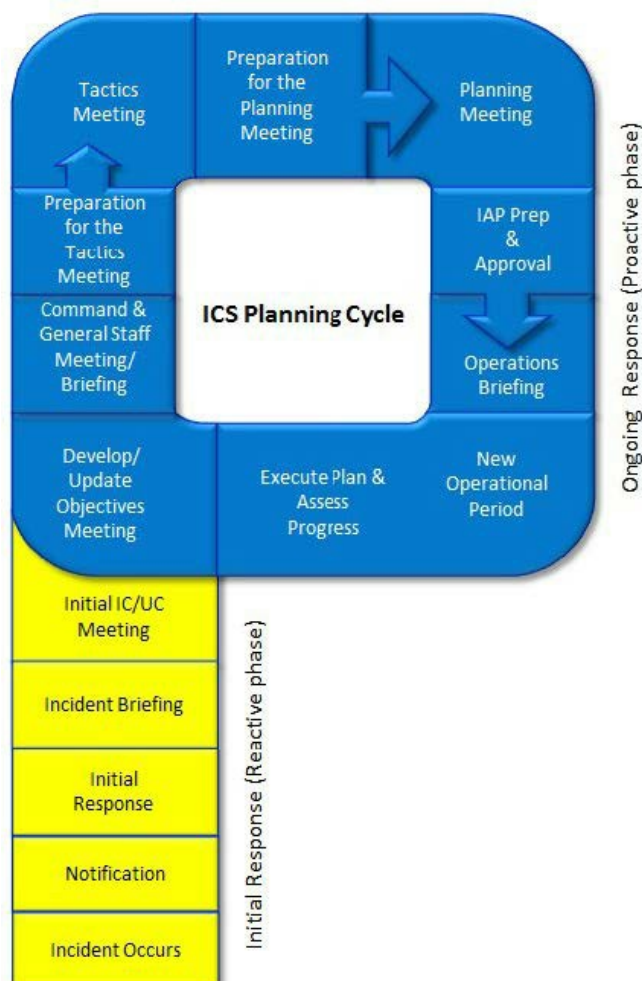
1.1 INTRODUCTION

The Initial Response section provides guidance for all responders, with a heavy focus on the Incident Management Team (IMT) to respond to an emergency during the first operational period. Initial Response (reactive phase) is comprised of: Notification, Initial Response, Incident Briefing, and Initial IC / UC Meeting; the yellow boxes indicated below within the stem of the Planning "P".

An Initial Response Checklist has been created to assist with the majority of these actions and it revolves around the completion of the *ICS 201* Incident Briefing Form. The *ICS 201* acts as the Incident Action Plan and captures all information for the first operational period.

The Initial Response Checklist and *ICS 201* are documents which need to be used to guide the initial response and document all actions. These documents are then used to help conduct the Incident Briefing and the Initial Incident Commander / Unified Command Meeting. The details (purpose of the meeting, agenda items and attendees) for these two steps are outlined at the end of this section.

NOTE: The Initial Response process and actions for the CCMT and Corporate responders are outlined in **SECTION 2: Roles & Responsibilities – CCMT**.



1.2 FIRST ON THE SCENE ACTIONS

The highest priority is personal safety. First responders should consistently approach every incident and hazard by taking the following actions.

1. **Evacuate** - Remove yourself from the hazard area and direct others to a designated safe area. Take a head count as applicable.
2. **Alarm** - Alert other area personnel, immediately contact the Olds Operational or Local Authorized Control Centre and notify emergency services, if required.
3. **Assess** - Do an initial assessment of the situation. Identify and control hazards and risks.
4. **Protect** - Control entry into the immediate hazard area and put on the appropriate personal protective equipment.
5. **Rescue** – Safely enter the hazard area to recover any injured /missing personnel as applicable.
6. **First Aid** - Once the casualty has been removed to a safe area, assess the casualty's conditions and apply the appropriate first aid. Ensure local emergency services have been contacted and arrange for transport.

1.3 INITIAL RESPONSE CHECKLIST

Plains has developed a quick reference Initial Response Checklist to assist response personnel with the actions required at the onset of an emergency. This checklist provides a general guideline for the Incident Commander. The Incident Commander is responsible to ensure that all steps are addressed and may delegate responsibilities to other responders as required. Note that some actions may not be applicable given the nature of the incident. The checklist is organized into six steps. Each outlined step has additional supporting information regarding the actions and considerations required to fully complete the Initial Response (reactive phase) process.

Plains has adopted the ICS incident priorities for all emergencies and use them as the initial objectives for all initial response actions. These priorities are:



Initial Response Checklist

Initial Response Checklist			
Notifications			
<input type="checkbox"/> Complete the Initial Response Guidebook (IRG) Initial Notifications Form <ul style="list-style-type: none"> District Manager Division Director Control Center HSE Representative(s) Oil spill response contractors Support services Regulator Mutual aid organizations Local companies 			
<input type="checkbox"/> Begin to establish an Incident Management Team (IMT)			
Initial Actions and Assessment			
<input type="checkbox"/> Secure the site, incident area and/or emergency planning zone (EPZ)			
<input type="checkbox"/> Consider evacuating the area (or facility) and/or non-critical personnel, as required			
<input type="checkbox"/> Ensure completion of the <i>IRG Critical Information Report</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Location & Asset type Current situation Product type & volume released Workers involved & Injuries Public impacts Environmental impacts Security impacts Assistance/equipment requirements Incident Picture & ERG App Screenshot 			
<i>Note: For security incidents refer to the Security Response Checklist.</i>			
Document Initial Actions			
<input type="checkbox"/> Begin updating the <i>ICS 201 Incident Briefing Form</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Map Incident details Current situation Safety considerations Priorities Objectives Current actions Organizational chart Resources 			
<input type="checkbox"/> Ensure completion of the <i>IRG Initial Incident Site Safety and Health Plan</i>			
<input type="checkbox"/> Provide an update to all responders and leadership			
<input type="checkbox"/> Determine with leadership if the EOC needs to be activated			
<input type="checkbox"/> Identify the applicable ERP and site specific information			
Level of Emergency (for Canadian operations only)			
For operational incidents, refer to <i>Incident Classification Matrix</i> for guidance			
<input type="checkbox"/> Alert	<input type="checkbox"/> Level 1	<input type="checkbox"/> Level 2	<input type="checkbox"/> Level 3
<input type="checkbox"/> Communicate the level of emergency to the Control Center, EOC, all responders, and regulators			
Incident Details			
<input type="checkbox"/> Continue to gather incident details			
<input type="checkbox"/> Determine and/or confirm the public safety and responder zones - EPZ, Hot/Warm/Cold Zones, etc.			
<input type="checkbox"/> Determine public protection measures to ensure public safety - evacuation, shelter-in-place, ignition			
<input type="checkbox"/> Identify all potential impacts/hazards and define sensitive areas - weather, public, environment, etc.			
Activate Emergency Response Protocols			
<input type="checkbox"/> 'Get Big Quick' - Mobilize personnel, services and equipment required			
<input type="checkbox"/> Activate and establish incident facilities - ICP, EOC, staging area, reception centre, etc. (as required)			
<input type="checkbox"/> Establish communications between incident locations, facilities, and responders			
<input type="checkbox"/> Activate and populate an incident specific VEOC/VICP site (<i>for Canadian operations only</i>)			
<input type="checkbox"/> Develop a Safety Plan, including applicable SOPs, FLHAs, etc. (ICS 208)			
<input type="checkbox"/> Document response actions and plans (ICS 201, ICS 207, ICS 211 p/e & ICS 234, as required)			
Incident Briefing and Next Steps			
<input type="checkbox"/> Conduct Initial Incident Briefing (Review current ICS 201 from the IMT)			
<input type="checkbox"/> Establish SMART objectives, strategies and tactics (ICS 234)			
<input type="checkbox"/> Assign roles & responsibilities to accomplish strategies and tactics (<i>ICS 207-IMT</i>)			
<input type="checkbox"/> Populate the Situation Status Display Board with current information			

Security Response Checklist

Security Response Checklist		
Threat Assessment Tool		
<input type="checkbox"/> Complete the Threat Assessment Tool: Likelihood – Medium or High (Realistic) – Initiate Security Notifications		
<input type="checkbox"/> Likelihood – Low (Non Realistic)	<input type="checkbox"/> Likelihood – Medium (Realistic)	<input type="checkbox"/> Likelihood – High (Realistic)
Security Notifications		
<input type="checkbox"/> Notify Plains Supervisor, District Manager, Director Operations, Sr. Vice President <input type="checkbox"/> Contact local law enforcement via Non-Emergency number, use 911 if required <input type="checkbox"/> Notify the Operational Control Centre (OCC) and issue a PINS/Maximo Incident and/or Service Desk (for Cyber Incident) <input type="checkbox"/> Notify Information Services Corporate Crisis Management Team distribution list (Dist-GRP-IncidentSupport) (for Cyber Incident) <input type="checkbox"/> Notify the Security Management Department and/or Information Services (for Cyber Security) <input type="checkbox"/> Activate EOC and/or ICP		
Document Initial Actions		
<input type="checkbox"/> Begin documenting all actions on ICS201 Incident Briefing Form <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Record initial incident details (type of incident, location, personnel, communications, response details) To achieve incident priorities - <i>Life Safety, Incident Stabilization and Minimize Impacts</i> <input type="checkbox"/> Consider site evacuation to Muster Points <input type="checkbox"/> Begin completing the Security Threat Assessment Form (for Security and/or Cyber Security Incidents)		
Security Threat Response Plan (STRP) Standard		
<input type="checkbox"/> Complete Security Threat Assessment Form <input type="checkbox"/> Determine Plains Security Threat Level: <input type="checkbox"/> Low Threat <input type="checkbox"/> Medium Threat <input type="checkbox"/> High Threat <input type="checkbox"/> Conduct Security Threat Briefing and review Security Threat Level with Plains Management and ICP/EOC <input type="checkbox"/> Liaise with Plains Officer for final approval to raise Security Threat Level <input type="checkbox"/> Implement Countermeasures for Medium/High Security Threat Level as required <input type="checkbox"/> Notify – Internal Notifications and External Notifications <input type="checkbox"/> Activate Site Specific STRP and/or Cyber Security Functional Support Plan (if required)		
Activate ERP		
<input type="checkbox"/> Determine the Level of Emergency: <input type="checkbox"/> Alert <input type="checkbox"/> Level 1 <input type="checkbox"/> Level 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Level 3 <input type="checkbox"/> Communicate the Security Threat Level And Emergency Level <input type="checkbox"/> Notify the lead Regulatory Body (AER, NEB, MECON, EMO, Transport Canada, USCG, TSA, DHS, ETC) as required <input type="checkbox"/> Incident Response Classification (<i>Refer to SECTION 1.3.4.2 Incident Classification Matrix</i>) for response activities <input type="checkbox"/> Evacuate facility and/or non-critical personnel, as required <input type="checkbox"/> Activate and establish incident facilities - ICP, EOC, staging area, reception centre, etc. <input type="checkbox"/> Complete an <i>ICS 211p &/or ICS 211e</i> at all incident facilities and response locations <input type="checkbox"/> 'Get Big Quick' - Mobilize personnel, services, and equipment required <input type="checkbox"/> Develop a Safety Plan (including applicable <i>SOPs, FLHAs, etc.</i>) <input type="checkbox"/> Update the ICS 201, Security Threat Assessment Form, ICS 207 and/or ICS 234. <input type="checkbox"/> Consider utilizing Security Intelligence Officer		

Security Response Checklist, Continued

Security Response Checklist, Continued
Site Evaluation
Evacuation as per local procedures and ensure 100% of personnel are accounted for; this includes all Plains employees, contractors, and visitors on site. The following points should be observed:
<input type="checkbox"/> Personnel should leave office doors open as they leave (<u>suspect package only</u>)
<input type="checkbox"/> Personnel should take their personal belongings with them (e.g. purse, lunch bag, and briefcase).
<input type="checkbox"/> Instruct personnel to be observant during evacuation and report any suspicious packages or activities immediately.
<input type="checkbox"/> Personnel must be instructed NOT to post information on social media or contact people outside of the Plains organization

1.3.1 Notifications

In the case of an emergency, internal and external notifications must be made. This step outlines the required notifications along with processes for doing them. Specifically, the Notification Flowchart outlines who needs to be contacted, the order that notifications occur and the related decisions and actions.

Plains Field Leadership will be notified of a potential incident or emergency through one of three avenues.

1. Member of the public contacts the local emergency number.
2. Plains employee/contractor identifies an emergency and contacts the Area Supervisor and/or the Olds Operational or Local Authorized Control Centre.
3. Olds Operational or Local Authorized Control Centre detects an issue or receives a system alert and contacts the Area Supervisor and on-call H & S Advisor.

1.3.1.1 Internal Notification

The first responder must immediately notify the Area Supervisor and Olds Operational or Local Authorized Control Centre. Regardless of the notification method, the Control Centre will contact the applicable Area Supervisor and the on-call EH & S Advisor, as well as issue a Plains Incident Notification System (PINS) email. The Area Supervisor will contact the District Manager and they will contact the Director, Operations, who will assume the role of the Incident Director. The Incident Director will assist with evaluating the resources available in the field and fill any gaps with Corporate Head Office responders or complete responsibilities from the EOC. The notification process is outlined in the **SECTION 1.3.1.3 Notification Flowchart**. All incident and response details must be documented in the *ICS 201* and all personal activities, communications and decisions must be documented in an *ICS 214a*.

Note: Refer to the 'Incident Reporting and Investigation Program' for additional requirements.

1.3.1.2 External Notification

External notifications must happen simultaneously with internal notifications. The following notifications must occur immediately once the incident has been verified.

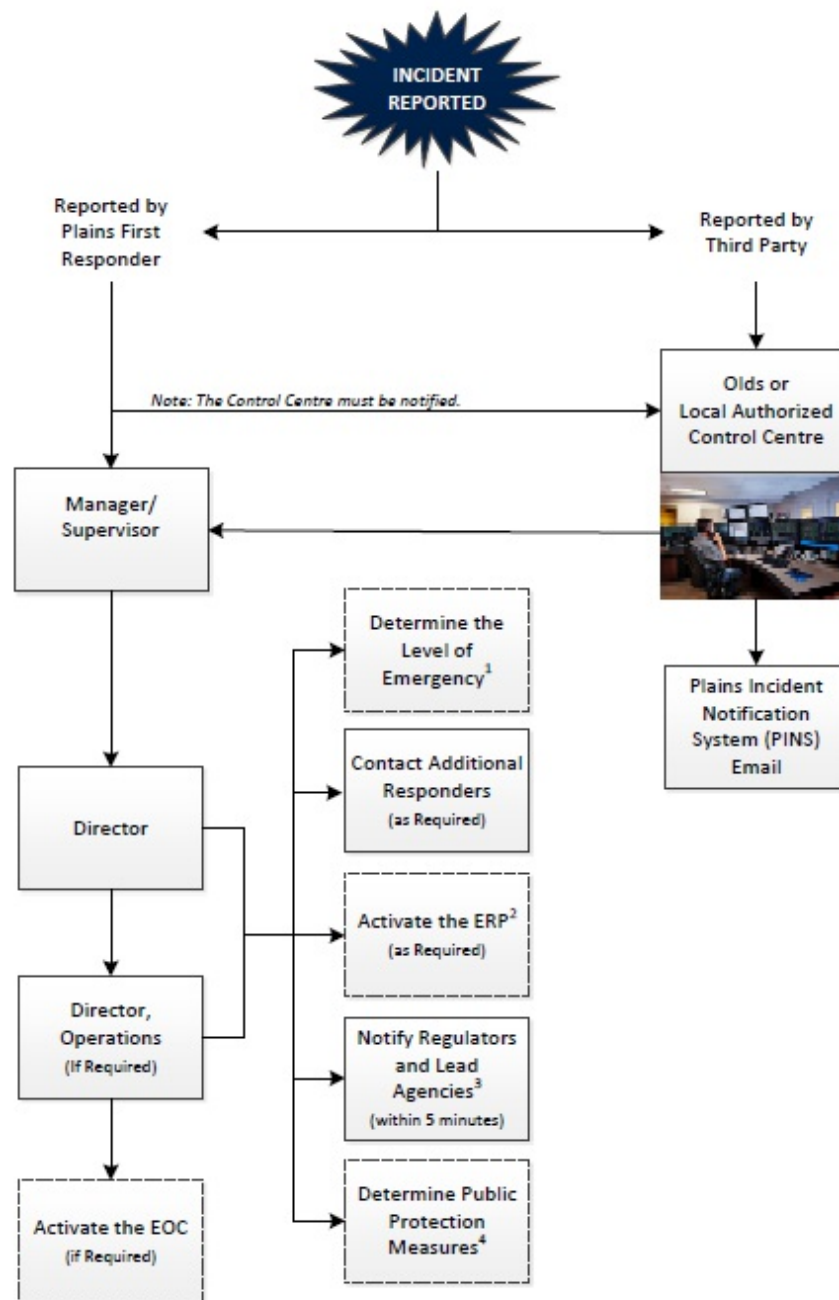
- Plains First Responder notifies 911, if required.
- An HSE representative must ensure the lead regulatory body is notified as necessary. Please refer to the "External Incident Reporting Process" and the "Release reporting Standard Operating Procedure (SOP)"
- Notification to local authorities, Indigenous Communities and other external agencies shall be conducted by the Incident Commander (IC) or as delegated to the Liaison Officer.

Additional notifications to government and supporting agencies must be made once emergency response protocols are activated. These notifications can be made by the Liaison Manager (CCMT) and/or Liaison Officer (IMT). Refer to **SECTION 8.3** Government Notification Matrix. When contacting external agencies, ensure that the following information is recorded:

- Agency contacted, point of contact, date/time of call, and information provided/requested.

Once external agencies (government agencies, first responders, local authorities, indigenous communities, etc.) are notified and engaged, Plains will work with the appropriate lead agencies to determine if Unified Command should and/or will be established.

1.3.1.3 Notification Flow Chart



¹ Refer to 1.3.4.1 Incident Classification Matrix to determine the level of emergency

² Refer to 1.3.5 Activate the ERP for procedures and considerations.

³ Refer to the 8.4 Notification Requirements to determine all agencies and services that need to be contacted.

⁴ Refer to 4.8.3 Public Protection Measures Flowchart.

1.3.2 Initial Actions and Assessment

Initial actions to prevent and/or limit the impact to life safety must immediately be identified and resources deployed. This includes:

- Plains first responders investigate and confirm the incident (if required)
- Initial Incident Commander and Operations Section personnel perform initial response actions
- Evacuate non-critical personnel from the incident area and/or facility (if required)
- Secure the incident area
- Determine, secure, and isolate the EPZ
- Record and begin to establish an Incident Management Team (IMT)

Note: Initial actions and incident details/information can be recorded after immediate impacts to life safety have been addressed.

The incident and associated impacts must initially be assessed. The Incident Commander is responsible for gathering all incident details, but the collection of this information may need to be assigned to additional personnel, such as a Safety Officer, Operations Section Chief, and/or Operations Section personnel.

At the onset of an incident all details and impacts may not be available. Begin collecting and recording incident details. Continually record information as it becomes available and the response progresses.

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| • Location | • Geographical impacts |
| • Asset Type | • Workers involved and injuries |
| • Product type and SDS (if available) | • Public impacts |
| • Estimated volume released | • Media attention |
| • Impacts to watercourses | • Any other potential consequences |

For guidance, refer to the Initial Response Guidebook (IRG)

1.3.3 Document Initial Actions

Ensure that all initial response actions and incident details are recorded in the *ICS 201 Incident Briefing Form (ICS 201)*. The *ICS 201* is the key tool to the initial response process that provides guidance for documenting all incident details, actions and response plans. There will be only one *ICS 201* and it will continually be updated throughout the initial response until an Incident Action Plan (IAP) has been prepared for the second operational period and the first operational period is coming to a close. The *ICS 201* outlines:

- Incident details
- Current actions
- Strategies and Tactics to achieve the incident priorities and initial objectives
 - Life safety, incident stabilization and minimize impacts
- Response Organizational Structures (*ICS 207*)
- Resource statuses and assignments
- The EOC may also be activated, in which case an EOC briefing checklist shall be utilized to guide the Incident Commander.

The Incident Commander utilizes the most up to date *ICS 201* to provide any new responders with incident briefings as required.

1.3.4 Level of Emergency

Plains utilizes a standard assessment matrix to classify all emergencies and outline the required notifications and actions. If an incident is classified as an emergency at any level the ERP or subset of the ERP should be activated.

The level of emergency should be discussed with the lead regulatory agency and must be determined in conjunction with the regulatory agency (if the incident falls within their jurisdiction). Utilize **SECTION 1.3.4.1 Incident Classification Matrix** to identify the consequences of the incident and the likelihood of incident escalation to calculate the level of emergency. The level of emergency defines the appropriate incident response actions outlined in **SECTION 1.3.4.2 Incident Response Classification**. Ensure that all information is recorded in the *ICS 201*.

Once confirmed, the level of emergency must be communicated to the Operational Control Centre (OCC), the Emergency Operations Centre (EOC), the Corporate Crisis Manager and all responders.

1.3.4.1 Incident Classification Matrix

Table 1		
Consequence of Incident		
Rank	Category	Example of consequence in Category
4	Catastrophic	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fatality. National and international media interest. Liquid release off lease not contained - potential for, or is, impacting water or sensitive terrain. Gas release impact extends beyond lease - public health/safety jeopardized.
3	Major	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Worker(s) require hospitalization. Regional and national media interest. Liquid release extends beyond lease - not contained. Gas release impact extends beyond lease - public health/safety could be jeopardized.
2	Moderate	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> First aid treatment required for on-lease worker(s). Local and possible regional media interest. Liquid release not contained on lease. Gas release impact has potential to extend beyond lease.
1	Minor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No worker injuries. Little or no media interest. Liquid release contained on lease. Gas release impact on lease only.

Table 2		
Likelihood of incident escalating*		
*What is the likelihood that the incident will escalate, resulting in an increased exposure to public health, safety, or the environment?		
Rank	Descriptor	Description
4	Almost certain or currently occurring	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The incident is uncontrolled and there is little chance that the licensee will be able to bring the hazard under control in the near term. The licensee will require assistance from outside parties to remedy the situation.
3	Likely	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Imminent and/or intermittent control of the incident is possible. The licensee has the capability of using internal and/or external resources to manage and bring the hazard under control in the near term.
2	Moderate	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Control of the incident may have deteriorated but imminent control of the hazard by the licensee is probable. It is unlikely that the incident will further escalate.
1	Unlikely	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The incident is contained or controlled and it is unlikely that the incident will escalate. There is no chance of additional hazards. Ongoing monitoring required

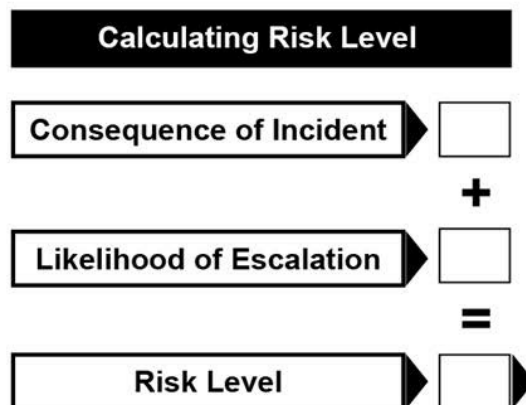


Table 3 - Incident Classification	
Risk Level	Assessment Result
Very Low 2-3	Alert
Low 4-5	Level - 1 Emergency
Medium 6	Level - 2 Emergency
High 7-8	Level - 3 Emergency

1.3.4.2 Incident Response Classification

Responses	Alert	Level-1 Emergency	Level-2 Emergency	Level-3 Emergency
Communications				
Internal	Discretionary, depending on licensee policy.	Notification of management.	Notification of management.	Notification of management.
External	Public Courtesy, at PMC discretion.	Mandatory for individuals who have requested notification within the Emergency Planning Zone.	Planned and instructive in accordance with the specific ERP.	Planned and instructive in accordance with the specific ERP.
Media	Reactive as required.	Reactive as required.	Proactive media management to local or regional interest.	Proactive media management to national interest.
Government	Reactive as required. Notify the Lead Agency if public or media is contacted.	Notify the Lead Agency. Call local authority if public or media is contacted.	Notify the Lead Agency and local authority.	Notify the Lead Agency and local authority.
Actions				
Internal	On site as required by licensee.	On site as required by licensee. Initial response undertaken in accordance with the site-specific or corporate-level ERP.	Predetermined public safety actions are under way. Corporate Crisis Management Team alerted and may be appropriately engaged to support on-scene responders	Full implementation of emergency management system.
External	On site as required by licensee.	On site as required by licensee.	Potential for multiagency (operator, municipal, provincial, or federal) response	Immediate multiagency (operator, municipal, provincial, or federal) response.
Actions				
Internal	Immediate and local. No additional personnel required.	Establish which resources would be required.	Limited supplemental resources or personnel required.	Significant incremental resources required.
External	None.	Begin to establish resources that may be required.	Possible assistance from government agencies and external support services as required.	Assistance from government agencies and external support services as required.

1.3.5 Incident Details

As the response continues, incident details must continually be collected. This will assist with the following:

- Determine appropriate response actions
- Define Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) or Environmental Emergency (E2) Zone
- Define responder safety zones (I.e. Hot/Warm/Cold Zones and Decontamination Corridor)
- Identify potential impacts, hazards and sensitive areas
 - Weather, public, environment, etc.
- Conduct and document field level hazard assessments
- Release reporting requirements
 - Refer to *PMC Release Reporting Standard Procedure*

Consider the following aspects when collecting incident details. For assistance with documentation, refer to the Initial Response Guidebook. (IRG)

- Collect key information regarding initial incident details
 - Location (E.g. access to services, available personnel, traffic, etc.)
 - EPZ identified in the ERP and impact to the public
 - Area considerations (E.g. forests, highways, hydrology, topography, urban centres, etc.)
 - Weather conditions (E.g. speed/direction of wind, temperature, condensation, etc.)
 - Egress in and out of the incident location and road conditions
- Assess the hazards, and corresponding controls
 - Identify the product, quantity and state that the product(s) are in (Ex. liquid or gas)
 - Refer to the associated Safety Data Sheets (SDS) for additional health and safety hazard information.
<https://www.plains.com/sustainability/safety/in-an-emergency/safety-data-sheets>
 - Determine the fire footprint (Ex. extent of impact, air quality, etc.)
 - Determine the spill foot print (Ex. extent of impact, nearby water bodies, product considerations, etc.)
 - Identify any other hazards that may potentially escalate impacts or impact PMC's ability to control or contain the incident (Ex. electrical, power lines, mechanical, overhead equipment, confined space, ambient temperature, wind direction and speed, etc.)
 - Order/Deploy mobile air monitoring equipment (Ex. LEL, H₂S, SO₂, O₂, benzene, etc.)
 - Responding personnel must utilize their personal monitors for initial readings of LEL, H₂S, CO and O₂
 - Other chemical contaminants (Ex. SO₂, Benzene, etc.) must be measured with specific direct reading instruments
 - Strongly consider deploying mobile air monitoring for any reportable incident

1.3.5 Incident Details, Continued

- Conduct air monitoring and consider the following life safety limits.
 - Combustible gas levels of 10% LEL or greater
 - H₂S levels of 10 ppm or greater over an 8 hour time weighted average
 - H₂S levels of 15 ppm for a 15 minute exposure time limit
 - SO₂ levels of 2 ppm or greater over an 8 hour time weighted average
 - SO₂ levels of 5 ppm for a 15 minute exposure time limit
 - Benzene levels of 0.5 ppm or greater over an 8 hour time weighted average
 - Benzene levels of 2.5 ppm for a 15 minute exposure time limit
 - O₂ content of less than 19.5% or greater than 23.5%

Note: The above life safety limits are worker exposure limits and not to be used for public protection considerations.

- Assess the current, anticipated, and potential impacts
 - Workers impacted and in the area
 - Worker injuries and/or fatalities
 - Nearby communities and members of the public (Ex. urban centres, indigenous communities, business, infrastructure, private property, etc.)
 - Environment and surrounding area (Ex. hydrology, forests, soil, wildlife, etc.)
 - Other assets (Ex. pipeline systems, facilities storage bullets, etc.)
 - Business continuity (Ex. transportation, 3rd parties, storage, supply of product, etc.)

Note: Refer to the 'Job Hazard Assessment Program' for additional guidance.

All incident details will be collected and organized by the Incident Commander. The collected information will be captured in the ICS 201 and utilized to:

1. Outline the appropriate strategies and tactics to achieve the incident priorities and initial objectives (life safety, incident stabilization and minimize impacts).
2. Determine the level of emergency.
3. Determine if the ERP will be activated.
4. Identify additional resources and response personnel.

1.3.6 Activate Emergency Response Protocols

The ERP will be activated for any level of emergency (1, 2, or 3) and the response will vary based on the complexity of the incident, as outlined in Step 3 (**SECTION 1.3.5 Incident Details**) of the Incident Response Checklist.

Once it is determined that the ERP will be activated, Plains utilizes the 'Get Big Quick' approach to emergency response. The following actions need to be considered:

- Identify and order resources required (Ordering needs to go through the Logistics Section as soon as it is established)
 - How many responders are required?
 - Are any technical specialists required?
 - What support service companies need to be contacted?
 - Consider company locations for response times.
 - Ensure a staging area has been identified before deploying equipment.
- 'Get Big Quick' and mobilize personnel, engage support services, order required equipment
- Identify and activate required incident facilities (Ex. ICP, staging area, reception centre, etc.)
- Activate the ICP and/or EOC
 - When activating the EOC specific processes must be followed (**SECTION 1.3.6.2 EOC Activation and Setup**).
- Establish communications between incident locations, facilities, and responders
- Create and activate an incident specific VICP site
 - Create and/or document initial incident documentation (i.e. ICS 201, incident pictures, etc.)
 - Record initial incident details
 - Incident name, level of emergency, and initial situation report
 - Create an incident specific Respond (emergency response mapping system) session
- Identify the applicable ERP and site specific information
- Track response resources (personnel, equipment and services) at each incident facility using ICS 211p's and ICS 211e's
- Develop a Safety Plan
 - Including applicable Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs), Field Level Hazard Assessments (FLHAs), Ice Safety Assessment, etc.
- Update applicable ICS documentation (i.e. ICS 201, ICS 207-IMT, ICS 234)
- Prepare to conduct an Incident Briefing
 - Separate incident briefings must be conducted for IMT responders and CCMT responders.
- Provide a copy of the ICS 201 to the Corporate Crisis Manager

Note: Some of the above actions may have already been accomplished.

1.3.6.1 ICP Activation and Setup

The Incident Command Post (ICP) must be strategically identified and outside of the EPZ. Consider the preidentified ICP locations (Refer to **SECTION 9: Area Specific Information**) before identifying an alternate location. When establishing an ICP the following considerations must be made:

- Large enough to host all potential responders
- Communications and connections readily available (e.g. Internet, power outlets, phone lines, etc.)
- In close proximity to the incident but outside of the hazard area and EPZ, if possible
- Easily accessed by responders and agencies
- Security is able to control access

Refer to **SECTION 1.3.6.3 ICP Layout** and utilize the following checklist when setting up the ICP:

1.3.6.1 ICP Activation and Setup	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Configure the room and organize tables
<input type="checkbox"/>	Establish a separate breakout room, if available, as the Unified Command / General Staff Meeting Room
<input type="checkbox"/>	Post wall maps, charts, situation board and Emergency Response Forms Box <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Publish incident and response details
<input type="checkbox"/>	Setup network/internet connection <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Create a PMC Wi-Fi spot, if required
<input type="checkbox"/>	Access ICS vests, table cones and additional signage
<input type="checkbox"/>	Prepare (and/or print) the appropriate forms for responders
<input type="checkbox"/>	Prepare workstations with ICS 214a's and stationary
<input type="checkbox"/>	Establish a check-in procedure and utilize an ICS 211p to track all personnel
<input type="checkbox"/>	Lockdown the location and establish security protocol for the ICP and all facilities

1.3.6.2 EOC Activation and Setup

The Emergency Operations Centre (EOC) is pre-established at the Calgary and Houston offices and will always be available 24/7 in the event of an emergency. Use the following steps to activate the EOC and Corporate Crisis Management Team (CCMT) personnel:

1. Notify Corporate Crisis Manager
2. Contact Plains Emergency Management to provide support for the duration of the response
3. Advise CCMT responders to be on stand-by or activated and provide a brief incident summary.
 - After hours, have personnel identify if they are available to respond.
 - Utilize Everbridge - Mass notification system.
4. Determine required CCMT Roles. Engage and assign available personnel.
5. CCMT Functional Roles to identify required support roles and advise personnel to be on stand-by
 - Establish EIC Facilitator and Scribe as required.
 - Contact IS (Information Services) to support all technology in the EOC and Overflow EOC, if required
6. Coordinate and facilitate an EOC Briefing.
 - In person at the EOC or virtually in the VICP.

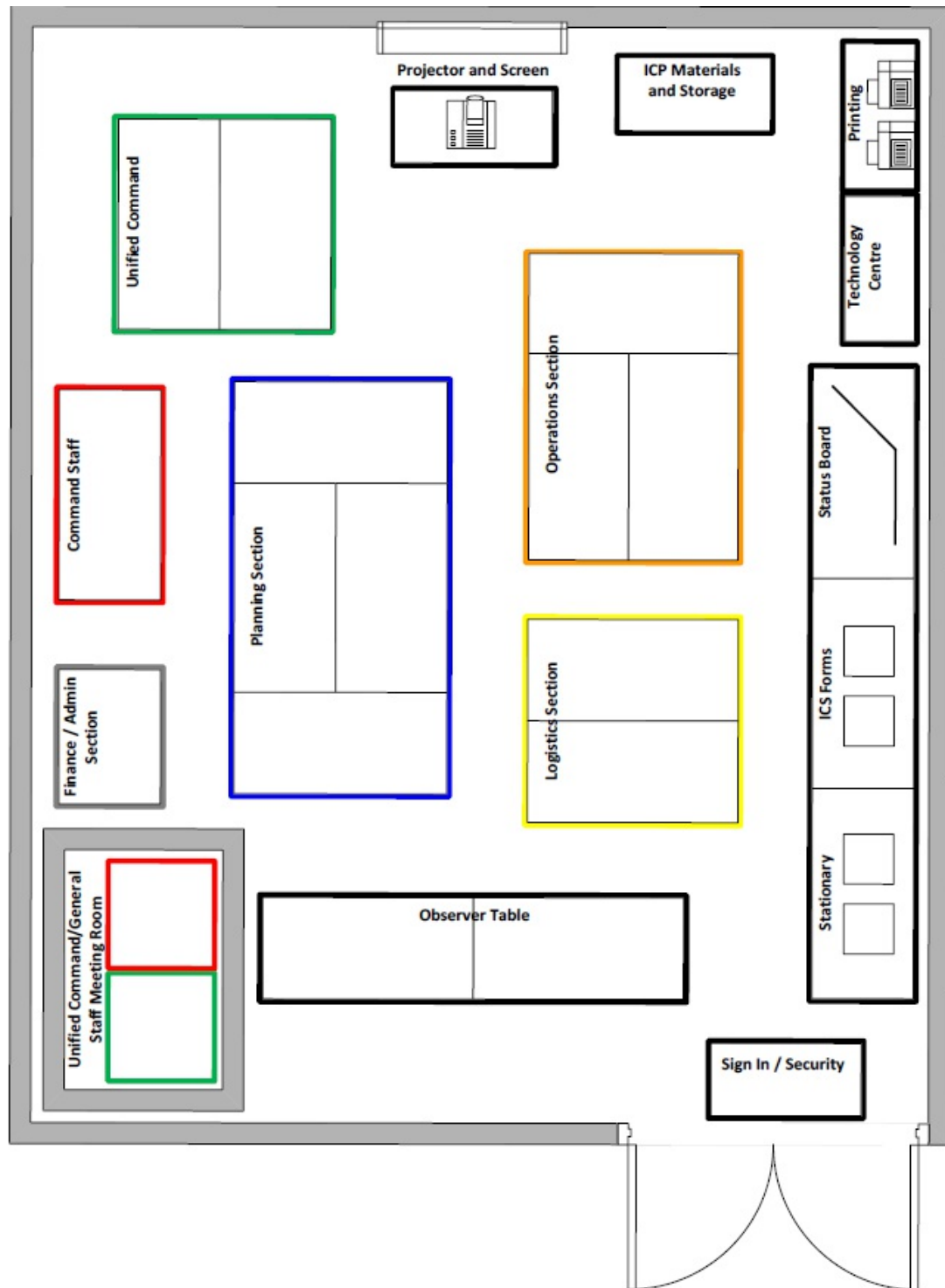
Refer to *CCMT Organizational Chart/Call Down List* for pre-identified CCMT personnel if applicable.

Utilize the following checklist when setting up the EOC:

1.3.6.2 EOC Activation and Setup	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Post wall maps, charts and situation board <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Publish incident and response details
<input type="checkbox"/>	Prepare (and/or print) the appropriate forms for responders
<input type="checkbox"/>	Prepare workstations with <i>ICS 214a</i> 's and stationary
<input type="checkbox"/>	Setup and test EOC technology (E.g. main computer, projector, laptops, Wi-Fi connection, etc.)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Establish a check-in procedure and utilize an <i>ICS 211p</i> to track all personnel
<input type="checkbox"/>	Establish security protocol for all Corporate CCMT responders

For additional guidance, refer to Plains Emergency Response and Security Management team and the *EOC Briefing Checklist* and *EOC Incident Briefing* available in the EOC.

1.3.6.3 Incident Command Post (ICP) Layout



NOTE: This layout is an example only. ICPs will be set up according to specific IMT needs and available resources.

1.3.7 Incident Briefing and Next Steps

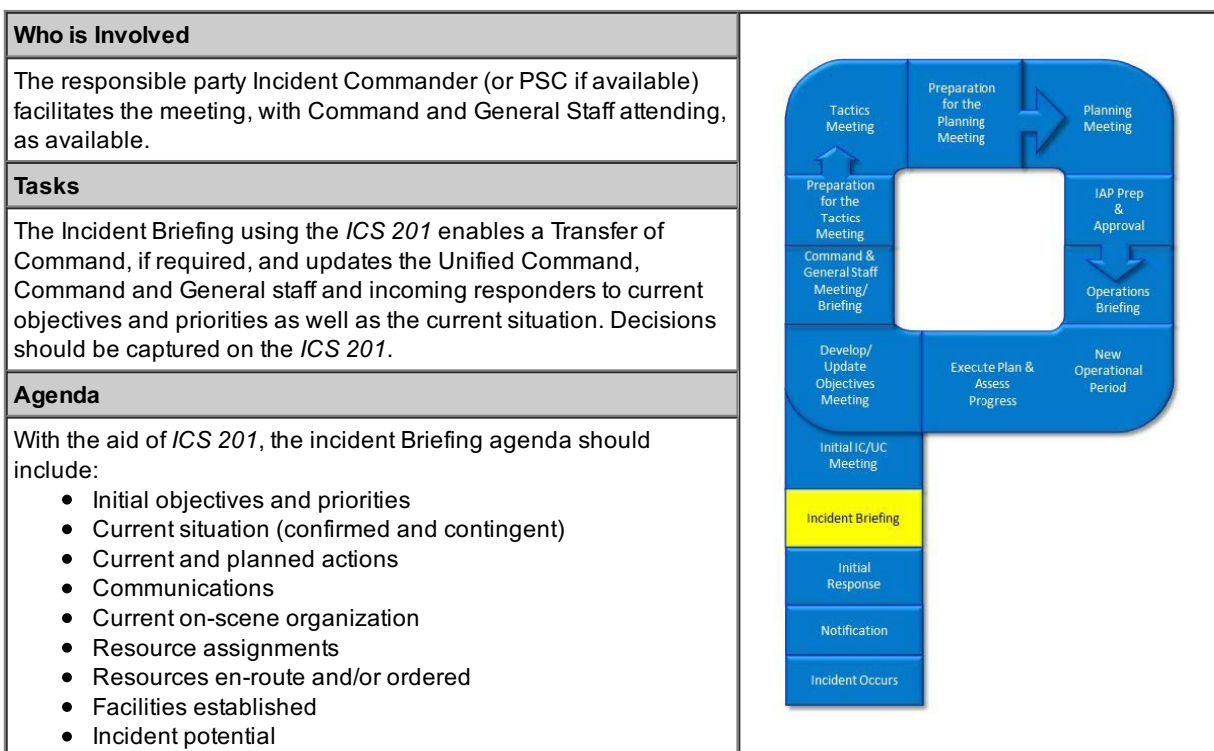
All responders (not exclusive to Plains personnel) must receive an incident and safety briefing. This is accomplished by reviewing the active *ICS 201* and any safety plans including JHA's during the Incident Briefing. During the briefing, responding personnel will receive their roles and responsibilities which include: current actions, task/expectations, reporting requirements and communications. Common responsibilities that will be assigned to personnel are outlined in **SECTION 1.3.6.2 Response Actions – Next Steps**.

NOTE: Responders that are not present at the Incident Briefing must be briefed independently.

The Incident Briefing also provides the Incident Commander, and Crisis Manager in the EOC, the opportunity to:

- Identify safety issues and concerns
- Outline initial response actions
- Assign resources to specific strategies/tactics
- Review assigned roles and responsibilities
- Dispatch field personnel

1.3.7.1 Incident Briefing

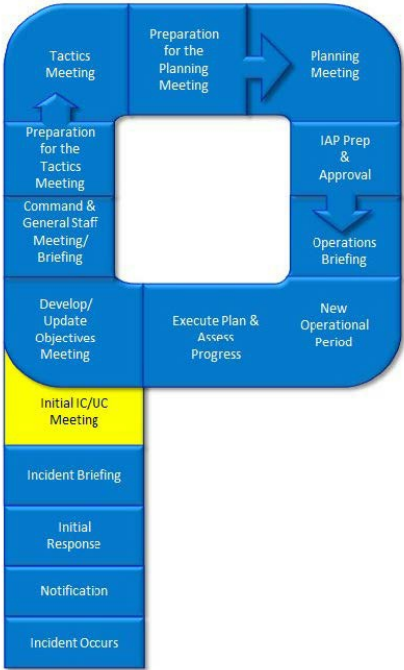


1.3.7.2 Response Actions - Next Steps

Additional response actions need to be considered to mitigate all hazards, that are generated from the objectives and strategies outlined within the Incident Briefing. Ensure that the following actions have been addressed, if not already completed.

1.3.7.2 Response Actions - Next Steps	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Isolate the hazard area and EPZ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Establish roadblock locations, search areas and dispatch rovers Identify/dispatch air monitors
<input type="checkbox"/>	Establish SMART objectives, strategies, and tactics on the <i>ICS 234</i>
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assign roles and responsibilities to accomplish identified strategies and tactics and record all responders on the <i>ICS 207-IMT</i> .
<input type="checkbox"/>	Determine the appropriate public protection measures to ensure public safety (shelter in place, evacuation, ignition, etc.)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Enact public protection roles and actions (e.g. Roadblocks, Rovers, Notification Group, Air Monitoring, Reception Centre, etc.)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Contact and advise all impacted residences, businesses and surface developments within the EPZ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If the EPZ impacts a city/town boundary or Aboriginal community contact the applicable representative (Ex. Director of Emergency Management) to coordinate public protection measures.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Notify all other impacted members of the public <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Industrial operators, trappers, guides and outfitters, grazing leases, public recreation areas, farm use areas, etc.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Liaison Manager and/or Liaison Officer must address the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provide an update to all previously contacted regulators, local authorities, indigenous communities, government agencies, supporting agencies, mutual aid organizations, and other local companies Refer to SECTION 8: Government Agencies and Local Authorities
<input type="checkbox"/>	Identify any other actions to achieve the incident priorities (life safety, incident stabilization and minimize impacts) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A Notification to Airmen (NOTAM), also known as a 'no fly zone', may be issued by the lead regulatory body for Level 2 and 3 emergencies
<input type="checkbox"/>	Identify and record additional incident objectives and strategies on the <i>ICS 201</i>
<input type="checkbox"/>	Populate the <i>Situation Status Display Board</i> with current information.

1.4 INITIAL INCIDENT COMMAND / UNIFIED COMMAND MEETING

Who is Involved	
<p>When a new Incident Commander is incoming or if additional lead agencies are going to form Unified Command (UC), then an Initial IC/UC Meeting must occur. This meeting is conducted by the Responsible Party Incident Commander or the Planning Section Chief.</p>	
Tasks	
<p>New Unified Command and General staff will review current objectives and priorities within the current situational scope of the incident and the newly created command structure and agree or revise them. The participants must identify jurisdictional boundaries and focus, and establish and agree on response priorities.</p>	
Agenda	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Review the completed ICS 201 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Incident details Current response actions, objectives and strategies Resources engaged and current statuses Outline PMC organizational chart (IMT and CCMT) Identify incident facilities Confirm the expectations from each UC agency – including roles and responsibilities Outline areas of responsibility and jurisdiction 	

SECTION 2

ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Section Last Revised: January 2023

© Jensen Hughes 2024

2.1 Introduction

2.1.1 Transfer of Personnel

2.1.2 Demobilization / Post-Incident Procedures

2.2 IMT Organization

2.2.1 IMT Organizational Structure

2.3 CST Organization

2.3.1 CST Organizational Structure

2.4 CCMT Organization

2.4.1 CCMT Organizational Chart

2.4.2 Corporate Crisis Management Team (CCMT)

2.1 INTRODUCTION

Plains emergency response framework is comprised of response organizations that work in conjunction with one another and are in regular communication.

There are three key teams responsible for either directing or supporting emergency response efforts.

For additional information on Plains response framework and organizations, refer to the Plains IMH.

For additional copies, request through emergency.management@plains.com

Incident Management Team (IMT) is responsible for managing the emergency response and all field level (tactical) emergency response actions. The roles and responsibilities for IMT is located within the Plains IMH.

Corporate Strike Team (CST) The CST is responsible for performing roles as required in the IMT and for communicating and coordinating activities through the Responsible Party Incident Commander (RPIC).

Corporate Crisis Management Team (CCMT) is responsible for supporting the IMT, by managing long term impacts and business continuity.

2.1.1 Transfer of Personnel

As detailed in **SECTION 0.4.7 Incident Command System**, there are 4 key steps to consider when transferring personnel in any key response role:

1. The outgoing responder should conduct an assessment with the incoming responder.
2. The Incoming responder must be adequately briefed (refer to *ICS 201 Form*)
3. After the incident briefing, the incoming responder should determine an appropriate time for transfer of responsibilities (under direction from the Incident Commander)
4. At the appropriate time, notice of a change should be made to all applicable responders.

2.1.2 Demobilization / Post-Incident Procedures

There are five major activities involved with demobilization. These are primarily coordinated by the Incident Commander and IMT. The CCMT will be responsible for any corporate, government, and media, as well as the overall evaluation of the emergency response.

Demobilization activities include:

1. Emergency stand down notifications
2. Assist the public
3. Site cleanup and/or repairs
4. Debriefs, Investigation and reports
5. Incident records management

2.1.2 Demobilization / Post-Incident Procedures , Continued

Emergency Stand Down Notification

- The Incident Commander, in consultation with the Incident Director, the lead regulatory agencies, the appropriate Local and Provincial Disaster Service Authorities, and Health Authority, will be responsible for the downgrading of a Level 2 or 3 emergency and/or ordering a "Return to Normal" status.
- All IMT and CCMT members, including contract personnel and emergency services must be notified.
- All previous contacts including public, government and industrial operators must also be notified.
- Ensure a media statement is prepared and engaged media are contacted, as applicable.
- Debriefings with other engaged and/or supporting personnel (Ex. insurance, legal, human resources, etc.) should be conducted.
- Document all "Return to Normal" activities.

Assist the Public

- Prior to the "Return to Normal" signal, ensure that all evacuated areas are safe to re-enter.
- Ensure evacuees are promptly notified and assistance in returning to their homes is provided.
- Maintain security until all residents have returned to their homes.
- Ensure resident expense/damage claims are promptly collected and processed.
- Arrange to communicate with the resident further to answer questions and address concerns.
- Document assistance activities.

Site Cleanup and/or Repairs

- If serious injury or death has occurred, the scene must be left undisturbed.
- Secure the incident site for any ongoing investigation.
- Once the investigation has been completed and authorization by RCMP (or applicable authority) has been given to re-enter the area, begin clean-up activities.
- If an investigation is NOT imminent, prioritize cleanup activities and restore the site to normal operating condition utilizing all available staff and resources.
- Conduct any safety or environmental inspections.
- Document all cleanup activities.

Debriefing, Investigation and Reports

- Analyze and review all documentation and physical evidence to establish probable cause of incident. Depending on the complexity of the incident, an investigation team
- Review effectiveness of response procedures including, safety standards utilized, media and public relations actions and environmental control measures. Identify the strengths and areas that require improvement.
- Evaluate effectiveness of internal and external communications systems and notification calldown efforts.
- Identify the legal and environmental consequences resulting from the incident or response.
- Estimate current and future expenses.
- As applicable, prepare a corporate report recommending incident prevention measures, improvements to emergency response procedures and required company policy changes.
- Ensure all employees, contractors, and members of government and community agencies are recognized for their efforts.

Incident Records Management

- Collect all documentation from all field, contract services and responders.
- Photograph, video as much information as possible.
- Ensure all statements, time and event logs, forms etc. are indexed and stored for five years (or applicable retention period).

2.2 IMT ORGANIZATION

Plains emergency response framework is comprised of response organizations that work in conjunction with one another and are in regular communication. The Incident Management Team (IMT) is based in the field at the Incident Command Post (ICP).

- Responsible for managing the emergency response and all field level (tactical) emergency response actions.
- Managed by the Incident Commander and at least initially comprised of local and nearby area personnel. Other company personnel who are trained to respond may take IMT roles as well as external agencies/company personnel as required.
- Deputy Incident Commander must be established communicates and report to the Incident Director (CCMT) at the EOC.

The IMT is built as best fits the demands of the incident. It is the responsibility of the Command and General Staff to build an IMT that is needed to effectively address the objectives and priorities established for responding to the incident. IMT leadership is comprised of:

- **Command Staff:** Incident Commander, Deputy Incident Commander, Safety Officer, Liaison Officer, Public Information Officer and Legal Officer.
- **General Staff:** Operations, Planning, Logistics and Finance/Administration Section Chiefs.

All field response roles, or tactical resources, are assigned to the Operations Section and the most hazardous activities are carried out there. Because of this, it is necessary to carefully monitor the functions and resources within this section to manage span of control.

The following supervisory levels can be added to help manage span of control and the Operations Section:

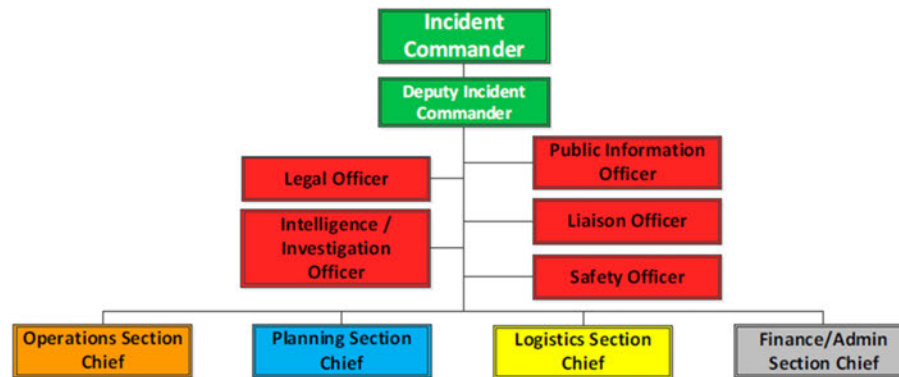
- Divisions are used to divide an incident geographically.
- Groups are used to divide functional areas of operation.
- Branches are used when the number of Divisions or Groups extends the span of control and can be either geographical or functional. Within Branches:
 - Unit – That organization element having functional responsibility for incident, logistics, or finance/administration activity.
 - Task Force – A group of unlike single resources assigned to complete certain tactical assignments.
 - Strike Team – Similar to a Task Force but comprised of the same kind and type of resources to complete tactical assignments.

Within the Operations Section, roles are titled and determined based on function. Suggestions for additional roles can be found in the Field Operator's Guide, Emergency Operations Centre and/or in the following Organizational Charts. These roles include, but are not limited to:

- Recovery and Protection, Repair, Air Operations, and Wildlife.

For more information on specific IMT roles, refer to the Plains IMH.

2.2.1 IMT Organizational Structure



NOTE: All of the roles do not need to be filled. The organization should be customized for each incident, based on the complexities of the incident and the objectives established for the operational period.

2.3 CST ORGANIZATION

The Corporate Strike Team (CST) is comprised of enterprise-wide personnel that respond to the local incident scene and directly support the on-site Incident Management Team through the Incident Command Structure (ICS).

The CST is responsible for communicating and coordinating activities through the Responsible Party Incident Commander (RPIC).

2.3.1 CST Organizational Structure

Corporate Crisis Management Team (CCMT)

- Functional Roles
- Subject Experts

Incident Management Team (IMT)

- Command Staff
- General Staff
- Subject Matter Experts

2.4 CCMT ORGANIZATION

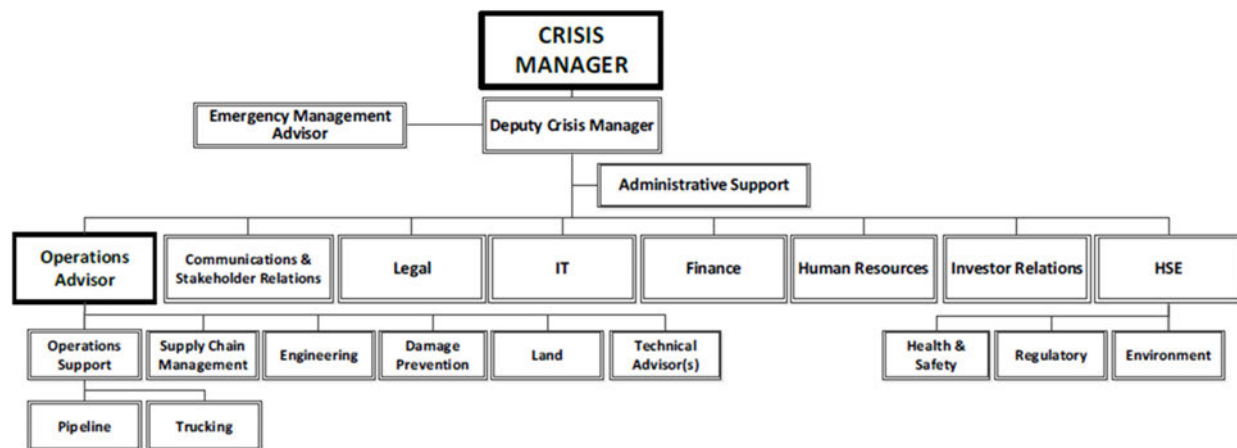
Plains emergency response framework is comprised of response organizations that work in conjunction with one another and are in regular communication. The Corporate Crisis Management Team (CCMT) is based in Calgary and Houston Emergency Operations Centres (EOC). The CCMT is managed by the Operations Advisor and comprised of Calgary Corporate personnel. Key Responsibilities include:

- Supporting the IMT, by managing long term impacts and business continuity.
- Executive Advisor communicates and reports to the Crisis Management Team at the Plains Head Office.

CCMT leadership is comprised of:

- **CCMT Command Staff:** Crisis Management, Deputy Crisis Manager, Emergency Management Advisor and Administrative Support
- **CCMT General Staff:** Operations Advisor Communications & Stakeholder Relations, Legal, IT, Finance, Human Resources, Investor Relations, Legal, IT, Finance, Human Resources, Investor Relations

2.4.1 CCMT Organizational Chart



NOTE: This is a sample only and an Organizational Chart will be customized for each incident.

2.4.2 Corporate Crisis Management Team (CCMT)

- Corporate Crisis Manager
- Deputy Crisis Manager
- Operations Advisor
- Communications and Stakeholder Relations Advisor
- Emergency Management and Security Advisor
- Legal Advisor
- HSE – Health and Safety Advisor
- HSE - Environmental and Regulatory Advisor
- Information Services Advisor
- Finance Advisor
- Investor Relations Advisor
- Supply Chain Advisor
- Administrative Support
- Engineering Advisor
- Human Resources Advisor
- GIS Support
- Gathering / Marketing (Trucking)
- Cyber Security Advisor

CORPORATE CRISIS MANAGER

Role Description

The Corporate Crisis Manager (CCM) is the overall leader and decision maker for the CCMT, tasked with overseeing all operational and communications response actions to ensure cross- functional coordination. The CCM interacts and provides input from the CCMT to make key decisions that support the crisis response and how that response will be communicated to stakeholders. The CCM will determine the CCMT roles that need to be activated to respond to a particular crisis; not all roles will be activated for every crisis. The CCM is authorized to take urgent measures on behalf of the corporation as circumstances warrant.

	CORPORATE CRISIS MANAGER	COMMENTS
<input type="checkbox"/>	Response Actions	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Determine the Crisis Management level (i.e. Alert, Virtual CMT and Crises) and who should be alerted and/or assembled.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Activate Corporate Emergency Operations Center (CEOC) (if required) on the 19th floor or Alternate location.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Notify CCMT Advisors. Relay the nature of the crisis and all known facts (i.e. where, when, what, etc.) to all parties.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	With insight from members of the CCMT develop overall crisis response objectives and strategies.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Review and approve all public materials and news releases. Liaise with Communications and Stakeholder Relations Advisor for counsel and insight on public affairs and communications matters.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Call to order and chair all CCMT Meetings.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Ensure that the CCMT is properly staffed.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assign critical tasks and receive updates on progress or completion.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Work with Deputy Crisis Manager and Operations Advisor to ensure 24-hour operations capability.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Ensure HSE - Environmental Advisor and HSE - Regulatory Advisor has identified and prepared any additional personnel that will need to interface with federal, state or local officials.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Review the need for additional resources beyond the capabilities of the CCMT.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Provide situation updates to the Board of Directors and key stakeholders as necessary.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Maintain appropriate documentation of actions and decisions throughout the incident	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Post-Crisis	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Support business continuity and continuity of operations as necessary.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Conduct post-crisis evaluation of the performance of the CCMT from both an operational and communications perspective.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Ensure plans and procedures are updated and revised with lessons learned.	

DEPUTY CRISIS MANAGER

Role Description

The Deputy Crisis Manager assists the Corporate Crisis Manager (CCM) in leadership of the CCMT. The Deputy Crisis Manager is responsible for coordinating and executing the decisions of the CCM and the actions of the other CCMT members.

	DEPUTY CRISIS MANAGER	COMMENTS
<input type="checkbox"/>	Response Actions	
<input type="checkbox"/>	With the Corporate Crisis Manager (CCM), determine which CCMT members should be notified and whether they should be (a) only alerted or (b) alerted and assembled.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Liaise with HSE Advisors to ensure the CCMT is informed of all developments.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Call to order and chair all CCMT meetings with the Crisis Manager	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Take notes at CCMT meetings and prepare status updates.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Note assignments to the CCMT members and check to see that deliverables are met.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Request appropriate research of support services from the various CCMT members.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Communicate with the HSE – Environmental Advisor and HSE - Regulatory Advisor to remain informed on all regulatory interaction and evaluate all communications with regulatory agencies.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Review and approve all public materials and news releases for technical accuracy. Liaise with Investor Relations and Communications Group for counsel and insight on public affairs and communications matters.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Maintain appropriate documentation of actions and decisions throughout the incident	
<input type="checkbox"/>	With the Corporate Crisis Manager (CCM), determine which CCMT members should be notified and whether they should be (a) only alerted or (b) alerted and assembled.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Post-Crisis	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Ensure that Corporate Emergency Operations Center (CEOC) is restored to "ready" status as soon as possible following team demobilization.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Work with employees, vendors and consultants to restore normal business operations.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assist in post-crisis evaluation.	

OPERATIONS ADVISOR

Role Description

The Operations Advisor acts as the communications link between the CCMT and field on-scene personnel. The Operations advisor is also responsible for ensuring site and relief resources needs are met (housing, food, water, etc.). Additionally, the Operations Advisor provides operational advice and expertise to the CCMT.

	OPERATIONS ADVISOR	COMMENTS
<input type="checkbox"/>	Response Actions	
<input type="checkbox"/>	In coordination with the Corporate Crisis Manager (CCM) and Administrative Support, ensure that the Corporate Emergency Operations Center (CEOC) is operational.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Establish and maintain communications with affected facility, District directors, and/or affected business units.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Obtain status of incident situation, responding agencies and contractors, current response actions (planned or in-progress), and proposed or implemented strategies from the local response team. Immediately update CCMT with any developments.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Respond to requests for technical or logistical support for the incident response and coordinate with CCMT and Administrative Support.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Provide information to the CCM, Legal Advisor and Communications and Stakeholder Relations Advisor to draft media communications.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Coordinate preparation of the Situation Log (SECTION 6) with Administrative Support, which provides running documentation of crisis developments, as well as, actions taken by CCMT members. Ensure the Situation Log is updated regularly and shared with the CCMT.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Define a schedule for regular status updates with CCM and on-scene RPIC. Provide status updates to CCMT per defined schedule (SECTION 6 Meeting Schedule).	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Maintain appropriate documentation of actions and decisions throughout the incident. (SECTION 6 Individual Log)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Ensure the following plans are completed and communicated to the appropriate agencies and internal personnel: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Repair Plan b. Pre-start Up Test Plan c. Start Up Plan 	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Coordinate with HSE - Environmental Advisor and HSE - Regulatory Advisor to respond to agency request and reporting requirements (ex. request for volumes lost and recovered) and update accordingly.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Refer to Business Continuity Plan's Temporary Operating Procedures for further guidance.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Post-Crisis	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assume responsibility for collection and archiving of all CCMT documentation. Enlist the assistance of Administrative Support staff as necessary.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assist in post-crisis evaluation.	

COMMUNICATIONS AND STAKEHOLDER RELATIONS ADVISOR

Role Description

The Communications and Stakeholder Relations Advisor assists the Corporate Crisis Manager and Deputy Crisis Manager with media, public, unit holders, Board of Directors and employee's communications. Utilize the Crisis Communications Manual for detailed media strategy, templates, and additional resources.

	COMMUNICATIONS AND STAKEHOLDER RELATIONS ADVISOR	COMMENTS
<input type="checkbox"/>	Response Actions	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Report to Corporate Emergency Operations Center (CEOC) and work with Corporate Crisis Manager (CCM) and Deputy Crisis Manager to begin gathering pertinent data regarding the incident.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Based upon the severity of the incident, develop a strategy for communicating the incident and for media response or refer to the Cyber Incident Response Plan (CIRP).	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Draft key messages that will be shared externally based on the information gathered.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Once the initial messaging is developed, work with CCM, Operations Advisor, Legal Advisor, Executive team and any others to seek appropriate approvals.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Use approved key messages to deliver appropriate communication tactics to reach affected external stakeholders.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Determine the appropriate tactics for disseminating additional messages externally based on the severity of the incident.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	If the severity of the incident warrants, activate the Plains emergency dark website.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Based on the severity of the incident, enlist and manage outside public relations/communications vendors for assistance.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Work with CCM, Deputy Crisis Manager, and on-scene Communications Public Affairs Group personnel to determine the need and frequency of subsequent external messaging.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Maintain appropriate documentation of actions and decisions throughout the incident	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Refer to Business Continuity Plan's Temporary Operating Procedures for further guidance.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Post-Crisis	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Complete internal review of Communications and Stakeholder Relations Advisor activities including Crisis Communications Manual.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assess public and media reaction to crisis and the efficacy of communications response.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assist in post-crisis evaluation.	

EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AND SECURITY ADVISOR

Role Description

The Emergency Management and Security Advisor acts as the advisor to the Corporate Crisis Manager (CCM) in aspects of the field emergency response and provides Emergency Management and Corporate Strike Teams (CST) to support the ongoing field response. Emergency Management is to support the Incident Command Structure (ICS) and ensure communications between the field response and the Corporate Emergency Operations Center (CEOC) is established. Additionally, the Emergency Management and Security Advisor provides communications support during media press conferences.

	EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AND SECURITY ADVISOR	COMMENTS
<input type="checkbox"/>	Response Actions	
<input type="checkbox"/>	In coordination with the Corporate Crisis Manager (CCM) and Administrative Support, ensure that the CEOC is operational and institute security measures by coordinating with the building security/management as necessary.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Activate the Emergency Response and Security Management team and CST as required.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Obtain status of incident situation, responding agencies and contractors, current response actions (planned or in-progress), and proposed or implemented strategies from the local response team in order to facilitate CST transition to ICS positions. Immediately update CCMT with any developments.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Ensure communications between field response software (PrepareRespond™) and the CCMT.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Respond to requests for technical or logistical support for the incident response and coordinate with CCMT and Administrative Support.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Provide information to the CCM, Legal Advisor, and Communications and Stakeholder Relations Advisor to draft media communications.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Maintain appropriate documentation of actions and decisions throughout the incident. (SECTION 6 Individual Log)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Ensure only CCMT Members and other authorized personnel are admitted in the CEOC during an event.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Heightened building security procedures may be established, especially if the incident involves security concerns, acts of terrorism or significant media interest. Building security should be instructed to report all suspicious activity directly to the CCMT Security Advisor.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Provide security escorts for CCMT Members within the facility, if deemed necessary by the CCMT Security Advisor.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Monitor any suspicious activities in or around Crisis Management Center facilities and report to appropriate company personnel or to the proper authorities.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assign additional personnel to provide security at the Media Center and CEOC during press conference.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Badge Systems – if necessary the CCMT – Security Advisor may consider implementing an entry badge process, using existing employee badges or other forms of identification, to positively identify all personnel who enter the CEOC. This will typically require the presence of one or more security guards in the CEOC to manage this process.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Liaise with local law enforcement if applicable.	

LEGAL ADVISOR

Role Description

The Legal Advisor will evaluate all incoming information and advise the Corporate Crisis Management Team (CCMT) with respect to legal implications of the emergency. The Legal Advisor is responsible for legal review of all communications materials. In addition, the Legal Advisor will work closely with those responsible for monitoring the activities of and interactions with any regulators, elected officials or law enforcement personnel, whether they are local, state or federal. This person must be readily available in all crisis situations and have the ability to evaluate the legal ramifications of any decisions made by the CCMT.

	LEGAL ADVISOR	COMMENTS
<input type="checkbox"/>	Response Actions	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Evaluate legal implications of emergency and advise Corporate Crisis Manager (CCM) of steps necessary to ensure that the company fully complies with applicable laws, rules, and regulations while appropriately mitigating potential legal issues and company exposure/risk.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Review and approve all public materials and news releases. Liaise with Communications and Stakeholder Relations Advisor for counsel and insight on public affairs and communications matters.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Work with insurance group to ensure that notifications to carriers are made and that appropriate steps are taken to facilitate timely submission of claims to insurers.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Review appropriate documentation to determine whether claims can be made against other parties to recover costs.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Determine if any SEC or NYSE filings are required, and if required, prepare and make such filings. Also determine whether any ongoing capital market activity should be suspended and/or deferred.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Determine whether any contract counterparty notices or other communications are required (i.e., triggered by the incident) or desirable.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Ensure that proper "litigation hold" notices are sent to all involved personnel providing them with appropriate instructions regarding the	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Establish appropriate process to receive/administer claims against the company arising from the incident.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Review documentation and incident records. Establish necessary protocols to maintain attorney-client privilege. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Work with HSE – Environmental and HSE - Regulatory Advisors to ensure that any NRC or other required notifications have been made on a timely basis b. Ensure that the company complies with all environmental, safety and other rules and regulations applicable to the incident and c. Coordinate communications with appropriate elected/appointed officials, industry groups, commissions and agencies. Engage, and share documents with, external counsel, as needed. 	

LEGAL ADVISOR, CONTINUED

	LEGAL ADVISOR, CONTINUED	COMMENTS
<input type="checkbox"/>	Response Actions, Continued	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Gather and preserve appropriate documentation of actions taken and decisions made during the period of time leading up to and including the incident.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Document the event and any responsive actions taken as needed for liability and risk management purposes.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Work with CEO and others as necessary to facilitate any required or necessary communications with the Board of Directors or any of its committees.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	For Cyber Incidents – Make all necessary notifications and follow applicable procedures set forth in the Cyber Incident Response Plan.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Refer to Business Continuity Plan's Temporary Operating Procedures for further guidance.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Post-Crisis	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assist with post-crisis evaluation of performance of the CCMT.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Support efforts to restore normal business.	

HSE – HEALTH AND SAFETY ADVISOR

Role Description

The HSE – Health and Safety Advisor will provide safety and security support for the field response, the Corporate Emergency Operations Center (CEOC) and Corporate Crisis Management Team (CCMT).

	HSE – HEALTH AND SAFETY ADVISOR	COMMENTS
<input type="checkbox"/>	Response Actions	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Set up and manage safety and security needs for the CEOC.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Advise the CCMT regarding safety and security liability and compliance issues.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Determine which safety and security resources are needed to support the event.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Identify the need for and coordinate any corporate or outside safety and security assistance.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Advise the CCMT regarding safety and security equipment operations.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Counsel the CCMT regarding site locations and any safety and security hazards.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Support the on-scene Safety Officer as required.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Provide regular updates to the CCMT of all safety and security developments and activities to ensure all parties are up to speed.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Review communications materials from the Communications and Stakeholder Relations Advisor to ensure accuracy with regards to safety and security matters.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Coordinate and if appropriate obtain and manage pictorial documentation of crisis (print, video) recognizing that documentation may be subject to discovery.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Develop and implement the Incident Investigation Plan.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Obtain status of on-scene humanitarian/medical support and advise Corporate Crisis Manager.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Maintain appropriate documentation of actions and decisions throughout the incident	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Refer to Business Continuity Plan's Temporary Operating Procedures for further guidance.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Post-Crisis	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assist with post-crisis evaluation of performance of the CCMT.	

HSE - ENVIRONMENTAL AND REGULATORY ADVISOR

Role Description

The HSE - Environmental and Regulatory Advisor assists the Corporate Crisis Management Team (CCMT) with communications between local, state and federal regulators and serves as chief liaison between Plains' and affected government-related groups. The HSE – Environmental and Regulatory Advisor will advise and support response activities addressing environmental issues.

	HSE - ENVIRONMENTAL AND REGULATORY ADVISOR	COMMENTS
<input type="checkbox"/>	Response Actions	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assess how the crisis affects government and government-related groups and ensure that appropriate outside organizations are involved in communicating the crisis as necessary.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Coordinate interaction with federal and state environmental and DOT regulatory agencies.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Ensure that all crisis response operations are compliant with environmental and DOT regulatory requests.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Ensure that all messaging in any government or regulatory communications is consistent with the overall communications strategy.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Maintain lists of all key government and regulatory contacts that include the name, agency affiliation, return telephone numbers, email address and a brief description of previous interactions.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Schedule any briefings between government or regulatory agencies and the CCMT or senior management and provide feedback to CCMT on trends and message efficacy.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Coordinate all activities with Legal Advisor as necessary.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Inform the Communications and Stakeholder Relations Advisor, Regulatory Advisor and Legal Advisor about status of cleanup operations and environmental impacts.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Provide guidance and support to the onsite Environmental Unit Leader regarding any environmental issues such as wildlife recovery, remediation, waste disposal, and environmental resources at risk.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Ensure that emergency sampling and environmental survey procedures are being properly implemented, and that the resultant information is available to the appropriate regulators and emergency response personnel.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assess the impact of various response techniques on the environment.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Maintain appropriate documentation of actions and decisions throughout the incident	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Refer to Business Continuity Plan's Temporary Operating Procedures for further guidance.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Post-Crisis	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assess government and regulatory reaction to crisis and the efficacy of communications response with these audiences.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assist in post-crisis evaluation.	

INFORMATION SERVICES ADVISOR

Role Description

The Information Services Advisor is responsible for providing the technical resource needs of the Corporate Emergency Operations Center (CEOC) and on-scene response.

	INFORMATION SERVICES ADVISOR	COMMENTS
<input type="checkbox"/>	Response Actions	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assess the technology needs of the CEOC. Ensure that all phone and computer resources are set-up accordingly.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assess needs for electronic documentation control and data requirements.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assist the Communications and Stakeholder Relations Advisor lead in the development of the response website and related items (creation of email addresses, distribution lists, etc.)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Work with the On-Scene Response Personnel to ensure that IT needs are met.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Provide IT support services throughout the duration of the incident.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Maintain appropriate documentation of actions and decisions throughout the incident	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Refer to Business Continuity Plan's Temporary Operating Procedures for further guidance.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Post-Crisis	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assess the crisis response from an IT perspective. Identify areas where the CCMT could improve in terms of preparedness or response.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assist in post-crisis evaluation.	

FINANCE ADVISOR

Role Description

The Finance Advisor is responsible for ensuring capital resources are available to the Corporate Crisis Management Team (CCMT) and the site level response teams. The Finance Advisor keeps the Corporate Crisis Manager (CCM) informed of the expected and projected costs of the crisis.

	FINANCE ADVISOR	COMMENTS
<input type="checkbox"/>	Response Actions	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Coordinate capital resources to support the crisis management response.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Communicate to the CCMT current and projected financial commitments.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Define financial cost tracking needs with CCM.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Receive continuous updates from the on-scene financial group.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Ensure claims reporting system is functioning and update the CCMT with all claims activity.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Provide procurement resources to expedite field resource needs.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Maintain appropriate documentation of actions and decisions throughout the incident.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Refer to Business Continuity Plan's Temporary Operating Procedures for further guidance.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Post-Crisis	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assess the financial impact of the crisis response.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assist in post-crisis evaluation.	

INVESTOR RELATIONS ADVISOR

Role Description

The Investor Relations Advisor assists the Corporate Crisis Management Team (CCMT) and Investor Relations and Communications Group with all investor and analyst communications and serves as chief liaison between Plains and the investment community.

	INVESTOR RELATIONS ADVISOR	COMMENTS
<input type="checkbox"/>	Response Actions	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assess how unit holders, the financial community and industry analysts will perceive the crisis.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Coordinate with the Communications and Stakeholder Relations Advisor to ensure that needed investor messaging is included in the Communications team talking points that are approved through mgmt.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Maintain a call log to document all incoming inquiries from the financial community (investors, analysts, etc.) related to the incident. Call log to include name, affiliation, contact info, and a "Comment" section to briefly summarize interactions on the issue.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Schedule any necessary briefings between investors or analysts and senior management.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Provide feedback to CCMT on any FAQs, topics of focus in the investor community as it pertains to the incident, the ongoing crisis response or communications strategy.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Coordinate investor disclosure with Legal group as necessary to maintain compliance with Reg FD.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Maintain appropriate documentation of actions and decisions specific to the incident	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Refer to Business Continuity Plan's Temporary Operating Procedures for further guidance.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Post-Crisis	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assess investor and analyst reaction to crisis and the efficacy of the communications response with these audiences.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assist in post-crisis evaluation.	

SUPPLY CHAIN ADVISOR

Role Description

The Supply Chain Advisor will evaluate all incoming information and advise the Corporate Crisis Management Team (CCMT) with respect to resources committed to the field response and ensure that any contractual or master service agreement documentation is in place. Additionally, assist the field response team in the acquisition of additional resources necessary to efficiently and effectively mitigate the incident.

	SUPPLY CHAIN ADVISOR	COMMENTS
<input type="checkbox"/>	Response Actions	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Support the field response Logistics Section Chief with the acquisition of resources necessary to manage the incident.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Review and approve service contracts and master service agreements for responding contractor service providers working on the incident scene.	

ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT

Role Description

The Administrative Support staff works in close synchronization with the Corporate Crisis Manager (CCM) and the Operations Advisor to assist in the overall crisis response execution.

	ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT	COMMENTS
<input type="checkbox"/>	Response Actions	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Initiate the Check-in / Out Log.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Document current actions on the Situation Log.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Manage routine requests and provide documentation to CCMT.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assist Operations Advisor with ensuring that the Corporate Emergency Operations Center (CEOC) has all necessary supplies.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Tracking assigned tasks to CCMT on Open Action Tracker form.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Maintain appropriate documentation of actions and decisions throughout the incident.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Post-Crisis	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Evaluate administrative function performance as a member of the CCMT.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Provide support to CCMT members to help restore normal business as required.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Process CCMT documentation as directed by Corporate Crisis Manager (CCM). Provide copies of documentation to CCMT members as requested.	

ENGINEERING ADVISOR

Role Description

Coordinates and provides documentation to the Corporate Crisis Management Team (CCMT) and on-scene response regarding equipment integrity, asset integrity testing, analyzing data sets, spill calculations, development of repair, pre-startup testing, and startup plans.

	ENGINEERING ADVISOR	COMMENTS
<input type="checkbox"/>	Response Actions	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Work with HSE- Environmental and HSE - Regulatory Advisors to complete regulatory documentation.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Review In-Line-Inspection (ILI)/Hydrotest data and document technology changes from one data set to another, as requested.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Liaise with Legal Advisor regarding documentation provided to regulatory agencies.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Liaise with on-scene Operations and the CCMT Operations Advisor in the development of the repair plan.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Liaise with on-scene Operations and the CCMT Operations Advisor with development of the pressure test plan.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Liaise with on-scene Operations and the CCMT Operations Advisor with development of the restart plan	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Maintain appropriate documentation of actions and decisions throughout the incident	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Liaise with Communications and Stakeholder Relations Advisor to provide statistical data to assist with completion of media communications.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Work with the Control Center to review historical data to recreate incident as requested.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assist the Engineering – Technical Services group to collect and analyze data to determine product volume lost.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Support development of pre-startup testing and startup plans.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Coordinate the selection of a third party failure analysis firm, if necessary.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Oversee and coordinate third party failure analysis field work, if necessary.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Liaise with third party investigator, PHMSA and Environmental.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Refer to Business Continuity Plan's Temporary Operating Procedures for further guidance.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Post-Crisis	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Review operational processes for areas of improvement.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assist in post-crisis evaluation.	

HUMAN RESOURCES ADVISOR

Role Description

The Human Resources Advisor will be responsible for monitoring needs of employees affected by the incident and closely connected audiences, such as employee families. Human Resources Advisor should be involved in the development and review of communications intended for employees during the incident. The Human Resources Advisor should be fully knowledgeable of all means of internal communication within Plains.

	HUMAN RESOURCES ADVISOR	COMMENTS
<input type="checkbox"/>	Response Actions	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Liaise with Communications and Stakeholder Relations Advisor to determine the most effective means to communicate information to employees.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Liaise with HSE Advisors to follow-up with information regarding the disposition of injured employees and contractors.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Appoint support team members to monitor internal sources for rumors that require an immediate response and report to the Corporate Crisis Management Team (CCMT).	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assist with monitoring employee questions and developing appropriate responses.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Determine employee support requirements for Plains personnel and non-company on-site personnel affected	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Evaluate the need and provide appropriate counseling services to assist affected employees.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Maintain appropriate documentation of actions and decisions throughout the incident	
<input type="checkbox"/>	In case of cyber incident, refer to the HR Cyber Incident Response Plan (CIRP).	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Refer to Business Continuity Plan's Temporary Operating Procedures for further guidance.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Post-Crisis	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assist in post-crisis evaluation as it pertains to the services provided to impacted employees.	

GIS SUPPORT

Role Description

GIS Support Advisor is responsible for providing mapping and geographical information system resources to the Corporate Crisis Management Team (CCMT) and the on-scene response.

	GIS SUPPORT	COMMENTS
<input type="checkbox"/>	Response Actions	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Produce incident response maps to provide a picture of the area to be displayed in the Corporate Emergency Operations Center (CEOC).	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Update data sets with current regulatory agency information.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Liaise with Communications and Stakeholder Relations Advisor to provide mapping services for media communications.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Liaise with On-Scene Response Personnel to provide mapping, predefined tactics and strategies.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Liaise with Engineering – Asset Integrity to provide risk ranking and In Line Inspection (ILI) dataset information.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Liaise with field response personnel and contractors to acquire data to update current situation map.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Maintain appropriate documentation of actions and decisions throughout the incident	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Coordinate mobile data collection.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Refer to Business Continuity Plan's Temporary Operating Procedures for further guidance.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Post-Crisis	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Review and update internal datasets.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assist in post-crisis evaluation.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Provide post incident data documentation and delivery as requested.	

GATHERING / MARKETING (TRUCKING)

	GATHERING / MARKETING (TRUCKING)	COMMENTS
<input type="checkbox"/>	Response Actions	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Evaluate implications of emergency and advise CCM on steps necessary to mitigate business impact.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Determine potential impact to our customers.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Establish and maintain appropriate level of communication to customer and employees.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Respond to request for operational or trucking support for incident response and coordinate with CCM.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Evaluate contractor support as needed and coordinate with Tier contractors.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Continually provide updates to CCMT.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Maintain appropriate documentation of actions and decisions throughout the incident	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Post-Crisis	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Review operational processes for areas of improvement.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assist in post-crisis evaluation.	

CYBER SECURITY ADVISOR

Role Description

Cyber Security Advisor will provide appropriate support, monitoring and investigation based on business or SCADA systems affected by or associated with an incident.

	CYBER SECURITY ADVISOR	COMMENTS
<input type="checkbox"/>	Cyber Incident Response Actions	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Report initial incident findings to Legal Advisor, Corporate Crisis Manager (CCM) and Executive team.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Activate support staff and/or subject matter experts (SME's) as necessary or as directed by CCM.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	If the severity of the incident warrants, contact Information Services Advisor activate forensic environment.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Gather and preserve appropriate documentation of actions taken and decisions made during the period of time leading up to and including the incident.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Work with CCM and Deputy Crisis Manager to provide regularly scheduled updates regarding the incident.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	If the severity of incident warrants, Liaise with Operations Advisor to ensure site and relief resources are met (housing, food, water, etc.).	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Maintain appropriate documentation of actions and decisions throughout the incident.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Non-Cyber Incident Response Actions	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Provide assistance to Corporate Crisis Manager (CCM) and/or Deputy Corporate Crisis Manager as directed.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Liaise with Security Advisor to provide assistance with physical access to Corporate Emergency Operations Center (CEOC) and reporting during an incident.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Liaise with IT Advisor to provide cyber security support as needed.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Increase monitoring of systems and alerts.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Post-Crisis	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Complete internal review of IT Department Cyber Security plan.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Assist in post-crisis evaluation.	

SECTION 3

RESPONDER SAFETY AND PUBLIC PROTECTION

Section Last Revised: January 2023

© Jensen Hughes 2024

3.1 Introduction

3.2 Responder Safety

3.3 Emergency Planning Zone Determination

3.3.1 Emergency Planning Zone

3.3.2 Initial Isolation Zone

3.3.3 Protective Action Zone

3.4 Isolation of the Emergency Planning Zone

3.4.1 Primary Roadblock Example (for Single Lane Roads)

3.4.2 Roadblock Placement Example

3.5 Air Quality Monitoring

3.6 Evacuation

3.7 Shelter-In-Place

3.7.1 Shelter-in-Place Instructions

3.8 Ignition

3.8.1 Ignition Flowchart

3.8.2 Ignition Checklist

3.8.3 Public Protection Measures Flowchart

3.1 INTRODUCTION

Beyond meeting regulatory requirements, the primary purpose of an Emergency Response Plan (ERP) is to clearly define the framework, tools and procedures that facilitate the ability of Plains personnel to respond safely, quickly, consistently and effectively to operational and non-operational incidents.

Plains incident priorities in order of importance are:



The key goals of the ERP are to:

- Protect the safety of the public, personnel (all responders including contractors), the environment and property.
- Provide personnel with established procedures to respond to an emergency.
- Provide personnel with access to critical information required to respond to an emergency.
- Eliminate or minimize the effects that incidents have on Plains operations.

3.2 RESPONDER SAFETY

An essential element to effectively and safely responding to any incident is the establishment of responder safety/ site control zones. These zones are established by the Incident Commander or Safety Officer to:

- Ensure responder safety by limiting access to authorized personnel based on the risk(s) posed within the zone.
- Reduce the accidental spread of hazardous substances by workers and responders.
- Reduce exposure to hazards through restricted access and appropriate mitigative measures including but not limited to personal protective equipment (PPE).

Responder safety zones specify:

- The type of operations that can occur in each zone;
- The degree of hazard(s) at different locations within the incident site/impacted area; and
- The areas at the incident site that should be avoided by unauthorized or unprotected employees.

It is impossible to determine the responder safety zones before an incident occurs as they are specific to the incident and its location and must be identified based on site specific hazards. The incident will most likely include the definition of the Support and Exclusion zones and possibly the Contamination Reduction zone, as required. An additional Decontamination Corridor may also be defined for personnel and equipment to safely enter and exit the incident site, as well as remove any harmful chemicals or infectious organisms that may have adhered to them. The responder safety zones are defined specifically for each incident based on the nature and severity, as approved by the Incident Commander.

3.2 RESPONDER SAFETY, CONTINUED

The three most frequently identified zones include:

1. The **Exclusion (Hot) Zone** is the area with actual or potential contamination and the highest potential for exposure to hazards. This is where the incident is taking place and where people, the environment, and/or property are at risk. The Incident Commander must clearly define the Hot Zone through analysis of available information. The Hot Zone must be clearly defined and marked to prevent unauthorized entry.

This Zone has the highest life safety hazard and therefore extreme caution, planning and protection needs to be taken prior to entry. Typically, the Hot Zone will be extended on the downwind side.

When determining the size of the Hot Zone, consider the following:

- Results of vapour monitoring;
- Location of vapour plume and potential direction of drift as well as the footprint of spilled product and it's possible trajectory;
- Location of access routes, power lines, other buried infrastructure such as pipelines
- Areas where vapours are likely to accumulate (downwind, low-lying areas, confined spaces, etc.)
- Site stability (steep slopes, overhanging banks, unstable soil, thin ice, flooding, etc.)
- Weather conditions
- Toxicity and/or evacuation data for product involved (refer to the MSDS and ERG 2016)

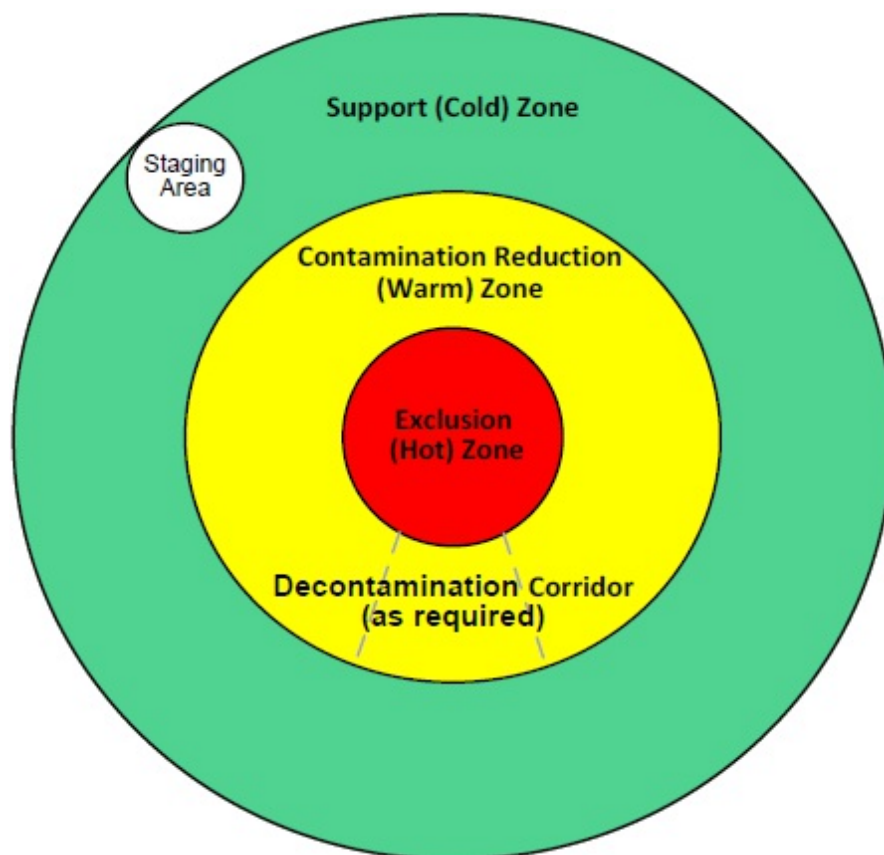
When addressing public safety, this zone must be evacuated of non-authorized personnel.

2. The **Contamination Reduction (Warm) Zone** is the transition area between the Exclusion (Hot) and Support (Cold) Zones. This area is where responders and equipment enter and exit the Hot Zone and where decontamination activities take place, as applicable. The Warm Zone must be clearly defined and marked to prevent unauthorized entry and typically be located uphill and upwind from the emergency site. If the emergency escalates, the Hot Zone could expand to include the Warm Zone.
3. The **Support (Cold) Zone** is the area near the site that is free from contamination and may be safely used for support services and facilities, including staging areas. The Cold Zone is where tactical responders will assemble prior to responding to the incident. No PPE is required to operate in the cold zone. The Cold Zone where responders are working must have clearly defined boundaries to prevent unauthorized access during the incident response.

When addressing public safety, members of the public outside of the working area are not at risk but awareness of changing conditions require planning in the event the risk to public safety escalates.

3.2 RESPONDER SAFETY, CONTINUED

The following diagram illustrates the three Responder Safety Zones.



3.3 EMERGENCY PLANNING ZONE DETERMINATION

3.3.1 Emergency Planning Zone

The Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) is a geographical area surrounding a well, pipeline, or facility containing hazardous product that requires specific emergency response planning. Responses for public protection in this area can include shelter-in-place, evacuation, and release ignition. All personnel must ensure they are familiar with the size of the EPZ.

Whereas the EPZ is used for planning purposes and reflect an area where significant exposure could result without prompt action, actual conditions during an incident need to be assessed to ensure an appropriate initial response. The response zones are where resources are focused during an incident to protect public safety.

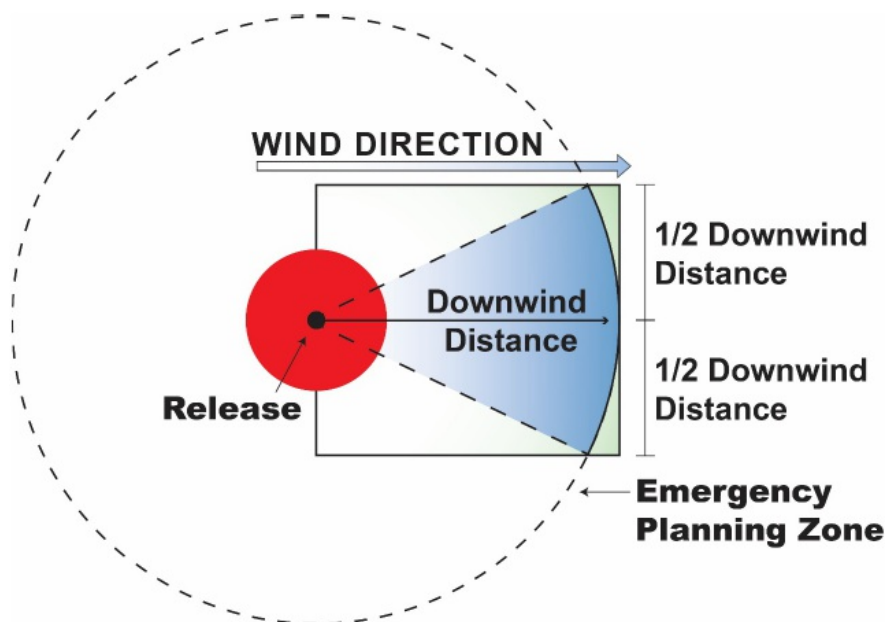
Calculating EPZs for Hydrogen Sulphide (H₂S or Sour Gas)

Plains determines EPZs using the applicable methodology as per provincial requirements industry and program standards. For example, in Alberta wells, facilities and pipelines that either produce or transport hydrogen sulphide (H₂S) have EPZs calculated by the ERCBH2S software program.

3.3.1 Emergency Planning Zone, Continued

Calculating EPZs for HVP Product

The primary hazard associated with high vapour pressure (HVP) products is direct exposure to flame. The largest hazard area for emergency response planning is based on a flash fire. HVP pipeline EPZs are calculated using a standard industry table such as the *CAPP Companion Planning Guide to ERCB (now called the Alberta Energy Regulator) Directive 071* or by conducting plume dispersion modelling specific to the asset.



NOTE: Initial isolation and protective action zones are outlined for illustration purposes only.

3.3.2 Initial Isolation Zone

The Initial Isolation Zone (IIZ) defines an area in proximity to a continuous hazardous release where the public may be exposed to toxic concentrations of release, and sheltering may provide limited protection. All evacuation efforts must be initially focused in this zone.

3.3.3 Protective Action Zone

The estimated size of the Protective Action Zone (PAZ) is calculated using ERCBH2S modelling. Immediately following a release of the H₂S or HVP product, the approximate size and direction of the PAZ can be determined using actual conditions at the time.

The PAZ is based on current wind conditions, the product released and other factors. The PAZ is an area downwind of a hazardous release where outdoor pollutant concentrations may result in life threatening or serious and possibly irreversible health effects on the public. The PAZ is the area within the EPZ in which parties may be at most risk of exposure during an incident, and it is intended to assist responders to focus and prioritize their emergency response efforts there.

To determine the size of the response zones, response personnel should approach the perimeter of the response zone cautiously so as not to exceed personal exposure limits and begin monitoring with handheld equipment at the nearest residence to the outer perimeter.

From this location the response personnel should continue to approach any additional downwind residences that may be closer to the release until the outer boundary of the response zone is validated.

3.4 ISOLATION OF THE EMERGENCY PLANNING ZONE

Plains may be required to establish and manage manned roadblocks in order to prohibit unauthorized entry into the response zones. It may also become necessary to obtain a fire hazard order, NOTAM, or to declare a state of local emergency to restrict access to a designated area.

Roads	Roadblock personnel can set-up roadblocks on lease roads. The local authority must authorize the roadblocks on public roads within the municipality. Provincial Transportation Authority must authorize road closures on Provincial highways. Municipal personnel may assist with maintaining roadblocks during an emergency response.
Trails	Access to trails may be restricted with roadblock personnel and/or municipal or provincial personnel.
Railroads	CN, CP or private railroad companies will need to be notified of the situation and will stop or relocate rail traffic.
Rivers	Rivers may need to be monitored to ensure that recreational users do not travel into the EPZ. This may be accomplished by working with municipal, provincial or private companies.
Air	Notification to NAV Canada may be required to issue a Notice to Airmen (NOTAM) to advise pilots of airspace restrictions above the EPZ.

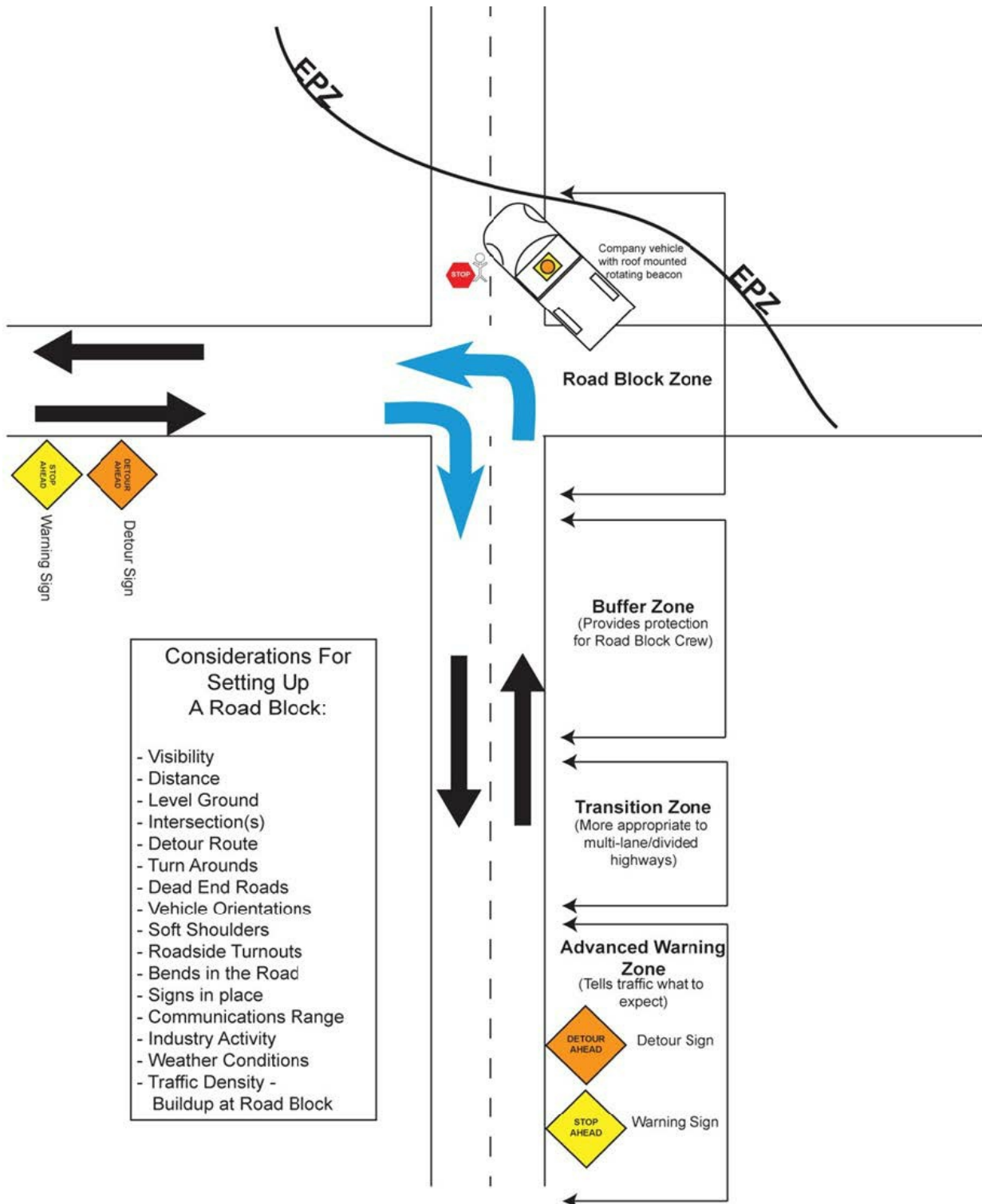
Roadblocks can be staffed by:

- Plains personnel
- Contracted personnel
- RCMP/Police
- Fire Department
- Municipal representatives

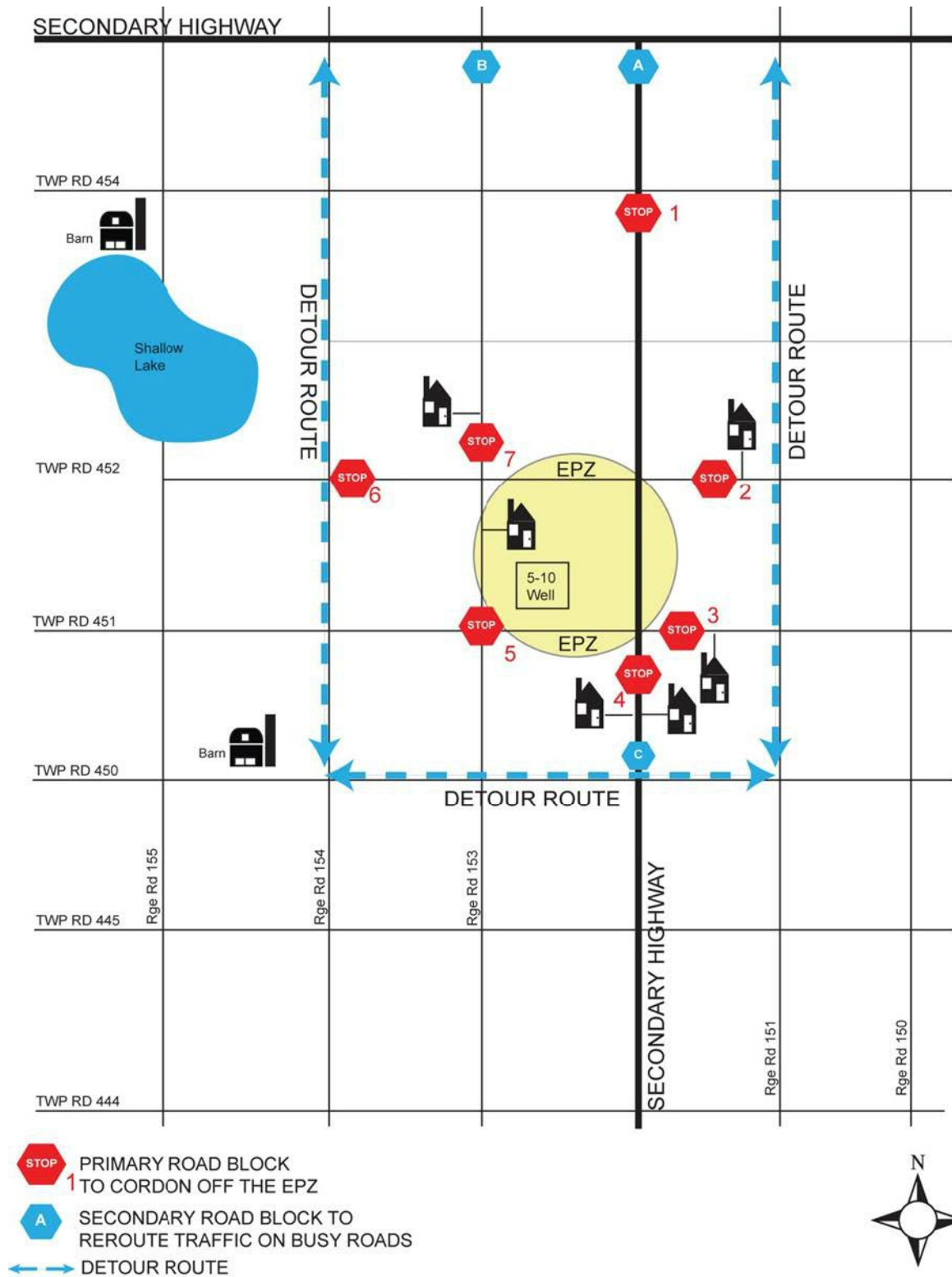
Roadblock personnel stationed at the roadblock locations will be equipped with the appropriate PPE. Roadblock Units shall restrict access into the area to authorized personnel only and maintain a record of persons entering or exiting the EPZ.

Persons allowed entry into the area will be checked in, briefed on the existing conditions and equipped with the appropriate PPE.

3.4.1 Primary Roadblock Example (for Single Lane Roads)



3.4.2 Roadblock Placement Example



3.5 AIR QUALITY MONITORING

Air quality monitoring is used to track and record the presence, concentrations and lower explosive limit levels (LEL) of hazardous products such as hydrogen sulfide, sulphur dioxide and HVP product following a release.

Air quality monitoring occurs downwind, with priority being directed to the nearest un-evacuated residence or area where people may be present. Detailed records of monitored H₂S and SO₂ information will be kept and provided upon the request.

Air monitoring is used for:

- Tracking an H₂S / SO₂ plume
- Determine if ignition criteria is met
- Determine if evacuation or sheltering is required based on criteria
- Determine response zones and roadblock locations
- Determine H₂S / SO₂ concentrations in areas being evacuated to ensure safe evacuation
- Determine if the emergency can be downgraded based on readings
- Determine if response actions need to be taken beyond the EPZ

The type of air monitoring units and the number of monitors required are based on site specific information, including:

- Access and egress points
- Population density and proximity to urban density developments
- Local conditions
- Incident severity

Air quality monitoring occurs downwind, with priority being directed to the nearest unevacuated residence or areas where people may be present.

See **SECTION 7** for characteristics of H₂S and SO₂ vapours.

3.6 EVACUATION

Within the EPZ, notification and evacuation is based on the risks associated with the release. Evacuation is the primary public protection measure when the public may be exposed to a hazardous situation and can be safely removed from the area. Evacuation begins in the IIZ and expands outward into the PAZ (downwind of the release).

If safe to do so, evacuation should take place before a hazardous situation has the potential to affect people in proximity. Careful consideration will be given to designate the safest evacuation route(s) for personnel and members of the public to evacuate the area.

Plains will monitor air quality within the EPZ and surrounding area. Monitoring results will identify areas where evacuation is required. In the absence of monitored readings, responders should advise residents to shelter in place. Typically, residents within the EPZ, but outside of the PAZ, will be contacted and advised to initially shelter in place pending further instructions. Plains will evacuate the public based on air quality results and information gathered from incident assessment. This assessment will include incident location, wind direction and wind speed, temperature, and geographical features such as rivers and mountains.

3.6 EVACUATION, CONTINUED

A shift in wind direction may require immediate re-evaluation of the PAZ and may prompt the need for additional evacuation and/or sheltering. Ignition will occur if criteria are met. If the release has been ignited, Plains will continue to monitor response zones for hazardous situations.

At an **Alert** or **Level 1** emergency, evacuation is not required; however, all those who requested early notification must be notified of the incident by telephone, personnel or rovers. Evacuation is not mandatory at this level; however, residents may wish to vacate if they so choose. A Reception Centre should be considered at the declaration of a Level 1 in the event that residents wish to vacate the area.

If the potential exists due to deteriorating conditions, or the emergency level has been designated at a **Level 2 or 3**, evacuation will commence of all residents closest and downwind from the release. This will occur through telephone calls, rover visits and pre-determined roadblock locations.

NOTE: Plains can recommend evacuation, but cannot force evacuation of the public. Mandatory evacuations can only be issued by the RCMP/Local RCMP and/or local jurisdiction.

Evacuation beyond the EPZ

In the unlikely event that public protection measures are required beyond the EPZ, they will be conducted in conjunction with the local authority.

Notification procedures are outlined in the Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) may be used by the local authority to notify residents outside the EPZ. PMC supports Unified Command. Plains will work with the local authority to determine and execute appropriate public protection measures beyond the EPZ.

H ₂ S Concentrations in Un-Evacuated Areas	Requirements
1 to 10 ppm (3-minute average)	Individuals who requested notification so they can voluntarily evacuate before any exposure to H ₂ S must be notified
Above 10 ppm (3-minute average)*	Local conditions must be assessed and all persons must be advised to evacuate and/or shelter
* If monitored levels over the 3-minute interval are declining (i.e. three readings show a decline from 15 ppm to 10 ppm to 8 ppm over 3-minutes), evacuation may not be necessary even though the average over the 3-minute interval would be 11 ppm. PMC will use proper judgment in determining if evacuation is required.	

SO ₂ concentrations in Un-Evacuated Areas	Requirements
5 ppm (15-minute average)	Immediate evacuation of the area must take place.
1 ppm (3-hour average)	
0.3 ppm (24-hour average)	

3.6 EVACUATION, CONTINUED

Rovers

Rovers are responsible for travelling and monitoring the EPZ during an emergency situation. Rovers ensure all transients, recreational users, residents and other area users are properly notified and/or evacuated if the situation warrants. Rovers should be equipped with vehicles capable of carrying passengers allowing them to assist in the evacuation of the EPZ. Rovers will also be equipped with the appropriate PPE.

Prolonged Evacuation

If the incident is prolonged, Plains may:

- Provide instructions how to claim for incurred expenses.
- Provide assistance in arranging food and temporary accommodation.
- Provide area security.
- Arrange to replace responders.

Reception Centre

Plains may establish a resident Reception Centre when members of the public are evacuated as a result of a Plains incident. During an evacuation PMC will work together with local authorities and emergency social services to provide care for evacuees at the Reception Centre. Refer to the IMH for more information.

Return of Evacuees

Once the emergency is over, the decision to permit the return of persons will be made by the Incident Commander in consultation with regulatory agencies and local authorities.

Refer to the *IMH* for more information.

3.7 SHELTER-IN-PLACE

Shelter in place is the practice of going or remaining safely indoors during an outdoor release of a hazardous substance.

Shelter in place has been demonstrated to be an effective response during the first few hours of a substance release where public would be at the highest risk outdoors. Sheltering creates an indoor buffer to protect an individual from high concentrations that may exist outside.

The goal of sheltering is to reduce the movement of air into and out of the building until either the hazard has passed or other appropriate emergency actions can be taken.

If evacuation is not possible, then sheltering in place can be used to protect members of the public, under certain conditions.

Depending on the volume, size, duration, or meteorological conditions, sheltering in place may not be a viable public protection measure within the IIZ during release. In this situation the public safety aspects of sheltering in place will have to be continuously re-evaluated during the incident and assisted evacuation may be necessary to ensure public safety.

Members of the public within the EPZ but outside of the PAZ may be contacted and advised to initially shelter in place pending further instructions from a Plains representative.

Sheltering indoors is a viable public protection measure when:

- There is insufficient time or warning to safely evacuate the public that may be at risk.
- Residents are waiting for evacuation assistance.
- The release will be of limited size and/or duration.
- The location of the release has not been identified.
- The public would be at higher risk if evacuated.

3.7.1 Shelter-in-Place Instructions

3.7.1 Shelter-in-Place Instructions	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Immediately gather everyone indoors and remain there.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Close and lock all windows and outside doors. If convenient, tape the gaps around the exterior door frames.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Extinguish indoor wood burning fires. If possible, close flue dampers.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Turn off appliances or equipment that either: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Blow out inside air, such as bathroom and kitchen exhaust fans, built-in vacuum systems, gas stoves, gas fireplaces, clothes dryers. • Suck in outside air, such as heating ventilation and air conditioning systems (HVAC) for apartments, commercial or public facilities, fans for heat recovery ventilators or energy recovery ventilators (HRV/ERV).
<input type="checkbox"/>	Turn down furnace thermostats to the minimum setting and turn off air conditioners.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Leave all inside doors open.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Do not use the telephone, except for emergencies, so that emergency personnel can contact you.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Contact emergency number provided at time of notification if you are experiencing symptoms or smelling odours or if you have contacted local emergency services, this allows responders to coordinate their response.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Stay tuned to local radio and television for possible information updates.
<input type="checkbox"/>	If you see people outside, do not leave until told to do so.
<input type="checkbox"/>	If you are unable to follow these instructions, please contact the emergency number provided at time of notification.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Once the emergency situation has been corrected you will receive an "all-clear" message from the emergency response personnel and advised to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ventilate the building. • Open all windows and doors. • Turn on indoor fans. • Turn on the furnace. • Avoid remaining inside during this time as the outdoor air may be fresher. • Once the building is ventilated, return all heating, ventilating and other equipment to normal.
<input type="checkbox"/>	If sheltering procedures are implemented, continuous telephone contact with sheltered individuals will be maintained until a safe evacuation can be conducted or the emergency is resolved.

3.8 IGNITION

Plains will monitor the incident continuously and take immediate measures to ignite a hazardous release if criteria are met. Ignition does not negate the need for continuing with evacuation as there may be residual hazards in the area. When gas is ignited, it is carried higher into the atmosphere by the heat of combustion. This causes any toxic gases to disperse over a larger area which will also be monitored.

Ignition discussions between the Incident Commander and the regulatory agency should occur at pre-set intervals until the situation is brought under control. Refer to **SECTION 3.8.2** Ignition Checklist for guidance pertaining to igniting a vapour cloud. Any decision to ignite an H₂S plume must be made in conjunction with the regulatory body and the regulatory body should be notified of the ignition of an HVP plume. The following factors should be considered before the decision to ignite proceeds:

- If evacuation is impractical and the health and safety of people are at risk, and therefore the release should be ignited promptly.
- Plains has consulted with the third-party ignition company.
- The decision to ignite would be supported or directed by the regulatory agency.

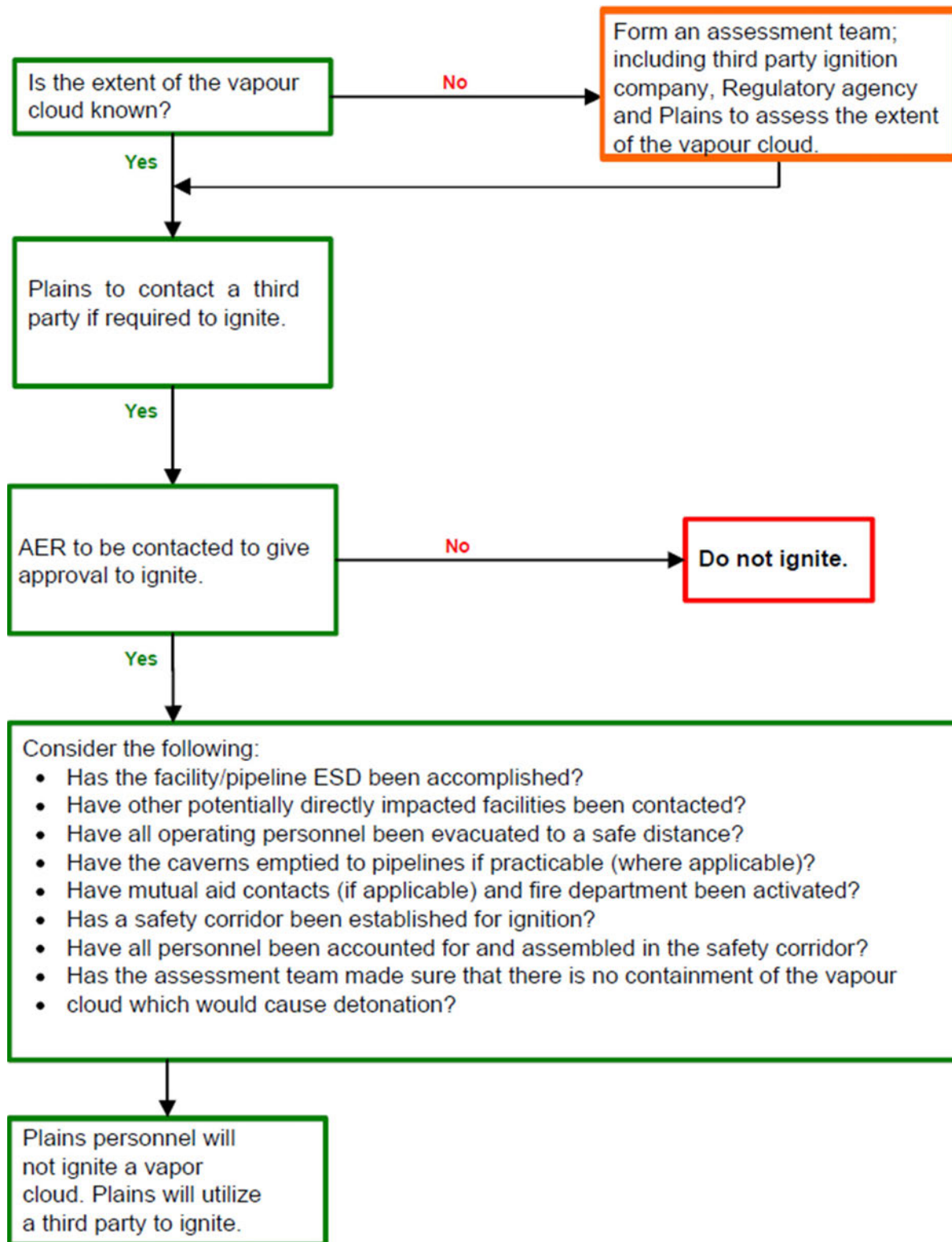
The Incident Commander must utilize the **SECTION 3.8.1** Ignition Flowchart and has authority to direct ignition of the release. This may be directed to an external service company or delegated to a qualified and trained company representative.

Ignition does not negate the need for continuing with evacuation, as there may be residual pockets of H₂S or SO₂ in the area.

NOTE: Ignition criteria can be found in 3.8.3. Public Protection Measures Flowchart and, if applicable, site specific vapour cloud ignition procedure may be referred to.

3.8.1 Ignition Flowchart

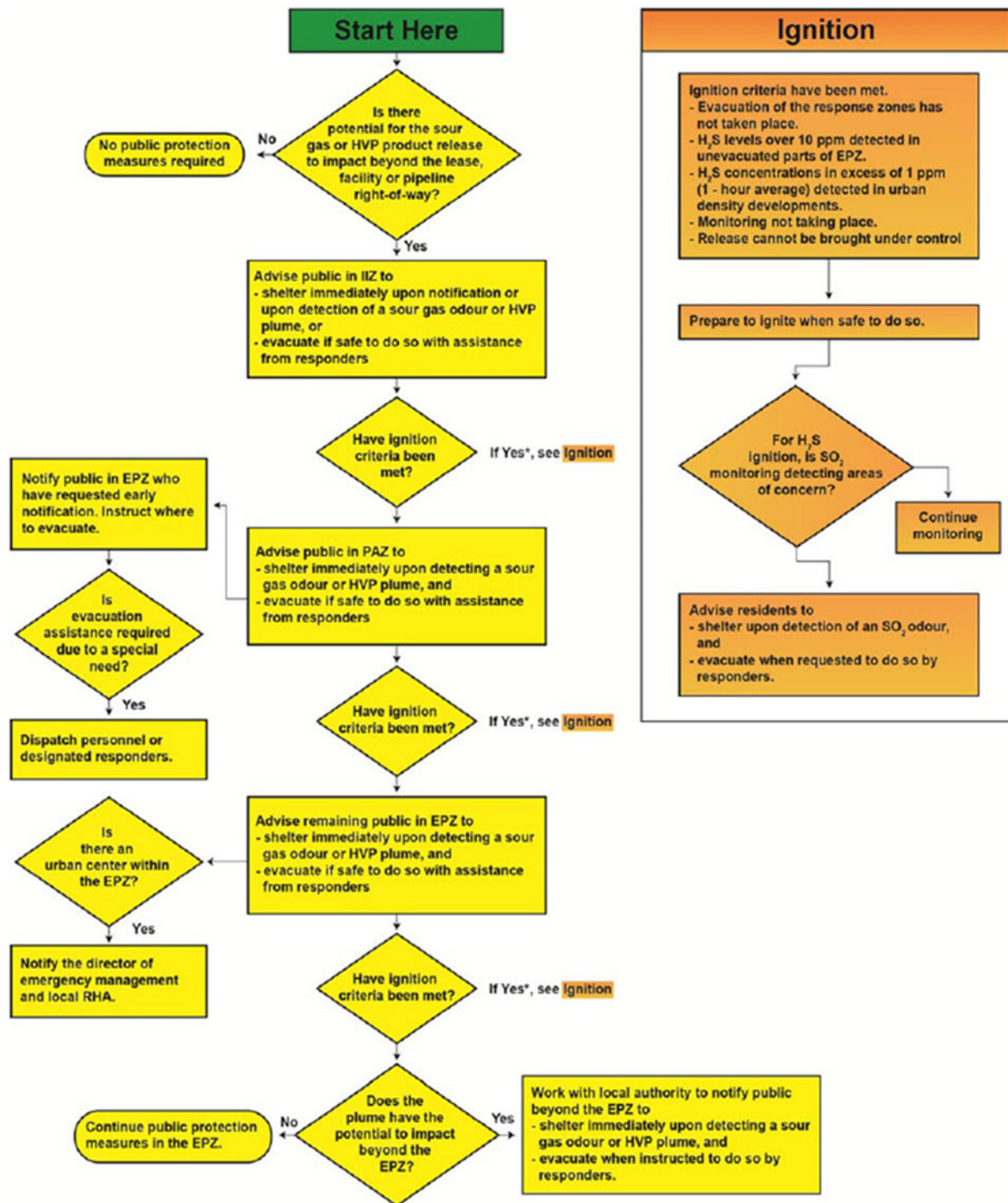
The following vapour ignition flowchart will be used in order to make the decision to ignite a release.



3.8.2 Ignition Checklist

3.8.2 Ignition Checklist	Yes / No
IGNITION DECISION CHECKLIST	
Facility / Pipeline Emergency Shut Down (ESD) accomplished	
Possible vapour cloud containment assessed in order to prevent detonation	
Vapour cloud extent assessed	
Potential for property and/or environmental damage due to accidental ignition and/or explosion assessed	
Risk to members of the public and response workers assessed	
Proximity to residences, public facilities, towns and urban centers assessed	
Fire hazard after ignition in relation to buildings, facilities, forested or cropland areas assessed	
Potentially directly impacted facilities contacted	
All personnel have been evacuated to a safe distance	
Personnel on site are trained and competent in ignition procedure	
Caverns emptied to pipelines if practicable (where applicable)	
Mutual aid (if applicable) and fire department have been activated	
Safety of ignition team is assured by clearly identifying the emergency hazard areas	
Safety corridor has been established for ignition	
All personnel have been accounted for and assembled in the safety corridor	

3.8.3 Public Protection Measures Flowchart



NOTE: AER Directive 071 – 14.3 Public Protection Measures (Figure 3).

SECTION 4

INCIDENT SPECIFIC MEASURES

Section Last Revised: January 2023

© Jensen Hughes 2024

4.1 Overview

4.2 Functional Support Plans

4.3 Fire / Explosion

4.4 Hazardous Product Releases

4.4.1 Gas Release

4.4.2 Vapour Cloud

4.4.3 Pipeline Release

4.5 Spill or Leak

4.5.1 Spills

4.5.2 Leaks

4.6 Transportation of Dangerous Goods

4.6.1 Trucking / Rail

4.6.2 Emergency Response Guidebook

4.7 Natural Disasters or Severe Weather

4.8 Next-of-Kin Notification

4.9 Security Incidents

4.9.1 General Security Response Actions

Figure 4.9-1 - STRP Standard: STRP Activation

4.10 Dams (Brine Ponds)

4.10.1 Potential and Imminent Emergencies

4.10.2 Potential Abnormal Conditions

4.1 OVERVIEW

The Incident Specific Measures section provides procedures and additional information specific to various emergency situations. This section is designed to support the existing procedures outlined within the Core ERP and pertain primarily to on-site tactical actions.

Additionally, Plains has established a response equipment program that includes:

1. Response Equipment Manual - Equipment lists, equipment location, custodian contacts, and maintenance requirements.
2. Spill Control Points - Location, access, local contacts, deployment procedures, and required equipment.
3. Specialized Emergency Response Tactical Training - Exercises and specialty training sessions that involve the deployment of response equipment to train responders for spill response on land, water and ice.

Available equipment includes, but is not limited to:

- Spill response workboats
- Spill response equipment
- Oil spill containment and recovery trailers
- Command trailers

Note: Refer to **SECTION 9:** Area Specific Information for more details regarding Plains Response Equipment.

4.2 FUNCTIONAL SUPPORT PLANS

There are Functional Support Plans (FSP) available at the Plains Corporate Calgary Office, on Plains MyPlains (and associated Plains Department SharePoint sites), and a copy of each is available in the Corporate Emergency Operations Centre (EOC). These have been developed internally and/or provided by industry partners to support specific responses and our responding groups / departments. Each FSP outlines specific emergency situations and in some cases points to documents that reside within other departments for that functions support during an incident.

The FSPs that are available, but not limited to, for reference include:

Developed by Plains

- Crisis Communications Manual
 - Outlines crisis communication resources, procedures and protocols.
 - Some of the primary functions include:
 - Executive media conferences, media releases, preliminary statements, general holding statements, etc.
- Cyber Security Plan
 - Outlines resources and procedures for responding to a cyber-attack at Corporate, facility and field offices.
- Environmental Plan
 - Outlines resources and procedures for creating environmental plans specific to incident types and area surrounding. To be utilized in conjunction with incident specific measures outlined within the Core ERP.
- Commercial Plan
 - Outlines specific responses to non-odorized or under-odorized propane incidents.

Provided by Industry Partners

- Western Canadian Spill Services Ltd. (WCSS) Oil Spill Contingency Manuals
 - Manuals specific to responding to oil spills in the WCSS defined areas and zones.
- Emergency Response Assistance Canada (ERAC)
 - A generic ERAC manual that outlines their response protocol and expectations from the licensee.
 - Plains has ERAP numbers specific to each mode of transportation (truck, rail and commercial) that are specific to the products that PMC handles, stores and transports.
 - Refer to **SECTION 8.7 Emergency Response Assistance Canada (ERAC)**.
- Industrial Wildfire Control Plans
 - Identifies manned locations that fall within identified Alberta Wildlife Management Areas and includes (not limited to):
 - Number of personnel on-site, length of time on-site (minimum 4 hours per day), response equipment and safety equipment
 - Plains has developed a GIS based alert system for impinging wildfires that is linked to the PINS process.

4.2 FUNCTIONAL SUPPORT PLANS, CONTINUED

In addition, the following support groups will assist in minimizing the risk to Plains assets, stakeholders and employees:

Land

The Land FSP provides support by minimizing the risk to Plains assets through informing stakeholders, municipalities, communities and Indigenous Communities as required during an incident. This group also maintains the land contract records for all of Plains assets and will provide land ownership and contact information for access.

This FSP primarily focuses on supporting the incident response through consulting with those affected members of the public. Land and the Community Relations Advisor's primary function will be as the Liaison Officers or the Operations Team within the Public Protection Branch.

Damage Prevention

The Damage Prevention (DP) FSP provides support by minimizing the risk to Plains underground infrastructure as required during an incident. This FSP primarily focuses on supporting the incident response through aerial and ground patrol. In addition, DP is involved with ROW surveillance and monitoring, line locating through On-Call notification and minimizing unauthorized activities. DP functions as Technical Specialists primarily found under the Planning Section, however they may reside in the Operations Section.

Cavern Integrity

The Cavern FSP provides support by minimizing the risk to Plains assets through providing technical advice and recommendations for asset integrity for underground storage caverns and associated wells as required during an incident. The Integrity Management Program (IMP) has been developed to meet or exceed applicable regulatory requirements and relevant standards, and considers industry best practices. The Cavern Integrity Management (CIM) Program provides the processes and procedures required to meet technical requirements for cavern and well integrity management.

This FSP primarily focuses on supporting the incident response through providing technical cavern data and information during a response. The Cavern Integrity group will be serving as Technical Specialist in the Planning Section.

Supply Chain Management (Logistics)

The Supply Chain Management FSP provides support for purchasing, procurement and contracting for goods and services in an incident as required. These services and tasks are supported through the Logistics Section function and occasionally through the Finance & Administration Section. This FSP primarily focuses on supporting the incident response through arranging for necessary equipment, materials, and support services to any incident facility (location), as well as to ensure that responders have the necessary transportation, lodging, medical, security, amenities, etc. to safely and properly respond.

Information Technology/Information Services (IT/IS)

The IT/IS Functional Support Plan (FSP) provides support for all information technology and related services in an incident, and more specifically as it relates to the Incident Command Post (ICP), Emergency Operations Centre (EOC), other incident facilities, and general responder communications. These services and tasks are supported through the Logistics Section via the Communications Unit and Facilities Unit. The FSP primarily focuses on the initial setup of the ICP and other incident facilities requiring technology and connectivity, as well as the ongoing maintenance and troubleshooting to ensure that all responders have the necessary equipment, communications, and capabilities to optimally perform their roles.

4.3 FIRE / EXPLOSION

4.3 Fire / Explosion
Initial Response <p>Shut down the equipment in the affected area, isolate and de-pressure from a remote location if it is safe to do so. For the safety of our workers, it would only be acceptable for workers to fight incipient fires (fires in the beginning stages ie: Garbage can fire or a 3 foot by 3 foot grass fire). Plains personnel will not be fighting industrial fires period.</p> <p>Please refer to the Plains Fire Safety Plan for applicable Facility.</p>
First Person On Scene The first person on scene will: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assume the role of Incident Commander until relieved by a more qualified individual. Assess the situation to ensure personal and others' safety. Evacuate personnel from hazard area, consider the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The availability of safe evacuation routes and ability to attend and transport injured personnel. Determine need for backup or outside resources. Contact emergency services as needed (911, where available). Initiate the evacuation alarm. If dealing with fire, ensure backup is present or en route before attempting to contain or control the fire. Assess the need to shut down the plant to minimize risk to personnel and equipment, execute if necessary. Assess risk of controlling an incident with available personnel and equipment, execute if risk is deemed low. Contact Control Room/Supervisor giving an initial assessment including location, area potentially affected and other hazards. Plains Incident Commander will form Unified Command with the Authority having jurisdiction.
Incident Commander In addition, the Incident Commander will: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Call the Plains 24-Hour Emergency Number. Ensure evidence is documented and secured for investigation. Review Incident Commander Checklist.
Boiling Liquid Expanding Vapour Explosion (BLEVE) <p>BLEVE is a process whereby the flammable liquid in a vessel is heated through an outside source (flame impingement). The added heat causes the liquid to vaporize and the pressure to rise in the vessel. When the pressure reaches the release pressure of the vessel's pressure safety valve (PSV) the valve will lift and return the pressure in the tank to a safe level and then close. If the external heated source cannot be eliminated, this process will continue. When the liquid level in the tank drops below the level of the flame impingement, the vessel will begin to weaken and will eventually result in a catastrophic failure or BLEVE. BLEVE's are not predictable. The vessel failure may occur within the first few minutes of the impingement or may take several hours.</p>

4.3 FIRE / EXPLOSION, CONTINUED

4.3 Fire / Explosion, Continued
Boiling Liquid Expanding Vapour Explosion (BLEVE), Continued
Note: <i>Fires that have potential for becoming a BLEVE would not be considered incipient fires and as such there is to be no approach attempts made for the purpose of attempting to fight the fire. No approach attempts by Plains personnel</i>

4.4 HAZARDOUS PRODUCT RELEASES

4.4.1 Gas Release

4.4.1 Gas Release
First Person On Scene
<i>The first person on scene will:</i>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maintain a safe distance from gas release in the upwind or other safe direction. • Assume the role of Incident Commander until relieved by a more qualified individual. • Notify the Olds or Local Authorized Control Centre. Provide the following information: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Your name, location and contact number. • Location of the emergency. • Nature of the emergency. • Estimated size and/or seriousness of the emergency. • Initial indication of the equipment and manpower needed to respond the emergency. • Don appropriate PPE. Isolate leak if it can be done safely, otherwise evacuate the area. • Evacuate all personnel from hazard area to upwind or other safe location. • Evaluate situation and provide information to the Control Centre as it becomes available. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Other hazards. • Wind direction and speed. • Ambient air temperature. • Location of release. • Product has been released. • Size of release. On or off site. • Vapour cloud location. Rate of travel. • Security and roadblocks. • Maintain the area secure until assigned a different duty.
Incident Commander
<i>In addition, the Incident Commander will:</i>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use all available means of gathering information. • Dispatch an Investigative Team, if safe to do so. • Call the Plains 24-Hour Emergency Number. • Communicate with Operations Section Chief. • Sound any available alarm. Do not hesitate to muster when situation is unclear.

4.4.1 Gas Release, Continued

4.4.1 Gas Release, Continued	
Incident Commander, Continued	
• Account for all personnel on site.	
• Alert other personnel in area about nature and location of incident and, if necessary, isolate the area and evacuate non-essential personnel to a safe area.	
• Determine the Level of Emergency. (Refer to the SECTION 1)	
• Assign a Documentation Unit Scribe/Aide.	
• Notify the Regulator and other appropriate agencies as required.	
• Ensure own safety and that of fellow responders; work closely with the Site Safety Officer, if assigned.	
• Initiate defensive (e.g., vacate area) and/or, if qualified, initiate offensive response actions (e.g. isolate, depressurize) consistent with the level of expertise and training, knowledge of problem(s) and understanding of hazards.	
• Make decision on what processes to shut down, which valves to close, etc.	
• Communicate with On Site Personnel to evaluate situation on ongoing basis.	
• "Size up" situation to identify problem(s) to be addressed by incident site personnel.	
• Is gas going offsite?	
• Are there ignition sources in area?	
• Will gas supply diminish?	
• Can gas supply be eliminated?	
• Is ignition a safe or better option (Refer to the Public Protection Section)?	
• Determine if local residents and businesses are potentially at risk. (Refer to the <i>Public Protection Section</i>).	
• Refer to Incident Commander Checklist.	

4.4.2 Vapour Cloud

4.4.2 Vapour Cloud
First Person On Scene
<i>The first person on scene will:</i>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assume the role of Incident Commander until relieved by a more qualified individual. Evacuate all personnel from hazard area. Move to a safe area immediately. Move upwind if release is downwind of your location. Move crosswind if release is upwind of your location. Move to higher ground if possible. Sound the alarm. Assess the situation to ensure personal and others' safety. Account for all personnel. Consider other hazards. Move victim(s) to a safe area and administer first aid as necessary. Request emergency medical services, as required. Arrange transport of victim to medical aid. Provide information to Emergency Medical Services (EMS). Determine need for backup or outside resources. Notify the Oils or Local Authorized Control Centre and direct Supervisor. Document all information by completing the required forms in the Forms Section. Isolate the source of the leak, provided there is no danger to life in doing so. Establish roadblocks to prevent any unauthorized personnel from entering the incident site and monitor air quality at roadblocks. If safe to do so, water fog the plume to knock it down. Local responders are responsible for attempting a rescue if safe to do so.
Incident Commander
<i>In addition, the Incident Commander will:</i>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Call the Plains 24-Hour Emergency Number. Account for personnel on site. Ensure all potential sources and concentrations of product are identified on site. Ensure required communication occurs between internal and external people. Ensure appropriate air quality monitoring is taking place. Contact third party company to assist with determining if ignition is required. Request additional resources, as required. Ensure evidence is documented and secured for investigation.
Vapour Cloud Characteristics
Vapour clouds are formed when a hydrocarbon or other material is released to the atmosphere. The release can occur as a vapour jet, a liquid jet, or a liquid spill. The type of release affects the characteristics of the vapour cloud.

4.4.2 Vapour Cloud, Continued

4.4.2 Vapour Cloud, Continued
Vapour Cloud Characteristics, Continued
<p>The vapour jet is formed when a leak occurs on a service that is operating at a pressure that is lower than the vapour pressure of the fluid at the given operating temperature. When a leak occurs, the vapour is expelled at a velocity that is dependent upon the pressure of the system. The higher the operating pressure, the higher the velocity. At relatively high pressure, this velocity approaches the speed of sound.</p>
<p>Liquid jets occur when a leak occurs on a system that is operating at a pressure above the vapour pressure of the fluid at the given operating temperature. Liquid is released and a portion will vaporize if the normal boiling point of the material is below ambient temperature. In addition, as the liquid droplets mix with air and contact the ground, additional liquid will vaporize due to heating from these media. The pool that forms on the ground will continue to vaporize as it absorbs heat from the ground.</p>
<p>The liquid pool is formed when a leak occurs on a service that has a vapour pressure that is lower than the atmospheric pressure at the ambient temperature. The fluid spills to the ground and will begin to evaporate. The rate of evaporation is dependent upon the vapour pressure of the fluid at the ambient temperature – the higher the vapour pressure, the higher the rate of evaporation – and characteristics of the surface on which it spills. The vapour that is formed will produce an explosive mixture in the vicinity of the spill.</p>
Vapour Plume Management
<p>A vapour plume is the visible cloud or fog of hydrocarbon vapours emanating from an HVP piping leak site. It is a result of the hydrocarbon vapours condensing moisture out of the surrounding air. The visible vapours do not necessarily determine or indicate the extent of the hydrocarbon vapours. On a windy dry day, the visible portion may only exist for a short distance while on a calm day it will be visible for a much greater distance.</p>
<p>The size of the leak and normal operating pressure on the line may also be a large factor in the size of the plume. A large break on a small line will produce a large cloud for a short time period after which it will reduce to the steady "boil off period". If the line is large this "boil off period" may last several days.</p>
<p>It should be noted that the actual size and safe limits of a plume's boundary would only be determined by using a combustible gas detector.</p>
Plains Practice for a Controlled Vapour Cloud Ignition
Scope and Applicability
<p>This practice applies to all plants, pipelines, storage cavern and terminals, rail and truck loading and offloading facilities.</p>
<p>The purpose of the practice is to provide guidelines for controlled ignition as a method for controlling vapour clouds formed as a result of high vapour pressure (HVP) product releases. The purpose of the ignition is to reduce risk to personnel, the public, environment, plant and property. The practice defines circumstances, evaluation methods, minimum training requirements and the decision process for personnel who will ignite HVP vapour clouds.</p>
<p>Due to a vast number of variables involved during a HVP product release it is not possible to capture all scenarios and possible response methods for each scenario in this practice. This practice should be used as a guideline for ideal course of action for controlled HVP vapour cloud ignition. Never replace common sense with instructions listed in this manual.</p>
Scope of Responsibility
<p>The Plains District Manager or his/her delegate must ensure that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Emergency response plans are in place to address specific HVP product release scenarios • The workers are trained and competent to operate gas monitors and ignition equipment • All gas monitors are periodically calibrated and ignition equipment is properly inspected prior to ignition • A hazard assessment is completed prior to starting work that includes identification of the extent and the composition of the plume, travel path, meteorological conditions, and topography of the area. From this assessment, it can be determined whether ignition is the most favourable control option

4.4.2 Vapour Cloud, Continued

4.4.2 Vapour Cloud, Continued
Plains Practice for a Controlled Vapour Cloud Ignition, Continued
Scope of Training, Certification and Competencies
Only trained and competent authorized personnel will be permitted to ignite HVP plumes in order to prevent vapour clouds from migrating out of controlled areas or reaching process areas. Acceptable form of training is Enform's Vapour Plume Ignition Training course, or a comparable course approved by Liquids Operations HSSE Manager
Scope of Application
Ignition of any HVP product vapour cloud will be considered as an alternative control measure when public and personnel health or safety is at risk as the vapour could shows potential to migrate.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Area Manager or his/her delegate with HVP ignition training has the authority to ignite the leak. If hazard would be increased by waiting to attempt communication with the Area Manager or the delegate for permission to ignite the plume, the most senior Plains employee at the scene with HVP ignition training can make the decision
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Depending on availability of time, decision to ignite the release will be made in conjunction with the Incident Commander (if accessible), Houston and Calgary EOC (if convened) and Regulatory Authorities (e.g. AER)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> First step in evaluation is to determine the extent of the flammable vapour cloud. This will be achieved by two workers (the Assessment Team) walking around the plume with gas monitors. This practice will also allow personnel to establish any low lying terrain features where the cloud may extend further. At no point will the assessment team get into an area where gas concentration is greater than 10% LFL. It is recommended that decision to ignite is not taken unless a full circle around the vapour cloud has been completed. However, where it is not possible to complete a full cycle, Ignition Team will make an assessment whether it is possible to determine the extent of the flammable vapour cloud by alternative methods e.g. By line of sight
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Assessment Team will identify how vegetation, road access, power lines, etc. will affect the behaviour of the vapour cloud and control operations. The team will also make sure that the vapour cloud is not trapped/contained in any kind of structure which would cause detonation if ignited
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Wind direction will be constantly monitored in case it changes
The following will be considered prior to ignition:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is there a greater potential for property and/or environmental damage due to accidental ignition and/or explosion? Are any members of the public or response workers at risk? Is the proximity to residences, public facilities, towns and urban centres known? Is the status of evacuations known? Is there a fire hazard after ignition in relation to buildings, facilities, forested or cropland areas? (flame front may affect al structures) Is the safety of ignition team assured by clearly identifying the emergency hazard areas?
The following actions should be taken prior to ignition:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isolate the product with automatic or manual valves as quickly as possible
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Put all affected site plants and pipelines into emergency shut down and evacuate all operating personnel to a safe distance
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Initiate the notification process
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> If the leak is at a cavern, empty the caverns to pipelines if it is deemed safe and practical to do so by the management of pipelines

4.4.2 Vapour Cloud, Continued

4.4.2 Vapour Cloud, Continued
Plains Practice for a Controlled Vapour Cloud Ignition, Continued
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Activate mutual aid (if applicable) and fire department • Contact neighbouring residences and facilities, begin public evacuation if necessary • Notify all other potentially impacted facilities • Ensure that a safety corridor has been established prior to proceeding with ignition. • Ensure that all personnel are accounted for and assembled in the safety corridor
Equipment Required:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Flare Pistol and Flares (minimum 10). Parachute type flare shells are not permitted as these shells are highly inaccurate and their use in HVP ignition is limited • Wind Direction Device. Where windsocks are not available use a piece of light tape attached to a rod or hand held radio antenna • Flammable gas monitors, charged and calibrated • Two way communication devices • Binoculars • Inherently Fire Retardant (IFR) Clothing
Note: A two man team trained in controlled vapour ignition and gas monitoring is required for ignition (Ignition Unit).
Ignition Actions
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ignition actions must be carried out by a third party contractor. • Ignition must be attempted from a safe distance and in a gas free area; preferably with the shooter protected by a structure • Approach the vapour cloud from upwind and to the side. This is to provide a wider vapour cloud cross section to aim at • Fire shells toward the plume from a maximum upwind range • Initially attempt to hit the perimeter of the vapour cloud where air to fuel mixtures are correct for ignition • If the flare lands short and no ignition takes place, it can be assumed that the flare is not in the flammable vapour cloud. Move closer provided that you do not get into an area where the gas concentration is greater than 10% LFL • Repeat until ignition is successful and sustained
Post Ignition Procedures
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Advise Incident Commander of ignition status • Continually monitoring for Flammable Vapours in downwind and low-lying areas, Emergency Hazard Area and EPZ • Continue monitoring wind direction and speed • Maintain security around immediate area of the burning gas • Monitor all personnel for injuries • Evaluate the potential of fire spread • Follow established fire control procedures at site.
Refer to SECTION 3: Responder Safety and Public Protection , SECTION 3.8 Ignition for additional information

4.4.3 Pipeline Release

4.4.3 Pipeline Release
First Person On Scene
<i>The first person on scene will:</i>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assume duties of Incident Commander until relieved by a more qualified individual.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Contact Control Centre to provide information, giving an initial assessment including location, area potentially affected and other hazards. Provide the following information: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Your name, location and contact number. Location of the emergency. Nature of the emergency. Estimated size and/or seriousness of the emergency. Initial indication of the equipment and manpower needed to respond to the emergency.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Don appropriate PPE.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Determine leak location, maintaining safe distance from the release in the upwind direction. Use gas detection to ensure safe distances.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Eliminate all sources of ignition.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> If safe to do so, isolate leak (e.g. close manual valves).
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Alert personnel in area and control access to area.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Evacuate all non-essential personnel from hazard area.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Evaluate situation and convey information to the Control Centre on an ongoing basis. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Other hazards Wind direction and speed. Ambient air temperature. Location of release. Product released. Size of release. On or off site. Vapour cloud location. Rate of travel. Security and roadblocks.
Investigative Team
<i>An investigative team may:</i>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ensure team members are properly equipped, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Vehicle Radio or telephone Monitors and/or explosion meters Flare gun and flares Danger/ warning markers
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Travel to incident scene; observe safe approach guidelines.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ensure own safety and safety of all responders.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Obtain the status of the incident from the Control Centre before approaching the leak.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Advise the Control Centre of safe routes to leak area.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Confirm that the Control Centre has shut down the pipeline section or system, if appropriate, and/or has remotely closed valves in the suspect location.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Approach the leak from an upwind direction, if possible, using explosion meters and/or LEL monitors
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Check any buildings within the vicinity of the leak and evacuate any persons potentially in danger.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Determine the extent of the danger area and if the hazard can be reduced by ignition.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Maintain communications with the Control Centre.
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Maintain watch over leak area and warn person(s) away from danger.

4.4.3 Pipeline Release, Continued

4.4.3 Pipeline Release, Continued	
Investigative Team, Continued	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Locate suitable locations along pipeline for stopple installations on each side of leak. Locations must have regard for safe working condition, access and location of existing valves. • Give direction to emergency crew to excavate for stopple installations. • Request additional support or resources as needed. 	
Incident Commander	
<i>In addition, the Incident Commander will:</i>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Travel to incident scene; observe safe approach guidelines. • Call Plains 24-Hour Emergency Number. • Notify the Regulator and other appropriate agencies as required. • Account for all personnel on site. • Ensure own safety and safety of all responders; work closely with Safety Officer. • Determine the Level of Emergency. (Refer to SECTION 1). • Assign a Documentation Scribe/Aide. • Alert other personnel in area about nature and location of incident and, if necessary, establish an Isolation Perimeter and evacuate non-essential personnel to a safe area outside the perimeter. • "Size up" situation to identify problem(s): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Is product going offsite? • Are there ignition sources in area? • Will energy supply diminish? • Can source be eliminated? • Determine if local residents and businesses are potentially at risk. • Determine type and level of security needed to maintain Isolation Perimeter. • Develop solutions to problems and delegate work that needs to be done into manageable tasks. • Place additional personnel and resources on standby, if required. • Compile and maintain appropriate documentation. 	
Third Party Identification of a Potential Pipeline Release/Leak	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Establish/record details of incident from caller or SCADA/Leak detection system. • Record the following information: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Caller's name, phone number, incident location (including LSD, if available), date and time. • Pipeline damage, vapour cloud, fire explosion, natural disaster or terrorist activity. • Conditions (burning, blowing, cloud), wind direction and speed. • Parties notified: Police, Fire Department, and Municipalities. • People on site, injuries. • Immediate danger to; town, farm, residence, industry, traffic. • In the case of a vapour cloud, inform the caller of dangers, advise to evacuate the area. • Only if safe to do so, and if possible, request caller to remain in contact until pipeline personnel arrive. 	
Shutdown and Isolation Procedures	
Refer to the Pipeline Control Centre Event Checklist for additional guidance on shutdown actions.	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Immediately shutdown injections into pipeline and all pumps upstream of incident. • Continue with deliveries upstream and downstream and run downstream pumps until pressures are as low as possible at incident location. 	

4.5 SPILL OR LEAK

4.5.1 Spills

4.5.1 Spills
First Person On Scene
<i>The first person on scene will:</i>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assume the role of Incident Commander until relieved by a more qualified individual. Assess the situation to ensure personal and others' safety. Consider other hazards. Sound alarm and evacuate all personnel from hazard area, consider the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Move to a safe area immediately. Move upwind if release is downwind of your location. Move crosswind if release is upwind of your location. Move to higher ground if possible. Protect yourself by donning appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as required before attempting a rescue. Move victim(s) to a safe area and administer first aid as necessary. Determine need for backup or outside resources. Contact emergency services as needed (911, where available). Notify the Olds or Local Authorized Control Centre to provide information, giving an initial assessment including location, area potentially affected and other hazards. Provide the following information, if available: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The location of the leak. The nature of the substance being released. An estimate of the size and seriousness of the leak. Indication of the equipment and manpower needed to control the release, and the action planned prior to additional staff arrival. Establish roadblocks to prevent any unauthorized personnel from entering the incident site and monitor air quality at roadblocks. Use barricades and/or flagging to secure the area, if necessary. Implement control procedures to minimize the impacts. For a spill utilize the appropriate absorbents and/or berms downstream of the impacted area and only once safe to do so. Document actions on the Critical Information Report and an ICS 201.
Incident Commander
<i>In addition, the Incident Commander will:</i>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Call the Plains 24-Hour Emergency Number. Account for personnel on site. Ensure all potential sources and types of products are identified. Ensure appropriate air quality monitoring is taking place. Ensure required communication occurs between internal and external people. Ensure evidence is documented and secured for investigation.
Initial Response to a Spill
<p>A hazard assessment must be completed prior to conducting tactical operations and appropriate safety measures put into place. The Incident Commander directs the immediate isolation of the source and containment of the spill as long as there is no immediate danger to health or safety. The containment may include closing or blocking culverts, temporary ditching or berms and using absorbents. The IC will also ensure an Emergency one-call is placed before any possible ground disturbance.</p>

4.5.1 Spills, Continued

4.5.1 Spills, Continued	
Initial Response to a Spill, Continued	
Possible spill impacts must be assessed, including areal extents. Aerial overflights should be established as soon as possible. Specific tactical measures to respond to spills can be found in the WCSS Spill Response Manual.	
The emergency phase of a spill response will continue until all parties in Unified Command agree there is no further risk to people, property and the environment. At this time, remediation and restoration activities may still be underway, but will become a project rather than an emergency response.	
Spills - Waterway	
Always approach a spill with caution, from upwind and uphill, testing with a gas detector. A specific plan of action must be implemented when a leak is reported to be near or into a body of water. The immediate priority when tactically responding to spilled product in or near water is to prevent migration. Containment, recovery and storage tactics must be established as quickly as safely possible. The fate and behavior of the product will have an impact on response measures and thus should be assessed as early as possible.	
Immediate actions will include:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Public and official authorities downstream from the leak shall be contacted and informed of the situation. They may also be invited as a Stakeholder or member of Unified Command if they are providing response resources. 	
Containment of Natural Gas Liquids (NGL) mix when spilled in a waterway is not safe, nor feasible. These products are typically flammable and explosive and should not be contained to a pooled area. Feasibility wise, the nature of the liquid, rapid evaporation and low film strength will not permit absorption or the use of a floating dam to contain it.	
Spill - Land	
Always approach a spill with caution, from upwind and uphill, testing with a gas detector. Keep sources of ignition away from the area covered by the vapour. Special caution must be used downwind and downhill from the spill as liquid spills will spread and pool in low lying areas.	
The appropriate tactical response measures to contain, recover and store spilled product should be developed at the time and are dependent on the situation. Recovery should not begin until storage and/or transport is arranged.	
Depending on the specific product, the fate of the spill will vary and must be assessed in order to maximize response efforts.	
NGL Mix Spilled In Waterway	
Leaking natural gas liquid mix will boil into the atmosphere creating a vapour cloud that will, if trapped in a valley, move downwind. The cloud of vapour is extremely volatile and the outer fringes may be at, or near, the lower explosive limit (LEL).	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All sources of ignition in the path of the vapour cloud shall be eliminated. The cloud of vapour shall be monitored from upwind until it is obvious that it has dispersed into the atmosphere. The refrigerating effect of the rapid boiling and gas expansion can freeze the soil surrounding the pipe. The amount of freezing is directly related to the size and movement of the body of water and the severity of the rupture. Plume ignition must be considered as a tactical response and only carried out once approved by the Incident Commander and by trained personnel. 	

4.5.2 Leaks

4.5.2 Leaks		Comments
Initial Response		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Immediately and safely shut down the source. 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All shut-down procedures to be recorded and confirmed before work commences at the accident site. 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implement emergency action plan for the isolated section. 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dispatch fully equipped contract crews. 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dispatch resources including bulldozers, backhoes, air compressors, as the need requires. Ensure One-Call has been completed and responded to prior to any ground disturbance and crossings. 		
Small Leak		
A small Leak of NGL will not usually present a significant hazard in an open area where the liquid is vaporizing as it leaks and the vapours are dispersing in the air as they form. A small leak of this substance may cause a hazardous condition if the vapours collect in a confined space in quantities sufficient to form a flammable mixture.		
Response Actions		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Plains personnel dispatched to leak area. 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Outline a safe perimeter around the leak and set up necessary road blocks. 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Determine if evacuation is necessary. 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Determine and carry out repair. 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Arrange for surveillance of any temporary repair until permanent repairs are completed 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Arrange for permanent repairs and area clean up. 		
Medium Leak		
A leak of a size such that the vapour does not disperse within a small area creates a very hazardous condition. The cold vapour, heavier than air, will tend to flow downwind and into depressions and form a flammable mixture with air.		
The area downwind of a leak of adjacent lower areas should be approached only with an explosion meter to avoid flammable concentrations of vapour mixtures.		
If a quantity of liquid has escaped and vapourizes, all sources of ignition, such as car and truck engines, must be kept well away from the probable hazardous area.		
Response Actions		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Contact Control Centre to shut down pipeline. 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Investigate leak, report the conditions. 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Outline a safe perimeter around the leak and set up necessary road blocks. 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Call the Plains 24-Hour Emergency Number. 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Advise local police, request assistance to control people in the area. Direct police to site with a safe approach route. 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Approach leak site from upwind. 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Determine if evacuation is necessary. 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Determine if the hazard can be reduced by igniting the vapour. Plume ignition may only be carried out by trained personnel. 		

4.5.2 Leaks, Continued

4.5.2 Leaks, Continued		Comments
Medium Leak, Continued		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Advise the Emergency Operations Center (EOC) of proposed actions including ignition decision and repair plans. 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Maintain communications with all affected parties. 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Carry out all possible safety measures. Arrange for surveillance of any temporary repair until permanent repairs are completed. 		
Large Leak		
<p>A large leak of NGL may be caused by damage to the pipe by external sources. This can quickly be detected at the Control Centre due to volume balance upset and changes in operation pressures. The Leak Detection Model should detect a large leak within minutes of its occurrence. Such a leak will also probably be reported from the site.</p>		
<p>There will be an immediate outflow of liquid at the failure followed by intermittent slugs of liquid and vapour. About one-third of the liquid will flash into vapour. The remainder will form a pool of super cooled liquid and vapourize as rapidly as the heat flow from the surrounding air and ground will permit.</p>		
<p>If the flammable vapour-air plume formed at the leak has not ignited, it will have reached its greatest size within the first half hour from the time the leak occurred. Every effort should be made to prevent ignition of the vapour-air plume until the line fill available to the leak is depleted and the plume becomes diluted below the lower flammability limit.</p>		
Response Actions		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Shut down equipment with leak and close remotely operated valves upstream from leak. 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Investigate leak, report the conditions. 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Outline a safe perimeter around the leak and set up necessary road blocks. 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Notify Plains 24-Hour Emergency Number 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Advise local police, request assistance to control people in the area. Direct police to site with a safe approach route. 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Approach leak site from the windward direction. 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Determine if evacuation is necessary. 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Determine if the hazard can be reduced by igniting the vapour from the leak following evacuation of the area. Plume ignition may only be carried out by trained personnel. 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Advise Emergency Operations Center (EOC) of proposed actions including ignition decision and repair plans. 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Maintain communications with all affected parties. 		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Carry out all possible safety measures. Arrange for surveillance of any temporary repair until permanent repairs are completed. 		

4.6 TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport Canada develops safety standards and regulations, provides oversight, and gives expert advice (through the Canadian Transport Emergency Centre — CANUTEC) on dangerous goods accidents to promote public safety in the transportation of dangerous goods by all modes of transport in Canada.

In the event of an emergency involving dangerous goods, call CANUTEC at 1-888-CANUTEC (226-8832); 613-996-6666 or *666 on a cellular phone. CANUTEC is the Canadian Transport Emergency Centre operated by the Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG) Directorate of Transport Canada.

4.6.1 Trucking / Rail

4.6.1 Trucking / Rail
Initial Response
The first priority following any must be the health and safety of all persons involved. The response will depend on the incident and resources readily available, and include the administration of:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Securing the scene (prevent access, further injury or damage and to assist with investigation). This OHS regulation • Provide first aid or CPR. • Use of small-scale fire suppression. • Execute evacuation. • Shut-down equipment. • Notify responders-police, fire, ambulance. • Notify company representatives. • Notify additional responders ERAC, CANUTEC, or Chemtrec, as required.
Drivers are responsible to have responder contact information for transportation jurisdictions.
Packing Group information (refer to the product SDS) may be required for emergency response planning.
Incidents involving rail transportation will be jointly managed by both the product consignor and transporter (rail operator) as applicable.
Once the situation is secured, additional assistance may be sought as required. The ERP notification procedures may be initiated based on the corporate assessment.
Vehicle Incident
<i>The first person on scene will:</i>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assume the role of Incident Commander until relieved by a more qualified individual. • Assess the situation to ensure personal and others' safety. • Determine the necessary Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) needed to safely carry out response actions. • Shut off all ignition sources if safe to do so. • Evacuate non-essential personnel from hazard area. • Administer first aid as necessary. • Determine need for backup or outside resources. Contact emergency services as needed (911, where available). • Contact immediate supervisor giving an initial assessment including location, area potentially affected, injuries and other hazards. • Gather names/addresses/phone numbers of any witnesses. • Establish roadblocks, if necessary.

4.6.1 Trucking / Rail, Continued

4.6.1 Trucking / Rail, Continued
Vehicle Incident, Continued
<i>In addition, the Incident Commander will:</i>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call the Plains 24-Hour Emergency Number. • Account for personnel on site. • Ensure required communication occurs between internal and external people. • Establish and maintain a secure incident scene. • Request additional resources, as required. • Complete the appropriate documentation. • Ensure evidence is documented and secured for investigation • Review Incident Commander Checklist.

4.6.2 Emergency Response Guidebook

The Emergency Response Guidebook (ERG) was developed jointly by Transport Canada (TC), the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT), the Secretariat of Transport and Communications of Mexico (SCT) and with the collaboration of CIQUIME (Centro de Información Química para Emergencias) of Argentina, for use by fire fighters, police, and other emergency services personnel who may be the first to arrive at the scene of a transportation incident involving dangerous goods.

The ERG was last updated in 2020 and is primarily a guide to aid first responders in quickly identifying the specific or generic hazards of the material(s) involved in the incident, and protecting themselves and the general public during the initial response phase of the incident.

This guidebook will assist responders in making initial decisions upon arriving at the scene of a dangerous goods incident. It should not be considered as a substitute for emergency response training. The ERG does not address all possible circumstances that may be associated with a dangerous goods incident. It is primarily designed for use at a dangerous goods incident occurring on a highway or railroad.

To view the ERG - 2020: <https://www.tc.gc.ca/eng/canutec/emergency-response-guidebook.html>

4.7 NATURAL DISASTERS OR SEVERE WEATHER

4.7 Natural Disasters or Severe Weather
(Including a grass fire, forest fire, flooding, tornado or thunderstorm)
First Person On Scene
<i>The first person on scene will:</i>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assume the role of Incident Commander until relieved by a more qualified individual. • Assess the situation to ensure personal and others' safety. • Evacuate personnel from hazard area. • Administer first aid as necessary. • Determine need for backup or outside resources. Contact emergency services as needed (911, where available). • Notify the Olds or Local Authorized Control Centre to provide information, giving an initial assessment including location, area potentially affected and other hazards. • If dealing with fire, ensure backup is present or en route before attempting to contain or control the fire. • Assess risk of controlling an incident with available personnel and equipment, execute if risk is deemed low. • If alerted of severe weather patterns seek shelter and remain indoors, if possible.
Incident Commander
<i>In addition, the Incident Commander will:</i>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call the Plains 24-Hour Emergency Number. • Account for personnel on site. • Ensure required communication occurs between internal and external people. • Implement control procedures to minimize impact including deciding what gets shut in or isolated or when the facility should be evacuated. • Request additional resources as required. • Ensure evidence is documented and secured for investigation. • Review Incident Commander Checklist.

4.8 NEXT-OF-KIN NOTIFICATION

When an employee, contractor or member of the public is seriously injured, missing or pronounced dead, the next of kin must be notified as promptly as possible.

Responsibility for Notification

Employee	Notification of an employee's next of kin is the responsibility of the RCMP or local police. The Incident Commander will designate a Plains representative to participate in the notification.
Contractors	Notification about contractors should be made by the RCMP or local police together with the employer. The Incident Commander will ensure that the contractor's management is notified. Some independent contractors may not have a head office. In such cases, the Incident Commander will designate a Plains representative to participate in the notification.
Public	If a member of the public is injured or killed as a result of Plains operations, notifications will be coordinated through the RCMP or local police.

Consider involving the Plains Human Resource department for additional and ongoing support.

Before Notifying the Next of Kin

- Never release names before the next of kin are notified.
- Whenever possible, a senior company representative will participate with the RCMP, or local Police.
- Be prepared to support the next of kin. Consider assistance such as transportation, child care, alternative accommodation, reimbursements for daily expenses and the temporary care of the family home if required.
- Make the notification in person, not by telephone or through an intermediary.
- Provide the relatives with as much information as possible. Present only the facts; do not speculate.
- Do not discuss personal views of liability or fault.
- Be prepared to listen to what people are saying. Allow the next of kin to vent their emotions.
- Attempt to support and reunite families as quickly as possible.
- Offer assistance; document key issues and concerns.
- Document the details of anyone who appears to be having trouble coping with the incident so that he / she can be given prompt support.
- Do not leave the next of kin alone.
- Offer to contact a neighbour, friend, relative, minister, doctor or counsellor.
- Leave your name and telephone number with family members

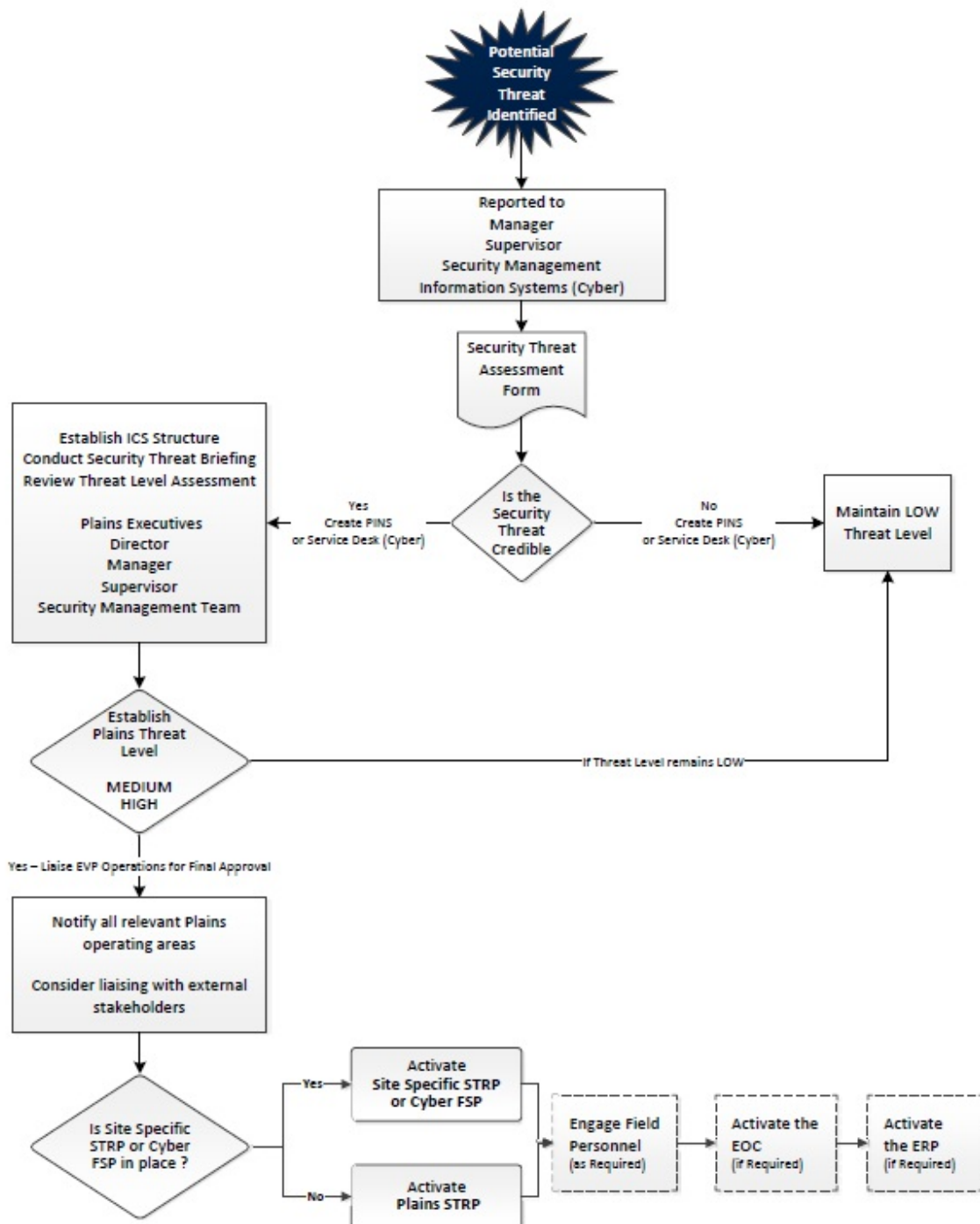
4.9 SECURITY INCIDENTS

4.9.1 General Security Response Actions

4.9.1 General Security Response Actions	
Overview	
To activate a response to a security incident refer to the Security Threat Response Plan (STRP) Standard or Security Procedures & Security Plans.	
Security Procedures and Plans listed below provide detailed response measures. Standards, Procedures & Plans are available on the Emergency Response and Security Management	
MyPlains page: Security Management (sharepoint.com) and Plains Policies and Governance site (P&G).	
Security Procedures & Security Plans	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Security Threat Procedure • Suspicious Activities Procedure • Suspicious Package Procedure • Civil Disturbance Procedure • Terrorism Procedure • Theft Procedure • Unauthorized Entry Procedure • Vandalism Procedure • Workplace Violence Procedure • Security Incident Procedure • Control System – IT Attack Procedure • Cyber Incident Response Plan (CIRP) • Site Specific Security Threat Response Plans 	
Initial Actions	
Review FIGURE 4.9-1 : STRP Activation process map below or in the STRP Standard	
Document response actions on the ICS 201	
Begin documenting on the Security Threat Assessment Form (Refer to 8.1 in Security Threat Response Plan Standard)	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Record initial incident details (Type of Incident, location, personnel, communications, response details, etc.) • Record initial response objectives and strategies to achieve incident priorities 	

FIGURE 4.9-1 - STRP STANDARD: STRP ACTIVATION

STRP Notification Flowchart



Note: Activate countermeasures as per threat levels

4.10 DAMS (BRINE PONDS)

4.10.1 Potential and Imminent Emergencies

4.10.1 Potential and Imminent Emergencies	
Potential Flood Emergency	
When an abnormal condition is observed at the brine ponds or the brine ponds performs abnormally and, without swift and effective intervention, the condition could deteriorate and lead to brine ponds breach.	
Imminent Flood Emergency	
When the brine ponds have failed, or there is a severe abnormal condition that has a significant probability of leading to a brine ponds breach.	
Drawdown Procedures	
As required, in a potential or imminent flooding situation, begin drawdown operations of the pond level in a controlled manner by:	
Activating the appropriate discharge pumps for the control structure affected, as required:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If water is being transferred to an injection well or back to the cavern, notify the applicable personnel of the transfer. 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If transfer is initiated to another pond, monitor the level of that pond. 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Operate pump and discharge line 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Monitor pump and discharge lines for proper operation 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continue frequent monitoring of structures, embankments and water levels for unusual or changed conditions. 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Restrict access along roads threatened by a potential flood emergency. 	
A Brine Pond Breach or potential Brine Pond Breach at a site may present the following hazards.	

4.10.2 Potential Abnormal Conditions

4.10.2 Potential Abnormal Conditions	
Water Levels Above Normal High Operating Level	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Initiate drawdown procedures 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inspect the brine pond toe and abutments of the brine pond for any new seeps, an abnormal increase in quantities of seepage, or any indication of muddy/silty/cloudy flow. 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inspect the dykes for signs of slope instability, such as slumps, cracking, settlement and any new deformity or misalignment, however unlikely 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inspect the dykes for signs of slope instability, such as slumps, cracking, settlement and any new deformity or misalignment, however unlikely 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continue frequent monitoring of structures, embankments and water levels for unusual or changed conditions. 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Restrict access along roads threatened by a potential flood emergency. 	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Put resources (personnel and heavy equipment) on standby or mobilize resources or and equipment to the site, to repair damages 	
Slumping or Cracking of Brine Ponds	
In case of slumping or cracking, the following shall be determined and/or conducted:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Location of the slumping or cracking. • Size and severity of affected area(s) in height, width and depth. • Estimated leakage discharge (clear or muddy/silty/cloudy) and reservoir and elevations. • Report findings, or threats of imminent flood • Whether the brine pond needs to be drawn down with injection pumps. • Whether to undertake shelter-in-place, a site or an EPZ evacuation. • Put support services (personnel and heavy equipment) on standby or mobilize resources to repair damages in the pond embankment, as required. • Continue frequent monitoring of structures, embankments and water levels for unusual or changed conditions. Implement appropriate additional response actions as necessary. • Restrict access along roads threatened by a potential flood emergency. 	
Failure of Operating Equipment	
In case of failure of operating equipment at the water control structure, the following shall be determined and/or conducted:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Probable cause of failure, durations and effects on water control structure operation. • Whether immediate assistance is required to remedy the problem. • Whether temporary replacement or temporary alternatives are available. • Report findings, including imminent deteriorating conditions, and assess the potential impacts of the situation on site operations and all stakeholders (public and private). • Determine whether the brine pond needs to be drawn down with injection pumps. • Decide whether to undertake shelter-in-place, a site or an EPZ evacuation. • Activate brine pond pumping equipment, or if that has failed, alternate pumping equipment. • Continue frequent monitoring of structures, embankments and water levels for unusual or changed conditions. Implement appropriate additional response actions as necessary. • Restrict access along roads threatened by a potential flood emergency. 	

4.10.2 Potential Abnormal Conditions, Continued

4.10.2 Potential Abnormal Conditions, Continued	
Springs, Seeps or Soft Areas	
In the event of the development of new springs, seeps or soft areas, or any changes in the condition of existing areas, the following shall be determined and/or conducted:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Location of the spring, seep or soft spot. • Size of affected area. • Estimated leakage discharge rate. • Nature of the discharge (whether clear or muddy/silty/cloudy water). • Brine pond elevation. • Report findings and assess the potential impacts of the situation on site operations and all stakeholders. 	
In the event of rapid increase or muddy/silty/cloudy appearance in seepage, the following shall be done immediately to stabilize the berm:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Notify area leadership especially in the event of imminent deteriorating conditions. • Cover the areas with filter fabric. • Ballast filter fabric with a thick layer of gravel or free draining material. • Consult with additional technical experts, as required, to evaluate and stabilize the berm. • Decide whether to begin drawing down the pond level in a controlled manner, as required. • Put support services and/or resources (personnel and heavy equipment) on standby or mobilize resources or and equipment to the site, to repair damages in the pond embankment, as required. • Continue frequent monitoring of structures, embankments and water levels for unusual or changed conditions. Implement appropriate additional response actions as necessary, based on changing conditions. • Consult with civil/dam consulting/engineering firm to develop next steps 	
Abnormal Instrumentation Readings	
In the event of abnormal instrumentation readings, the following shall be determined and/or conducted:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interstitial space (between the pond liner and secondary containment) to get no levels, unless it's rained. • Whether the pond level (pond level stick readings) has changed significantly. • Ensure a visual inspection the brine pond levels has occurred. • Put support services and/or resources (personnel and heavy equipment) on standby or mobilize resources or and equipment to the site, to repair damages in the pond embankment, as required. • Consult with civil/dam consulting/engineering firm to develop next steps 	

SECTION 5

MEDIA & CRISIS COMMUNICATIONS

Section Last Revised: January 2023

© Jensen Hughes 2024

5.1 Overview

Figure 5.1-1 - Crisis Communications Leadership Structure

5.2 Public Information Officer

5.3 Communications Advisor (CA)

5.4 Plains Crisis Communications Plan

5.5 Crisis Communication Approvals

5.6 Plains Media Policy

5.6.1 Sensitive Information

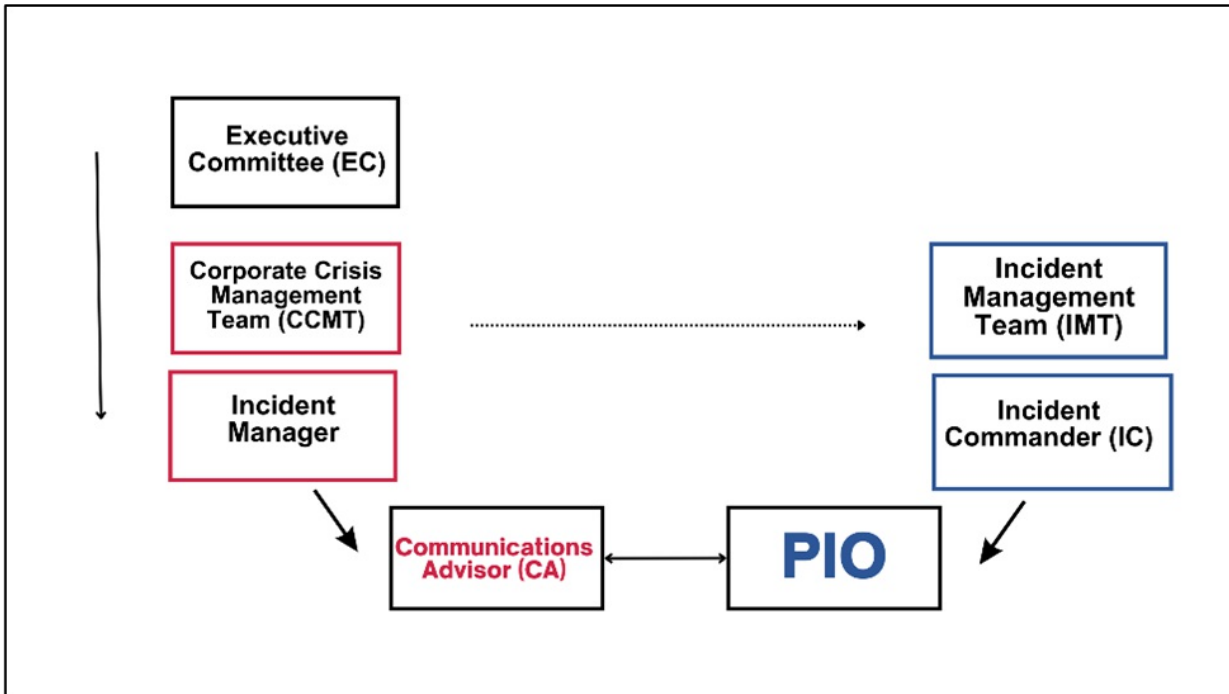
5.7 Regulatory Requirement

Figure 5.7-1 - Communications Plan Template

5.1 OVERVIEW

The development and implementation of timely, strategic and effective communications during an incident is critical to protect the public, employees, responders, and Plains' reputation. There are two essential roles that will lead the crisis communication response: the Communications Advisor (CA) and the Public Information Officer (PIO). **FIGURE 5.1-1** - Crisis Communications Leadership Structure illustrates the communications structure during an incident response.

FIGURE 5.1-1 - CRISIS COMMUNICATIONS LEADERSHIP STRUCTURE



5.2 PUBLIC INFORMATION OFFICER

The Public Information Officer (PIO) is responsible for leading communications efforts on the Incident Management Team (IMT). The PIO's focus is the incident response and providing critical information to affected stakeholders. They may also work with external-facing roles such as the Liaison Officer and the Public Protection Branch to support aligned messaging across the response.

The PIO is supported by the Communications Advisor (CA) on the Corporate Crisis Management Team (CCMT). The PIO and the CA coordinate activities and messages to ensure that all affected external and internal stakeholders are informed about the incident using various communications tools and channels.

Note: Under a Unified Command (UC) the PIO role will likely **not** be a Plains employee; however, the Crisis Communications team may fill Assistant PIO (APIO) roles in the Joint Information Center (JIC).

5.3 COMMUNICATIONS ADVISOR (CA)

The Communications Advisor (CA) plays an important role navigating external and internal corporate communications needs and includes the following:

- Support the PIO's work by securing appropriate corporate reviews and approvals for communication materials
- Act as a 'liaison' for the PIO by sharing updates from the field with the CCMT
- Lead incident-related, but business-driven communications strategy and activities, which may include coordination with Investor Relations/Legal/Senior Leadership, development of incident-related messages for customers//investors/media and incident-driven communications addressing Plains' reputation
- May assist the Human Resources Group with internal employee communications to align with external messaging and may include:
 - Media Policy reminders
 - Incident status update
 - Employee awareness/update

5.4 PLAINS CRISIS COMMUNICATIONS PLAN

The Crisis Communication team will follow the Plains Crisis Communication Plan (CCP) to guide incident response activities. The plan provides the following:

- A roadmap for effective and efficient communication through each response phase of an incident
- Essential templates for frequently used communications products and documents, and checklists for specific functions and roles
- Guidance for Plains to work in a Joint Information Center (JIC)

A copy of the CCP can be accessed on Sharepoint at:

https://plainsmidstream.sharepoint.com/:b/t/Communications/Eb1yyxEEFhIDq_8rztGqYB92iiVdDY-f5uaO8rEGTMeQ

5.5 CRISIS COMMUNICATION APPROVALS

When Plains is leading the response effort in a single-party led incident response, the Communications team must ensure appropriate review and approval of key messages to protect the reputation of the company. The PIO can secure the required approvals from the Incident Commander, and the CA will facilitate approvals from the CCMT/corporate. For more detailed instruction on this process, refer to the *Plains Crisis Communication Plan* for required approvals based on the type of communications product. *Approvals must be secured* before any communication(s) can be released to media or publicly.

5.6 PLAINS MEDIA POLICY

According to the Plains Media Policy only designated Plains' spokespersons are authorized to provide information to the media and public. The CA and the PIO are authorized to speak on behalf of the company. Depending on the situation, the CA and/or the PIO can recommend other Plains spokesperson(s) or approve other employees to speak. However, they will be intensively prepped before speaking publicly with approved talking points.

The Media Policy is in place to:

- Designate and list all authorized spokespersons for the company
- Prevent the improper use or disclosure of material, sensitive or confidential information pertaining to company operations and plans (see **SECTION 5.6.1 Sensitive Information**)
- Avoid exposing employees, contractors or third-parties to risk that could result from unapproved or inaccurate disclosure of company information via the media and/or public

All employees are instructed to refer media requests to the Communications team at [REDACTED]

5.6.1 Sensitive Information

Sensitive topics should be handled with extreme caution and may include:

- Joint Venture assets and agreements (Do not forget that some assets are joint ventures, and an appropriate communications process will need to be followed)
- Cause of incident (Do not speculate as to a cause, an investigation into the root cause is required)
- Volume of release (Until a definitive number is known, stick with qualified statements and a volume range if needed)
- Time to complete clean-up and return to service (Avoid speculation and use appropriately qualified language)
- Overall cost (As with volumes, qualify as appropriate and do not speculate)
- Market/customer impact (Avoid speculation of market impact, line or facility outage or any mention of customer volumes, commitments or production)
- Earnings impact from incident (Do not speculate. Indicate that the company is focused on responding to the incident and will assess any impact as appropriate)
- Significant regulatory implications or corrective actions -- either directly from the incident or due to several incidents of a similar nature (Avoid speculation; work with the Liaison Officer and regulators proactively)

The above sensitive information needs to be generalized especially in early stages of the incident response and/or may need to be heavily qualified by Communications/Legal/Investor Relations/Senior Leadership.

5.7 REGULATORY REQUIREMENT

Plains is required to develop a detailed communications plan which may be required by Regulatory Agencies. The plan outlines Plains' messaging and how Plains will reach affected stakeholders using targeted communications tools. The plan template is shown in **FIGURE 5.7-1**.

FIGURE 5.7-1 - COMMUNICATIONS PLAN TEMPLATE

[illegible]

SECTION 6 FORMS

Section Last Revised: January 2023

© Jensen Hughes 2024

- 6.1 Government First Call Communication Form**
- 6.2 Executive Update Form**
- 6.3 AER Release Reporting Form**
- 6.4 Security Threat Assessment Form**
- 6.5 ICS Forms**
- 6.6 Air Monitoring Form**
- 6.7 Resident Notification Form**
- 6.8 Resident Registration Form**
- 6.9 Roadblock Form**
- 6.10 Media Inquiry Form**
- 6.11 WCSS Ice Safety Plan**
- 6.12 EOC Briefing Form**

NOTE: For additional employee guidance and tools for initial response activities, please refer to the Plains Initial Response Guidebook.

(For copies please request through emergency.management@plains.com)

Government First Call Communication Form

PMC has adapted the Alberta Energy Regulator (AER) First Call Communication Form to create the Government First Call Communication form. This is to be utilized by PMC personnel for the collection of essential incident details in all operating areas.

General Incident Information		
Regulator contact:	Agency:	Field centre:
Licensee:	Caller:	Phone:
E-mail address for release report:		
License #:	Pipeline line #:	Approval #:
Incident location: ____/____/____/____ W ____M		
Emergency level:		
Serious event? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No If yes, what kind of serious event? <input type="checkbox"/> Blowout <input type="checkbox"/> Explosion <input type="checkbox"/> Fire <input type="checkbox"/> Other control loss <input type="checkbox"/> Fracking <input type="checkbox"/> Casing failure		
Land type (jurisdiction): <input type="checkbox"/> Freehold <input type="checkbox"/> First Nations <input type="checkbox"/> Métis <input type="checkbox"/> CFB <input type="checkbox"/> Crown – Disposition #:		
Agencies notified:		Date:
FIRST duty office (DO) contacted: <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No If yes, date & time DO was contacted:		
DO contact name:		

Release Details			
Volumes			
Substance*	Released (m ³ /10 ³ m ³)	Recovered (m ³ /10 ³ m ³)	Disposal/storage location
* For emulsion, break down oil & water if possible.			
Description of how the release volume was determined and verified (including calculations; e.g., spill length × width × depth):			
Area affected (length × width): m ²			
How was the area affected determined? (Aerial survey, perimeter walk, range finder, samples taken, etc.):			
Who delineated the spill area (environmental technologist, operator, etc.) and what process was used?			

<input type="checkbox"/> Reminded licensee to update the Regulator immediately if release volumes or area changes from what was originally reported		
<input type="checkbox"/> Asked for the immediate submission of photos of the entire spill site to the Regulator and communicated that photos of the cleanup will need to be submitted with the release report.		
Cause of release (suspected or actual)		
Impact		
Release off lease? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No (pipeline right-of-way is off lease)		
If yes, was the landowner notified? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Name of landowner/agency:		
Release within disposition boundary? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No		
Outside disposition – was leaseholder notified? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Name of leaseholder:		
If outside disposition, reminded licensee that they will need a TFA.		
Actual incident H ₂ S concentration (if applicable): % / ppm / mol/kmol		
Nearest town:		Distance and direction to town:
Environment affected: <input type="checkbox"/> Air <input type="checkbox"/> Land <input type="checkbox"/> Water		
Distance of release to the nearest water body, watercourse, or waterway:		
How was this distance determined?		
Wildlife/waterfowl/livestock affected: <input type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Habitat affected <input type="checkbox"/> Animals injured/killed		
Notes/description:		
Confirm how the release has been or will be contained:		
Confirm how the release has been or will be cleaned up:		
Evacuees (#):	People injured (#):	Fatalities (#):
Were members of the public affect? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No		
If yes, indicate if they were <input type="checkbox"/> Notified <input type="checkbox"/> instructed to shelter-in-place <input type="checkbox"/> advised to evacuate		

Notes/description:			
Media Interest? <input type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Local <input type="checkbox"/> Regional <input type="checkbox"/> National			
Damage to public property? <input type="checkbox"/> Minor/no damage <input type="checkbox"/> Substantial (home covered in oil) <input type="checkbox"/> Extensive (home destroyed)			

Pipeline Specific			
Hit? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	Line #:	Test failure? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
Normal operating pressure: kPa	Maximum operating pressure: kPa		
Is the pipeline shut in, depressured, and isolated? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No			
If yes, date & time:			
What is the total volume of liquid in the pipeline?			
Are there isolation valves? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No		If yes, have they been activated? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
Are there any other pipelines that tie into the failed line? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No		If yes, have they been shut in/isolated? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
<input type="checkbox"/> Reminded the company to contact the Regulator before excavating the pipeline.			
<input type="checkbox"/> Reminded, advised, or directed the company that the pipeline is not to be returned to service without the Regulators permission.			
Right-of-way (ROW)			
<input type="checkbox"/> Licensee has confirmed when the pipeline ROW and well were last checked.		Date:	
How was the ROW surveillance conducted (from the air, by quad, on foot, using infrared, etc.)?			
<input type="checkbox"/> Requested that daily production volumes for the well/pipeline be submitted within 24 hours.			
Investigation information			
What operations are currently taking place (containment, sampling, line locating, retaining contractors/consultants, pipeline excavation, repair, site access, EM survey, etc.)?			

Canada Energy Regulator Event Reporting Form can be found at:

<https://apps.cer-rec.gc.ca/ERS/Contact/Edit>

Executive Update Form

1. Incident Name	2. Operational Period (Date/Time) From: _____ To: _____	EXECUTIVE UPDATE
3. Operations:		
4. Environmental		
5. Planning		
6. Other		
7. Prepared by:		Date/Time
EXECUTIVE UPDATE FORM		

Release Report



Initial verbal notification of the release to the AER is required prior to completing this release report.

General Information			
AER FIS incident no.:		EDGE reference no.:	
Date AER notified:	Time: <input type="checkbox"/> p.m. <input type="checkbox"/> a.m.	AER contact:	
Type of report: Click here for list	Projected date for final report:		
Incident date:	Time: <input type="checkbox"/> p.m. <input type="checkbox"/> a.m.	Incident location:	W
Licensee/Company name :			
Licence no.:	Public lands disposition no.: Click here for list		
EPEA approval no.:	Scheme/Permit approval no.:	Other AER approval no.:	
Form completed by:		Phone number:	

Release Volume Details					
If volumes change from what was initially reported, then verbal notification to the AER is required.					
Released Substance*	Volume released	Free Fluids recovered	Shipped to (waste receiver)*	Licence/ approval no.*	Location
	m ³	m ³	Click here for list		W
	m ³	m ³	Click here for list		W
	m ³	m ³	Click here for list		W
Gas	10 ³ m ³				
Release rate:	Duration of release:				
* If the released substance is "Emulsion" the crude oil, produced water, and gas must all be reported separately above.					
* Refer to ST107 for the list of AER-approved oilfield waste management (WM) facilities.					

Waste Recovery Volume Details				
Waste substance	Volume recovered	Shipped to (waste receiver)*	Licence/ approval no.*	Location
Excavated soil/solids removed	m ³	Click here for list		W
	m ³	Click here for list		W
Contaminated surface water and/or snow removed	m ³	Click here for list		W
	m ³	Click here for list		W
Washwater and/or freshwater used	m ³	Click here for list		W
	m ³	Click here for list		W
Vegetation/crop bagged and/or removed	m ³	Click here for list		W
	m ³	Click here for list		W
* Refer to ST107 for the list of AER-approved oilfield waste management (WM) facilities.				
Contaminated soils storage: <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> On site <input type="checkbox"/> Off site – If off site, enter location: W				
On-site waste treatment: <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Waste Treatment Description:				

Release Containment Details

☐ Within well/facility lease boundary — Contained to working surface of lease boundary: ☐ Yes ☐ No

☐ Outside well/facility lease boundary

Release contained by berm: ☐ Yes ☐ No Release contained by liner: ☐ Yes ☐ No Liner type (*Directive 055*): [Click here for list](#)

Release onto land/soil: ☐ Yes ☐ No Surface soil type: [Click here for list](#) Subsurface soil type: [Click here for list](#)

Release Site Details

Land jurisdiction type: [Click here for list](#) Environment affected: [Click here for list](#) Area affected: m²

☐ Within public lands disposition boundary ☐ Outside public lands disposition boundary – TFA number:

Distance to closest water body: m Distance to nearest town: km Name of nearest town:

Distance to closest water well: m Distance to nearest permanent dwelling: km

Release Impacts Details

Incident/release H₂S concentration: Unit of measurement: ☐ % ☐ ppm ☐ mol/kmol

Wildlife/livestock affected: [Click here for list](#) Equipment loss: [Click here for list](#)

Emergency response plan (ERP) activated: ☐ Yes ☐ No

☐ Public affected ☐ Public evacuation Number evacuated:

☐ Landowner notified* ☐ Leaseholder notified*

☐ WH&S notified* Number of injuries: Number of fatalities:

* [Provide details in Additional Notifications box.](#)

Pipeline Details (fill in for AER-licensed-pipeline incident)

[Pipeline is not to be returned to service without permission from the AER. See \[www.aer.ca\]\(http://www.aer.ca\) for definitions for incident type and cause.](#)

Incident type: [Click here for list](#) Incident cause: [Click here for list](#)

Licence number: Line number: Installation number (if applicable):

Start location: W End location: W ABSA registration number (if applicable):

Associated facility location: W Associated facility licence number:

☐ Test failure ☐ Retest segment ☐ Pipeline repair pretested ☐ Cathodic protection

Type of external coating: ☐ Corrosion mitigation/monitoring program:

Normal operating pressure: kPa Maximum operating pressure kPa

Date line shut in: Pipeline returned to service: ☐ No ☐ Yes Date:

Clean-up/Remediation Details

[All releases must be remediated or managed in a matter satisfactory to the AER.](#)

Clean-up status: [Click here for list](#) **Final cleanup/remediation completion date:**

☐ In-situ remediation implemented

Remediation guidelines used (choose all applicable):

☐ Tier 1 ☐ Tier 2 ☐ SST ☐ SCARG ☐ CCME ☐ Exposure control

Method of subsurface delineation: Confirmatory samples taken: ☐ Number of samples:

Remediation certificate applied for: ☐ Yes ☐ No

Environmental contractor: Phone number:

Additional Incident Notification Details			
Name of agency/landowner	Person notified / reference no.	Phone number	Date

Incident Details
<p>Submit photos of the incident and cleanup/remediation to the AER. Fill in all text boxes below:</p> <p>Detailed description of circumstances leading up to the release:</p> <p>How release was identified:</p> <p>Steps/procedures taken to minimize, control, or stop release:</p> <p>Steps taken to contain release:</p> <p>If release was on lease steps taken to ensure no migration off lease (including subsurface migration):</p> <p>Description of how release volume(s) was determined and verified (include any calculations used):</p> <p>How the affected area was determined (include any calculations used):</p> <p>Description of environmental impact:</p> <p>Clean-up operation details:</p> <p>Remediation operation details:</p> <p>Release cause: Click here for list</p> <p>Description of root cause:</p> <p>Steps/procedures taken to prevent similar future releases:</p> <p>Additional comments:</p>

Complete all areas (as applicable), with information that is known to be factual. Please do not add any information that has not been verified.

ASSESSMENT FORM COMPLETED BY

Name: _____

Title: _____

Date: _____

Contact #: _____

Email: _____

Time: _____

OTHERS INCLUDED IN THE ASSESSMENT

Name: _____

Position & Business Unit: _____

THREAT REPORTED BY THE FOLLOWING SOURCE

☐ Employee

☐ Public

☐ Government Agency

☐ Police

☐ Other (describe): _____

Date: _____

Name: _____

Contact #: _____

Title: _____

Time: _____

Email: _____

Method of Reporting: _____

Business Unit: _____

TYPE OF THREAT - PHYSICAL

☐ Physical Threat

☐ ICS/SCADA

☐ Civil Disturbance

☐ Mischief

☐ Cyber

☐ Verbal Threat

☐ Suspicious Mail/Packages

☐ Vandalism

☐ Interference (blocking access to right-of-way ROW)

☐ Other (describe): _____

TYPE OF THREAT - CYBER

☐ Malware

☐ ICS/SCADA

☐ Social Engineering

☐ Ransomware

☐ DOS

☐ Breach

☐ Cloud Related

☐ Fraud

☐ Malicious Insider

☐ Identity Theft

☐ Weather Related

☐ Personally Identifiable Information (PII)

☐ Email Compromise

☐ Other (describe): _____

ADVERSARY: PERSON OR GROUP

☐ Resident/Occupant

☐ Landowner

☐ Activist

☐ First Nations

☐ Employee

☐ Protestor

☐ Public

☐ Other (describe): _____

Name: _____

Contact #: _____

Physical Address: _____

Website/URL: _____

Known Vehicles: _____

Email: _____

Age: _____

THREAT CIRCUMSTANCES

☐ Against Employee

☐ Against Company

☐ Against Contractor

☐ Against Industry

☐ Unconfirmed

Describe circumstances/what occurred/what location: _____

Is there history of the same person or group making a threat?

☐ Yes

☐ No

☐ N/A

If yes, describe: _____

Date: _____

Place of Occurrence: _____

Are there witnesses to the occurrence?

☐ Yes

☐ No

☐ N/A

If yes, Name of witnesses: _____

☐ Yes, witness statements have been completed and provided

☐ No, witness statements have not been completed or provided

The threat was direct and clearly understood. Explain: _____

☐ Yes

☐ No

☐ N/A

The threat was indirect/Vague/Implied. Explain: _____

☐ Yes

☐ No

☐ N/A

The threat is expected to occur in the future. Explain: _____

☐ Yes

☐ No

☐ N/A

IMPACTED ASSET(S) & USER(S)

Asset

Contact Name

Phone

Email

REPORTED TO POLICE

Date: _____

File #: _____

Investigator Name: _____

Police Agency: _____

Contact #: _____

Email: _____

Is the matter under investigation? Explain: _____

☐ Yes

☐ No

Are charges laid? Explain: _____

☐ Yes

☐ No

Have the Police commented? Explain: _____

☐ Yes

☐ No

ASSET HISTORY

Has the asset/user recently been victim of a physical and/or cyber-security incident?

☐ Yes

☐ No

☐ Unknown

Has the asset/user been victim of a physical and/or cyber-security incident in the past?

☐ Yes

☐ No

☐ Unknown

RECENT EVENTS

Are there any recent landowner issues and/or concerns?

☐ Yes

☐ No

☐ Unknown

Are there any recent termination issues and/or concerns?

☐ Yes

☐ No

☐ Unknown

Are there any recent employee performance issues and/or concerns?

☐ Yes

☐ No

☐ Unknown

Are there any recent issues with the general public?

☐ Yes

☐ No

☐ Unknown

Are there any recent contractor issues and/or concerns?

☐ Yes

☐ No

☐ Unknown

ADVERSARIES

Are physical and/or cyber-security adversaries present and active within the community, area or region?

☐ Yes

☐ No

☐ Unknown

LANDOWNER (IF APPLICABLE)

Has the landowner been apprised of right-of-entry information?

☐ Yes

☐ No

☐ Unknown

Has the right-of-entry (ROE) been served and explained?

☐ Yes

☐ No

☐ Unknown

Where is the person's residence in relation to the ROW? _____

INDUSTRY THREATS

Has another operator within the same industry and/or region received physical and/or cyber-security related threats?

☐ Yes

☐ No

☐ Unknown

Has another operator within the same industry and/or region recently been victim of a physical and/or cyber-security threat?

☐ Yes

☐ No

☐ Unknown

Does a current threat that is directed at the company exist?

☐ Yes

☐ No

☐ Unknown

CREDIBILITY

Does the threat specifically identify a target?

☐ Yes

☐ No

Does the threat specify a time it is to be carried out?

☐ Yes

☐ No

Is it probable that the threat will be carried out?

☐ Yes

☐ No

☐ Unknown

Threat is:

☐ Not Credible

☐ Unknown

☐ Believed

☐ Confirmed

Comments: _____

CAPABILITY

Is there a degree of sophistication required for the adversary to commit a crime against the asset?

☐ Yes

☐ No

Is the person or group considered capable of carrying out a physical or cyber threat (e.g., fit/health, physically imposing; young/middle aged; or elderly; physical impediment; unhealthy; unfit etc.)

☐ Yes

☐ No

SUMMARY OF THREAT

Summarize Circumstances:

SECURITY THREAT ASSESSMENT

CREDIBILITY

PROBABILITY

CONSEQUENCE

LOW (VALUE OF 1)

☐

A possible physical and/or cyber threat of harm to the company and/or to personnel has been made.

☐

Threat is unlikely to be carried out.

☐

Little or no impact on asset(s).

MEDIUM (VALUE OF 2)

☐

A probable physical and/or cyber threat of harm to the company and/or to personnel has been made.

☐

Threat is likely to be carried out.

☐

Impacts are felt, but not critical.

HIGH (VALUE OF 3)

☐

A confirmed physical and/ or cyber threat of harm to the company and/or to personnel has been made.

☐

Threat is likely to be carried out.

☐

Critical impact(s) that could result in breach, damage, loss, and/or injury.

Credibility ☐ + Probability ☐ + Consequence ☐ =

(LOW = 3 MEDIUM = 4-6 HIGH = 7-9)

SECURITY THREAT LEVEL =

SECURITY THREAT LEVEL CLASSIFICATION

☐ Low Level Threat →1-3 (Standard Operating Procedures)

No Security Plan Required (Standard Operating Procedures in place)

Threat deemed LOW for an illegal and/or violent act (including cyber) towards Plains assets, operations and/or other regional industry operators, or industry at large

A LOW categorization of risk does not imply "no threat" but indicates the situation should or may continue to be monitored.

All standard security countermeasures should remain in place.

☐ Medium Level Threat → 4-6 (Possible Duration: Days, Weeks, Months)

Activate Security Threat Response Plan Operational Security Countermeasures (Physical) and/or Information System(IS) Countermeasures (Cyber)

Threat deemed to be MEDIUM for an illegal and/or violent act (including Cyber) towards Plains assets, operations and/or other regional industry operators, or industry at large.

A MEDIUM categorization of risk means that there is an elevated threat for violence or illegal incident(s) and any security measures that are currently in position should remain, and further security measures should be considered as per organizational security countermeasures.

☐ High Level Threat → 7-9 (Possible Duration: Days or Weeks)

Activate Security Threat Response Plan Operational Security Countermeasures (Physical) and/or Information System(IS) Countermeasures (Cyber)

Based on available information and intelligence, there appears to be a HIGH risk for an illegal and/or violent act (including Cyber) occurring towards Plains assets, operations and/or other regional industry operators, or industry at large.

A HIGH categorization of risk means that Plains is at HIGH or imminent threat to experience a violent or illegal incident(s) and immediate intervention is required to prevent an act from occurring.

Any security measures that are currently in position should remain, and enhanced security measures should be considered as per organizational countermeasures.

Note: High-risk situations require the most intensive supervision and management strategies to be applied.

VICP - Ver 3.0 - Aug 2021

Form	Description
ICS Forms	
Incident Action Plan (IAP) Cover Sheet	
ICS 201	Incident Briefing
ICS 202	Incident Objectives
ICS 203	Organization Assignment List
ICS 204	Assignment List
ICS 204a	Assignment List Attach
ICS 205	Incident Radio Communication Plan
ICS 205a	Communications List
ICS 206	Medical Plan
ICS 207 (IMT)	IMT Organizational Chart
ICS 207 (CCMT)	CCMT Organizational Chart
ICS 209	Incident Status Summary
ICS 210	Status Change
ICS 211e	Check-in List (Equipment)
ICS 211p	Check-in List (Personnel)
ICS 213	General Message
ICS 214	Unit Log
ICS 214a	Individual Log
ICS 215	Operational Planning Worksheet
ICS 215a	IAP Safety Analysis
ICS 220	Air Operations Summary
ICS 221	Demobilization Check Out
ICS 230	Daily Meeting Schedule
ICS 231	Meeting Summary
ICS 232	Resources at Risk Summary
ICS 233	Incident Open Action Tracker
ICS 234	Work Analysis Matrix
ICS 234 Example	Work Analysis Matrix Example

NOTE: For additional employee guidance and tools for initial response activities, please refer to the Plains Initial Response Guidebook.

(For copies please request through [REDACTED])

INCIDENT BRIEFING FORM (ICS 201)

1. Incident Name	2. Incident Number	3. Time of Incident Date: _____ Time: _____
4. Map/Sketch Include sketch, showing the total area of operations, the incident site/area, impacted and threatened areas, overflight results, trajectories, impacted shorelines, or other graphics depicting situational status and resource assignment.		
5. Situation Summary and Health and Safety Recognize potential incident health and safety hazards and develop necessary measures to protect responders from those hazards (remove hazard, personal protective equipment, warn people of the hazard).		
6. Prepared By Name: _____	Position/Title: _____	Signature: _____
ICS 201, Page 1		

INCIDENT BRIEFING FORM (ICS 201)

[illegible]

INCIDENT BRIEFING FORM (ICS 201)

1. Incident Name	2. Incident Number	3. Time of Incident Date: _____ Time: _____
-------------------------	---------------------------	---

10. Current Organization

Incident Commander

Safety Officer

Liaison Officer

Public Information Officer

**Operations
Section Chief**

**Planning
Section Chief**

**Logistics
Section Chief**

**Finance/Admin
Section Chief**

Staging Area Manager

6. Prepared by: Name: _____

Position/Title: _____

Signature: _____

ICS 201, Page 3

INCIDENT BRIEFING FORM (ICS 201)

1. Incident Name	2. Incident Number	3. Time of Incident Date: Time:			
11. Resources Summary					
Resources Needed	Resources Identifier	Date/Time Ordered	ETA	Arrived?	Notes (Location/Assignment/Status)
				<input type="checkbox"/>	
				<input type="checkbox"/>	
				<input type="checkbox"/>	
				<input type="checkbox"/>	
				<input type="checkbox"/>	
				<input type="checkbox"/>	
				<input type="checkbox"/>	
				<input type="checkbox"/>	
				<input type="checkbox"/>	
				<input type="checkbox"/>	
				<input type="checkbox"/>	
				<input type="checkbox"/>	
				<input type="checkbox"/>	
				<input type="checkbox"/>	
				<input type="checkbox"/>	
				<input type="checkbox"/>	
				<input type="checkbox"/>	
				<input type="checkbox"/>	
				<input type="checkbox"/>	
				<input type="checkbox"/>	
				<input type="checkbox"/>	
6. Prepared by: Name: _____ Position/Title: _____ Signature: _____					
ICS 201, Page 4					

1. Incident Name	2. Operational Period (Date/Time) From: To:	INCIDENT OBJECTIVES ICS 202-OS
3. Overall Incident Objective(s) <i>Life Safety</i> <i>Incident Stabilization</i> <i>Minimize Impacts</i>		
4. Objectives for specified Operational Period		
5. Safety Message for Specified Operational Period		
Approved Site Safety Plan Located at:		
6. Weather	See Attached Weather Sheet	
7. Tides/Currents	See Attached Tide/Current Data	
8. Time of Sunrise	Time of Sunset	
9. Attachments (mark "X" if attached)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Organization List (ICS 203-OS)	<input type="checkbox"/> Medical Plan (ICS 206-OS)	<input type="checkbox"/> Resource at Risk Summary (ICS 232-OS)
<input type="checkbox"/> Assignment List (ICS 204-OS)	<input type="checkbox"/> Incident Map(s)	<input type="checkbox"/> Incident Status Summary (ICS 209-OS)
<input type="checkbox"/> Communications List (ICS 205-OS)	<input type="checkbox"/> Traffic Plan	<input type="checkbox"/> _____
10. Prepared by: (Planning Section Chief)		Date/Time
INCIDENT OBJECTIVES		ICS 202-OS

1. Incident Name	2. Operational Period (Date/Time) From: To:	ORGANIZATION ASSIGNMENT LIST ICS 203-OS																																																																														
3. Incident Commander and Staff <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%; text-align: center;">Primary</td> <td style="width: 50%; text-align: center;">Deputy</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Federal:</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>State:</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>RP(s):</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Safety Officer:</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Information Officer:</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Liaison Officer:</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>		Primary	Deputy	Federal:		State:		RP(s):		Safety Officer:		Information Officer:		Liaison Officer:		7. OPERATION SECTION <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td>Chief</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Deputy</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">a. Branch I – Division Groups</td></tr> <tr><td>Branch Director</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Deputy</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Division/Group</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Division/Group</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Division Group</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Division Group</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Division Group</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">b. Branch II – Division/Groups</td></tr> <tr><td>Branch Director</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Deputy</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Division/Group</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Division/Group</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Division/Group</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Division/Group</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Division/Group</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">c. Branch III – Division/Groups</td></tr> <tr><td>Branch Director</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Deputy</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Division/Group</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Division/Group</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Division/Group</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Division/Group</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Division/Group</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">d. Air Operations Branch</td></tr> <tr><td>Air Operations Br. Dir</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Air Tactical Supervisor</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Air Support Supervisor</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Helicopter Coordinator</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Fixed Wing Coordinator</td><td></td></tr> </table>	Chief		Deputy		a. Branch I – Division Groups		Branch Director		Deputy		Division/Group		Division/Group		Division Group		Division Group		Division Group		b. Branch II – Division/Groups		Branch Director		Deputy		Division/Group		Division/Group		Division/Group		Division/Group		Division/Group		c. Branch III – Division/Groups		Branch Director		Deputy		Division/Group		Division/Group		Division/Group		Division/Group		Division/Group		d. Air Operations Branch		Air Operations Br. Dir		Air Tactical Supervisor		Air Support Supervisor		Helicopter Coordinator		Fixed Wing Coordinator	
Primary	Deputy																																																																															
Federal:																																																																																
State:																																																																																
RP(s):																																																																																
Safety Officer:																																																																																
Information Officer:																																																																																
Liaison Officer:																																																																																
Chief																																																																																
Deputy																																																																																
a. Branch I – Division Groups																																																																																
Branch Director																																																																																
Deputy																																																																																
Division/Group																																																																																
Division/Group																																																																																
Division Group																																																																																
Division Group																																																																																
Division Group																																																																																
b. Branch II – Division/Groups																																																																																
Branch Director																																																																																
Deputy																																																																																
Division/Group																																																																																
Division/Group																																																																																
Division/Group																																																																																
Division/Group																																																																																
Division/Group																																																																																
c. Branch III – Division/Groups																																																																																
Branch Director																																																																																
Deputy																																																																																
Division/Group																																																																																
Division/Group																																																																																
Division/Group																																																																																
Division/Group																																																																																
Division/Group																																																																																
d. Air Operations Branch																																																																																
Air Operations Br. Dir																																																																																
Air Tactical Supervisor																																																																																
Air Support Supervisor																																																																																
Helicopter Coordinator																																																																																
Fixed Wing Coordinator																																																																																
4. Agency Representatives <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 15%;">Agency</td> <td style="width: 85%;">Name</td> </tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </table>		Agency	Name																																																																													
Agency	Name																																																																															
5. PLANNING SECTION <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td>Chief</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Deputy</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Resources Unit</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Situation Unit</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Environmental Unit</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Documentation Unit</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Demobilization Unit</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Technical Specialists</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td></td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td></td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td></td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td></td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td></td></tr> </table>		Chief		Deputy		Resources Unit		Situation Unit		Environmental Unit		Documentation Unit		Demobilization Unit		Technical Specialists																																																																
Chief																																																																																
Deputy																																																																																
Resources Unit																																																																																
Situation Unit																																																																																
Environmental Unit																																																																																
Documentation Unit																																																																																
Demobilization Unit																																																																																
Technical Specialists																																																																																
6. LOGISTICS SECTION <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td>Chief</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Deputy</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">a. Support Branch</td></tr> <tr><td>Director</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Supply Unit</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Facilities Unit</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Transportation Unit</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Vessel Support Unit</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Ground Support Unit</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2">b. Service Branch</td></tr> <tr><td>Director</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Communications Unit</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Medical Unit</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Food Unit</td><td></td></tr> </table>		Chief		Deputy		a. Support Branch		Director		Supply Unit		Facilities Unit		Transportation Unit		Vessel Support Unit		Ground Support Unit		b. Service Branch		Director		Communications Unit		Medical Unit		Food Unit		8. FINANCE/ADMINISTRATION SECTION <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td>Chief</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Deputy</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Time Unit</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Procurement Unit</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Compensation/Claims Unit</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Cost Unit</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td></td></tr> </table>	Chief		Deputy		Time Unit		Procurement Unit		Compensation/Claims Unit		Cost Unit																																							
Chief																																																																																
Deputy																																																																																
a. Support Branch																																																																																
Director																																																																																
Supply Unit																																																																																
Facilities Unit																																																																																
Transportation Unit																																																																																
Vessel Support Unit																																																																																
Ground Support Unit																																																																																
b. Service Branch																																																																																
Director																																																																																
Communications Unit																																																																																
Medical Unit																																																																																
Food Unit																																																																																
Chief																																																																																
Deputy																																																																																
Time Unit																																																																																
Procurement Unit																																																																																
Compensation/Claims Unit																																																																																
Cost Unit																																																																																
9. Prepared By: (Resources Unit)		Date/Time																																																																														
ORGANIZATION ASSIGNMENT LIST June 2000 ICS 203-OS																																																																																

1. Incident Name		2. Operational Period (Date/Time)		ASSIGNMENT LIST ATTACHMENT	
		From: To:		ICS 204a-OS	
3. Branch			4. Division/Group		
5. Strike Team/Task Force/Resource Identifier		6. Leader		7. Assignment Location	
8. Work Assignment Special Instructions (if any) [Ops]					
9. Special Equipment/Supplies Needed for Assignment (if any) [Ops]					
10. Special Environmental Considerations (if any) [P.S.C.]					
11. Special Site-Specific Safety Considerations (if any) [S.O.]					
Approved Site Safety Plan Located at:					
12. Other Attachments (as needed)					
<input type="checkbox"/> Map		<input type="checkbox"/> Shoreline Cleanup Assessment Team Report		<input type="checkbox"/> _____	
<input type="checkbox"/> Weather Forecast		<input type="checkbox"/> Tides		<input type="checkbox"/> _____	
13. Prepared by: (Resources Unit Leader)					
ASSIGNMENT LIST ATTACHMENT		June 2000		ICS 204a-OS	

1. Incident Name		2. Operational Period (Date/Time) From: _____ To: _____		Assignment List ICS 204-OS	
3. Branch		4. Division/Group			
5. Operations Personnel <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; margin-top: 5px;"> Name Affiliation Contact # (s) </div> <div style="margin-top: 5px;"> Operations Section Chief: _____ Branch Director: _____ Division/Group Supervisor: _____ </div>					
6. Resources Assigned This Period <div style="float: right; font-size: small;">"X" indicates 204a attachment with special instructions</div>					
Strike Team/Task Force/Resource Identifier	Leader	Contact Info. #	# of Persons	Notes/Remarks	↓
					<input type="checkbox"/>
					<input type="checkbox"/>
					<input type="checkbox"/>
					<input type="checkbox"/>
					<input type="checkbox"/>
					<input type="checkbox"/>
					<input type="checkbox"/>

7. Assignments

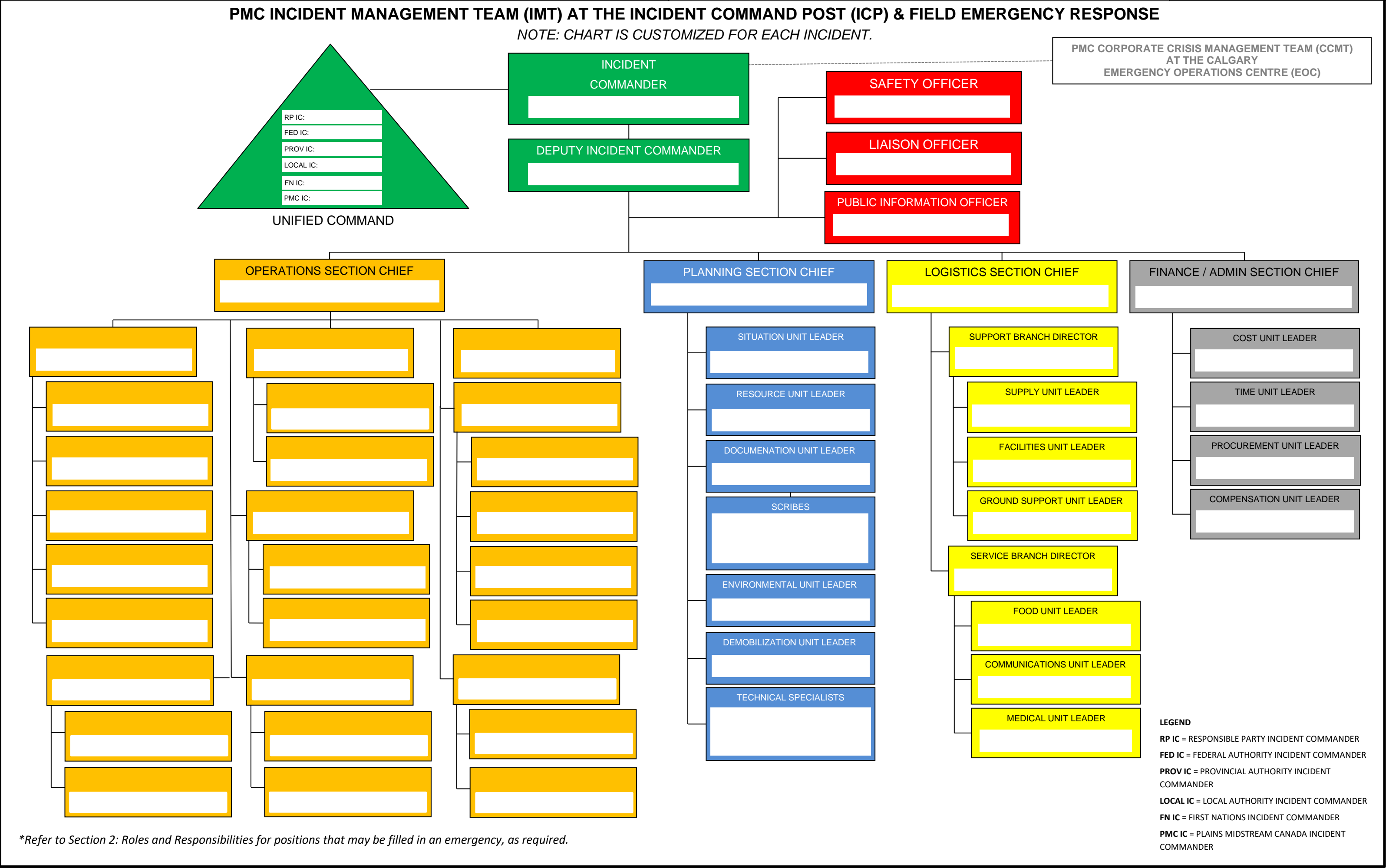
8. Special Instructions for Division/Group

9. Communications (radio and/or phone contact numbers needed for this assignment)				
Name/Function	Radio: Freq./System/Channel	Phone	Pager	
_____	_____	_____	_____	
_____	_____	_____	_____	
_____	_____	_____	_____	
Emergency Communications Medical _____ Evacuation _____ Other _____				
10. Prepared By (Resource Unit Leader)		11. Approved By (Planning Section Chief)		
	Date/Time		Date/Time	

ASSIGNMENT LIST	June 2000	ICS 204-OS
-----------------	-----------	------------

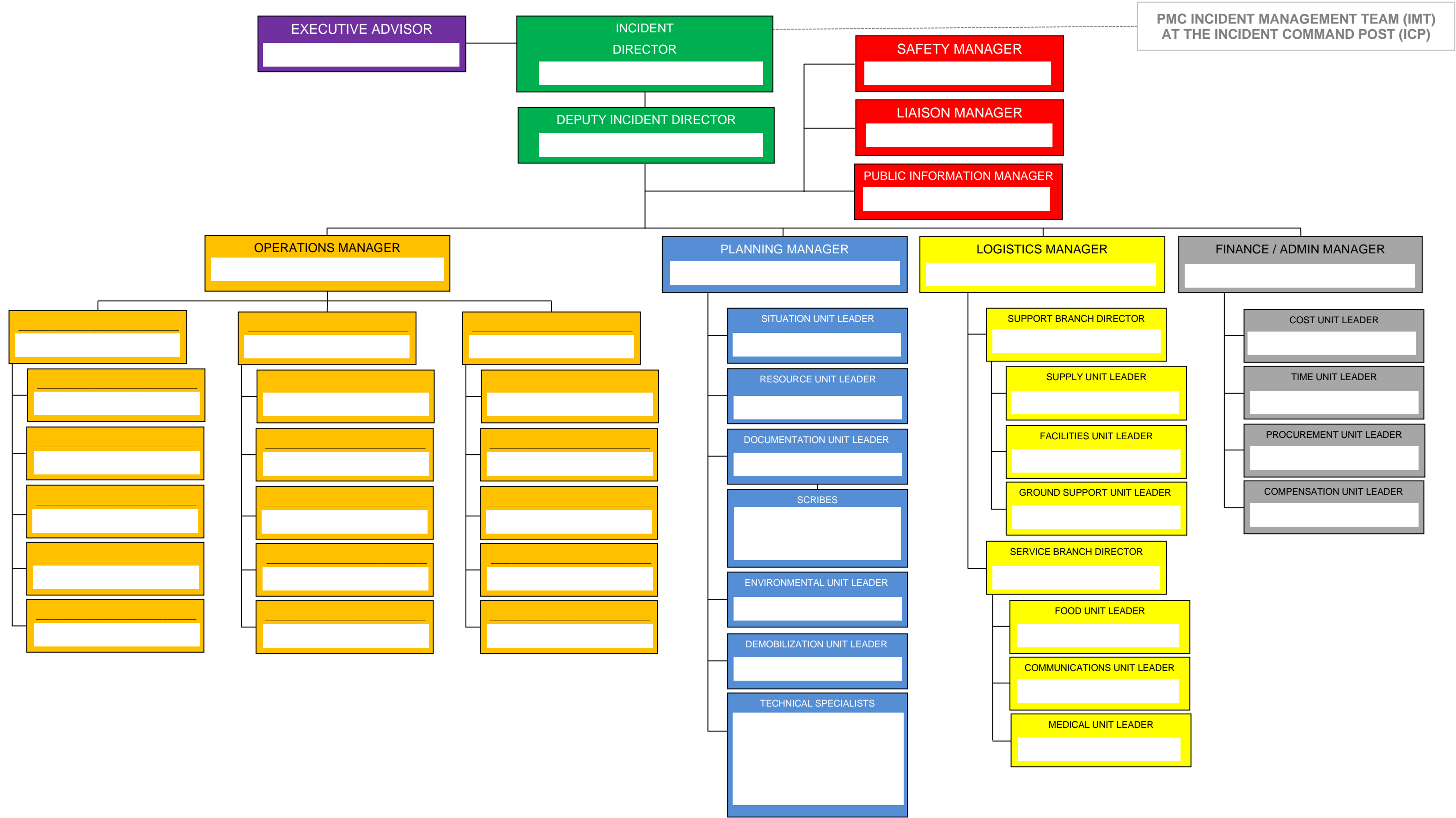
1. Incident Name		2. Operational Period (Date / Time) From: _____ To: _____		INCIDENT RADIO COMMUNICATIONS PLAN ICS 205-OS	
3. BASIC RADIO CHANNEL USE					
SYSTEM / CACHE	CHANNEL	FUNCTION	FREQUENCY	ASSIGNMENT	REMARKS
4. Prepared by: (Communications Unit)				Date / Time	
INCIDENT RADIO COMMUNICATIONS PLAN		June 2000		ICS 205-OS	

[illegible]



PMC CORPORATE CRISIS MANAGEMENT TEAM (CCMT) AT THE CALGARY EMERGENCY OPERATIONS CENTRE

NOTE: CHART IS CUSTOMIZED FOR EACH INCIDENT.



1. Incident Name		2. Operational Period (Date / Time) From: _____ To: _____		STATUS CHANGE ICS 210-OS	
3. Personnel / Resource Name or I.D.					
4. New Status <input type="checkbox"/> Available / Staged <input type="checkbox"/> Assigned _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Out of Service					
5. FROM Location or Status			6. TO Location or Status		
7. Time of Location / Status Change					
8. Comments					
9. Prepared by:			Date / Time		
10. Processed by: (Resource Unit)			Date / Time		
STATUS CHANGE		June 2000		ICS 210-OS	

1. Incident Name: _____		2. Operational Period: From: _____ To: _____		3. Check-In Location <input type="checkbox"/> Staging Area <input type="checkbox"/> DOC <input type="checkbox"/> Command Post <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Shelter, C-POD, etc.)		
4. Equipment Description	5. Equipment Identifier	6. Supplier/Owner	7. Assignment	8. Contact Information	9. Time In Time Out	
10. Prepared by: Name: _____ Position/Title: _____ Signature: _____						
ICS 211e		Date/Time: _____				

1. Incident Name: _____		2. Operational Period: From:_____ To:_____		3. Check-In Location <input type="checkbox"/> Staging Area <input type="checkbox"/> DOC <input type="checkbox"/> Command Post <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Shelter, C-POD, etc.)	
4. Name (First, Last)	5. Company/Agency	6. ICS Section	7. Contact Information	8. Time In	Time Out
6. Prepared by: Name:_____ Position/Title:_____ Signature:_____					
ICS 211p		Date/Time: _____			

1. Incident Name		2. Date and Time of Message		GENERAL MESSAGE ICS 213-OS	
3. TO:		ICS Position			
4. FROM:		ICS Position			
5. Subject:					
6. Message					
7. Reply					
8. Signature / Position (person replying)					
Date / Time of reply					
GENERAL MESSAGE					
June 2000					
ICS 213-OS					

General Message (ICS213)

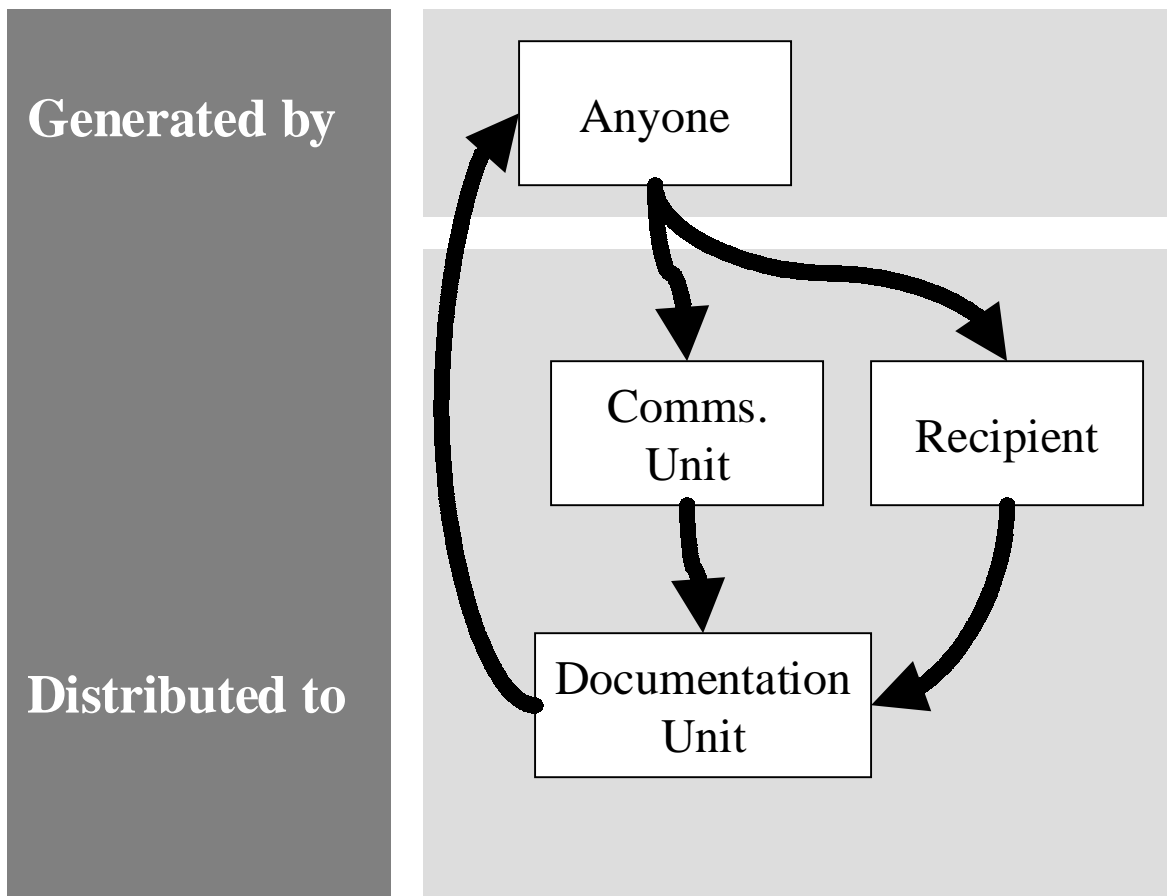
Purpose. The General Message is used by:

- Incident personnel to record incoming messages which cannot be orally transmitted to the intended recipients;
- Command Post and other incident personnel to transmit messages to the Incident Communications Center for transmission via radio or telephone to the addressee;
- Incident personnel to send any message or notification to incident personnel which requires a hard-copy delivery;
- Incident personnel to place resource orders.

Preparation. This form is prepared by any incident personnel needing to transmit a hard-copy message. The recipient should send a timely reply to the originator, as necessary.

Distribution. Upon completion, the General Message may be hand-carried to the addressee or to the incident Communications Center for transmission.

Originator retains a copy of the form. All completed original forms MUST be given to the Documentation Unit.



1. Incident Name		2. Operational Period (Date/Time)	
		From: To:	
3. Unit Name/Designators:		4. Unit Leader	
		Name: ICS Position:	
4. Unit Leader			
NAME		ICS POSITION	
6. Activity Log			
TIME	MAJOR EVENTS		
7. Prepared By: Name: Position/Title: Signature:			
ICS 214		Date/Time:	

[illegible]

ICS 214

Date/Time:_____

[illegible]

1. Incident Name		2. Operational Period (Date/Time) From: To:													OPERATIONAL PLANNING WORKSHEET ICS 215-OS							
3. Division/ Group or Location	4. Work Assignments	5. Resource/Equipment													9. "X" here if 204a Needed							
		Resource													6. Notes/Remarks	7. Reporting Location	8. Requested Arrival Time					
		Req.																<input type="checkbox"/>				
		Have																				
		Need																				
		Req.																<input type="checkbox"/>				
		Have																				
		Need																				
		Req.																<input type="checkbox"/>				
		Have																				
		Need																				
		Req.																<input type="checkbox"/>				
		Have																				
		Need																				
		Req.																<input type="checkbox"/>				
		Have																				
		Need																				
10. Total Resources Required															13. Prepared by: Date Time							
11. Total Resources On Hand																						
12. Total Resources Needed																						
OPERATIONAL PLANNING WORKSHEET															June 2000				ICS 215-OS			

1. Incident Name:		2. Operational Period (Date/Time) From: To:		IAP SAFETY ANALYSIS 215a-OS
3. Incident Area	4. Hazards/Risks		5. Mitigations	
7. Prepared by: _____ Date/Time _____				
IAP SAFETY ANALYSIS		June 2000		ICS 215a-OS

1. Incident Name		2. Operational Period (Date / Time) From: _____ To: _____		AIR OPERATIONS SUMMARY ICS 220-OS																											
3. Distribution <input type="checkbox"/> Fixed-Wing Bases _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Helibase _____																															
4. Personnel and Communications <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%;"></td> <td style="width: 30%; text-align: center;">Air Operations Director</td> <td style="width: 20%; text-align: center;">Air / Air Frequency</td> <td style="width: 20%; text-align: center;">Air / Ground Frequency</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Air Operations Director</td> <td>_____</td> <td>_____</td> <td>_____</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Air Tactical Supervisor</td> <td>_____</td> <td>_____</td> <td>_____</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Air Support Supervisor</td> <td>_____</td> <td>_____</td> <td>_____</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Helicopter Coordinator</td> <td>_____</td> <td>_____</td> <td>_____</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Fixed-Wing Coordinator</td> <td>_____</td> <td>_____</td> <td>_____</td> </tr> </table>							Air Operations Director	Air / Air Frequency	Air / Ground Frequency	Air Operations Director	_____	_____	_____	Air Tactical Supervisor	_____	_____	_____	Air Support Supervisor	_____	_____	_____	Helicopter Coordinator	_____	_____	_____	Fixed-Wing Coordinator	_____	_____	_____	5. Remarks (Spec. Instructions, Safety Notes, Hazards, Priorities) <div style="height: 150px; border: 1px solid black;"></div>	
	Air Operations Director	Air / Air Frequency	Air / Ground Frequency																												
Air Operations Director	_____	_____	_____																												
Air Tactical Supervisor	_____	_____	_____																												
Air Support Supervisor	_____	_____	_____																												
Helicopter Coordinator	_____	_____	_____																												
Fixed-Wing Coordinator	_____	_____	_____																												
6. Location / Function	7. Assignment	8. Fixed-Wing		9. Helicopter		10. Time		11. Aircraft Assigned	12. Operating Base																						
		NO.	TYPE	NO.	TYPE	Available	Commence																								
		13. TOTALS																													
14. Air Operation Support Equipment					15. Prepared by _____ Date / Time _____																										
AIR OPERATIONS SUMMARY June 2000 ICS 220-OS																															

1. Incident Name	2. Operational Period (Date / Time) From: _____ To: _____	DEMOB. CHECK-OUT ICS 221-OS
3. Unit / Personnel Released		4. Release Date / Time
5. Unit / Personnel You and your resources have been released, subject to signoff from the following: (Demob. Unit Leader "X" appropriate box(es)) <div style="margin-left: 20px;">Logistics Section</div> <div style="margin-left: 20px;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Supply Unit _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Communications Unit _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Facilities Unit _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Ground Unit _____ </div> <div style="margin-left: 20px; margin-top: 20px;">Planning Section</div> <div style="margin-left: 20px;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Documentation Unit _____ </div> <div style="margin-left: 20px; margin-top: 20px;">Finance / Admin. Section</div> <div style="margin-left: 20px;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Time Unit _____ </div> <div style="margin-left: 20px; margin-top: 20px;">Other</div> <div style="margin-left: 20px;"> <input type="checkbox"/> _____ <input type="checkbox"/> _____ <input type="checkbox"/> _____ </div>		
6. Remarks _____ _____ _____ _____		
7. Prepared by: _____ Date / Time _____		
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> DEMOB. CHECK-OUT June 2000 ICS 221-OS </div>		

1. Incident Name		2. Operational Period (Date/Time) From: _____ To: _____		DAILY MEETING SCHEDULE ICS 230-OS	
3. Meeting Schedule (Commonly-held meetings are included)					
Date/ Time	Meeting Name	Purpose	Attendees	Location	
	Tactics Meeting	Develop primary and alternate Strategies to meet Incident Objectives for the next Operational Period.	PSC, OPS, LSC, EUL, RUL & SUL		
	Planning Meeting	Review status and finalize strategies and assignments to meet Incident Objectives for the next Operational Period.	Determined by the IC/UC		
	Operations Briefing	Present IAP and assignments to the Supervisors / Leaders for the next Operational Period.	IC/UC, Command Staff, General Staff, Branch Directors, Div. Sups., Task Force/Strike Team Leaders and Unit Leaders		
	Unified Command Objectives Meeting	Review/ identify objectives for the next operational period.	Unified Command members		
4. Prepared by: (Situation Unit Leader)			Date/Time		
DAILY MEETING SCHEDULE				ICS 230-OS	

1. Incident Name	2. Meeting Date/Time	MEETING SUMMARY ICS 231-OS
3. Meeting Name		
4. Meeting Location		
5. Facilitator		
6. Attendees		
7. Notes (with summary of decisions and action items)		
8. Prepared by: _____ Date/Time _____		
MEETING SUMMARY	June 2000	ICS 231-OS

1. Incident Name		2. Operational Period (Date/Time) From: To:		RESOURCES AT RISK SUMMARY ICS 232-OS	
3. Environmentally-Sensitive Areas and Wildlife Issues					
Site #	Priority	Site Name and/or Physical Location	Site Issues		
Narrative					
4. Archaeo-cultural and Socio-economic Issues					
Site #	Priority	Site Name and/or Physical Location	Site Issues		
Narrative					
5. Prepared by: (Environmental Unit Leader)			Date/Time		
RESOURCES AT RISK SUMMARY		June 2000		ICS 232-OS	

1. Incident Name:					Incident Open Action Tracker ICS 233-OS		
2. No.	3. Item	4. For/POC	5.Briefed POC (X)	6. Start Date	7. Status	8. Target Date	9 .Actual Date
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							
11							
12							
13							
14							
15							
16							
17							
18							
19							
20							
21							
22							
23							
24							
25							
26							
27							
28							
29							
30							
31							
32							

WORK ANALYSIS MATRIX (ICS 234)

1. Incident Name: _____	2. Operational Period From:_____ To:_____	
3. Operation's Objectives (DESIRED OUTCOME)	4. Optional Strategies (HOW)	5. Tactics/Work Assignments (WHO, WHAT, WHERE, WHEN)
6. Prepared By: Name:_____ Position/Title:_____ Signature:_____		
ICS 234	Date/Time:_____	

WORK ANALYSIS MATRIX FORM INSTRUCTIONS (ICS FORM 234-OS)

Purpose. The Work Analysis Matrix is designed to help select the best strategies and tactics to achieve the operational objectives. This optional form assists staff in carrying out incident objectives by outlining the who, what, where, when, and how of the response. The tactics from this form carry forward to the "Work Assignment" on the ICS-215. Another purpose of the ICS-234 is that it presents alternative (or what-if) strategies and tactics to respond to bad weather, sudden changes in operational conditions, etc. This form is simply a formalized version of how most OSCs tend to think in order to turn objectives into tactical field work.

Preparation. The Work Analysis Matrix, if used, is usually completed by the Operations Section Chief and Planning Section Chief prior to the Tactics Meeting.

Distribution. All completed original forms must be submitted to the Documentation Unit.

Item #	Item Title	Instructions
1	Incident Name	Enter the name of the incident
2	Operational Period	Enter the time interval for which the form applies. Record the start and end date and time.
3	Operational Objectives	Enter the relevant Operational Objectives from the ICS 202, with numbers
4	Operational Strategies	Enter all strategies that could be used to meet the objective ("how")
5	Tactics/Work Assignments	Enter details, including as much as possible, who, what, where, and when, of work assignments to carry out Operational Strategies
6	Prepared By	Enter the name and position of the person preparing the form
7	Date/Time	Enter the date and time (24-hour format) the form was prepared

EXAMPLES

WORK ANALYSIS MATRIXICS 234-OS

1. Incident Name EXERCISE MP-99		2. Operational Period From: April 10/18 0600hrs To: April 11/18 0600hrs	
3. Operation's Objectives DESIRED OUTCOME	4. Optional Strategies HOW	5. Tactics/Work Assignments WHO, WHAT, WHERE, WHEN	
<p>(Life Safety – Priority)</p> <p>Protect the Public: Establish perimeter control and secure incident area by 1030hrs.</p>	Block roads to prevent public access to hazardous area	<p>PMC road block crew #1 will block xx at xx using road block kit and PMC vehicle by 0600hrs.</p> <p>TCPL crew to block xx using their trucks by 0630hrs.</p> <p>Hire xyz security company to provide 24/7 perimeter control by 1000hrs.</p> <p>PMC personnel (crew ABC) to install temporary fencing around the perimeter by 1030 hrs.</p>	
	Conduct evacuations within the EPZ	<p>PMC Operations Section – Public Protection Branch Director to conduct phone notifications to impacted parties and provide instructions. Contact info to be obtained from eResponse. All records to be provided to Documentation Unit Leader.</p>	
	Conduct vapour monitoring down wind of the incident site	<p>Hire xyz mobile monitoring vendor to conduct vapour monitoring identified in the monitoring plan, starting adjacent to the EPZ and downwind to nearest residences by 0600hrs.</p>	
<p>(Life Safety – Priority)</p> <p>Conduct a hazard risk analysis and develop safeguards to protect responders by 1030hrs.</p>	Establish safe working zones by conducting vapour monitoring	<p>PMC air monitoring group 1 to conduct vapour monitoring at xx locations for benzene, total hydrocarbons (LELs) and O2. Must document results and stop work and evacuate if thresholds are exceeded. Must notify Safety Officer if thresholds exceeded. Half face respirators are required if benzene is above xx.</p>	
	Decontaminate all responders	<p>Xyz to establish a decontamination chamber and dry decon all responders leaving hot zone. Dry decon procedure attached.</p>	

[illegible]

Resident Notification Form

(Resident Notification / Evacuation / Shelter Contact Log)

Prepared by:

Position:

Date:

Name: (List all names at present location)	Map ID No.	Contact Time	Child or Answering Machine Only	Assistance or Transportation Required
Form Prepared by:				

Resident Registration Form

Prepared by:

Date:

Name	Check In Time	Res. # on Map	# of People	Remarks	Check Out Time	Contact #

Form Prepared by:

Prepared by:

Checkpoint #

[illegible]

Form Prepared by:

Media Inquiry Form

Use this form to document all calls received from the media, and collect the listed information.

Date:	Time:	Received by:
Reporter's Name:		
Media Outlet/affiliation:		
Phone Number:	Email address:	
Deadline:		
Information requested:		
Information forwarded to spokesperson (circle one) Yes No		
Notes:		

WCSS ICE SAFETY PLAN

Name: _____
Date: _____
Time: _____

SITE ASSESSMENT

Location (GPS coordinates, Legal Land Description)			
Date (dd/mm/yy)	/	/	Time
Current Temperature			
Temperature variations last 24 hours			
Predicted temperature variations for next 24 hours			
Windchill			
Site Access description (for responder vehicles / equipment)	Poor	Fair	Good
Ice Faults	Yes	No	
Pressure Ridges	Yes	No	
Cracks	Yes (wet / dry)	No	

SAFETY CONTROLS

Muster Station	
First Aid Station	
Medical Facility	
Local Hospital	
STARS Registration #	
Warm-up Facility	

ICE CUTTING STRATEGY RESTRICTIONS

- Authorized personnel and equipment only on-ice – Safety Chief/Crew Chiefs
- Stationary loads - < 2 hours
- Personnel working within 2 meters of ice slot must be secured with manned or anchored safety lines
- Buddy system only on-ice personnel.
- Certification required – operating boat, chainsaws other as required.
- Speed limits on ice identified and followed.
- No departures until site is secured,
- Other

SAFETY ORIENTATION

Instructors / Crew Chiefs to review with students / crews

- Hazard Assessment for Working on Ice
- Safety controls
- Emergency communications and actions
- Ice Cutting Strategy Restrictions

Verification Crew Briefings

Ice Evaluation Team	
Ice Slotting Team	
Ice Rescue	
Airboat	

ICE-COVERED WATERCOURSE ASSESSMENT

HOLE #	1	2	3	4
Ice Thickness (in. / cm)				
Water Depth (in. / cm)				
Current Velocity (km/hr)				

HOLE #	1	2	3	4
Ice Thickness (in. / cm)				
Water Depth (in. / cm)				
Current Velocity (km/hr)				

HOLE #	1	2	3	4
Ice Thickness (in. / cm)				
Water Depth (in. / cm)				
Current Velocity (km/hr)				

HOLE #	1	2	3	4
Ice Thickness (in. / cm)				
Water Depth (in. / cm)				
Current Velocity (km/hr)				

m

m

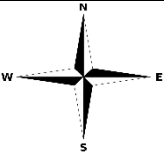
m

m

NOTE

Indicate the direction of flow at each augured hole with an arrow on the surface. Once direction of flow and main current has been identified, mark out a pattern for slot location or deflection boards.

SITE DRAWING



Ice Thickness (inches/cm) - Draw in bore hole location & indicate thickness in inches & cm

Ice Quality

- Indicate block location
- Indicate thickness of
 - white ice: _____
 - blue ice: _____

$$P = A \times h^2$$

A = _____

h² = _____

Effective Ice Thickness: _____

Weight Bearing Capacity: _____

Risk Tolerance: _____

REFERENCE – GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF WORK

Objectives:

	Ensure safety of all workers, observers and others that could be impacted both during and following the work.
	Identify the weight bearing capacity of the ice sheet in the working area.
	Determine suitable risk tolerance for work required.
	Identify a containment and recovery strategy.
	Slot the ice with appropriate equipment.
	Debrief and document follow up requirements and lessons learned.
	Secure the site.

Other:

Typical Sequence of Events:

	Identify Equipment Deployment Site Location
	Hazard assessment and identification of safety controls and zones
	Develop Ice Safety Plan
	Crew orientations and specific hazard identification and safety controls
	Placement of the ice rescue team
	Ice Assessment
	Identify weight bearing capacity and equipment requirements
	Discuss risk tolerance & identify ice removal strategy
	Slot ice and begin recovery operations
	Install boom or dimensional lumber at the perimeter of the spills site to prevent lateral migration
	Debrief
	Identify follow up
	Site clean up
	Secure site and appoint someone to check on barricades

Other:

If this is a spill event; ensure work policies and procedures are in line with the incident action plan and other relevant site-specific spill response plans.

REFERENCE – PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

ON-ICE WORKERS – RESCUE TEAM / ICE EVALUATION AND SLOTTING TEAM

- Minimum – PFD; floater jacket preferred.
- Initial Ice Assessment – harness and rope tended and anchored.
- Further assessment work, ice slotting, containment and recovery-developed as per initial ice assessment. - Minimum 1m distance from slots
- Ice awls
- Whistle
- Appropriate outer work wear
- Ice cleats if appropriate
- Chainsaw safety equipment
- Hearing Protection-(double protection required when operating equipment)
- Other _____

ON-ICE WORKERS – AIR BOATS

- Minimum – personal flotation device (PFD)
- Hearing and eye protection (double protection required when operating equipment)
- Warm outer work wear
- Communications radio or pre-designated signals
- Ice Cleats
- Other _____

OBSERVERS

- Follow company policy linked to PPE requirements.
- Appropriate outer cold weather clothing.
- Stay off ice unless escorted

Other _____

Emergency Operations Centre (EOC) – Briefing Checklist

EOC Facilitator Leads Briefing

Incident Commander (IC) – Provides Briefing

Please hold question until the IC briefing is completed

Current Situation:

- ☐ Provide a **brief description** of the situation
 - ☐ Location (Describe the area)
 - ☐ Product released (Amounts, potential amounts, Worst Case Discharge)
 - ☐ Impacts on people or communities (Evacuation, Shelter in Place, Disruptions to business/roads/public access)
 - ☐ Impacts on the environment (Water, Wildlife, etc.)
 - ☐ Any safety issues/concerns? (Injuries, Air quality concerns, Major hazards/threats, etc.)
- ☐ Status of **external notifications** (as required)
 - ☐ Federal (NRC, CER, etc.)
 - ☐ State / Province agencies
 - ☐ 911
 - ☐ Tribal / First Nations
 - ☐ Contractors

Potential Impacts / Consequences:

- ☐ People / Communities
- ☐ Environment
- ☐ Media / Social
- ☐ Commercial Impacts
- ☐ Security Issues

Current Plan:

- ☐ Protection of **Life Safety** (Safety of responders and community)
- ☐ **Incident stabilization** (What are we doing to stabilize and mitigate effects?)
 - ☐ Source Control
 - ☐ Containment and remediation of product
 - ☐ Restoration of damaged equipment
 - ☐ Property and Environmental Protection

Help Required:

- ☐ Resources on site / Resources needed

Facilitator Leads IC and EOC Communications (Questions and Clarification)

Clarification of Incident:

- ☐ Questions from the EOC to IC
- ☐ Identify any potential concerns for the incident
- ☐ Business / Commercial interruptions
- ☐ Threats to communities and / or environment
- ☐ Media / Social Media impacts
- ☐ Regulatory reporting requirements and stakeholder engagement
- ☐ Insurance Requirements
- ☐ Legal Implications / Considerations
- ☐ **Review and complete ICS 201 and fill in the information as required.**

Delegation of Tasks:

- ☐ Identify and clarify operational priorities
- ☐ Confirm assigned tasks. Who is going to accomplish what?
- ☐ Budget accountability (if needed)
- ☐ Use of VICP
- ☐ Ask, “What have we missed?”
- ☐ Next EOC Briefing? Communications Plan
- ☐ Whom do we need to be included in the EOC for future calls (IC does not need to be part of this discussion)?

Establish time for next briefing

SECTION 7

REFERENCE MATERIALS

Section Last Revised: January 2023

© Jensen Hughes 2024

7.1 Concordance Table

**7.1.1 Canada Energy Regulator Onshore Pipeline Regulations
(SOR/99-294)**

7.1.2 AER Directive 071 (D071)

7.1.3 Environmental Emergency Regulations (SOR/2019-51)

7.2 Training Requirements

7.3 ERP Amendment Request Form

7.4 Acronyms

7.5 Glossary

7.6 Characteristics of H2S and SO2

7.7 Canadian Environmental Protection Act (E2) Requirements

7.8 Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG)

7.9 Dominion Land Survey System (DLS)

7.10 Concessions and Lots

7.1 CONCORDANCE TABLE

The following tables show the relevant sections of external regulations and standards mapped to each Section within the ERP.

7.1.1 Canada Energy Regulator Onshore Pipeline Regulations (SOR/99-294)

NOTE: The below table follows the format established in the Emergency Procedures Manual (EPM) Review.

CER OPR	CSA Z662	Regulatory Requirement	ERP Section
Document Control and Design			
34, 6.5(i)(o), 32(1.1)	3.1.2(g), 10.5.2.3	A distribution list of all persons holding copies of the plan should be maintained and kept current. Provisions should be made for the review and updating of emergency plans and must identify the individual (or position) responsible. The plans should be reviewed and updated annually at a minimum and more often if major changes are required. A detailed record of changes/revisions must be kept.	<i>Distribution List</i> <i>Revision History</i>
33	10.5.2.2	Applicable response organizations and other agencies must be consulted in the development of this EPM.	Section 8: Government Agencies and Local Authorities <i>Local Section</i>
Definitions and Levels of Emergency			
32(1.1)		The EPM should include a definition and criteria for the determination of an emergency and triggers for various levels of response to emergency situations.	Section 1: Initial Response <i>1.3 Initial Response Checklist</i> <i>1.3.4 Levels of Emergency</i>
OPR ss.32(1.1)		The EPM must describe how emergencies are reported to the company, how appropriate company personnel and first responders will be notified, how confirmation of an incident or release will occur, and the initial steps to be taken.	Section 1: Initial Response <i>All</i>
Organizational Structure and Emergency Response Procedures			
6.4, 32(1.1), 6.5(q)	3.1.2(b)	The EPM must contain an organizational structure and Incident Management System (may be in the form of an organizational chart) illustrating the chain of command and functional responsibilities used to coordinate an emergency.	Section 0: Overview <i>0.4 Emergency Response Framework</i> Section 2: Roles and Responsibilities <i>2.2 IMT Organization</i> <i>2.4 CCMT Organization</i>
6.4, 32(1.1), 6.5(q)	3.1.2(b)	The EPM must include site-specific information (including high risk / high consequence areas)	Section 9: Area Specific Information <i>All</i>
32(1.1), 48		The EPM must include spill control procedures and locations of spill control points	Section 4: Incident Specific Measures <i>4.4 Spill or Leak</i> Section 9: Area Specific Information <i>All</i> 8.1 Incident, Spill and Release Reporting Requirements

7.1.1 Canada Energy Regulator Onshore Pipeline Regulations (SOR/99-294), Continued

CER OPR	CSA Z662	Regulatory Requirement	ERP Section
	10.5.2.1	The EPM must contain, or make reference to, shutdown procedures.	Section 1: Initial Response <i>1.3 Initial Response Checklist</i> Section 2: Roles and Responsibilities Section 9: Area Specific Information <i>9.4 Alarms and Communications</i> <i>9.6 Other Area Specific Information</i>
	10.5.2.1	The EPM must identify procedures for down-grading emergency response levels.	Section 2: Roles and Responsibilities <i>2.1.2 Demobilization / Post Incident Procedures</i> Section 2: Roles and Responsibilities Section 9: Area Specific Information <i>9.4 Alarms and Communications</i> <i>9.6 Other Area Specific Information</i>
	10.5.2.1	Public safety measures must be included or referenced in the EPM.	Section 3: Responder Safety and Public Protection <i>All</i>
Roles and Responsibilities			
6.4(b), 32(1)	3.1.2(b)	The EPM must identify each responder's role, responsibilities and reporting relationship. Sufficient details should be provided to ensure that all critical activities are covered.	Section 2: Roles and Responsibilities <i>All</i>
32(1), 33, 34	3.1.2(b)	Companies must consult with agencies during the development and updating of EPMs and response plans to facilitate clarity on roles, responsibilities and capabilities. These roles and responsibilities must be identified in the EPMs.	Section 8: Government Agencies and Local Authorities <i>Local Section</i>
6.4(c), 32(1.1)		Where a company relies on support from other organizations, (Ex. contracted response organizations); (for personnel or equipment) mutual aid or other agreements must be identified and should be listed in the EPM.	Section 4: Incident Specific Measures <i>4.1 Functional Support Plans</i> Section 8: Government Agencies and Local Authorities <i>Mutual Aid</i> Section 9: Area Specific Information <i>9.8 External Support Organizations</i>
6.5(t)		The EPM must include or make reference to the source location of response and contingency plans and other critical response information that may be utilized during an emergency.	Section 4: Incident Specific Measures <i>All</i>

7.1.1 Canada Energy Regulator Onshore Pipeline Regulations (SOR/99-294), Continued

CER OPR	CSA Z662	Regulatory Requirement	ERP Section
Product Information			
32(1.1)		The EPM must include product information.	Section 1: Initial Response <i>1.3.2 Initial Actions and Assessment</i> Section 7: Reference Materials <i>7.6 Characteristics of H₂S and SO₂</i>
Hazards and Site Safety			
6.5(c)(d)	3.1.2(f)	The EPM must address the hazards identified in the company hazards inventory.	Section 1: Initial Response <i>1.3.3 Initial Actions and Assessment</i> Section 4: Incident Specific Measures <i>All</i> Section 7: Reference Materials <i>7.6 Characteristics of H₂S and SO₂</i> Section 9: Area Specific Information <i>Technical Data</i>
6.5(e)(f)		The company must have a documented risk evaluation process applicable to the EM program.	Section 1: Initial Response <i>1.3 Initial Response Checklist</i>
6.5(f)		The EPM must have, or make reference to the controls in place to prevent, manage and mitigate the identified hazards and risks.	Section 1: Initial Response <i>1.3 Initial Response Checklist</i> Section 4: Incident Specific Measures <i>All</i> Section 7: Reference Materials <i>7.6 Characteristics of H₂S and SO₂</i> Section 9: Area Specific Information <i>Alarms and Communications</i> <i>Equipment Lists and Location</i> <i>Other Area Specific Information</i>
	10.2.6.1	Procedures must be in place for site control and security during an incident.	Plains Incident Management Handbook: <i>Roles and Responsibilities:</i> <i>Security Unit Leader, Roadblock Group Supervisor</i> Section 3: Responder Safety and Public Protection <i>3.2 Responder Safety</i> <i>3.4 Isolation of the EPZ</i> Section 9: Area Specific Information <i>Alarms and Communications</i> <i>Maps and Plot Plans</i>

7.1.1 Canada Energy Regulator Onshore Pipeline Regulations (SOR/99-294), Continued

CER OPR	CSA Z662	Regulatory Requirement	ERP Section
	10.5.1.1(b)	Area maps must be included in the EPM.	Section 9: Area Specific Information <i>Maps and Plot Plans</i>
Communication			
6.5(m), 32(1.1), 34		The EPM will include how the company will manage the internal and external communication and flow of information, including how the company will manage communications with First responders and other agencies on site.	Section 1: Initial Response <i>1.3.1 Notifications</i> Section 5: Media & Crisis Communications <i>All</i>
	3.1.2(d)	The EPM will include a public relations or media plan.	Section 5: Media & Crisis Communications <i>All</i>
6.5(m)		The actions taken and communications equipment available will be sufficient to cover the operating area.	Section 5: Media & Crisis Communications <i>All</i> Section 9: Area Specific Information <i>Equipment Lists</i>
Emergency Response Equipment			
47	10.2.7.1	Companies should possess or have access to sufficient emergency response equipment appropriate for the type of product being stored and the conditions in which it is being stored to respond to the worst-case emergency, as determined by its hazard assessments. The plan should also describe the resources that are available from other contractors and organizations and the contracts or written agreements for accessing these resources should be referenced.	Section 4: Incident Specific Measures <i>4.1 Functional Support Plans</i> Section 8: Government Agencies and Local Authorities <i>Mutual Aid</i> Section 9: Area Specific Information <i>Equipment Lists and Locations</i> <i>External Support Organizations</i>
46	3.1.2(c)(iii)	All applicable personnel will be trained in the appropriate use of the equipment.	Section 7: Reference Materials <i>7.2 Training Requirements</i> Section 8: Government Agencies and Local Authorities <i>Mutual Aid</i>
Internal and External Notification and Reporting			
33, 34	10.4.3.1	The EPM will include current, verified, internal and external notification lists, including company employees, first responders, response organizations, contractors, mutual aid partners, Indigenous Peoples, and government officials.	Section 9: Area Specific Information <i>All</i>

7.1.1 Canada Energy Regulator Onshore Pipeline Regulations (SOR/99-294), Continued

CER OPR	CSA Z662	Regulatory Requirement	ERP Section
34		There will be confirmed methods for contacting persons and businesses in the EPZ.	Plains Incident Management Handbook: <i>Roles and Responsibilities:</i> <i>Public Protection Branch Director,</i> <i>Notification Group Supervisor</i> Section 3: Responder Safety and Public Protection <i>3.6 Evacuation</i> <i>3.7 Shelter-in-Place</i> Section 9: Area Specific Information <i>Local Public Information</i>
52		Procedures must be in place for reporting incidents to the appropriate regulatory bodies.	Section 1: Initial Response <i>1.3 Initial Response Checklist</i> <i>1.3.1 Notifications</i> Section 8: Government Agencies and Local Authorities <i>Federal and Provincial Sections</i>
Documentation			
6.5(n), 56(g) (vii)	3.1.2(e), 10.4.3.2	The EPM will include procedures for record keeping during and following an emergency, including minimum record keeping requirements, a forms index and information that must be retained.	Section 1: Initial Response <i>All</i> Section 2: Roles and Responsibilities <i>2.1.2 Demobilization / Post Incident Procedures</i> 2.1.2 Demobilization / Post Incident Procedures <i>Roles and Responsibilities:</i> <i>Common Responsibilities</i> <i>(Scribe), Transfer of Personnel,</i> <i>Documentation Unit Leader</i> Section 6: Forms <i>All</i>
Continuing Education and Training			
6.5(j)(k), 35, 46	3.1.2(c), 10.5.2.4	Procedures must be established to provide for initial and refresher training for all personnel (internal and external) who will have a role in an emergency response. Exercises should be conducted to evaluate the company's response capabilities. The EPM should indicate the types of exercises and frequency with which they are conducted.	Section 7: Reference Materials <i>7.2 Training Requirements</i> <i>Training Records</i> <i>Exercise Reports</i>
35		Procedures must be established to provide for continuing education for all personnel who will have a response role or be impacted in the event of an incident. All applicable individuals, agencies, contractors, etc. will be provided training appropriate to their role regarding proper use of the EPM.	Section 7: Reference Materials <i>7.2 Training Requirements</i> <i>EM Training Matrix</i> <i>Training Records</i> <i>Exercise Reports</i> <i>Consultation Records</i>

7.1.2 AER Directive 071 (D071)

D071	Regulatory Requirement	ERP Section
2.1 (1)	The licensee must have a corporate-level ERP with preplanned procedures that will aid in effective response to an emergency.	Section 1: Initial Response <i>All</i> Section 2: Roles and Responsibilities <i>All</i> Section 4: Incident Specific Measures <i>All</i>
2.1 (2)	The licensee must include the following information in its ERP:	N/A
	Key Licensee Contacts	Section 9: Area Specific Information <i>Internal Emergency Telephone Numbers</i>
	24-hour licensee emergency contact telephone number	Section 9: Area Specific Information <i>PMC 24-hour Emergency Lines</i>
	A method of classifying incidents and response actions for specific incidents	Section 1: Initial Response <i>1.3.2 Initial Actions and Assessment</i> <i>1.3.4 Level of Emergency</i>
	A communication plan that addresses <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Communication with response team, support services and government • Communication with the public and media • Downgrading and stand-down of emergency levels 	Section 0: Overview <i>0.4.2 Response Organizations</i> Section 2: Roles and Responsibilities <i>2.1.2 Demobilization / Post Incident Procedures</i> Plains Incident Management Handbook: <i>Roles and Responsibilities: Liaison Officer</i> Section 5: Media & Crisis Communications <i>All</i>
	Establishment of incident management systems	Section 0: Overview <i>0.4.1 Response Principles</i> <i>0.4.7 Incident Command System</i> <i>0.4.8 ICS Planning Cycle</i> Section 2: Roles and Responsibilities <i>All</i>

7.1.2 AER Directive 071 (D071), Continued

D071	Regulatory Requirement	ERP Section
	Activation of a reception centre	Plains Incident Management Handbook: <i>Roles and Responsibilities:</i> <i>Reception Centre Group Supervisor</i> Section 4: Incident Specific Measures <i>All</i> Section 9: Site Specific Information <i>Reception Centres</i>
2.1.1 (5)	The licensee must include all the information in Appendix 4 in its corporate-level ERP.	Section 1: Initial Response <i>1.3.4 Level of Emergency</i>
2.1.1 (6)	The licensee must define appropriate actions, including public protection measures that would be taken for each level of emergency.	Section 1: Initial Response <i>1.3 Initial Response Checklist</i> Section 3: Responder Safety and Public Protection <i>All</i>
2.1.2 (7)	The licensee must describe its procedures for contacting and maintaining communication with key licensee personnel, government agencies, support services, members of the public, and the media.	Section 0: Overview <i>0.4.2 Response Organizations</i> Plains Incident Management Handbook: <i>Roles and Responsibilities:</i> <i>Liaison Officer, Public Information Officer</i> Section 5: Media & Crisis Communications <i>All</i>
	The licensee must clearly define the responsibility to contact the ERCB and other responders in the event of an emergency.	Section 1: Initial Response <i>1.3.1 Notifications</i>
	The licensee must describe procedures that will be implemented during an incident to contact and maintain communication with directly impacted members of the public in order to keep them informed of the situation and the actions being taken.	Section 0: Overview <i>0.4.2 Response Organizations</i> Section 2: Roles and Responsibilities <i>2.8 Liaison Manager</i> <i>2.10 Public Information Manager</i> Plains Incident Management Handbook: <i>Roles and Responsibilities:</i> <i>Liaison Officer, Public Information Officer</i> Section 3: Responder Safety and Public Protection <i>All</i> Section 5: Media & Crisis Communications <i>All</i>

7.1.2 AER Directive 071 (D071), Continued

D071	Regulatory Requirement	ERP Section
	The licensee must describe procedures that will be used to inform and update the media and procedures in getting factual messages out to the public at large in an expeditious manner.	Section 5: Media & Crisis Communications <i>All</i>
	The licensee must describe procedures to downgrade and stand-down levels of emergency.	Section 2: Roles and Responsibilities <i>2.1.2 Demobilization / Post Incident Procedures</i> Plains Incident Management Handbook: <i>Roles and Responsibilities: Demobilization Unit Leader</i>
2.1.3 (8)	The licensee must identify the roles and responsibilities of personnel required to effectively respond to an emergency.	Section 2: Roles and Responsibilities <i>All</i>
2.1.4 (9)	The licensee must describe how it will manage and coordinate a response to an emergency.	Section 1: Initial Response <i>All</i> Section 2: Roles and Responsibilities <i>All</i>
	The licensee must address the roles and responsibilities of personnel at its on-site command post, the company regional emergency operations centre (REOC), and the corporate EOC.	Section 0: Overview <i>0.4.2 Response Organizations</i>
	The licensee is expected to clearly outline the communication protocols and procedures to be used between these command centres.	Section 0: Overview <i>0.4.2 Response Organizations</i> Section 2: Roles and Responsibilities <i>All</i>
2.1.5 (10)	The licensee must set out the procedures for activating a reception centre located at a safe distance from the release source, and meeting and registering evacuees at the reception centre.	Plains Incident Management Handbook: <i>Roles and Responsibilities: Reception Centre Group Supervisor</i> Section 3: Responder Safety and Public Protection <i>All</i> Section 9: Site Specific Information <i>Reception Centres</i>

7.1.3 Environmental Emergency Regulations (SOR/2019-51)

The following tables show the relevant sections of the Government of Canada Environmental Emergency Regulations, 2019, mapped to each Section within the ERP and Site Specific Environmental Emergency (E2) Plan.

These regulations aim to help reduce the frequency and severity of accidental releases of hazardous substances into the environment. Made under the Canadian Environmental Protection Act, 1999, they improve industry's capacity to deal with environmental emergencies that may occur at fixed facilities across Canada.

These regulations require that any person who owns, has the charge, management or control of a regulated substance at or above certain quantities notify Environment and Climate Change Canada (ECCC). For higher-risk facilities, an environmental emergency plan must also be prepared, brought into effect and exercised.

The *Environmental Emergency Regulations, 2019* (the final regulations) were published in the Canada Gazette on March 6, 2019.

SOR/2019-51	Regulatory Requirement	ERP Section
Maximum Expected Quantity		
1(2)	For the purposes of these Regulations, the maximum expected quantity of a substance is to be determined in accordance with subsections 3(1) to (4) for the one-year period beginning on the day on which the applicable situation referred to in subsection 3(1) or (5) occurs or the one-year period beginning on the day on which a notice is submitted under section 13.	PMC Technical Asset Review/EPZ Assessment Section 9: Site Specific Information <i>Technical Data - Facilities</i> Site Specific (E2) Plan <i>ECCC Regulated Substances</i>
List of Substances		
2(1) (a) (b)	For the purposes of the definition substance in section 193 of the Act, the list of substances consists of	Technical Asset Review/EPZ Assessment Site Specific (E2) Plan <i>ECCC Regulated Substances</i>
	The substances having a CAS registry number set out in column 1 of Part 1 of Schedule 1 and that, if present in a mixture, are in a concentration that is greater than or equal to the concentration set out in column 3 of that Part; and	
	The solutions having a CAS registry number set out in column 1 of Part 2 of Schedule 1, if the concentration of the solute in the solution is greater than or equal to the concentration set out in column 3 of that Part and, in the case of a solution that is present in a mixture, if the concentration of the solute in the mixture is greater than or equal to the concentration set out in column 3 of that Part.	

7.1.3 Environmental Emergency Regulations (SOR/2019-51), Continued

SOR/2019-51	Regulatory Requirement	ERP Section
Exclusions		
2(a) (i) (ii) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (h) (i)	The following substances are excluded from the list referred to in subsection (1):	Technical Asset Review/EPZ Assessment Site Specific (E2) Plan <i>ECCC Regulated Substances</i>
	a substance that is identified in column 5 of Part 1 of Schedule 1 as combustible or likely to explode and	
	is in a mixture that has a flashpoint greater than 23 °C and a boiling point greater than 35 °C, or	
	is a component of natural gas in its gaseous form;	
	a substance that is identified in column 5 of Part 1 or 2 of Schedule 1 as an inhalation hazard and is in a mixture, in gaseous or liquid form, that has a total vapour pressure of less than 1.33 kPa;	
	a substance that is used to fuel a heating appliance or to generate power at the facility where it is located and is present in a quantity that is less than the quantity set out in column 4 of Part 1 of Schedule 1 for that substance;	
	a substance that is regulated under the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act, 1992 or the Canada Shipping Act, 2001;	
	a substance that is in a pipeline that is regulated under the Canada Energy Regulator Onshore Pipeline Regulations or in a processing plant that is regulated under the CER Processing Plant Regulations;	
	a substance that is in a pipeline located entirely within a province and that is on a property where there are no fixed onshore installations other than pipelines, compressor stations or pump stations;	
	a substance that is in a fuel tank that is connected to and supplies the engine of a conveyance that is used for transportation;	
	the substance set out in item 57 of Part 1 of Schedule 1, if it is in a solid form;	
	the substance set out in item 143 of Part 1 of Schedule 1, if it is in the form of solid particles that measure more than 10 µm in diameter; and	
	the substance set out in item 167 of Part 1 of Schedule 1, if it is in a form other than white phosphorous.	

7.1.3 Environmental Emergency Regulations (SOR/2019-51), Continued

SOR/2019-51	Regulatory Requirement	ERP Section
Notice Regarding Substances Located at a Facility		
3(1) (a) (b)	<p>A responsible person must, within 90 days after the day on which either of the following situations occurs, submit to the Minister a notice containing the information referred to in Schedule 2 for each facility at which a substance is located:</p> <p>the total quantity of the substance, whether it is in a container system or not, is equal to or greater than the quantity set out in column 4 of Part 1 or 2 of Schedule 1 for that substance; or</p> <p>a quantity of the substance is placed in a container system that has a maximum capacity that is equal to or greater than the quantity set out in column 4 of Part 1 or 2 of Schedule 1 for that substance.</p>	<p>Schedule 2 – Submitted to Environment Canada Site Specific (E2) Plan <i>ECCC Regulated Substances</i></p>
Excluded quantities		
3(2) (a) (b) (c) (d) (e)	<p>In determining the quantity of a substance for the purposes of subsection (1), the following quantities are excluded:</p> <p>quantities of the substance that are located at the facility for a period of 72 hours or less, unless the substance is loaded or unloaded at the facility, if, during that period, the person keeps evidence of the date and time at which the quantities of the substance arrived at the facility;</p> <p>quantities of the substance that are in a container system that has a maximum capacity of 0.03 t or less;</p> <p>quantities of the substance that are in a container system that has a maximum capacity of 0.03 t or less;</p> <p>quantities of the substance set out in item 17 of Part 1 of Schedule 1 that are in a container system that has a maximum capacity of less than 10 t and is located at least 360 m from all points along the boundary of the facility; and</p> <p>quantities of a substance set out in item 163 of Part 1 of Schedule 1 or item 5 or 9 of Part 2 of that Schedule that are located at a farming operation for on-site use as an agricultural nutrient.</p>	<p>Technical Asset Review/EPZ Assessment</p>
Determination of Quantity — Part 1 of Schedule 1		
3(3)	<p>For the purposes of subsection (1), the quantity of a substance set out in Part 1 of Schedule 1 that is in a mixture is to be determined by multiplying the quantity of the mixture, expressed in tonnes, by the concentration, expressed in percentage (mass/mass), of the substance in the mixture.</p>	<p>Schedule 1 Technical Asset Review/EPZ Assessment</p>

7.1.3 Environmental Emergency Regulations (SOR/2019-51), Continued

SOR/2019-51	Regulatory Requirement	ERP Section
Determination of Quantity — Part 2 of Schedule 1		
3(4) (a) (b)	For the purposes of subsection (1), the quantity of a substance that is a solution set out in Part 2 of Schedule 1 is to be determined.	Schedule 1 Technical Asset Review/EPZ Assessment
	in the case of a solution that is not in a mixture, by multiplying the quantity of the solution, expressed in tonnes, by the concentration expressed in percentage (mass/mass) of the solute in the solution; and	
	in the case of a solution that is in a mixture, if the concentration of the solute in the solution is available, by multiplying the quantity of the mixture, expressed in tonnes, by the concentration expressed in percentage (mass/mass) of the solute in the solution and the concentration expressed in percentage (mass/mass) of the solution in the mixture, and if the concentration of the solute in the solution is not available, by multiplying the quantity of the mixture, expressed in tonnes, by the percentage (mass/mass) of the solution in the mixture.	
Notice of Change		
3(5) (a) (b) (c)	A responsible person must, within 60 days after the day on which any of the following situations occurs, submit an updated notice to the Minister that contains the information referred to in Schedule 2:	Schedule 2 – Submitted to Environment and Climate Change Canada
	the information that was reported under section 1 or 2 of Schedule 2 has changed;	
	the maximum expected quantity that was most recently reported under paragraph 3(d) of Schedule 2 in respect of a substance has increased by 10% or more; or	
	the maximum capacity that was most recently reported under paragraph 3(f) of Schedule 2 in respect of a container system, in which a quantity of a substance is contained, has increased by 10% or more.	
Preparation		
4(1) (a) (b)	A responsible person must, for each facility at which a substance is located, prepare an environmental emergency plan with respect to the substance under the following circumstances:	Schedule 2 – Submitted to Environment Canada Site Specific (E2) Plan <i>ECCC Regulated Substances</i>

7.1.3 Environmental Emergency Regulations (SOR/2019-51), Continued

SOR/2019-51	Regulatory Requirement	ERP Section
4(1) (a) (b)	<p>if some or all of the substance is not in a container system, a responsible person has reported a maximum expected quantity under paragraph 3(d) of Schedule 2 that is equal to or greater than the quantity set out in column 4 of Part 1 of Schedule 1 for that substance; or</p> <p>if the substance is in a container system, a responsible person has reported</p> <p>under paragraph 3(d) of Schedule 2, a maximum expected quantity that is equal to or greater than the quantity set out in column 4 of Part 1 or 2 of Schedule 1 for that substance, and</p> <p>under paragraph 3(f) of Schedule 2, a maximum capacity that is equal to or greater than the quantity set out in column 4 of Part 1 or 2 of Schedule 1 for that substance.</p>	<p>Schedule 2 – Submitted to Environment Canada</p> <p>Site Specific (E2) Plan</p> <p><i>ECCC Regulated Substances</i></p>
Required Content		
4(2) (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (h) (i) (j) (k) (l) (m) (n) (o)	<p>The environmental emergency plan must include the following:</p> <p>a description of the properties and characteristics of the substance and the maximum expected quantity of the substance at the facility;</p> <p>a description of the commercial, manufacturing, processing or other activity involving the substance that takes place at the facility;</p> <p>a description of the facility and of the area surrounding the facility that may be affected by an environmental emergency referred to in paragraph (d), including any hospitals, schools, residential, commercial or industrial buildings and any highways, public transit infrastructure, parks, forests, wildlife habitats, water sources or water bodies;</p> <p>an identification of any environmental emergency that could reasonably be expected to occur at the facility and that would likely cause harm to the environment or constitute a danger to human life or health, including the environmental emergency referred to in paragraph (e) and, if applicable, the environmental emergency that is more likely to occur than the environmental emergency referred to in paragraph (e) and that would have the longest impact distance outside the boundary of the facility;</p>	<p>Section 9: Site Specific Information</p> <p><i>Technical Data - Facilities</i></p> <p>Site Specific (E2) Plan</p> <p><i>Location</i></p> <p><i>Directions and Access</i></p> <p><i>ECCC Regulated Substances</i></p> <p><i>Characteristics of Facility and Surrounding Area</i></p>

7.1.3 Environmental Emergency Regulations (SOR/2019-51), Continued

SOR/2019-51	Regulatory Requirement	ERP Section
	<p>an identification of the harm to the environment or danger to human life or health that would likely result from an environmental emergency involving the release of the maximum quantity of the substance that could be contained in the container system that has the largest maximum capacity, if a quantity of the substance is in a container system, and</p> <p>the maximum expected quantity of the substance that will not be in a container system, if a quantity of the substance is not in a container system;</p>	<p>Section 9: Site Specific Information</p> <p><i>Technical Data - Facilities</i></p> <p>Site Specific (E2) Plan</p> <p><i>Substance Specific Properties & Emergency Management</i></p> <p><i>Roles & Responsibilities</i></p> <p><i>Training</i></p>
	<p>an identification of the harm to the environment or danger to human life or health that would likely result from the environmental emergency identified under paragraph (d), if any, that is more likely to occur than the environmental emergency referred to in paragraph (e) and would have the longest impact distance outside the boundary of the facility;</p>	
	<p>a description of the measures to be taken to prevent and prepare for the environmental emergencies identified under paragraph (d) and the measures that will be taken to respond to and recover from such emergencies if they were to occur;</p>	
	<p>a list of the position titles of the persons who will make decisions and take a leadership role in the event of an environmental emergency and a description of their roles and responsibilities;</p>	
	<p>a list of the environmental emergency training that has been or will be provided to prepare personnel at the facility who will respond in the event that an environmental emergency identified under paragraph (d) occurs;</p>	
	<p>a list of the emergency response equipment that is necessary for the measures described in paragraph (g) and the equipment's location;</p>	

7.1.3 Environmental Emergency Regulations (SOR/2019-51), Continued

SOR/2019-51	Regulatory Requirement	ERP Section
	<p>a description of the measures that will be taken by a responsible person or by a responsible person and local authorities, acting jointly, to communicate with the members of the public who may be adversely affected by the environmental emergency referred to in paragraph (f) to inform them, before the environmental emergency occurs,</p> <p>of the possibility that the environmental emergency could occur,</p> <p>the potential effects of the environmental emergency on the environment and on human life or health, taking into account the factors referred to in paragraphs (a) to (c), and</p> <p>the measures that will be taken by the responsible person to protect the environment and human life or health, and the means by which the responsible person will communicate with them, in the event that the environmental emergency occurs</p> <p>a description of the measures that will be taken by a responsible person or by a responsible person and local authorities, acting jointly, to, in the event that an environmental emergency involving the release of a substance occurs, communicate with the members of the public who may be adversely affected to provide them, during and after its occurrence, with information and guidance concerning the actions that could be taken by them to reduce the potential harm to the environment and danger to human life or health, including an explanation of how those actions may help to reduce the harm or danger;</p> <p>the position title of the person who will communicate with the members of the public referred to in paragraphs (k) and (l);</p> <p>a description of the consultations that a responsible person had with local authorities, if any, with respect to the measures referred to in paragraph (k) and (l); and</p> <p>a plan of the facility showing the location of any substances in relation to the physical features of the facility.</p>	<p>Site Specific (E2) Plan</p> <p><i>Public Communication</i></p> <p><i>Local Authority Communication</i></p> <p><i>Facility Map & Plot Plan</i></p> <p><i>Facility Site Section</i></p>
Existing Plan		
4(3)	For the purposes of subsection (1), a responsible person may use an environmental emergency plan that has been prepared on a voluntary basis, or for another government or under another Act of Parliament, if that plan meets the requirements of subsection (2) or is amended so that it meets those requirements.	Site Specific (E2) Plan
Adequate measures		
4(4)	The measures included in the environmental emergency plan must be adequate to address the objectives of preventing, preparing for, responding to and recovering from the environmental emergencies identified under paragraph (2)(d).	<p>Site Specific (E2) Plan</p> <p><i>Substance Specific Properties & Emergency Management</i></p>

7.1.3 Environmental Emergency Regulations (SOR/2019-51), Continued

SOR/2019-51	Regulatory Requirement	ERP Section
Notice – preparation of plan		
5	Within six months after the day on which an environmental emergency plan is required to be prepared under subsection 4(1), a responsible person must inform the Minister that they have prepared the plan or are using a previously prepared plan in accordance with subsection 4(3) by submitting a notice that contains the information referred to in Schedule 3.	Schedule 3 - Submitted to Environment and Climate Change Canada
Bringing into effect		
6	Within 12 months after the day on which an environmental emergency plan is required to be prepared under subsection 4(1), a responsible person must bring the plan into effect and submit a notice to the Minister that contains the information referred to in Schedule 4.	Schedule 4 - Submitted to Environment and Climate Change Canada
Simulation Exercise		
7(1) (a) (b)	<p>A responsible person must conduct simulation exercises in relation to each environmental emergency plan that is prepared under subsection 4(1) as follows:</p> <p>each year, beginning on the day on which the plan is brought into effect, a simulation exercise in respect of one substance from each of the hazard categories referred to in column 5 of Parts 1 and 2 of Schedule 1, using an environmental emergency identified under paragraph 4(2) (d) as the emergency being simulated; and</p> <p>every five years, beginning on the day on which the plan is brought into effect, a full-scale simulation exercise in respect of any one substance, using an environmental emergency referred to in paragraph 4(2)(e) or (f) as the emergency being simulated.</p>	Section 7: Reference Materials <i>7.2 Training Requirements</i> <i>EM Training Matrix</i>
Cycle for simulation exercises		
7(2)	For the purposes of paragraph (1)(a), a simulation exercise conducted in respect of a substance belonging to a given hazard category must simulate a different environmental emergency for each subsequent simulation exercise until all of the environmental emergencies identified under paragraph 4(2) (d) for each of the substances belonging to that hazard category have been simulated, after which the environmental emergencies must be cycled through again.	Section 7: Reference Materials <i>7.2 Training Requirements</i> <i>EM Training Matrix</i>
7(3)	Paragraph (1)(a) does not apply in respect of a year during which a full-scale simulation exercise is conducted under paragraph (1)(b).	Section 7: Reference Materials <i>7.2 Training Requirements</i>

7.1.3 Environmental Emergency Regulations (SOR/2019-51), Continued

SOR/2019-51	Regulatory Requirement	ERP Section
Record of simulation exercise		
8	After each simulation exercise is conducted in relation to the environmental emergency plan, a responsible person must prepare a record that contains the date, a summary and the results of the simulation exercise and any modifications to be made to the plan as a result of the simulation exercise	Section 7: Reference Materials <i>7.2 Training Requirements Training Records Exercise Reports</i>
Notice — simulation exercises conducted		
9	A responsible person must, within five years after the day on which the environmental emergency plan is brought into effect under section 6, submit a notice to the Minister containing the information referred to in Schedule 5 concerning the simulation exercises conducted in relation to an environmental emergency plan.	Schedule 5 - Submitted to Environment and Climate Change Canada
Updates to the plan		
10	A responsible person must review and, if necessary, update the environmental emergency plan at least once a year to ensure that it continues to meet the requirements of subsection 4(2) and keep a record of the date of the review.	<i>Revision History</i>
Access		
11	A responsible person must make a copy of the environmental emergency plan readily available at the facility referred to in subsection 4(1) and at any other place where a copy of the plan needs to be kept for consultation by the individuals who are to carry it out.	<i>Distribution List</i>
Measures under paragraph 201(1)(b) 12		
12	The emergency measures that are to be taken under paragraph 201(1)(b) of the Act include the measures to respond to and recover from an environmental emergency that are set out in the environmental emergency plan. of Act	Section 1: Initial Response <i>All</i> Section 4: Incident Specific Measures <i>All</i> Section 7: Reference Materials <i>7.7 Canadian Environmental Protection Act (E2) Requirements</i>

7.1.3 Environmental Emergency Regulations (SOR/2019-51), Continued

SOR/2019-51	Regulatory Requirement	ERP Section
Periodic Submission of Notices Notice regarding a substance		
13	If a notice has been submitted under subsection 3(1), a responsible person must submit a new notice to the Minister that contains the information referred to in Schedule 2 no later than five years after the day on which the most recent notice containing that information was submitted.	Schedule 2 – Submitted to Environment and Climate Change Canada
Notice of simulation exercise		
14	If a notice has been submitted under section 9, a responsible person must submit a new notice to the Minister that contains the information referred to in Schedule 5 no later than five years after the day on which the most recent notice containing that information was submitted.	Schedule 5 - Submitted to Environment and Climate Change Canada
Change in Circumstances Change in quantity or capacity		
15(1) (a) (b)	If a notice has been submitted under subsection 3(1) in respect of a substance located at a facility, a responsible person must submit a notice to the Minister if the total quantity of the substance located at the facility is, for a period of one year, less than the quantity set out in column 4 of Part 1 or 2 of Schedule 1 for that substance; or a quantity of the substance is, for a period of one year, no longer found in a container system at the facility that has a maximum capacity that is equal to or greater than the quantity set out in column 4 of Part 1 or 2 of Schedule 1 for that substance	Schedule 1 Schedule 2 – Submitted to Environment and Climate Change Canada
Time limit for submission		
15(2) (b)	The notice must contain the information referred to in Schedule 6 and be submitted no later than 60 days after the end of the period referred to in paragraph (1)(a) or (b), as the case may be.	Schedule 6 - Submitted to Environment and Climate Change Canada
Cessation of operations		
16	A responsible person who intends to cease operations for a period of one year or more at a facility where a substance is located, for any purpose other than maintenance, must submit a notice containing the information referred to in Schedule 7 to the Minister at least 30 days before the day on which operations are to cease, or as soon as feasible in the case of extraordinary circumstances such as fire, major accident, vandalism, natural disaster or act of terrorism.	Schedule 7 - Submitted to Environment and Climate Change Canada

7.1.3 Environmental Emergency Regulations (SOR/2019-51), Continued

SOR/2019-51	Regulatory Requirement	ERP Section
Transfer of ownership of facility		
17	If there is a transfer of the ownership of a facility where a substance is located, a responsible person must, if a notice has been submitted under subsection 3(1) in respect of the substance, submit a notice containing the information referred to in Schedule 7 to the Minister on or before the date of the transfer.	Schedule 7 - Submitted to Environment and Climate Change Canada
Reporting of Environmental Emergencies Paragraph 201(1)(a) of Act		
18(1) (a) (b) (c)	For the purposes of these Regulations, paragraph 201(1)(a) of the Act applies only in relation to an environmental emergency that has or may have an immediate or long-term harmful effect on the environment; constitutes or may constitute a danger to the environment on which human life depends; or constitutes or may constitute a danger in Canada to human life or health.	Section 7: Reference Materials <i>7.7 Canadian Environmental Protection Act (E2) Requirements</i> Section 8: Government Agencies and Local Authorities 8.1 Incident, Spill and Release Reporting Requirements <i>Federal Reporting Requirements</i>
Written Report — designated person		
18(2)	The person who is designated to be provided with a written report respecting the occurrence of an environmental emergency involving a substance that is on the list referred to in section 2 is the Regional Director, Environmental Enforcement Directorate, Enforcement Branch, Department of the Environment, in the region where the environmental emergency occurs.	Section 7: Reference Materials <i>7.7 Canadian Environmental Protection Act (E2) Requirements</i> Section 8: Government Agencies and Local Authorities 8.1 Incident, Spill and Release Reporting Requirements <i>Federal Reporting Requirements</i>
Written Report — required contents		
18(3)	The written report must include the information referred to in Schedule 8.	Schedule 8 - Submitted to Environment and Climate Change Canada
Submission Requirements Certification		
19(1)	Any information that is required to be submitted under these Regulations, and any written report provided under paragraph 201(1)(a) of the Act, must be accompanied by a certification, signed and dated by the person who is required to submit the information or provide the report, or by their authorized representative, stating that the information or report is accurate and complete.	Signed Declaration

7.1.3 Environmental Emergency Regulations (SOR/2019-51), Continued

SOR/2019-51	Regulatory Requirement	ERP Section
Additional information		
19(2)	If the certification is provided by an authorized representative, the authorized representative must provide their name, telephone number and email address.	Signed Declaration
Electronic submission under these Regulations		
20(1)	Any information that is required to be submitted to the Minister under these Regulations must be submitted electronically in the form and format specified by the Minister and bear the electronic signature of the person who is required to submit the information or of their authorized representative.	N/A
Electronic submission — written report of environmental emergency		
20(2)	Any written report provided under paragraph 201(1)(a) of the Act to an enforcement officer or the person referred to in subsection 18(2) must be submitted electronically in the form and format specified by the Minister and bear the electronic signature of the person who is required to submit the report or of their authorized representative.	N/A
Submission on paper		
20(3)	If the Minister has not specified a form and format or if it is not feasible to submit the information or report electronically because of circumstances beyond the person's control, the information or report, as the case may be, must be submitted on paper in the form and format specified by the Minister, if any, and be signed by the person or their authorized representative.	N/A
Record Keeping		
21(1)	Any records prepared in accordance with sections 8 and 10 must be kept at the facility referred to in subsection 4(1).	N/A
Seven years		
21(2)	The records referred to in subsection (1) must be kept for a period of not less than seven years beginning on the day on which they are prepared.	N/A
Transitional Provision Application of section 3		
22	For the purposes of section 3, if either of the situations described in paragraph 3(1)(a) or (b) occurs in respect of a facility before the day on which these Regulations come into force, a responsible person must submit the notice referred to in subsection 3(1) to the Minister within 90 days after the day on which these Regulations come into force.	Schedule 2 – Submitted to Environment and Climate Change Canada

7.2 TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

Plains is committed to ensure that personnel involved in an emergency response fully understand their roles and the roles of others with whom they may interact during an incident. To meet this commitment and to ensure personnel respond effectively, training activities will include:

Exercise Frequency

- Table Top or Communication Exercises must be performed annually for all federal and/or provincial regulated ERPs.
- Full Scale Major Exercises must be performed once every 3 years for all federal and/or provincial regulated ERPs.
- Table Top Exercise must be performed annually for all E2 registered sites, including a more extensive simulation exercise every five years

Table Top Exercise

- Designed to explore emergency situation, free of time constraints, with an emphasis on learning, discussion and group problem solving
- Review initial response processes/standards, communication protocols and managing a response effort from the Incident Command Post.
- The exercise complexity, scope and duration will vary based on the pre-defined exercise objectives and may include EOC and/or government agency participation.

Full Scale Exercise

- Designed to fully activate the Emergency Response Plan and prompt the involvement of:
 - Applicable government agencies with simulation of non-participating agencies.
 - Applicable Local and Health Authorities, with simulation of non-participating authorities.
 - Public, stakeholders and media may be simulated.
 - Corporate Emergency Operations Centre and resources.
- The exercise complexity, scope and duration will vary based on the pre-defined exercise objectives and external participation.

7.2 TRAINING REQUIREMENTS, CONTINUED

Specialized Emergency Response Training

- Emergency response training can be facilitated as a standalone session or as training module(s) in conjunction with table top and full scale exercises. These training sessions include, but are not limited to:
 - **Incident Command System (ICS) Training** - Standalone certified ICS, ICS role specific and/or PMC designed ICS courses.
 - E.g. ICS 200/300, ICS Management by Objectives, ICS Planning Section, etc.
 - **Specialty Emergency Response Tactical Training** - Exercises and specialty training sessions that involve the deployment of response equipment.
 - E.g. Spill Response On-water, Spill Response On-ice, Boat Handling, etc.
 - **Functional Group Training** - Training sessions facilitated for a specific PMC Department(s) or Functional Group.
 - E.g. Stakeholder Notification, Trucking, Logistics, Health & Safety, etc.
 - **Specialty Training Modules** - Training modules generally facilitated in conjunction with exercises to enhance responder knowledge and competency.
 - E.g. Public Protection, Front Line Media, ICS Refresher, ERP Orientation, etc.

First Responder Continuing Education Sessions

- Designed to provide continual education for first responders, local authorities and government agencies regarding energy sector emergency response. Continuing education messages are supplied to applicable stakeholders on a 2 year alternating basis via:
 - First responder information handouts, public information handouts and area maps.
 - Face to face presentations, site tours and local authority consultations.
 - Phone updates when requested and on an as needed basis.
- All stakeholders identified within the program are educated on the following:
 - Emergency Response Plans/Emergency Procedures Manuals.
 - Emergency response procedures and incident specific measures
 - Roles and responsibilities of various responders.

7.3 ERP AMENDMENT REQUEST FORM

Please use this form to submit any updates, changes or corrections that you wish to have made to the Emergency Response Plan to:

Email: [REDACTED]

Submitted By:

Name (please print)	
Position	
Date	

Please outline your changes. If possible, include the section, page number(s), statement and/or graphic that should be changed.

Change / Comments	Section	Page Number

NOTE: All suggested changes will be reviewed. If an identified change is deemed critical, the change will be made to the applicable pages and distributed to all plan holders within 90 days of being notified.

7.4 ACRONYMS

Emergency Management

AOBD	- Air Operations Branch Director	ISD	- Incident Status Display
BD	- Branch Director	JIC	- Joint Information Centre
CCMT	- Corporate Crisis Management Team	LO	- Liaison Officer
COML	- Communications Unit Leader	LSC	- Logistics Section Chief
CST	- Corporate Strike Team	MUL	- Medical Unit Leader
DMOB	- Demobilization Unit Leader	NIMS	- National Incident Management System
DOCL	- Documentation Unit Leader	OSC	- Operation Section Chief
EMS	- Emergency Medical Services	OSRO	- Oil Spill Removal Organization
EMT	- Emergency Medical Technician	PIO	- Public Information Officer
EOC	- Emergency Operations Center	PROVIC	- Provincial Incident Commander
EUL	- Environmental Unit Leader	PSC	- Planning Section Chief
Fed IC	- Federal Incident Commander	RAR	- Resources at Risk
FNIC	- First Nation Incident Commande	RARTHSP	- Resources at Risk Technical Specialist
FSC	- Finance/Administration Section Chief	RO	- Response Organization
GIS	- Geographic Information System	RP	- Responsible Party
GSUL	- Ground Support Unit Leader	RPIC	- Responsible Party Incident Commander
H/C	- Historic/Cultural	RUL	- Resources Unit Leader
HAZMAT	- Hazardous Material	SAR	- Search and Rescue
HAZSUB	- Hazardous Substances	SCAT	- Shoreline Cleanup Assessment Team
IAP	- Incident Action Plan	SITL	- Situation Unit Leader
IC	- Incident Commander	SO	- Safety Officer
ICP	- Incident Command Post	SSHP	- Site Safety and Health Plan
ICS	- Incident Command System	SVA	- Security Vulnerability Assessment
IMH	- Incident Management Handbook	TFR	- Temporary Flight Restrictions
IMT	- Incident Management Team	THSP	- Technical Specialist
INT	- Intelligence Officer	UC	- Unified Command
IRG	- Incident Response Guidebook		
ISB	- In-situ Burn		

Security

ACTCMP	- Alberta Counter-Terrorism Crisis Management Plan
AERCB	- Alberta Energy Resources Conservation Board
BC OGC	- British Columbia Oil & Gas Commission
CAPP	- Canadian Association of Petroleum Producers
CCV	- Closed Circuit Video Surveillance
CER	- Canada Energy Regulator
CGA	- Canadian Gas Association
CPTED	- Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design
CSIS	- Canadian Security and Intelligence Service
C-TPAT	- Customs-Trade Partnership Against Terrorism
FAST	- Free and Secure Trade
IDS	- Intrusion Detection System
NRCAN	- Natural Resources Canada
PSC	- Public Safety Canada
PSS	- Physical Security Standard
RCMP	- Royal Canadian Mounted Police
SMP	- Security Management Program
SOP	- Standard Operating Procedures
SRA	- Security Risk Assessment
STRP	- Security Threat Response Plan
STVRA	- Security Threat Vulnerability Risk Assessment

7.5 GLOSSARY

Agency Representative: Individual assigned to an incident from an assisting or cooperating agency that has been delegated full authority to make decisions on all matters affecting his/her agency's participation at the incident. Agency Representatives report to the Liaison Officer upon arrival at the ICP.

Air Operations Branch Director: The person primarily responsible for preparing and implementing the air operations portion of the Incident Action Plan. Also responsible for providing logistical support to helicopters assigned to the incident.

Alert: An incident that can be handled on site by the licensee through normal operating procedures and is deemed to be a very low risk to members of the public.

Allocated Resources: Resources (personnel and equipment) dispatched to an incident.

Assigned Resources: Resources checked-in and assigned work tasks on an incident.

Assignments: Tasks given to resources to perform within a given operational period, based upon tactical objectives in the Incident Action Plan.

Assistant: Title for subordinates of the Command Staff positions. The title indicates a level of technical capability, qualifications, and responsibility subordinate to the primary positions. Assistants may also be used to supervise unit activities at camps. Assistants could attend the same meeting to assist with scribing. Assistants do not have the authority to make decisions on behalf of their superior.

7.5 GLOSSARY, CONTINUED

Assisting Agency: An agency which directly contributes tactical or service resources in support of an incident response.

Available Resources: Incident-based resources which are immediately available for an assignment.

Base: The location at which some logistics functions are coordinated and administered. (Incident name or other designator will be added to the term "Base"). The Incident Command Post may be collocated with the base. There is only one base per incident.

Branch: The organizational level having functional/geographic responsibility for major incident operations. The Branch level is organizationally between Section and Division/Group in the Operations Section, and between Section and Units in the Logistics Section.

Cache: A pre-determined complement of tools, equipment, and/or supplies stored in a designated location, and available for incident use.

Camp: A geographical site, within the general incident area, separate from the base, equipped and staffed to provide sleeping areas, food, water, and sanitary services to out-of-service incident personnel.

Ceiling Recommended Exposure Limit: Recommend Exposure Limit - The concentration that should not be exceeded during any part of the working exposure. An employee's exposure to a hazardous substance shall at no time exceed the ceiling value.

7.5 GLOSSARY, CONTINUED

Check-In: The process whereby resources first report to an incident response. Check-in locations include: Incident Command Post (Resources Unit), Incident Base, Camps, Staging Areas, Helibases, and Division/Group Supervisors (for direct line assignments).

Chief: The ICS title of individuals responsible for command of functional sections: Operations, Planning, Logistics, and Finance/Administration.

Clear Text: The use of plain English in radio communications transmissions. No Ten Codes nor agency specific codes are used when using Clear Text.

Closure Order: Also known as a Fire Hazard Order. A closure order is issued to close a specific area to unauthorized personnel. The closure order area is that area within the boundaries described in an order issued by the ERCB under Section 97(1) of the Oil and Gas Conservation Act.

Command: The act of controlling manpower and equipment resources by virtue of explicit or delegated authority. May also refer to the Incident Commander/Unified Command.

Command Post: See Incident Command Post.

Command Staff: The Command Staff consists of the Information Officer, Safety Officer, Liaison Officer, and Legal Officer, who report directly to the Incident Commander. They may have an assistant or assistants, as needed.

7.5 GLOSSARY, CONTINUED

Communications Unit: Functional unit within the Logistics Sections responsible for Incident communications equipment and facilities, supervising the Incident Communications Centre, distributing communications equipment to incident personnel, and the maintenance and repair of communications equipment.

Control Point: A location-specific response tactic used to contain or recover oil. A river, stream or creek may include many control points along its path where response resources (boom, skimmers, etc.) may be deployed. Control Points are described in the Emergency Response Plans.

Cooperating Agency: An agency supplying assistance other than direct tactical, support, or service functions or resources to the incident control effort (Ex. Red Cross, telephone company, etc.).

Corporate Crisis Management Team: Comprehensive team established at the Emergency Operations Centre to support the field and IMT response. The CCMT provides direction and support for local actions with emergency management response guidance, designed to enhance the local facility's emergency plan and capabilities; while also managing external pressure(s) from the media, local community or other stakeholders to allow the local response team to focus on containing the issue itself.

Corporate Level ERP: A corporate-level ERP is used when a specific ERP is not required and contains preplanned procedures that will allow for effective response to an emergency

Corporate Strike Team: The Corporate Strike Team (CST) is comprised of enterprise-wide personnel that respond to the local incident scene and directly support the on-site Facility Response Team through the Incident Command Structure (ICS). The CST is responsible for communicating and coordinating activities through the Responsible Party Incident Commander (RPIC).

Cost Unit: Functional unit within the Finance/ Administration Section responsible for tracking costs, analyzing cost data, making cost estimates, and recommending cost-saving measures.

7.5 GLOSSARY, CONTINUED

Decontamination: The process of removing or neutralizing contaminants that have accumulated on personnel and equipment.

Demobilization Unit: Functional unit within the Planning Section responsible for assuring orderly, safe, and efficient demobilization of incident resources.

Deputy: A fully-qualified individual who, in the absence of a superior, could be delegated the authority to manage a functional operation or perform a specific task. In some cases, a Deputy could act as relief for a superior, and, therefore, must be fully qualified in the position. Deputies can be assigned to the Incident Commander, General Staff, and Branch Directors.

Director: The ICS title for individuals responsible for supervising a Branch.

Dispatch: The implementation of a command decision to move resources from one place to another.

Dispatch Centre: A facility from which resources are directly assigned to an incident.

Division: The organization level having responsibility for operation within a defined geographic. The Division level is organizationally between the Task Force/Strike Team and the Branch. (See also "Group"). Divisions may be led by a Division Supervisor.

7.5 GLOSSARY, CONTINUED

Documentation Unit: Functional unit within the Planning Section responsible for collecting, recording, and safeguarding all documents relevant to the incident.

E2 Emergency Planning Zone (E2 EPZ): A geographical area surrounding a facility and associated on-site storage containing hazardous product that represents the most likely emergency scenario and requires specific emergency response planning by the licensee.

E2 Worst Case Zone: A geographical area surrounding a facility and associated on-site storage containing hazardous product that represents the worst case emergency scenario.

Emergency: A present or imminent event that requires prompt coordination of action or special regulation of persons or property to protect health, safety or welfare of people or to limit damage to property.

Emergency Management: Management of an emergency or incident. The PMC ICS organization is designed to fulfill the emergency management role.

Emergency Medical Technician (EMT): A health-care specialist with particular skills and knowledge in pre-hospital emergency medicine.

Emergency Operations Centre (EOC): A pre-designated facility established by company, agency or jurisdiction to coordinate overall jurisdictional/agency response/support to emergency response.

7.5 GLOSSARY, CONTINUED

Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ): A geographical area surrounding a well, pipeline, or facility containing hazardous product that requires specific emergency response planning by the licensee.

Emergency Shut Down Valve (ESD): A valve that blocks the passage of material from both directions and can automatically close when the amount of material passing through the valve exceeds allowable limits.

ERCBH2S: A software tool that calculates site-specific EPZs using thermodynamics, fluid dynamics, atmospheric dispersion modelling, and toxicology.

Evacuation: The removal of people from the incident area or EPZ.

Explosive Limits (Lower and Upper): Each gaseous hydrocarbon substance has a minimum (Lower Explosive Limit or LEL) and a maximum (Upper Explosive Limit or UEL) percentage in air below or above which combustion will not take place. Explosive limit and flammability limit are used interchangeably. The terms "Too Lean" and "Too Rich" are used for levels outside of the explosive range.

Facilities Unit: Functional unit within the Support Branch of Logistics Section that provides fixed facilities for incident. These facilities include Incident Base, feeding areas, sleeping areas, sanitary facilities, etc.

Finance/Administration Section: The Section responsible for all incident costs and financial considerations. Includes the; Time Unit, Procurement Unit, Compensation/Claims Unit, and Cost Unit.

7.5 GLOSSARY, CONTINUED

Fire Hazard Order: An order issued by the ERCB during an emergency to restrict public access to a specified area.

Food Unit: Functional unit within the Service Branch of the Logistics Section responsible for providing meals for incident personnel.

Function: In ICS, function refers to the five major activities in the ICS, i.e., Command, Operations, Planning, Logistics, and Finance/Administration. The term function is also used when describing the activity involved, Ex. "the planning function."

General Plan: A long-range plan to manage an incident. The General Plan is used to identify long-range objectives and resource requirements. The General Plan defines time line and framework looking into future and covering the duration of response.

General Staff: The group of incident management personnel comprised of; Incident Commander, Operations Section Chief, Planning Section Chief, Logistics Section Chief, and Finance/Administration Section Chief.

Geographic Information System (GIS): An electronic information system that provides a georeferenced data base to support management decision-making.

Government Emergency Operations Centre (GEOC): An operations centre with capacity to accommodate CMO's from each Government department. It is comprised of two centres, the Consequence Management Operations Centre (COMOC) and the Crisis Management Operations Centre (CRMOC). The GEOC was formerly known as the EMAOC or COMOC. Also called Provincial Operations Centre (POC).

7.5 GLOSSARY, CONTINUED

Ground Support Unit: Functional unit within Support Branch of the Logistics Section responsible for fueling, maintaining, vehicle repair, and ground transportation of personnel and supplies.

Group: Groups are established to divide the incident into functional areas of operation. Groups are composed of resources assembled to perform special function not necessarily within a single geographic Division (see Division). Groups are located between Branches (when activated) and Single Resources in the Operations Section.

Hazardous Product: Substances released in quantities that may harm persons, property or the environment.

Heli-base: Location within the general incident area for parking, fueling, maintaining, and loading helicopters.

Heli-spot: Location where helicopters can take off/land. Some may be used for temporary loading.

High Vapour Pressure (HVP): A pipeline system containing hydrocarbon mixture in the liquid or quasiliquid state with a vapour pressure greater than 110 kPa absolute at 38°C. Some examples are liquid ethane, ethylene, propane, butanes, and pentanes plus. HVP lines have a vapour pressure greater than 240 kPa at 38°C (34.8 PSIG at 100°F) and include ethane, propane butane, and pentanes plus, either as a mixture or as a single component.

Hydrogen Sulphide (H₂S): A naturally occurring gas found in a variety of geological formations and also formed by the natural decomposition of organic matter in the absence of oxygen. H₂S is colourless, has a molecular weight that is heavier than air, and is extremely toxic. In small concentrations it has a rotten egg smell and causes eye and throat irritation. Depending on the particular gaseous mixture, gas properties, and ambient conditions, a sour gas release may be

- heavier than air so that the gas cloud will tend to drop towards the ground with time (dense),
- lighter than air so the gas cloud will tend to rise with time (buoyant), or
- about the same weight as air so that it tends to neither rise nor drop but disperses (neutrally buoyant).

7.5 GLOSSARY, CONTINUED

Ignition: Process of setting a hydrocarbon release on fire.

Incident: An unexpected occurrence or event, caused by human or natural phenomena, that requires action by upstream and/or emergency personnel, to prevent or minimize the impact on the safety or health of people, property or the environment.

Incident Action Plan (IAP): Incident Action Plan contains Objectives reflecting the overall incident and specific strategies and tactics for the next operational period. IPAs will include attachments when complete.

Incident Area: Legal geographical area of incident including affected area(s) and traffic route(s) to corresponding storage and disposal sites.

Incident Base: See Base.

Incident Command Post (ICP): Location at which the primary Command functions are executed; may be co-located with the incident base.

Incident Command System (ICS): Standardized on-scene emergency management system specifically designed to allow its user(s) to adopt an integrated organizational structure equal to the complexity and demands of single or multiple incidents, without being hindered by jurisdictional boundaries.

7.5 GLOSSARY, CONTINUED

Incident Commander (IC): Individual(s) responsible for managing all incident activities.

Incident Communication Centre: Location of the Communications Unit and the Message Centre.

Incident Management Handbook (IMH): A pocket-size manual of guidelines regarding application of the ICS.

Incident Management Team (IMT): Comprehensive team established at ICP to include all components of a Command, General Staff and support personnel. IMT members have delegated authority and formal responsibilities.

Incident Objectives: Statements of guidance and direction necessary for the selection of appropriate strategies, and tactical direction of resources. Incident objectives are based on realistic expectations of what can be accomplished when all allocated resources have been effectively deployed. Incident objectives must be achievable and measurable, yet flexible enough to allow for strategic and tactical alternatives.

Incident Situation Display (ISD): The Situation Unit is responsible for maintaining a display of status boards which communicate critical incident information vital to establishing and maintaining an effective command and control environment.

Initial Isolation Zone (IIZ): An area in close proximity to a continuous hazardous release where indoor sheltering may provide temporary protection due to the proximity of the release. Isolation - To separate an area or process from the rest of the plant.

7.5 GLOSSARY, CONTINUED

Jurisdiction: A range or sphere of authority. At an incident, public agencies have jurisdiction related to their legal responsibilities and authority for incident mitigation. Jurisdictional authority at an incident can be political/geographical (Ex. city, county, municipality, or Federal boundary lines), or functional (Ex. police department, health department, etc.). (See Multi-Jurisdiction).

Jurisdictional Agency: Agency having jurisdiction and responsibility for specific geographical area, or mandated function.

Leader: The ICS title for an individual responsible for a Task Force/Strike Team or functional Unit.

Liaison Officer (LO): A member of the Command Staff responsible for coordinating with stakeholder groups and representatives from assisting and cooperating agencies.

Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG): Mixture of heavier, gaseous hydrocarbons (butane and propane), liquefied as a portable source of energy.

Logistics Section: The Section responsible for providing facilities, services, and materials for the incident.

Lower Explosive/ Flammable limit (LEL/LFL): The lowest concentration of gas or vapour (per cent by volume in air) that burns or explodes if an ignition source is present at ambient temperatures.

7.5 GLOSSARY, CONTINUED

Managers: Individuals within ICS organizational units who are assigned specific managerial responsibilities (Ex. Staging Area Manager or Camp Manager).

Medical Unit: Functional unit within the Service Branch of the Logistics Section responsible for developing the Medical Plan, and for providing emergency medical treatment for incident response personnel.

Message Centre: The message centre is part of the Communications Centre and collocated with or adjacent to it. It receives, records, and routes information about resources reporting to the incident, resource status, and handles administration and tactical traffic.

Mobile Air Quality Monitoring: The use of sophisticated portable equipment capable of measuring meteorological conditions and tracking substances such as H₂S or SO₂ and of measuring very low (ppb) atmospheric concentrations and also capable of being able to record and provide preliminary analysis (e.g. averaging values over time) of the monitored readings.

Multi-Agency Incident: Incident where one or more agencies assist jurisdictional agency/agencies. May be single or Unified Command.

Multi-Jurisdiction Incident: Incident requiring action from multiple agencies that have statutory responsibility for incident mitigation. In ICS, these incidents will normally be managed using a Unified Command.

Officer: ICS title for personnel responsible for Command Staff positions of Safety, Liaison, and Information.

7.5 GLOSSARY, CONTINUED

Operational Period: Period of time scheduled for execution of given set of operational actions specified in the IAP. Operational Periods can be various lengths, usually not over 24 hours.

Operations Section: Responsible for all operations directly applicable to the primary mission. Directs unit operational plans preparation, requests or releases resources, makes expedient changes to the Incident Action Plan (as necessary), and reports such to the Incident Commander. Includes the Recovery and Protection Branch, Emergency Response Branch, Air Operations Branch, and Wildlife Branch.

Out-Of-Service Resources: Resources assigned to an incident but unable to respond for mechanical, rest, or personnel reasons.

Planning Meeting: A meeting, held as needed throughout the duration of an incident, to select specific strategies and tactics for incident control operations and for service and support planning.

Planning Section: Responsible for collecting, evaluating, and disseminating tactical information related to the incident, and for preparing and documenting IAPs. The section also maintains information on the current and forecast situation, and on the status of resources assigned to the incident. Includes the Situation, Resource, Environmental, Documentation, and Demobilization Units, and Technical Specialists.

Polrep: Pollution report.

Preplanned Strategy: Strategies developed and documented prior to an incident.

7.5 GLOSSARY, CONTINUED

Procurement Unit: Functional unit within Finance/Administration Section responsible for financial matters involving vendor contracts.

Protective Action Zone (PAZ): An area downwind of a hazardous release where outdoor concentration levels may result in life threatening or serious and possibly irreversible health effects to the public.

Provincial Emergency Operations Centre (PEOC):
Also called GEOC

Public Information Officer (PIO): A member of the Command Staff responsible for providing incident information to the public and news media or other agencies or organizations. There is only one PIO per incident. The PIO may have assistants.

Radio Cache: A cache may consist of a number of portable radios, a base station, and, in some cases, a repeater stored in a predetermined location for dispatch to incidents.

Reception Centre: A centre established to register evacuees and to assess their needs. The centre is used to register evacuees for emergency shelter or, if temporary shelter is not required because evacuees will stay elsewhere, to ascertain where they can be contacted.

Recorders: Individuals within ICS organizational units who are responsible for recording information. Recorders may be found in Planning, Logistics, and Finance/Administration.

7.5 GLOSSARY, CONTINUED

Regional Emergency Operations Centre (REOC): A single operations centre established in a suitable location to manage the larger aspects of the emergency and is manned jointly by a level of government and industry staff.

Reporting Location: Any one of six facilities/locations where incident assigned resources may be checked in. The locations are: Incident Command Post-Resources Unit, Base, Camp, Staging Area, Helibase, or Division/Group Supervisors (for direct line assignments.) Check-in for each specific resource occurs at one location only.

Resource Status: Describes the current operational status of response resources. ICS recognizes three definitions - available, assigned and out-of-service. Oil spill resource tracking also recognizes an en-route status.

Resources: All personnel and major items of equipment available, or potentially available, for assignment to incident tasks on which status is maintained.

Resources at Risk Technical Specialist (RAR): Responsible for identifying at risk resources from exposure to spilled oil by analyzing known and anticipated oil movement, the location of natural cultural and economic resources.

Resources Unit: Functional unit within the Planning Section responsible for recording the status of resources committed to the incident. The Unit also evaluates resources currently committed to the incident, the impact that additional responding resources will have on the incident, and anticipated resource needs.

Responsible Party (RP): The owner/operator (PMC) of the infrastructure which is the spill source.

7.5 GLOSSARY, CONTINUED

RP Incident Commander (RPIC): PMC's designated Incident Commander.

Safety Officer (SO): A member of the Command Staff responsible for monitoring and assessing safety hazards or unsafe situations, and for developing measures for ensuring personnel safety. The Safety Officer may have assistants.

Section: The organization level having functional responsibility for primary segments of incident operation such as: Operations, Planning, Logistics, Finance/Administration. The Section level is organizationally between Branch and Incident Commander.

Service Branch: A Branch within the Logistics Section responsible for service activities at the incident. Includes the Communications, Medical, and Food Units.

Shelter In Place: Remaining indoors for short term protection from exposure to toxic gas releases.

Single Resource: Individual, a piece of equipment and its personnel complement, or a crew or team of individuals with an identified work supervisor that can be used on an incident.

Site Safety And Health Plan (SSHP): Site-specific document required by Provincial and Federal regulations. The SSHP, at minimum, addresses, includes, or contains the following elements: health and safety hazard analysis for each site task or operation, comprehensive operations work plan, personnel training requirements, PPE selection criteria, site-specific occupational medical monitoring requirements, air monitoring plan, site control measures, confined space entry procedures (if needed), pre-entry briefings (tailgate meetings, initial and as needed), pre-operations commencement health and safety briefing for all incident participants, and quality assurance of SSHP effectiveness.

7.5 GLOSSARY, CONTINUED

Situation Status: Activity of documenting and communicating operational response status.

Situation Unit: Functional unit within the Planning Section responsible for collecting, organizing, and analyzing incident status information, and for analyzing the situation as it progresses.

Source Control: Actions necessary to control the spill source and prevent the continued release of oil or hazardous substance(s) into the environment.

Span of Control: Span of Control means how many organizational elements may be directly managed by one person. Span of Control may vary from three to seven, and a ratio of one to five reporting elements is recommended.

Staging Area: The location where incident personnel and equipment are staged awaiting tactical assignment.

Stakeholders: Any person, group, or organization affected by, and having a vested interest in, the incident and/or the response operation.

Strategy: The general plan or direction selected to accomplish incident objectives.

7.5 GLOSSARY, CONTINUED

Strike Team: Specified combinations of the same kinds and types of resources, with common communications and a leader.

Sulphur Dioxide (SO₂): A colourless, water-soluble, suffocating gas formed by burning sulphur in air; also used in the manufacture of sulphuric acid. SO₂ has a pungent smell similar to a burning match. SO₂ is extremely toxic at higher concentrations. The molecular weight of SO₂ is heavier than air; however, typical releases are related to combustion therefore making the gaseous mixture lighter than air (buoyant).

Supervisor: The ICS title for individuals responsible for directing the activities of a Division or Group.

Supply Unit: Functional unit within the Support Branch of the Logistics Section responsible for ordering equipment and supplies required for incident operations.

Support Branch: A Branch within the Logistics Section responsible for providing personnel, equipment, and supplies to support incident operations. Includes the Supply, Facilities, Ground Support, and Vessel Support Units.

Supporting Materials: Refers to the several attachments that may be included with an Incident Action Plan (Ex. communications plan, map, site safety and health plan, traffic plan, and medical plan).

Surface Development: Occupied permanent or part-time dwellings, publicly used facilities including campgrounds, places of business, and any other surface development where the public may gather on a regular basis. Surface development includes residences that are required to egress through the EPZ and those immediately adjacent to the EPZ.

7.5 GLOSSARY, CONTINUED

Tactical Direction: Directions given by the Operations Section Chief including: the tactics appropriate for the selected strategy; the selection and assignment of resources; tactics implementation; and performance monitoring for each operational period.

Tactics: Deploying and directing resources during an incident to accomplish the desired objective.

Task Force: A group of resources with common communications and a leader assembled for a specific mission.

Technical Specialists: Personnel with special skills who can be used anywhere within the ICS organization.

Time Unit: Functional unit within the Finance/Administration Section responsible for recording time for incident personnel and hired equipment.

Unified Command (UC): Unified team which manages an incident by establishing a common set of incident objectives and strategies. This is accomplished without loss nor abdication of agency nor organizational authority, responsibility, nor accountability.

Unit: The organizational element having functional responsibility for a specific incident planning, logistic, or finance/administration activity.

7.5 GLOSSARY, CONTINUED

Vapour Density: A measure of the weight of the gas compared to air (air = 1).

Vapour Pressure: The pressure exerted by the vapour when the rate of evaporation is equal to the rate of condensation of the vapour.

Vessel Support Unit: Functional unit within the Support Branch of the Logistics Section responsible for implementing the Vessel Routing Plan; for fueling, maintaining, and repairing vessels and other vessel support equipment; and coordinating transportation on the water and between or among shore resources.

Volunteer: Any individual accepted to perform services by an agency which has the authority to accept volunteer services. A volunteer is subject to the provisions of the authorizing statute or regulations.

7.6 CHARACTERISTICS OF H₂S AND SO₂

Characteristics and Dangers of Hydrogen Sulphide (H₂S)

- Found in decaying organic matter, natural oil and gas, silos and sewers.
- Found at gas temperatures above -60°C.
- Flammable – burns to form SO₂.
- Odour of rotten eggs at low concentrations that kills all sense of smell at higher concentrations.
- Will tend to disperse more slowly in sheltered or calm low lying areas.
- Extremely toxic.
- At lower concentrations (20-50 ppm) irritates mucous membranes (eyes, throat, lungs), causes headaches, dizziness, nausea, may cause pulmonary edema (fluid in the lungs) upon prolonged exposure.
- High concentrations (500-1000 ppm) may cause paralysis of the respiratory centre in the brain and breathing stops.

H₂S Toxicity Table

Concentration H ₂ S in Air (ppm)	Description of Potential Health Effects
1	A noticeable odour that may be offensive to some individuals. People may temporarily experience mild symptoms of discomfort, including nausea, headache, and irritability due to the odour. Asthma symptoms may worsen.
10-20	An obvious offensive odour. Temporary eye irritation may occur after a single exposure and last several hours. Symptoms include mild itchiness, dryness, increased blink reflex and slight watering. Some people may experience headaches, nausea and vomiting. Symptoms of asthma, bronchitis or other forms of chronic respiratory disease may worsen.
50	A strong, intense offensive odour that may irritate eyes and breathing passages. Eyes may be itchy, stinging, and red with increased blinking, tearing and tendency to rub eyes. Breathing passages could feel tingly or sting, with increased tendency to clear throat and cough. Symptoms of pre-existing respiratory disease may worsen. No permanent injury to eyes or breathing passages is expected unless exposure is prolonged. Odour-sensitive individuals may experience headaches, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.
100	Initially there is a strong objectionable odour that lessens with prolonged exposure due to olfactory "fatigue." Eyes and breathing passages are often irritated within one hour of exposure. Eyes may be sore, stinging, burning, tearing, redness, swelling of eyelids, and possible blurred vision. Respiratory irritation may include sore throat, cough, soreness or stinging of breathing passages, and wheezing. The symptoms of asthma, bronchitis or other forms of chronic respiratory disease will worsen. Odour may cause headache, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

7.6 CHARACTERISTICS OF H₂S AND SO₂, CONTINUED

Concentration H ₂ S in Air (ppm)	Description of Potential Health Effects
250	There may or may not be an odour present due to olfactory paralysis. Eyes and breathing passages will become irritated within minutes of exposure, and the irritation will worsen with longer exposure. The outer surface of the eyes and inner eyelids will be inflamed, red and sore. Eyes will begin watering and tearing immediately and vision may be blurred. Eyes may be permanently harmed if exposure is prolonged. Respiratory irritation will include sore throat, cough, difficulty breathing, soreness of chest, and wheezing. Asthma symptoms will worsen. People may experience "systemic" effects, including headache, nausea and vertigo depending on duration of exposure.
500	No odour is present due to olfactory paralysis. Severe irritation and possible permanent injury to the eyes and breathing passages within 30 minutes of exposure. Lung and breathing passage damage may cause „chemical pneumonia" following exposure if the exposure was prolonged. Systemic effects involving the central nervous system may occur within one hour of exposure and include headache, anxiety, dizziness, loss of coordination and slurred speech. People may lose consciousness or collapse suddenly, and die if exposure persists.
750	No odour is present due to olfactory paralysis. Central nervous system effects will be most obvious, and could include anxiety, confusion, headache, slurred speech, dizziness, stumbling, loss of coordination, and other signs of motor dysfunction. People may lose consciousness, collapse suddenly and possibly die, if exposure continues for more than a few minutes. Lung and breathing passage damage will likely cause „chemical pneumonia" among survivors.
1000	Immediate "knock-down" and loss of consciousness. Death within moments to minutes. Immediate medical attention needed if victim is to survive.

NOTE: Adapted from: Technical Advisory Committee on Public Health and the Oil and Gas Industry, *Environmental Public Health Manual for Oil and Gas Activities in Alberta*, 2007

Characteristics and Dangers of Sulphur Dioxide (SO₂)

- This is a choking gas, unlike H₂S, and one wants to move to an area where the discomfort is not experienced.
- Formed by the combustion of H₂S or sulphur and is non-flammable.
- Found as a gas at temperatures above -10°C.
- Has the odour that occurs when a wooden match is extinguished.
- Highly irritating – dissolves to form sulphuric acid.
- At lower concentrations irritates eyes, nose and throat, causes difficulty in breathing and shortness of breath.
- Causes pulmonary edema at high concentrations – may be fatal. Effects on heavy smokers are more severe.

7.6 CHARACTERISTICS OF H₂S AND SO₂, CONTINUED

SO₂ Toxicity Table

Concentration SO ₂ in Air (ppm)	Description of Potential Health Effects
0.1	Transient bronchoconstriction ¹ in sensitive exercising asthmatic individuals that ceases when exposure ceases. ²
0.3 – 1	Possible detection by taste or smell.
0.75	Transient lung function changes in healthy, moderately exercising, non-asthmatic individuals.
1 – 2	Lung function changes in healthy non-asthmatics. Symptoms in asthmatics would likely increase in severity. There may be a shift to clinical symptoms from changes detectable only via spirometry.
3.0	Easily detected odour.
6 – 12	May cause nasal and throat irritation.
10	Upper respiratory irritation, some nosebleeds.
20	Definitely irritating to the eyes; chronic respiratory symptoms develop; respiratory protection is necessary.
50 – 100	Maximum tolerable exposures for 30 – 60 minutes.
Greater than 100	Immediate Danger to Life (NIOSH recommendation).

¹ At low levels, bronchoconstriction was generally observed as changes in airway conductance detectable by spirometry rather than as clinical symptoms.

² It should be noted that clinical studies on humans are generally designed to elicit a response and consequently subject study volunteers to challenging conditions such as exercising, mouth breathing, cold, dry air, etc. Real-life responses in asthmatics should be viewed as being individual-specific dependent on severity of asthma, whether the individuals are medicated or not, how cold and/or dry the air is, mouth breathing (vs. nose-breathing, which can act as an effective scrubber mechanism), and exercise.

NOTE: Adapted from: Technical Advisory Committee on Public Health and the Oil and Gas Industry, Environmental Public Health Manual for Oil and Gas Activities in Alberta, 2007

7.7 CANADIAN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (E2) REQUIREMENTS

Environment Canada requires any petroleum operator who has charge, management, or control of substances in excess of threshold limits listed in 'Schedule 1 of the Canadian Environmental Protection Act' to:

- Submit notices (some periodic) to inform ECCC of compliance with the regulatory requirements
- Prepare an Environmental Emergency Plan (E2 Plan) and review and update it, if necessary, at least once per year
- Bring the E2 Plan into effect to make sure the facility is ready to respond to an accidental release
- Conduct simulation exercises of the E2 Plan each year, a more extensive simulation exercise every five years and prepare a record after each exercise to be kept for a minimum of 7 years
- Keep a copy of the E2 Plan readily available at the facility and other places where it is needed

For details about the PMC storage facilities, Facility Licence Numbers, Facility Codes, types of containers, substances stored [United Nations (UN) Number], guide numbers, quantities, volumes, transportation methods, transportation frequencies, and Canadian Transport Emergency Centre (E2) Zones refer to the appropriate PMC Site-Specific Supplemental Section.

Description of Surrounding Area

For area specific Emergency Response Plans (ERPs) - Refer to **SECTION 9.1.2 General Area Description** for a description of the surrounding area.

Emergency Response Planning

- For a map showing the E2 Zone(s) refer to **SECTION 9.2: Maps and Plot Plans** and the *ECCC E2 Plan*.
- For a plot plan refer to **SECTION 9.2: Maps and Plot Plans**.
- For the location of the surface developments inside the E2 Zone(s) refer to **SECTION 9.2: Maps and Plot Plans** and the *ECCC E2 Plan*.
- To identify the various roadways and waterways/water bodies inside the E2 Zone(s) refer to **SECTION 9.1.2: General Area Information** and the *ECCC E2 Plan (Characteristics of the Facility and Surrounding Area)*.
- For the list of applicable ECCC Sensitive Receptors and Response Considerations in the E2 Zones(s) refer to the *ECCC E2 Plan (Characteristics of the Facility and Surrounding Area)*.
- For government agencies that may be affected by an environmental emergency refer to the appropriate site-specific supplemental section and the *ECCC E2 Plan*.
- For mutual aid refer to the mutual section in **SECTION 8: Government Agencies and Local Authorities**.
- For procedures to carry out response activities refer to **SECTION 2: Roles and Responsibilities**.

7.7 CANADIAN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (E2) REQUIREMENTS, CONTINUED

Prevention and Mitigation

PMC has in place the following key elements of safety management:

- Risk assessment – as appropriate the following questions have been reviewed:
 - Is the product bullet or storage tank properly installed and a proper maintenance schedule followed?
 - Is the product bullet or storage tank free of any corrosion and damage?
 - If required, is the piping painted?
 - Is the product bullet or storage tank an adequate distance from buildings?
 - Is the product bullet or storage tank or systems (including piping) of which they are part of protected from damage from vehicles?
 - Is the area around the product bullet or storage tank well ventilated and free of any possible ignition source?
 - Is the area around the product bullet or storage tank free from combustible material?
 - Is the product bullet or storage tank properly grounded to avoid static accumulation?
 - Are operators of the equipment instructed to wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE)?
 - Are any hoses or fittings visually inspected before use?
 - Have the employees been certified in the proper use and handling of NGLs and condensate?
 - Have all employees and anyone else who may be responsible for implementing this plan been made aware of their responsibilities and have the necessary skills and training?
- The systems are designed and constructed to specific industry standards.
- PMC has preventive maintenance checks and programs.
- PMC is committed to maintaining effective operating procedures and facility documentation.
- Operator competence is ensured through determining the type and amount of training each employee requires upon hiring.
- Process and procedures are in place to ensure that changes in design, service, or staff are effectively managed to minimize impacts on operations.
- Incident investigation and analysis is conducted to minimize reoccurrence
- Regular review is carried out to assess compliance to standards.

Preparedness - Most Reasonable Worst Case Scenario

Using a HAZOP risk assessment technique or similar, PMC has identified the Most Reasonable Worst Case Scenario of an Environmental Emergency to include the following.

- A valve leak from a product bullet or storage tank.
- A product bullet or storage tank spill or leak becoming ignited.
- A cascading (secondary effect) fire igniting the product bullet or storage tank.

7.7 CANADIAN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (E2) REQUIREMENTS, CONTINUED

PMC has identified that "Common and Reasonable Alternative Scenarios" would most likely be a leak or spill while loading or unloading a product bullet or storage tank.

PMC has identified the potential consequences from an environmental emergency on the environment and human life or health to be serious injury or fatality in the event of an explosion or leak.

Emergency Preparedness Standards

Refer to **SECTION 8: Government Agencies and Local Authorities** for specific provincial or regulatory training and exercise requirements. PMC emergency management program standards are outlined in **SECTION 7.2 Training Requirements**. This includes details regarding orientations, specialized emergency response training, table tops, full scale exercises, and exercise records.

Recovery

PMC will shut in the affected pipeline or facility, assess and respond to the environmental impacts in compliance with all regulation, only bringing the pipeline system or facility back on stream in the most efficient manner. PMC has the resources and financial ability to respond and recover from any environmental emergency.

7.8 TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS (TDG)

Plains is required to report a release or anticipated release of dangerous goods that are being offered for transport, handled or transported by road vehicle, railway vehicle or vessel must, as soon as possible after a release or anticipated release, make an emergency report to any local authority that is responsible for responding to emergencies at the geographic location of the release or anticipated release if the dangerous goods are, or could be, in excess of the quantity set out in the following table:

TABLE

Class	Packing Group or Category	Quantity
1	II	Any quantity
2	Not applicable	Any quantity
3, 4, 5, 6.1 or 8	I or II	Any quantity
3, 4, 5, 6.1 or 8	III, or without packing group	30 L or 30 kg
6.2	A or B	Any quantity
7	Not applicable	A level of ionizing radiation greater than the level established in section 39 of the Packaging and Transport of Nuclear Substances Regulations, 2015
9	II or III, or without packing group	30 L or 30 kg

SOR/2016-95, s. 10 SOR/2017-253, s. 52 SOR/2019-101, s. 9

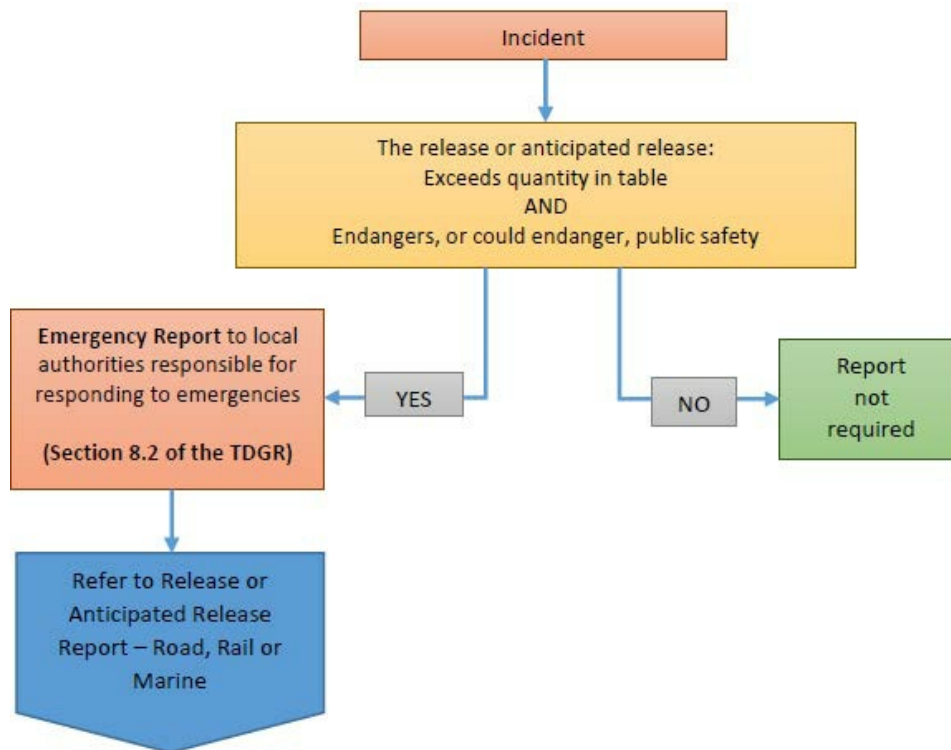
Types of reports required by Transport Canada

Part 8 of the *Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations SOR/2001-286* (Reporting Requirements) requires a number of different report types. When certain conditions are met, persons subject to the TDG Regulations must submit one of the report types below.

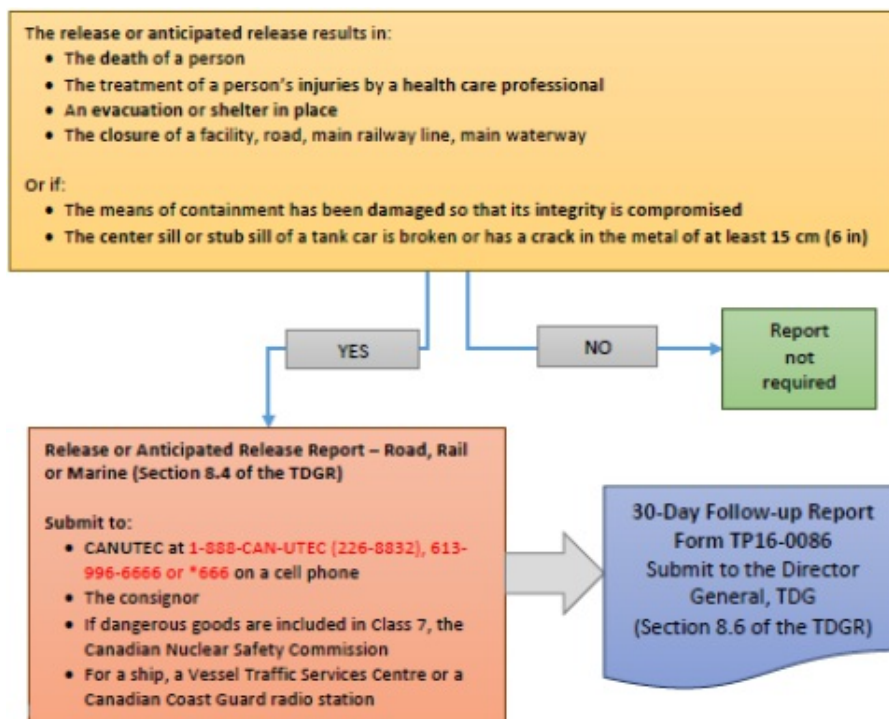
- Reports for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road, Rail and Marine
- Emergency Report – Road, Rail or Marine (Section 8.2 of the TDG Regulations)
- Release or Anticipated Release Report – Road, Rail or Marine (Section 8.4 of the TDG Regulations)
- 30-Day Follow-up Report (Section 8.6 of the TDG Regulations)
- Reports for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air
- Dangerous Goods Accident or Incident Report — Air (Section 8.9 of the TDG Regulations)
- 30-Day Follow-up Report (Section 8.11 of the TDG Regulations)
- Undeclared or Misdeclared Dangerous Goods Report (Section 8.14 of the TDG Regulations)
- Dangerous Goods Occurrence Report (ICAO) (Section 8.15.1 of the TDG Regulations)
- Reports Relating to Security – All Modes of Transport
- Loss or Theft Report (Section 8.16 of the TDG Regulations)
- Unlawful Interference Report (Section 8.18 of the TDG Regulations)

7.8 TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS (TDG), CONTINUED

Flowchart for Emergency Report – Road, Rail or Marine



Flowchart for a Release or Anticipated Release Report - Road, Rail or Marine by Telephone



7.8 TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS (TDG), CONTINUED

In the event of an emergency involving dangerous goods, call CANUTEC at 1-888-CAN-UTEC (226-8832), 613-996-6666 or *666 on a cellular phone. CANUTEC's emergency response advisors provide immediate advice over the phone about the actions to take and to avoid during a dangerous goods emergency. They can also send technical information to local authorities responsible for responding to emergencies by email or fax during an incident.

In the case of dangerous goods included in Class 1, Explosives included in Class 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4 (except for 1.4S), 1.5 or 1.6, a Natural Resources Canada inspector at 613-995-5555

In the case of dangerous goods included in Class 7, Radioactive Materials, the Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission at 1-844-879-0805.

Refer to the following link to access the Transport Canada Guide for Reporting Dangerous Goods Incidents:

https://tc.canada.ca/sites/default/files/2022-03/guide_for_reporting_dangerous_goods_incidents__2021.pdf

7.9 DOMINION LAND SURVEY SYSTEM (DLS)

Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba

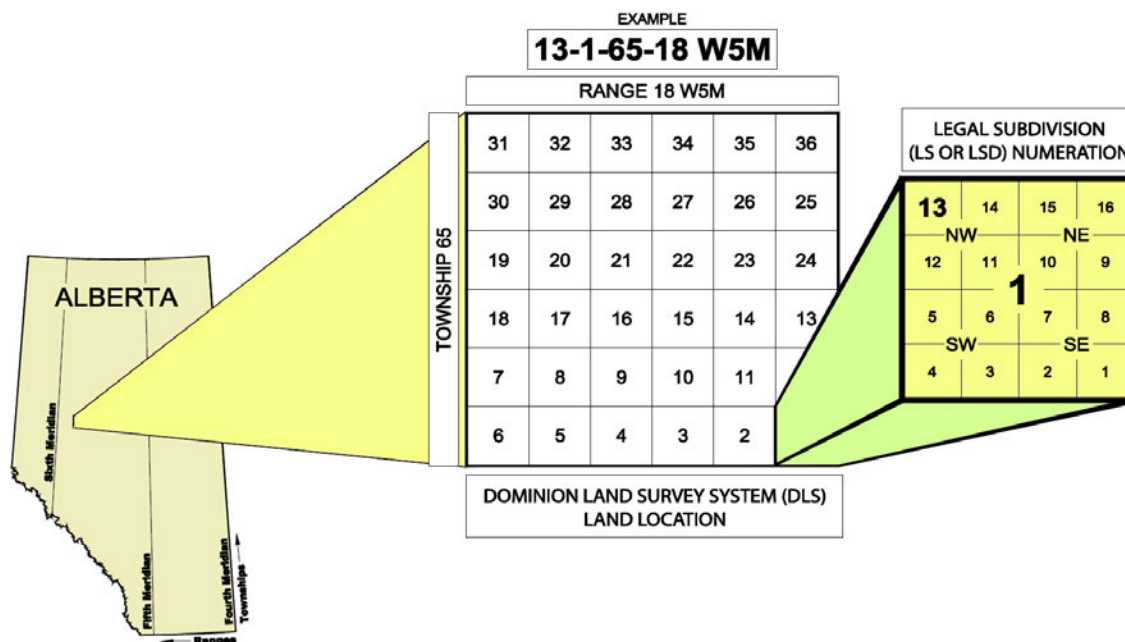
Plains is required to report a release or anticipated release of dangerous goods that are being offered. Any parcel of land can be located by its legal land description. Legal land descriptions are based on the Dominion Land Survey System. The Dominion Land Survey System is a grid network dividing most of Western Canada into equal-sized parcels of land.

Under the Dominion Land Survey System, land is designated as being west of a meridian. Between meridians are six-mile wide columns called Ranges. Ranges are numbered consecutively from east to west starting at Range 1 west of each meridian. Range numbers reset to 1 at each meridian. Townships are six-mile wide rows that intersect ranges and are numbered consecutively from Township 1 at the Montana border to Township 126 at the Northwest Territories border.

The term township also describes the six by six square mile formed by the intersection of ranges and townships. Townships are divided into 36 sections, each section measuring one by one mile. Sections can then be divided into quarters (NE, NW, SE, SW) or into 16 legal subdivisions (LSD or LS) as indicated.

7.9 DOMINION LAND SURVEY SYSTEM (DLS), CONTINUED

The legal description of the section highlighted in the diagram would be written as follows:



Legal Land Description

	LSD or LS	Section	Township	Range	Meridian
Example	13	01	065	18	West of the 5th

Definitions

Section: is a piece of land that measures one mile by one mile

Quarter: is a quarter section

Township: is a block of 36 sections, measuring six miles by six miles

Meridian: is a north-south line used as a reference point. The primary meridian is west of Winnipeg and is the basis for the land surveying throughout the Prairies

7.10 CONCESSIONS AND LOTS

Ontario

Most of southern Ontario employs a survey system based on counties, townships, concessions, and farm lots. A county is grouped together by several named townships of unequal size and shape. Each township was divided into strips called concessions. Think piano keys. The concessions were further divided into 100, 200, or 300-acre lots. The names of these concessions with their township and the lot numbers are all part of the legal description of the property.

Most concessions are named with a simple number like 1, 2, 3 (often shown as Roman numerals) or letter like A, B, C. But many townships, perhaps most townships, have several concessions with unique designations. For example, Lot 7, Concession 5, Sandwich. In the example Sandwich represents a township.

SECTION 8

GOVERNMENT AGENCIES AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES

Section Last Revised: October 3, 2024

© Jensen Hughes 2024

8.1 Incident, Spill and Release Reporting Requirements

8.2 Government Involvement

8.2.1 General Communication Expectations

8.3 Government Notification Matrix

8.4 Local Section

8.4.1 Emergency Services

8.4.2 Local Authorities

8.5 Provincial Section

8.6 Federal Section

8.6.1 Federal Agency Notifications

8.6.2 Federal Government Roles

8.6.2.1 Federal Regulatory Agency

8.6.2.2 Transportation Safety Board of Canada (TSB)

8.6.2.3 Canadian Environmental Protection Act (E2)

8.6.2.4 Environment & Climate Change Canada (ECCC)

8.6.2.5 Canadian Department of Fisheries & Oceans (DFO)

8.6.2.6 NAV Canada

8.6.2.7 Health Canada

8.6.2.8 Public Health Agency of Canada

8.6.2.9 Indigenous Services Canada, Regional Operations and First Nations and Inuit Health Branch

8.6.2.10 Indian Oil & Gas Canada (IOGC)

8.6.2.11 Transport Canada

8.6.2.12 Public Safety Canada

8.6.2.13 Royal Canadian Mounted Police (RCMP)

8.7 Mutual Aid

8.1 INCIDENT, SPILL AND RELEASE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Alberta Reporting Requirements

Alberta Energy Regulator (AER) Reporting Requirements
<p>What should be reported?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any substance release that may cause, is causing, or has caused an adverse effect* Any water, oil, or unrefined product release of more than 2 m3 on lease Any substance (refined or unrefined) released off lease Any substance release into a waterbody/ watercourse / ground water / surface water Any release that has caused, is causing or may cause an adverse effect Any pipeline hits, releases or pipeline breaks (including during pressure testing) Any uncontrolled gas release of more than 30 000 m3 Any well flowing uncontrolled Any fire caused by a flare or incinerator Any fire causing a loss of more than 2 m3 of oil or 30 000 m3 of gas, or causing damage to a wellhead Any fire that occurs on an oil sands site that results in the deployment of major fire-fighting equipment
<p>Minimum information to include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The location and time of the release A description of the circumstances leading up to the release The type and quantity of the substance released Details of any actions taken and proposed to be taken at the release site to contain, recover, and remediate the release A description of the current release or discovery of contamination A description of the release location and the immediate surrounding area The AER authorizations number(s) if available <p><i>*Adverse effect is defined as "impairment of or damage to the environment, human health, or safety or property." Adverse effect may be determined by any number of factors, including the following: the chemical and physical characteristics of substance released, the receiving media, the location of the release, and the risk to the environment. The onus is on the person who causes, permits, or has control of the release to determine whether there is a potential adverse effect.</i></p>
Alberta Environment and Protected Areas (EPA) Reporting Requirements
<p>What should be reported?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Releases of refined product, e.g., diesel, gasoline, sulphur and solvents if: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The release meets or exceeds reporting thresholds listed in the table in Section 8.2 TDG Regulations. Any quantity is released into a water course, groundwater or surface water, even if the release does not meet or exceed reporting thresholds. Any quantity of a substance listed as toxic, prohibited or restricted in the Canadian Environmental Protection Act is released. When an EPA /AER-approved facility exceeds an approval condition or when flaring has occurred that has the potential to cause an adverse effect. Contravention of EPA approvals. Odours/fugitive emissions from refined products in EPA/AER-approved facilities. Any spill, release or emergency that may cause, is causing or has caused an adverse effect to the environment must be immediately reported.

8.1 INCIDENT, SPILL AND RELEASE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS, CONTINUED

Alberta Environment and Protected Areas (EPA) Reporting Requirements, continued

When and How to Report

Immediately report verbally to the AER Energy and Environmental Emergency 24-Hour Response Line (1-800-222-6514). The reports will be disseminated to the appropriate regulatory body (e.g., AER or EPA) based on the activity, location, and extent of the release. The following information is required when reporting a release to the response line:

1. The name of the person responsible, if known
2. The AER authorization number, if applicable
3. The type and quantity of substance released
4. The location (legal land description) and time of the release
5. A description of the release location and immediate surrounding area
6. A description of any actions proposed or taken at the release site to contain, recover, or remediate the release
7. A description of the circumstances leading up to the release, if known
 - The AER Release Report Form is used for a release of an unrefined or refined substance that may cause or will cause an adverse effect. Provide the Release Report to the applicable AER Field Centre within seven days of the incident.
 - If reporting emergencies from outside Alberta, please call 780-422-4505.

Adverse Effect - is defined by the Environmental Protection and Enhancement Act as "impairment of or damage to the environment, human health or safety, or property."

For the purpose of reporting, the industry shall use the following guidelines to assess whether the release may cause, is causing or has caused an adverse effect:

- Any third party impact (off-lease), e.g., crop damage, vegetation damage and livestock impact.
- Unrecovered spilled substance likely to contaminate surface or groundwater.
- Contaminated groundwater and/or surface water.
- Release or spill has potential for offsite odour complaints.
- Toxic or flammable release to air going offsite.

8.1 INCIDENT, SPILL AND RELEASE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS, CONTINUED

Chemical Class	(TDG) Road, Rail or Marine Amount	(TDG) Loss or Theft Amount	Alberta (AER) Reporting Requirements
Class 1 Explosives	Any quantity of Packing Group II	Any quantity in Class 1.1, 1.2, and 1.3 Total quantity of 450 kg or more in Class 1.4 (except 1.4S), 1.5, or 1.6	All releases which could pose a danger, or 50 kg
Class 2.1 Flammable Gases	Any quantity	Total quantity of 450 kg or more	All releases which could pose a danger, or any sustained release of 10 minutes or more
Class 2.2 Non-Flammable Gases		No TDG Reporting Requirements	30,000 m ³
Class 2.3 Toxic Gases (poisonous or corrosive)		Any quantity	All releases which could pose a danger, or any sustained release of 10 minutes or more
Class 3 Flammable liquids	Any quantity of Packing Group I or II More than 30 L or 30 kg of Packing Group III	Total quantity of 450 kg or more of desensitized explosives Any quantity of UN1261, Nitromethane	<p>> 2m³ on-site > 200 L on land</p> <p>Any release off-site (Report to AER and notify landowner)</p> <p>Any release that has caused, is causing, or may cause an adverse effect</p> <p>Any release into a water body, or a watercourse, groundwater, or surface water</p>
Class 4.1 Flammable solids		Total quantity of 450 kg or more of desensitized explosives Any quantity of UN1357, Urea Nitrate, with not less than 20% water, by mass; UN3370, Urea Nitrate, Wetted, with not less than 10% water by mass	
Class 4.2 Spontaneously Combustible		Total quantity of 450 kg or more in Packing Groups I or II	
Class 4.3 Dangerous when wet		Total quantity of 450 kg or more in Packing Groups I or II	

8.1 INCIDENT, SPILL AND RELEASE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS, CONTINUED

Chemical Class	(TDG) Road, Rail or Marine Amount	(TDG) Loss or Theft Amount	Alberta (AER) Reporting Requirements
Class 5.1 Oxidizing substances		<p>Total quantity of 450 kg or more in Packing Groups I or II</p> <p>Any quantity of UN1485, Potassium Chlorate; UN1486, Potassium Nitrate; UN 1487, Potassium Nitrate and Sodium Nitrate Mixture; UN1489, Potassium Perchlorate; UN1495, Sodium Chlorate; UN1498, Sodium Nitrate; UN1499 Sodium Nitrate and Potassium Nitrate Mixture; UN1511, Urea Hydrogen Peroxide; UN1942 Ammonia Nitrate, with not more than 0.2% combustible substances, including any organic substance calculated as carbon, to the exclusion of any other added substances; UN2014 Hydrogen Peroxide, Aqueous Solution with not less than 20% but not less than 60% hydrogen peroxide (stabilized as necessary); UN2015, Hydrogen Peroxide, Stabilized; UN2031, Nitric Acid, other than red fuming; UN3149, Hydrogen Peroxide and Peroxyacetic Acid Mixture with acid(s), water and not more than 5% peroxyacetic acid, stabilized</p>	<p>> 2m³ on-site > 50 kg or 50 L on land Any release off-site (Report to AER and notify landowner) Any release that has caused, is causing, or may cause an adverse effect Any release into a water body, or a watercourse, groundwater, or surface water</p>
Class 5.2 Organic peroxides		Any quantity in Class 5.2, Type B, liquid or solid, temperature controlled	1 kg or 1 L
Class 6.1 Toxic substances		Any quantity of Packing Group I	<p>> 2m³ on-site > 5kg or 5 L on lan Any release off-site (Report to AER and notify landowner) Any release that has caused, is causing, or may cause an adverse effect Any release into a water body, or a watercourse, groundwater, or surface water</p>
Class 6.2 Infectious substances	Any quantity of Category A or B	Any quantity	All releases

8.1 INCIDENT, SPILL AND RELEASE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS, CONTINUED

Chemical Class	(TDG) Road, Rail or Marine Amount	(TDG) Loss or Theft Amount	Alberta (AER) Reporting Requirements
Class 7 Radioactive materials	<p>For packages being transported under exclusive use: (i) 10 mSv/h on the external surface (ii) 2 mSv/h on the surface of the conveyance, and (iii) 0.1 mSv/h at a distance of 2 m from the surface</p> <p>For packages not being transported under exclusive use:</p> <p>(i) 2 mSv/h on the external surface (ii) 0.1 mSv/h at a distance of 1m from the package, (iii) 2 mSv/h on the surface of the conveyance, and (iv) 0.1 mSv/h at a distance of 2m from the surface of the conveyance.</p>	Any quantity	Discharge or radiation level exceeding 10 mSv/h at package surface & 200 μ Sv/h, 1 m from the package surface
Class 8 Corrosives	<p>Any quantity of Packing Group I or II</p> <p>30 L or 30 kg of Packing Group III</p>	<p>Total quantity of 450 kg or more in Packing Group I or II</p> <p>Any quantity of UN1796, Nitrating Acid Mixture with more than 50% nitric acid; UN1826, Nitrating Acid Mixture, Spent, with more than 50% nitric acid; UN2032, Nitric Acid, Red Fuming</p>	<p>> 2 m³ on-site</p> <p>> 50 kg or 50 L on land</p> <p>Any release off-site (Report to local AER office and notify landowner)</p> <p>Any release that has caused, is causing, or may cause an adverse effect</p> <p>Any release into a water body, or a watercourse, groundwater, or surface water</p>
Class 9 Miscellaneous products, substances or organisms	<p>25 kilograms or 25 litres</p> <p>30 L or 30 kg of Packing Group II or III, or without Packing Group</p>	No TDG Reporting Requirements	25 kg or 25 L

8.1 INCIDENT, SPILL AND RELEASE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS, CONTINUED

Saskatchewan Reporting Requirements

Saskatchewan Ministry of Energy and Resources (ER) Reporting Requirements
<p>What should be reported?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Any off-lease spills of upstream petroleum product, including spills during transport. 2. Contact damage to a flowline or pipeline that does not result in a break or leak. 3. Any on-lease release of oil, condensate, emulsion or salt water that is less than 10.0 m³ or 10,000 L. 4. Pipeline or flowline failure(s) including those with no loss of fluids.
<p>When and how to report?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Immediately notify the Ministry's Emergency Support line at 1-844-764-3637. • Complete an Initial Incident Notification in Integrate Resource Information System (IRIS) within five business days. • Complete a Detailed Incident Report in IRIS within 90 days of the submission of the initial incident report <p>Note: <i>Contact damage to a pipeline or flowline that does not result in a break and any on-lease releases of petroleum products that is less than 10.0 m³ requires notification using IRIS only.</i></p>
Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment Reporting Requirements
<p>What should be reported?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any spill, release or emergency that may harm the environment or pose a risk to public health or safety. • All spills of refined products that exceed the reporting limits in The Environmental Spill Control Regulations (refer to the Appendix, Spills to be reported if Amounts Equal or Exceed Table. There are 118 products, materials, and substances on this list.) • All spills of refined products that enter a main watercourse or navigable water body. • All spills of refined products that occur while under transport. • Any quantity of a chemical released into a watercourse, groundwater or surface water.
<p>When and how to report?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Immediately report to Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment Spill Report Line at 1-800-667-7525. • Provide a written report to Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment within 7 days. [Canadian Environmental • Protection Act Section 201 requires a written report within 30 days.] <p>Note:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <i>Written report can be submitted through the Environment Application Portal service.</i>
Saskatchewan Water Security Agency (WSA) Reporting Requirements
<p>What should be reported?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any release that affects, or may affect waterbodies, raw water supplies or potable water sources.
<p>When and how to report?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Immediately report to WSA Spill Report Line at 1-844-536-9494.

8.1 INCIDENT, SPILL AND RELEASE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS, CONTINUED

Chemical Class	Substance / Example	(TDG) Road, Rail or Marine Amount	(TDG) Loss or Theft Amount	Saskatchewan Enviro / ER Reporting Requirements	
				On-Site	Off-Site
Class 1 Explosives	Ammunition Nitro-glycerine	Any quantity of Packing Group II	Any quantity in Class 1.1, 1.2, and 1.3 Total quantity of 450 kg or more in Class 1.4 (except 1.4S), 1.5, or 1.6	All releases which could pose a danger or 50 kg	
Class 2.1 Flammable Gases	H ₂ S	Any quantity	Total quantity of 450 kg or more	Any Volume, 1000 ppm or 1 mole/Kmole or the released volume poses a danger	
	Any Volume, 1000 ppm or 1 mole/Kmole or the released volume poses a danger			All releases which could pose a danger, 50 kg, or any sustained release of 10 minutes or more	
Class 2.2 Non-Flammable Gases	Compressed Air O ₂ N ₂ CO ₂		No TDG Reporting Requirements	All releases which could pose a danger or Compressed Gas: non-Halocarbon containing (including oxygen) – a sustained release of 10 minutes or more Compressed Gas: Halocarbon containing – 100 kg	
Class 2.3 Toxic Gases (poisonous or corrosive)	H ₂ S		-	Any Volume, 1000 ppm or 1 mole/Kmole or the released volume poses a danger	
	SO ₂ Hydrogen Cyanide Nitric Acid Anhydrous Ammonia		Any quantity	Any amount	
Class 3 Flammable liquids	Lube Oil Gasoline Diesel Methanol Demulsifiers Scale Inhibitors	Any quantity of Packing Group I or II More than 30 L or 30 kg of Packing Group III	Total quantity of 450 kg or more of desensitized explosives Any quantity of UN1261, Nitromethane	500 L or any subsurface loss	200 L or any subsurface loss
Class 4.1 Flammable solids	Calcium Resinate Naphthalene Crude	Any quantity of Packing Group I or II More than 30 L or 30 kg of Packing Group III	Total quantity of 450 kg or more of desensitized explosives Any quantity of UN1357, Urea Nitrate, with not less than 20% water, by mass; UN3370, Urea Nitrate, Wetted, with not less than 10% water by mass	100 kg	25 kg
Class 4.2 Spontaneously Combustible	Activated Carbon Potassium Sulphide Phosphorus		Total quantity of 450 kg or more in Packing Groups I or II		
Class 4.3 Packing Groups I or II	Molten Sulphur Calcium Carbide Sodium Activated Carbon				

8.1 INCIDENT, SPILL AND RELEASE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS, CONTINUED

Chemical Class	Substance / Example	(TDG) Road, Rail or Marine Amount	(TDG) Loss or Theft Amount	Saskatchewan Enviro / ER Reporting Requirements	
				On-Site	Off-Site
Class 5.1 Oxidizing substances	Calcium Nitrate Ammonium Nitrate Bleaches	Any quantity of Packing Group I or II More than 30 L or 30 kg of Packing Group III	Total quantity of 450 kg or more in Packing Groups I or II Any quantity of UN1485, Potassium Chlorate; UN1486, Potassium Nitrate; UN 1487, Potassium Nitrate and Sodium Nitrate Mixture; UN1489, Potassium Perchlorate; UN1495, Sodium Chlorate; UN1498, Sodium Nitrate; UN1499 Sodium Nitrate and Potassium Nitrate Mixture; UN1511, Urea Hydrogen Peroxide; UN1942 Ammonia Nitrate, with not more than 0.2% combustible substances, including any organic substance calculated as carbon, to the exclusion of any other added substances; UN2014 Hydrogen Peroxide, Aqueous Solution with not less than 20% but not less than 60% hydrogen peroxide (stabilized as necessary); UN2015, Hydrogen Peroxide, Stabilized; UN2031, Nitric Acid, other than red fuming; UN3149, Hydrogen Peroxide and Peroxyacetic Acid Mixture with acid(s), water and not more than 5% peroxyacetic acid, stabilized	Packing Groups I & II 50 kg or 50 L Packing Group III 100 kg or 100 L	Packing Groups I & II 2.5 kg or 2.5 L Packing Group III 50 kg or 50 L
Class 5.2 Organic peroxides	Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide Succinic Acid Peroxide	Any quantity of Packing Group I or II More than 30 L or 30 kg of Packing Group III	Any quantity of Packing Group I or II More than 30 L or 30 kg of Packing Group III	2.5 kg or 2.5 L	1 kg or 1 L
Class 6.1 Poisonous toxic substances	Arsenic Lead Acetate Mercuric Oxide Methanol Toxic Pesticides	Any quantity of Packing Group I or II More than 30 L or 30 kg of Packing Group III	Any quantity of Packing Group I	Packing Group I 2.5 kg or 2.5 L Packing Groups II & III 10 kg or 10 L	Packing Group I 1 kg or 1 L Packing Groups II & III 5 kg or 5 L
Class 6.2 Infectious substances	Infectious Substances affecting Humans / Animals	Any quantity of Category A or B	Any quantity	All releases	

8.1 INCIDENT, SPILL AND RELEASE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS, CONTINUED

Chemical Class	Substance / Example	(TDG) Road, Rail or Marine Amount	(TDG) Loss or Theft Amount	Saskatchewan Enviro / ER Reporting Requirements	
				On-Site	Off-Site
Class 7 Radioactive Substances	Uranium Plutonium Naturally Occurring Radioactive Materials (N.O.R.M.)	For packages being transported under exclusive use: (i) 10 mSv/h on the external surface (ii) 2 mSv/h on the surface of the conveyance, and (iii) 0.1 mSv/h at a distance of 2 m from the surface For packages not being transported under exclusive use: (i) 2 mSv/h on the external surface (ii) 0.1 mSv/h at a distance of 1m from the package, (iii) 2 mSv/h on the surface of the conveyance, and (iv) 0.1 mSv/h at a distance of 2m from the surface of the conveyance.	Any quantity	As per permit/approval conditions for the operation/facility. Where there is no permit/approval.	Any quantity
Class 8 Corrosives	Acids Bases Batteries Caustic Amine	Any quantity of Packing Group I or II 30 L or 30 kg of Packing Group III	Total quantity of 450 kg or more in Packing Group I or II Any quantity of UN1796, Nitrating Acid Mixture with more than 50% nitric acid; UN1826, Nitrating Acid Mixture, Spent, with more than 50% nitric acid; UN2032, Nitric Acid, Red Fuming	10 kg or 10 L	5 kg or 5 L
Class 9 Miscellaneous Products, Substances & Organisms, Environmentally Hazardous Substances	P.C.B. Asbestos Polystyrene Beads Gas Plant Filters Benzoic Acid Chromic Acetate Cupric Sulphate	30 L or 30 kg of Packing Group II or III, or without Packing Group	No TDG Reporting Requirements	N/A	
Class 9.1 Miscellaneous (except and with PCB mixtures)			No TDG Reporting Requirements	Miscellaneous Except PCB Mixtures 100 kg	Miscellaneous Except PCB Mixtures 100 kg
Class 9.2 Aquatic Toxic 1 kg or 1 L				PCB Mixtures 50 grams net PCB content	
				1 kg or 1 L	

8.1 INCIDENT, SPILL AND RELEASE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS, CONTINUED

Chemical Class	Substance / Example	(TDG) Road, Rail or Marine Amount	(TDG) Loss or Theft Amount	Saskatchewan Enviro / ER Reporting Requirements	
				On-Site	Off-Site
Class 9.3 Wastes (chronic toxic)	Drilling Fluids & Wastes	No TDG Reporting Requirements	No TDG Reporting Requirements	10 kg or 10 L	5 kg or 5 L
				2000 L (Enviro) or Any volume released that is not approved under GL99-01 (ER)	Any quantity
	Frac Wastes			2000 L (Enviro) or Any volume released that is not approved under GL2000-01 (ER)	Any quantity
	Oil By-products			2000 L (Enviro) or Any volume released that is not approved under GK97-02 (ER)	Any quantity
	Industrial Wastes			1000 kg or 1000 L	500 kg or 500 L
Other	Non-Class 3 Plant based oils and fuels	No TDG Reporting Requirements	No TDG Reporting Requirements	500 L	250 L
	Non-Class 3 Petroleum Substances			500 L	200 L
	Sewage			N/A	300 L
	Refined chemicals used in the maintenance, production or operation of a well, facility, pipeline or flowline			500 L 0.5m ³ or 500 L (ER)	Any quantity

8.1 INCIDENT, SPILL AND RELEASE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS, CONTINUED

Other SK incidents subject to notification and reporting applicable to the petroleum industry but do not fit the above table format				
Type	Incident	Substance	Location	Description
General field operations	Fire	All	All	Any fires resulting from the operation of a licensed well, facility pipeline or flowline.
	Release or spill	Naturally Occurring Radioactive Materials (NORM)	All	Any volume
		Oil by-products or oily produced sands	All	Any volume released that is not approved under GL97-02
	Blow-out	All	All	Any uncontrolled release of gases or fluid from a well
	Kicks	All	All	Any controlled diversion of gases or fluid from the well to a flare tank
Pipeline or flowline operation	Contact damage	All	All	Any contact damage to a flowline or pipeline
	Break	All	All	Any break to a flowline or pipeline
	Leak, malfunction of any equipment or a worker error resulting in the escape or release of a substance	Oil, salt water, condensate or other product	Off-Site	Any volume
			On-Site	All releases that are > 2.0 cubic metres (m ³) of fluid
		Gas containing Hydrogen Sulphide (H ₂ S)	All	Any volume at any concentration
		Natural Gas	All	Any volumes where: 1. The released volume exceeds 30,000 m ³ 2. The release is within a road or railway right-of-way 3. The release is within 150 metres of any dwelling
Horizontal directional drilling (pipeline/flowline installation)	Release, spill or fracout	Drilling fluid	All	Any volume
Drilling or fracturing operation		Release or spill	All	Any volume released that is not approved under GL99-01
		Fracturing wastes	All	Any volume released that is not approved under GL2000-01
Well or facility operation	Break, leak, malfunction of any equipment or intentional or unintentional action resulting in an escape or release	Oil, salt water, condensate, oil and gas waste, emulsion or product	On-Site	All volumes > 2 m ³ or 2000 L requires reporting but only volumes > 10 m ³ or 10,000 L require notification
			Off-Site	Any volume
		Refined chemical	On-Site	All volumes > 0.5 m ³ or 500 L
	Escape or release	Gas containing H ₂ S	All	Any volumes where: 1. The concentration of H ₂ S exceeds 0.1% or 1000 ppm or 1.0 mole H ₂ S/kilomole from solids, liquids or gas during production or transportation (truck or transmission via pipeline/flowline) 2. The released volume poses a danger to human health, domestic animals, wildlife or the environment

8.1 INCIDENT, SPILL AND RELEASE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS, CONTINUED

Substance	Hazard Type	On-Site	Off-Site
Emulsion	Environmental	2000 L	Any Amount
Refined chemicals used in or in association with the maintenance, production or operation of a well, facility, pipeline or flowline	Environmental	500 L	Any Amount
Oil, salt water, condensate, oil and gas waste or product	Environmental	2000 L	Any Amount
Hydrogen Sulphide (H ₂ S)	Toxic Gas	1000 ppm or 1 mole/Kmole	1000 ppm or 1 mole/Kmole
Drilling wastes, frac wastes, oil by-products (Oily produced Sands)	Environmental	2000 L	Any Amount
Plant-based oils and fuels (Not Hazard Class 3), (e.g. Canola, sunflower, linseed oils, bio-diesel)	Environmental	500 L	250 L
Glycols (inhibited and uninhibited) (e.g. antifreeze, heat transfer fluids)	Environmental	100 L	50 L
Non-Class 3 Petroleum Substances (e.g. new and used lubricating oils, mineral oils, hydraulic fluids)	Environmental	500 L	200 L
Industrial Wastes	Environmental	1000 Kg or 1000 L	500 Kg or 500 L
Sewage	Environmental	N/A	300 L

8.1 INCIDENT, SPILL AND RELEASE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS, CONTINUED

Manitoba Reporting Requirements

Manitoba Economic Development, Investment and Trade (EDIT)
<p>What should be reported?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A spill that occurs on or spreads to land off the well-site or the site of the oil and gas facility. • A release of an unrefined product. • Any liquid spill greater than 0.5 m³ • Any release or imminent release of a contaminant that may pose a risk to public health or the environment. • Spill - an uncontrolled or unauthorized escape or flow of oil, gas, salt water or other potentially harmful fluid from a well, oil and gas facility or vehicle used to produce, process, store or convey oil and gas.
<p>When and how to report?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Immediately report by calling the Manitoba Economic Development, Investment and Trade (EDIT) – Resource Development (Petroleum) 24 hour emergency number. • Complete a written report and provide to the EDIT within 7 days of the incident.
Manitoba Environment Climate and Parks Reporting Requirements
<p>What should be reported?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any release that enters a main watercourse or navigate water body. • Any release that occurs while under transport. • The volume of product exceeds 100 L. • Manitoba's mandatory reporting of environmental accidents is essentially the same as those reportable quantities regulated and listed by the Federal Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act and the Canadian Environmental Protection Act (with some more stringent variations).
<p>When and how to report?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Immediately report by calling the Manitoba Environment, Climate and Parks 24-hour reporting line for environmental emergencies at 204-944-4888 or 855-944-4888. • Complete a written report and provide to Manitoba Environment, Climate and Parks within 7 days of the incident.

8.1 INCIDENT, SPILL AND RELEASE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS, CONTINUED

Chemical Class		(TDG) Road, Rail or Marine Amount	(TDG) Loss or Theft Amount	Manitoba Environment, Climate and Parks
Other Released Substances:	Hydraulic Oil	No TDG Reporting Requirements		100 L on-site Any release off-site (Report to district office and notify landowner within 12 hours)
	Methanol	See Class 3 & 6.1		
	Natural Gas	See Class 2.1		
	Crude Oil / Emulsion	See Class 3		
	Produced / Salt Water	No TDG Reporting Requirements		
	Condensate	See Class 3		
	Glycol	No TDG Reporting Requirements		
Class 1 Explosives		Any quantity of Packing Group II	Any quantity in Class 1.1, 1.2, and 1.3 Total quantity of 450 kg or more in Class 1.4 (except 1.4S), 1.5, or 1.6	All releases
Class 2.1 Flammable Gases		Any quantity	Total quantity of 450 kg or more	100 L container capacity
Class 2.2 Non– Flammable Gases			No TDG Reporting Requirements	
Class 2.3 Toxic Gases			Any quantity	All
Class 2.4 Corrosive Gases		No TDG Reporting Requirements	No TDG Reporting Requirements	All
Class 3 Flammable liquids		Any quantity of Packing Group I or II More than 30 L or 30 kg of Packing Group III	Total quantity of 450 kg or more of desensitized explosives Any quantity of UN1261, Nitromethane	100 L

8.1 INCIDENT, SPILL AND RELEASE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS, CONTINUED

Chemical Class	(TDG) Road, Rail or Marine Amount	(TDG) Loss or Theft Amount	Manitoba Environment, Climate and Parks
Class 4.1 Flammable solids	Any quantity of Packing Group I or II More than 30 L or 30 kg of Packing Group III	Total quantity of 450 kg or more of desensitized explosives Any quantity of UN1357, Urea Nitrate, with not less than 20% water, by mass; UN3370, Urea Nitrate, Wetted, with not less than 10% water by mass	1 kg
Class 4.2 Spontaneously Combustible		Total quantity of 450 kg or more in Packing Groups I or II	
Class 4.3 Dangerous when wet		Total quantity of 450 kg or more in Packing Groups I or II	
Class 5.1 Oxidizing substances		Total quantity of 450 kg or more in Packing Groups I or II Any quantity of UN1485, Potassium Chlorate; UN1486, Potassium Nitrate; UN 1487, Potassium Nitrate and Sodium Nitrate Mixture; UN1489, Potassium Perchlorate; UN1495, Sodium Chlorate; UN1498, Sodium Nitrate; UN1499 Sodium Nitrate and Potassium Nitrate Mixture; UN1511, Urea Hydrogen Peroxide; UN1942 Ammonia Nitrate, with not more than 0.2% combustible substances, including any organic substance calculated as carbon, to the exclusion of any other added substances; UN2014 Hydrogen Peroxide, Aqueous Solution with not less than 20% but not less than 60% hydrogen peroxide (stabilized as necessary); UN2015, Hydrogen Peroxide, Stabilized; UN2031, Nitric Acid, other than red fuming; UN3149, Hydrogen Peroxide and Peroxyacetic Acid Mixture with acid(s), water and not more than 5% peroxyacetic acid, stabilized	1 kg or 1 L for packaging groups I & II 50 kg or 50 L for packaging group III
Class 5.2 Organic peroxides		Any quantity in Class 5.2, Type B, liquid or solid, temperature controlled	1 kg or 1 L
Class 6.1 Toxic substances		Any quantity of Packing Group I	1 kg or 1 L for packaging group I 5 kg or 5 L for packaging groups II & III

8.1 INCIDENT, SPILL AND RELEASE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS, CONTINUED

Chemical Class	(TDG) Road, Rail or Marine Amount	(TDG) Loss or Theft Amount	Manitoba Environment, Climate and Parks
Class 6.2 Infectious substances	Any quantity of Category A or B	Any quantity	All releases
Class 7 Radioactive materials	For packages being transported under exclusive use: (i) 10 mSv/h on the external surface (ii) 2 mSv/h on the surface of the conveyance, and (iii) 0.1 mSv/h at a distance of 2 m from the surface For packages not being transported under exclusive use: (i) 2 mSv/h on the external surface (ii) 0.1 mSv/h at a distance of 1m from the package, (iii) 2 mSv/h on the surface of the conveyance, and (iv) 0.1 mSv/h at a distance of 2m from the surface of the conveyance.	Any quantity	Any discharge or radiation level exceeding 10 mSv/h at package surface & 200 uSv/h, 1m from the package surface
Class 8 Corrosives	Any quantity of Packing Group I or II 30 L or 30 kg of Packing Group III	Total quantity of 450 kg or more in Packing Group I or II Any quantity of UN1796, Nitrating Acid Mixture with more than 50% nitric acid; UN1826, Nitrating Acid Mixture, Spent, with more than 50% nitric acid; UN2032, Nitric Acid, Red Fuming	5 kg or 5 L
Class 9 Miscellaneous products, substances or organisms, environmentally hazardous substances	25 kilograms or 25 litres 30 L or 30 kg of Packing Group II or III, or without Packing Group	No TDG Reporting Requirements	50 kg (except PCB mixture = 500 grams)
Class 9.1 Miscellaneous (except and with PCB mixtures)			
Class 9.2 Aquatic Toxic			1 kg or 1 L
Class 9.3 Wastes (chronic toxic)			5 kg or 5 L

8.1 INCIDENT, SPILL AND RELEASE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS, CONTINUED

FEDERAL REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Canada Energy Regulator (CER) Reporting Requirements
<p>What should be reported?</p> <p>A company shall immediately notify the CER of any significant incident. A significant incident is any acute event that results in:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A death. • A missing person [as reportable pursuant to the Canada Oil and Gas Drilling and Production Regulations (DPR) under the Canada Oil and Gas Operations Act (COGOA) or the Oil and Gas Operations Act (OGOA)]. • A serious injury (as defined in the Onshore Pipeline Regulations or TSB regulations). • A fire or explosion that causes a pipeline or facility to be inoperative. • A LVP hydrocarbon release in excess of 1.5 m³ that leaves company property or the right-of-way. • A rupture. • A toxic plume as defined in CSA Z662.
Transportation Safety Board (TSB) Reporting Requirements
<p>What should be reported?</p> <p>A company shall immediately notify the TSB as soon as possible after discovery of any significant pipeline occurrence that results in:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A death. • A serious injury (defined in the Onshore Pipeline Regulations or the Transportation Safety Board Regulations). • An unintended or uncontrolled low-vapour pressure (LVP) hydrocarbon release in excess of 1.5 m³ that leaves company property or occurs on or off the right-of-way. • An unintended or uncontrolled sweet natural gas or HVP release > 30,000 m³. • Any unintended or uncontrolled release of sour natural gas or hydrogen sulphide. • A significant adverse effect on the environment (a release of any chemical or physical substance at a concentration or volume sufficient to cause an irreversible, long-term, or continuous change to the ambient environment in a manner that causes harm to human life, wildlife, or vegetation) • A rupture: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An instantaneous release that immediately impacts the operation of a pipeline segment such that the pressure of the segment cannot be maintained. • A toxic plume: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a band of service fluid or other contaminant (e.g., hydrogen sulfide or smoke) resulting from an occurrence that causes people, including employees, to take protective measures (e.g. muster, shelter-in-place or evacuation) <p>(Source: https://apps.cer-rec.gc.ca/ers)</p> <p>(Source: http://www.tsb.gc.ca/eng/incidents-occurrence/pipeline/index.html)</p>
When and How to Report a Significant Incident or Significant Pipeline Occurrence
<p>Immediately contact the Transportation Safety Board's 24-hour hotline at 819-997-7887.</p> <p>Also, complete the CER/TSB Online Event Reporting System (OERS) electronically at: https://apps.cer-rec.gc.ca/ers/home/index</p>
Canada Energy Regulator (CER) Definition of an Incident
<p>An "incident" is defined in section 1 of the OPR as an occurrence that results in:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The death of or serious injury to a person. • A significant adverse effect on the environment. • An unintended fire or explosion. • An unintended or uncontained release of low-vapour pressure (LVP) hydrocarbons in excess of 1.5 m³. • An unintended or uncontrolled release of gas or high-vapour pressure (HVP) hydrocarbons. • The operation of a pipeline beyond its design limits as determined under CSA Z662 or CSA Z276 or any operating limits imposed by the Board. <p>(Source: https://www.cer-rec.gc.ca/bts/ctr/ggnb/rprtnggdlns/index-eng.html)</p>

8.1 INCIDENT, SPILL AND RELEASE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS, CONTINUED

When and How to Report an Incident
<p>When the incident is not significant, complete the CER/TSB Online Event Reporting System (OERS) (https://www.cer-rec.gc.ca/bts/ctrg/gnnb/rprtnggdlns/index-eng.html).</p> <p>If in doubt as to whether the incident is significant or not, proactively and immediately contact the Transportation Safety Board's 24-hour hotline at 819-997-7887.</p>
CER/TSB Online Event Reporting System (OERS)
<p>The CER/TSB Online Event Reporting System (OERS) is intended for use by regulated companies to provide notification to the Canada Energy Regulator (CER) and Transportation Safety Board (TSB) of various events that are defined in regulation including incidents, unauthorized activities, and operations and maintenance activities. Refer to the following link https://apps.cer-rec.gc.ca/ers/home/index.</p>
Reporting Timelines
<p>Section 52 of the OPR requires companies to immediately notify the Board of any incident. Section 3 of the OPR defines Immediately Reportable Events: incidents that harm people or the environment, a rupture, or a toxic plume. The company is required to input the details required by both the TSB and the CER into OERS. The phone notification and the input of information into OERS are required to occur as soon as possible and no later than three hours of the incident being discovered.</p> <p>For all other events that do not meet any of the definitions in the TSB reporting requirements, companies are not required to phone the TSB Reporting Hotline but must report the event as soon as possible and no later than twenty-four hours after the event was discovered.</p> <p>Section 52 of the OPR also requires the submission of a Preliminary Incident Report (PIR) and a Detailed Incident Report (DIR) "as soon as is practicable". Generally, companies' initial notification of an incident will satisfy the PIR requirements. The information required for a DIR must be submitted within 12 weeks of reporting an incident. For complex incidents, companies may request an extension for submission of a DIR.</p>
Additional Reporting
<p>During any level of emergency a company will also:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Refer to the appropriate provincial Notification Matrix to determine what provincial government agencies need to be notified. • Notify the provincial oil and gas regulator. The CER has Memorandums of Understandings with some provincial oil and gas regulators. As required, the provincial oil and gas regulator may provide response resources (manpower and equipment) from their field centres/offices to support the CER. • Refer to the appropriate provincial Incident, Spill, and Release Reporting Requirements for any provincial/territory or Canadian Environmental Protection Act spill and release reporting requirements.
Serious Injury
<p>A serious injury includes an injury that results in:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A fracture of any bone, except simple fractures of fingers, toes or the nose. • Lacerations that cause severe hemorrhage or nerve, muscle or tendon damage. • An injury to an internal organ. • Second or third degree burns, or any burns affecting more than 5% of the body surface. • A verified exposure to infectious substances or injurious radiation. • An injury that is likely to require hospitalization. <p>(Source: https://laws-lois.justice.gc.ca/eng/regulations/SOR-2014-37/FullText.html)</p>

8.1 INCIDENT, SPILL AND RELEASE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS, CONTINUED

Canadian Environmental Protection Act (E2) Reporting Requirements
<p>These reporting requirements are set out by Environment Canada; however, notification and reporting of emergencies is through provincial and territorial authorities. Refer to the following link for list of all provincial and territorial authorities: (https://www.canada.ca/en/environment-climate-change/services/environmentalemergencies-program/contacts-province.html)</p>
<p>When an environmental emergency (i.e. a spill of a hazardous substance) occurs that involves a listed substance (as per Schedule 1 – List of Substances http://gazette.gc.ca/rp-pr/p2/2019/2019-03-06/html/sor-dors51-eng.html) at a fixed facility, any person who owns or has the charge, management or control of a substance or causes or contributes to the environmental emergency must take a number of actions as soon as possible.</p>
<p>These include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Calling the 24-hour telephone services in the respective province or territory where the release occurs • Taking all measures to respond to the environmental emergency and reduce any impacts on the environment or human health • Making a reasonable effort to contact any member of the public who may be affected by the environmental emergency • Submitting a written report through ECCC's Single Window Interface: https://ec.ss.ec.gc.ca

Transport Canada Reporting Requirements - If a spill or anticipated spill occurs during the transportation or handling of a Transportation of Dangerous Goods regulated products where the volume exceeds those specified at <https://www.tc.gc.ca/eng/canutec/emergencies-reporting-411.htm>, the spill must be immediately reported to the local police and the provincial or territorial authority. Refer to the following link for a list of all provincial and territorial authorities: (https://www.tc.gc.ca/eng/canutec/emergenciesreporting-411.htm#_How_to_make).

Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada (DFO) Reporting Requirements - If there is a release into a water body of any substance hazardous to fish, contact DFO Central and Arctic Region (only if fish bearing water body) at 204-983-5000. In most cases where the release enters a waterbody, the provincial regulator will notify DFO.

8.2 GOVERNMENT INVOLVEMENT

Government agencies will contribute valuable support to Plains during an emergency by providing advice, resources and local information. The extent of the regulatory agencies and other government support will vary depending on the severity of the incident and jurisdiction. In the event of criminal activities or incident in an office setting, support and response coordination may be taken over by local authorities.

While there are procedures and responsibilities that are specific to each provincial and federal regulatory body, there are common government agency tasks that occur regardless of location:

- Respond to and assess the incident.
- Determine the appropriate agency responses to the incident.
- Ensure the lead agency has been notified.
- Activate any agency-specific municipal emergency plans (MEP).
- Activate agency-specific incident facilities (Ex. ICP, MEOC, etc.), if required.
- Activate field staff as needed.
- Activate the emergency public warning system to alert people to life threatening hazards, as required.
- Deploy representatives to Provincial Operations Centre (POC) if activated and/or required.
- Deploy personnel to the Incident Command Post (ICP) and/or Emergency Operations Centre (EOC) if requested and/or appropriate with all appropriate equipment as needed.
 - As appropriate, may be a member of unified command.
 - Fulfill a role within the Incident Management Team, as necessary.
- If necessary, declare a local State of Emergency.
- If the hazard area extends beyond the Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ), the county will coordinate evacuation of the public as well as reception centre establishment and maintenance with the industrial operator.
- Cooperate with other agencies to increase support to the response.
- Participate in any public-at-large communication, as applicable.
- Coordinate news releases with the licensee, if required.
- Inform Emergency Management & Fire Safety and the public when the emergency is over.

8.2.1 General Communication Expectations

To ensure all responders – company and government - are able to effectively coordinate actions it is critical for communication to be clear, concise, and timely. Initial notifications to first responders (911) and the lead regulatory body must occur immediately once the incident has been verified. Additional notifications to other lead agencies, supporting agencies and local authorities must be made once the ERP has been activated and additional incident details identified. Required emergency government agency notifications are outlined within each respective provincial government matrix.

The lead regulatory body will be responsible for the industry regulation and oversight; this will be dependent on the location and type of incident, as well as the company asset impacted. The lead and supporting agencies may be engaged by the lead regulatory agency; however, it is Plains policy to make all additional notifications to ensure that the appropriate agencies have been contacted. All federal and/or provincial requirements, agencies, roles and responsibilities, applicable to the ERP are further outlined within the respective subsections in this section.

8.3 GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION MATRIX

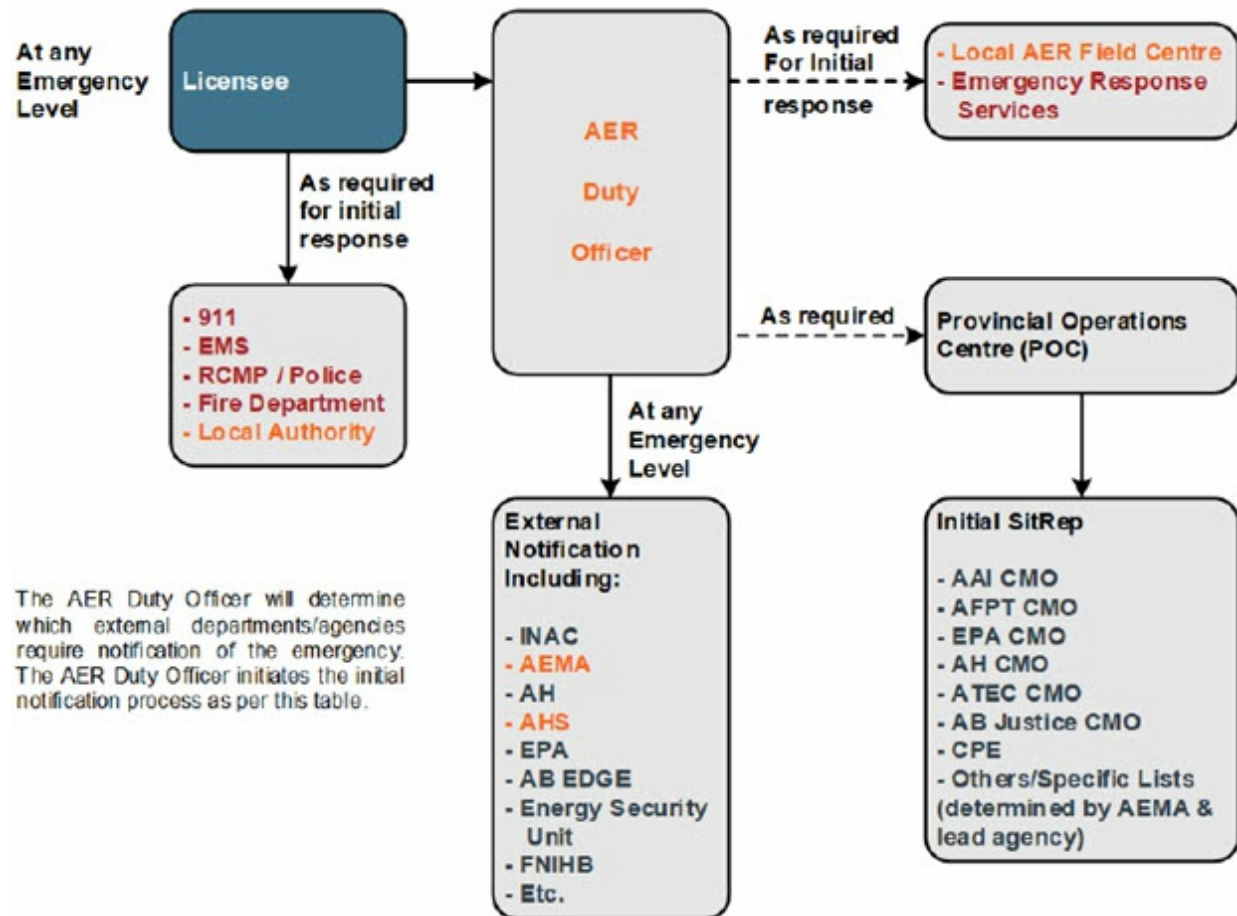
Alberta Government Notification Matrix

Notification Matrix - Alberta																				
Agencies or Resource Incident Type		Initial Responders		Lead Agencies						Support Agencies & Other Government Contacts										
		Ambulance Services	Local Fire Department	RCMP - Royal Canadian Mounted Police 1	AER - Alberta Energy Regulator 2	Local Authorities 3	AHS - Alberta Health Services	AEMA - Alberta Emergency Management Agency 4	CER - Canada Energy Regulator 5	OHS - Occupational Health & Safety 6	ABSA - Alberta Boilers Safety Association	Alberta Safety Services Electrical Branch	Alberta Transportation EDGE	Workers' Compensation Board	ECCC - Environment & Climate Change Canada	CANUTEC	Emergency Response Assistance Canada	DFO - Department of Fisheries and Oceans	IOGC - Indian Oil & Gas Canada	
Sour Gas / HVP Release (Uncontrolled)			a	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	c			d	e	f				j	
Chlorine Gas Release			a	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	c			d	e	f	g			j	
Sweet Combustible Gas Release			a	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	c			d	e					j	
Spill / Transportation Incident (Unrefined Products)**			a	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	c		✓	e	f	g	h	i	j		
Spill / Rail or Trucking Incident (Refined Products)**			a	✓	✓	✓	✓	b	✓	✓	c		✓	e	f	g	h	i	j	
Serious Injury or Death (Including Vehicle Accidents)		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓						
Missing Person				✓					✓											
Fire / Explosion / B.L.E.V.E.		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	c	✓		d	e			h		j	
Pressure Vessel or Piping Incident				✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	c	✓			e	f					
Electrical Incident				✓	✓					c		✓		e						
Motor Vehicle Accident (No Injuries)				✓																
Security Incident				✓	✓				✓	c										
On-Site Incident Involving E2 Regulated Substance			a	✓	✓			b		c					f			i	j	
✓ Compulsory contact		* CER is a compulsory contact only for emergencies and near-misses involving CER regulated sites and inter-provincial pipelines. ** Refer to the Alberta Petroleum Industry Release Reporting Requirements chart included in the ERP.																		

- a) Contact the local fire department if there is potential for secondary fires resulting from the ignition of spilled liquids or escaping gases.
- b) Contact Alberta Health Services (AHS) if the incident has the potential to impact public health (e.g., contaminated drinking water).
- c) Contact Occupational Health & Safety and report when: an injury or accident results in death; an injury results in a worker being admitted to a hospital; a potentially serious incident (PSI) where a reasonable and informed person would determine that under slightly different circumstances, there would be a high likelihood for a serious injury to a person; there is an unplanned or uncontrolled explosion, fire or flood that causes a serious injury or that has the potential to cause a serious injury; there is a collapse or upset of a crane derrick or hoist or; there is a collapse or failure of any component of a building or structure necessary for its structural integrity.
- d) Alberta Transportation EDGE (Environmental and Dangerous Goods Emergencies) is the first call for all transportation related spills/incidents. If spill is contained on-site, Alberta Transportation will contact the AER. If the spill moves off-site or into a waterbody, Alberta Transportation will contact Alberta Environment and Parks (AEP) and/or Environment & Climate Change Canada (ECCC). Contact Alberta Transportation or the RCMP if an oil & gas emergency affects a highway designated by 1, 2, or 3 digits (e.g., Hwy 2, Hwy 47, Hwy 837). Alberta Transportation and RCMP have the authority to shut down highways.
- e) Contact the Workers' Compensation Board within 72 hours of being notified of an injury/illness that results in or will likely result in: Lost time or the need to temporarily or permanently modify work beyond the date of accident, death or permanent disability, a disabling or potentially disabling condition caused by occupational exposure or activity, the need for medical treatment beyond first aid, or medical aid expenses.
- f) ECCC will be notified by AER as required for incidents involving regulated substances at E2 registered facilities, incidents involving PCBs or any spills on first nations lands, in National Parks, into river or lake systems containing fish, or onto railway right-of-way.
- g) Contact the Canadian Transport Emergency Centre (CANUTEC) when a highway is shut down, there is an injury or fatality, there is lost, stolen or unlawfully interfered with dangerous goods (except Class 9), the incident involves infectious substances, there is an accidental release from a cylinder that has suffered a catastrophic failure, where the shipping documents display CANUTEC's telephone number, where a railway vehicle, ship, aircraft aerodrome or an air cargo facility is involved, when a facility is closed, evacuation/shelter-in-place procedures take place as a result of the transportation of dangerous goods, containment has been damaged and integrity compromised, or the centre/stub sill of a tank car is broken or there is a crack in the metal $\geq 15\text{cm}(6")$. CANUTEC can also provide guidance on handling procedures for toxic material releases.
- h) Emergency Response Assistance Canada will only respond to incidents that involve the following UN numbers: 1075 (Propane, Butane, etc.) and 1010 (Butadiene); with a tank storage capacity of 450 litres or greater. Advisory assistance will be provided to incidents involving tank storage capacities less than 450 litres.
- i) Contact the Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada to report an oil spill that occurs in or around fresh and marine waters.
- j) Indian Oil & Gas (IOGC), the First Nation and the provincial authority must be notified immediately in the event of any health or environment-threatening emergency or off-lease spills on First Nation reserve lands. On-lease spills greater than 1m³ must be reported to IOGC immediately.
- 1 In the event of a fatality, request that the RCMP contact the Medical Examiner. The RCMP must be notified in the case of lost, stolen or misplaced explosives, radioactive materials or infectious substances.
- 2 Alberta Energy Regulator is designated as the lead agency (single window approach) to implement the Gov't of Alberta Emergency Response Support Plan for a Petroleum Industry Incident.
- 3 Local Authorities include: cities, towns, villages, counties, municipal districts, improvement districts, special areas, Métis settlements, and first nations reserves.
- 4 Request that Alberta Emergency Management Agency identify the affected local authorities and implement Emergency Services. The Emergency Management Field Officer may provide assistance in contacting some or all of the local authorities.
- 5 Contact the Canada Energy Regulator (via the Transportation Safety Board of Canada) for emergencies and near-misses involving CER regulated sites and inter-provincial pipelines.
- 6 Occupational Health and Safety - see c) for further details on this agency's role.

8.3 GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION MATRIX, CONTINUED

Alberta Government Incident Reporting Flowchart



8.3 GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION MATRIX, CONTINUED

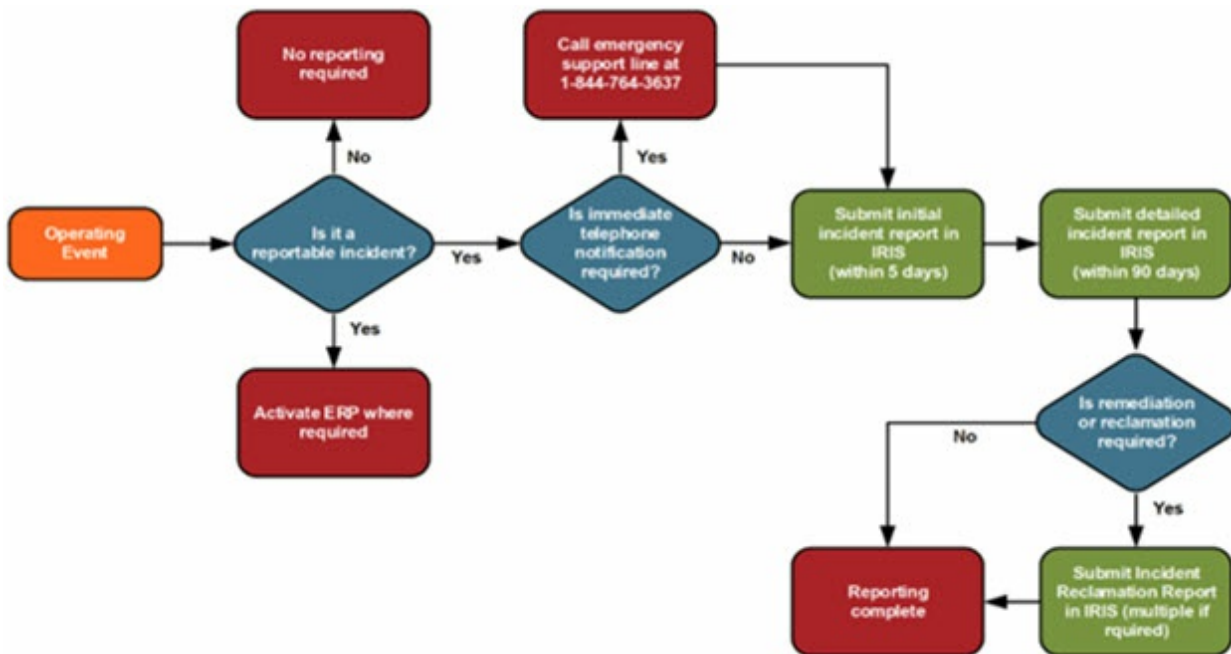
Saskatchewan Government Notification Matrix

Notification Matrix - Saskatchewan														
Incident Type	Initial Responders			Lead Agencies					Support Agencies & Other Government Contacts					
	Ambulance Services	Local Fire Department	RCMP - Royal Canadian Mounted Police ¹	ER - Ministry of Energy and Resources	Local Authorities ²	SPSA - Saskatchewan Public Safety Agency ³	SHA - Saskatchewan Health Authority	Sask Ministry of Environment ⁴	CER - Canada Energy Regulator ⁵	OH&S - Ministry of Labour Relations & Workplace Safety	WCB - Workers Compensation Board ⁶	Sask Ministry of Health - Health Emergency Management	Technical Safety Authority of Saskatchewan	SaskPower - Electrical Safety
Sour Hydrocarbon or HVP Release		a	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	d	✓	e		✓		f
Chlorine Gas Release		a	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	c	d	e		✓		f
Sweet Combustible Gas Release		a	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	d	✓	e		✓		f
Spills / Transportation Incidents (Unrefined Products)**		a	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	d	✓	e		✓		f
Spills / Rail or Trucking Incidents (Refined Products)**		a	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	c	d	✓	e		✓	f
Serious Injury or Death (including Vehicular Accidents)	✓		✓				✓			✓	✓			f
Missing Person			✓						✓					g
Fire / Explosion / B.L.E.V.E.	✓	✓	✓	b	✓	✓		d	✓	e		✓	✓	f
Pressure Vessel or Piping Incident			✓	b			c		✓	e		✓	✓	f
Electrical Incident			✓	b						e				✓
Motor Vehicle Accident (No injuries)			✓											f
Security Incidents			✓	b	✓				✓	✓				
On - Site Incident Involving E2 Regulated Substance		a	✓	✓			c	✓						g
✓ Compulsory contact	<p>^a CER is a compulsory contact only for emergencies and near-misses involving CER regulated sites and inter-provincial pipelines.</p> <p>^{**} Refer to the Canadian Petroleum Industry Release Reporting Requirements chart included in the ERP.</p>													

- a) Contact the local Fire Department if there is potential for secondary fires resulting from the ignition of spilled liquids or escaping gases.
- b) Contact the Ministry of Energy and Resources (ER) to report any incident that requires the operator or licensee to initiate their emergency response plan, for any fire and any blow-out or kick. For all other incidents required to notify ER please refer to the Petroleum Industry Release Reporting Requirements chart included in the ERP.
- c) Contact the Saskatchewan Health Authority if the incident has the potential to impact public health (e.g., contaminated drinking water).
- d) Contact Sask Ministry of Environment if the incident impacts sensitive or natural areas, crown lands, farm lands, forestry lands, wildfire or wet areas / water bodies.
- e) Contact the Ministry of Labour Relations & Workplace Safety - Occupational Health & Safety any "critical incident" - a serious adverse health event including, but not limited to, the actual or potential loss of life, limb or function related to a health service provided by, or a program operated by, Saskatchewan Health Authority (SHA) or health care organization.
- f) Contact the Ministry of Highways and the RCMP if the emergency affects a highway designated by 1, 2, or 3 digits (e.g., Hwy 2, Hwy 47, Hwy 837). The Ministry of Highways and RCMP have the authority to shut down highways.
- g) Contact Transportation Programs & Services when a person is killed or sustains a serious injury as a result of getting on or off or being on board the rolling stock or coming into direct contact with any part of the rolling stock or its contents. The rolling stock or its contents are involved in a collision or derailment, sustain damage that affects the safe operation of the rolling stock, cause or sustain a fire or explosion, or cause damage to the railway that poses a threat to the safe passage of rolling stock or to the safety of any person, property or the environment. There is an accidental release on board or from a rolling stock consisting of a quantity of dangerous goods or an emission of radiation that is greater than the quantity or emission level specified in Part 8 of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations (Canada). An incident where a risk of collision occurs between rolling stock, an unprotected main track or subdivision track switch is left in an abnormal position, a railway signal displays a less restrictive indication than that required for the intended movement of rolling stock, rolling stock occupies a main track or subdivision track, or track work takes place, in contravention of the rules or any regulation or order made under The Railway Act, rolling stock passes a signal indicating stop in contravention of the rules or any regulation or order made under The Railway Act, there is an unplanned and uncontrolled movement of rolling stock, or a crew member whose duties are directly related to the safe operation of the rolling stock is unable to perform their duties as a result of physical incapacitation which poses a threat to the safety of person, property or the environment.
- h) Environment & Climate Change Canada (ECCC) will be notified by Sask Ministry of Environment as required for incidents involving regulated substances at E2 registered facilities, incidents involving PCBs or any spills on first nations lands, in National Parks, into river or lake systems containing fish, or onto railway right-of-way.
- i) Contact the Canadian Transport Emergency Centre (CANUTEC) when a highway is shut down, there is an injury or fatality, there is lost, stolen or unlawfully interfered with dangerous goods (except Class 9), the incident involves infectious substances, there is an accidental release from a cylinder that has suffered a catastrophic failure, where the shipping documents display CANUTEC's telephone number, where a railway vehicle, ship, aircraft aerodrome or an air cargo facility is involved, when a facility is closed, evacuation/shelter-in-place procedures take place as a result of the transportation of dangerous goods, containment has been damaged and integrity compromised, or the centre/stub sill of a tank car is broken or there is a crack in the metal $\geq 15\text{cm}(6")$. CANUTEC can also provide guidance on handling procedures for toxic material releases.
- j) Emergency Response Assistance Canada will only respond to incidents that involve the following UN numbers: 1075 (Propane, Butane, etc.) and 1010 (Butadiene); with a tank storage capacity of 450 litres or greater. Advisory assistance will be provided involving tank storage capacities less than 450 litres.
- k) Contact the Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada to report an oil spill that occurs in or around fresh and marine waters.
- l) Contact the Saskatchewan Water Security Agency for any incident that affect or may affect waterbodies, raw water supplies or potable water sources.
- m) Indian Oil & Gas (IOGC), the First Nation and the provincial authority must be notified immediately in the event of any health or environment-threatening emergency or off-lease spills on First Nation reserve lands. On-lease spills greater than 1m³ must be reported to IOGC immediately.
- ¹ In the event of a fatality, request that the RCMP contact the Medical Examiner. The RCMP must be notified in the case of lost, stolen or misplaced explosives, radioactive materials or infectious substances.
- ² Local Authorities include: cities, towns, villages or rural municipalities, Métis settlements or first nations reserves.
- ³ Contact the Saskatchewan Public Safety Agency (SPSA) only for large scale incidents.
- ⁴ Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment, Environmental Protection, and Spill Reporting.
- ⁵ Contact the Canada Energy Regulator (via the Transportation Safety Board of Canada) for emergencies and near-misses involving CER regulated sites and inter-provincial pipelines.
- ⁶ Contact the WCB within 5 days after the date on which an employer has become aware of an injury that prevents a worker from earning full wages or that necessitates medical aid, or situations where: the accident causes, or may cause the death of a worker, will require hospitalization for 72 hours or more, structural failure or collapse of scaffold, accidental contact with an energized electrical conductor or an uncontrolled spill of a toxic substance.

8.3 GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION MATRIX, CONTINUED

Saskatchewan Government Incident Reporting Flowchart



8.3 GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION MATRIX, CONTINUED

Manitoba Government Notification Matrix

Notification Matrix - Manitoba																		
Agency or Resource Incident Type		Initial Responders			Lead Agencies					Support Agencies & Other Government Contacts								
		Ambulance Services	Local Fire Department	RCMP - Royal Canadian Mounted Police 1	Economic Development, Investment and Trade (EDIT) - Resource Development (Petroleum)	Local Authorities 2	RHA - Regional Health Authority	Manitoba EMO - Emergency Management Organization 3	CER - Canada Energy Regulator 4	Manitoba Workplace Safety & Health	Inspection and Technical Services Manitoba	Manitoba Transportation and Infrastructure	Workers Compensation Board	Manitoba Environment, Climate and Parks 5	ECCC - Environment & Climate Change Canada	CANUTEC	Emergency Response Assistance Canada	DFO - Department of Fisheries and Oceans
Sour Gas / HVP Release (Uncontrolled)			a	✓	b	✓	c	✓	✓		e	f	g	h	i			l
Chlorine Gas Release			a	✓	b	✓	c	✓	✓		e	f	g	h	i			l
Sweet Combustible Gas Release			a	✓	b	✓	c	✓	✓		e	f	g					l
Spills / Transportation Incidents (Unrefined Products)**			a	✓	b	✓	c	✓	✓	d	e	f	g	h	i		k	l
Spills / Rail or Trucking Incidents (Refined Products)**			a	✓		✓	c	✓	✓	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l
Serious Injury or Death (including Vehicle Accidents)		✓		✓					✓	u	e							
Missing Person				✓					✓									
Fire / Explosion / B.L.E.V.E		✓	✓	✓	b	✓	c	✓	✓	d	✓	e	f	g	h		j	l
Pressure Vessel or Piping Incident				✓	b		c		✓	d	✓	e	f					
Electrical Incident				✓	b					d			f					
Motor Vehicle Accident (No injuries)				✓							e							
Security Incidents				✓					✓									
On-Site Incident Involving E2 Regulated Substance			a	✓			c						✓	h			k	l
✓ Compulsory contact		* CER is a compulsory contact only for emergencies and near-misses involving CER regulated sites and inter-provincial pipelines. ** Refer to the Canadian Petroleum Industry Release Reporting Requirements chart included in the ERP.																

EMO Upon receipt of emergency notification, the EMO will then assess and notify the appropriate provincial and federal departments, local authorities & municipalities, Crown corporations, other non government agencies such as critical suppliers, service providers and outside contractors.

- Contact the local Fire Department if there is potential for secondary fires resulting from the ignition of spilled liquids or escaping gases.
- Contact Economic Development, Investment & Trade (EDIT) - Resource Development (Petroleum) for incidents occurring at facilities approved by the department, spills greater than 0.5m3, any spill on land outside of the company's lease, a fire, or a blow-out.
- Contact the Regional Health Authority (RHA) if the incident has the potential to impact public health (e.g., contaminated drinking water).
- Contact the Manitoba Workplace Safety and Health if there is a serious injury requiring medical attention or death as a result of an incident (worker-related issues).
- Contact Manitoba Transportation and Infrastructure or the RCMP if the emergency affects a highway designated by 1, 2, or 3 digits (e.g., Hwy 2, Hwy 47, Hwy 837).
- Manitoba Transportation and Infrastructure and RCMP have the authority to shut down highways.
- Contact the Workers Compensation Board within 5 days of becoming aware of an injury or illness that will result in lost work.
- Contact Manitoba Environment, Climate and Parks if the incident impacts sensitive or natural areas, crown lands, forests, farm lands, wildlife, or wet areas / water bodies.
- Environment & Climate Change Canada (ECCC) will be notified by Manitoba Sustainable Development as required for incidents involving regulated substances at E2 registered facilities, incident impacts sensitive or natural areas, crown lands, farm lands, wildlife, or wet areas / water bodies.
- Contact the Canadian Transport Emergency Centre (CANUTEC) when a highway is shut down, there is an injury or fatality, there is lost, stolen or unlawfully interfered with dangerous goods (except Class 9), the incident involves infectious substances, there is an accidental release from a cylinder that has suffered a catastrophic failure, where the shipping documents display CANUTEC's telephone number, where a railway vehicle, ship, aircraft aerodrome or an air cargo facility is involved, when a facility is closed, evacuation/shelter-in-place procedures take place as a result of the transportation of dangerous goods, containment has been damaged and integrity compromised, or the centre/stub sill of a tank car is broken or there is a crack in the metal $\geq 15\text{cm}(6")$. CANUTEC can also provide guidance on handling procedures for toxic material releases.
- Emergency Response Assistance Canada will only respond to incidents that involve the following UN numbers: 1075 (Propane, Butane, etc.) and 1010 (Butadiene); with a tank storage capacity of 450 litres or greater. Advisory assistance will be provided to incidents involving tank storage capacities less than 450 litres.
- Contact the Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada to report an oil spill that occurs in or around fresh and marine waters.
- Indian Oil & Gas (IOGC), the First Nation and the provincial authority must be notified immediately in the event of any health or environment-threatening emergency or off-lease spills on First Nation reserve lands. On-lease spills greater than 1m3 must be reported to IOGC immediately.

1 In the event of a fatality, request that the RCMP contact the Medical Examiner. The RCMP must be notified in the case of lost, stolen or misplaced explosives, radioactive materials or infectious substances.

2 Local Authorities include: cities, towns, villages, rural municipalities, Métis settlements or First Nations reserves.

3 Notify the Manitoba Emergency Management Organization of any emergency that has resulted, or may result in: death or injury to multiple persons, significant damage to multiple properties, critical infrastructure, the environment, the economy, any emergency which is likely to overwhelm local resources, or any emergency which may require Provincial or Federal assistance.

4 Contact the Canada Energy Regulator (via the Transportation Safety Board of Canada) for emergencies and near-misses involving CER regulated sites and inter-provincial pipelines.

5 Manitoba Environment, Climate and Parks - Environmental Branch, Fire Branch, Forestry Branch, Parks and Natural Areas Branch, Protected Areas Branch, Sustainable Resource Management, Wildlife & Ecosystem Protection Branch.

8.4 LOCAL SECTION

8.4.1 Emergency Services

(Local police, fire, ambulance and 911 call centre)

- Respond to and assess emergency incident.
- Participate in unified command, as appropriate.
- Communicate to municipal Emergency Operations Centre(s) and provide site reps as required.
- Assist with fire protection outside of company property, off-site and / or outside the EPZ where trained personnel are available.
- Provide emergency medical assistance, as required.
- Provide timely news releases, if required.
- RCMP/Local Police are involved with any incidents entailing traffic accidents, road closures, fatalities or criminal activity. The following support will:
 - Assists with isolating and securing the incident site, including traffic and crowd control.
 - Aids with evacuations.
 - Manages the closure of major highways.
 - Maintains law and order.

Note: Professional oilfield fire fighters should manage extensive fires or uncontrolled facility fires.

8.4.2 Local Authorities



Local Authorities

Alberta



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date:	March 30, 2023
Local Authority:	Cypress County
Mailing Address:	816 – 2 nd Avenue, Dunmore, AB T1B 0K3
Main Office Number:	403-526-2888
Fax Number:	403-526-8958
Website:	www.cypress.ab.ca
24 Hour Number:	403-526-2888

EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT CONTACT INFORMATION

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Fire Departments including Medicine Hat, Red Cliff, and Dunmore with approx. 140 volunteers.
- No reception centre list, advised Red Cross handles reception centres for municipality.
- 1 Reeve, 8 Councillors, ongoing ICS training.
- Would not require evacuation assistance, would participate in Unified Command.
- Utilizes local radio, Twitter, Facebook, Twitter, Cypress Courier, and Medicine Hat News.
- Population ± 8,000.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.

Saskatchewan



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 26, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Bratt's Lake No. 129**
Mailing Address: Box 130, Wilcox, SK S0G 5E0
Main Office Number: 306-732-2030
Fax Number: 306-732-4495
Website: www.rmbrattslake.ca
24 Hour Number: 306-537-1680 (Public Works Cell)

EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT CONTACT INFORMATION

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Reception Centre determined at time of incident.
- Limited roadblock equipment available.
- Mutual Agreement with Wilcox Fire District and Roleau Fire District.
- Would not require evacuation assistance.
- Population ± 315.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 25, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Caron No. 162**
Mailing Address: #2 – 1410 Caribou St W Moose Jaw, SK S6H 7S9
Main Office Number: 306-692-2293
Fax Number: 306-692-2193
Website: www.myrm.info/162
24 Hour Number: -

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Reception Centre determined at time of incident; EMO has a list of designated Reception Centres.
- Jeff Beaudry Public Works Foreman 306-631-2916 / Jared Mickelborough Fire Chief 306-630-5947.
- Fire services provided by Caron/Caronport Fire Department.
- Limited roadblock equipment available.
- Evacuation assistance may be required.
- Population ± 576.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 25, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Chaplin No. 164**
Mailing Address: Box 60, Chaplin, SK S0H 0V0
Main Office Number: 306-395-2244
Fax Number: 306-395-2767
Website: -
24 Hour Number: -

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Reception Centre is Chaplin Community Complex.
- Limited roadblock equipment.
- Evacuation assistance may be required.
- Fire protection provided by Chaplin Fire Department.
- Mutual Aid Agreement for Fire Protection with Towns of Herbert and Morse, Villages of Chaplin, Ernfold, Hodgeville, and Rush Lake and the R.M.s of Lawtonia, Morse, and Excelsior.
- Population ± 138.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 26, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Chester No. 125**
Mailing Address: Box 180, Glenavon, SK S0G 1Y0
Main Office Number: 306-429-2110
Fax Number: 306-429-2260
Website: www.myrm.info/125
24 Hour Number: -

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Designated Reception Centre Glenavon Community Hall.
- Fire services provided by Glenavon Volunteer Fire Department.
- May require evacuation assistance.
- Mutual Aid Agreements with Montmartre and Wolseley.
- Limited roadblock equipment available.
- Population ± 360.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 21, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Clinworth No. 230**
Mailing Address: Box 120, Sceptre, SK S0N 2H0
Main Office Number: 306-623-4229
Fax Number: 306-623-4229
Website: -
24 Hour Number: -

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Reception Centre would be the Sceptre Community Hall.
- Fire services provided by Sceptre Volunteer Fire Department which covers Sceptre, RM of Clinworth, Lemsford and Portreeve.
- May require evacuation assistance.
- Population \pm 150.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: March 20, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Deer Forks No. 232**
Mailing Address: Box 250, Burstall, SK S0N 0H0
Main Office Number: 306-679-2000
Fax Number: 306-679-2275
Website: -
24 Hour Number: -

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Limited roadblock equipment available.
- 12 members on Emergency Planning Committee, some have Sask Alert training.
- Municipal roads operated and maintained by the R.M.
- Support to be determined at time of incident.
- Population \pm 200.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: May 8, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Edenwold No. 158**
Mailing Address: 100 Hutchence Road, Emerald Park, SK S4L 1C6
Main Office Number: 306-771-2522
Fax Number: 306-347-2970
Website: www.rmedenwold.ca
24 Hour Number: -

EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT CONTACT INFORMATION

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

R.M. of Edenwold No. 158 Roles & Responsibilities

Page 2

RESOURCES:

- Reception Centre determined at time of incident; rural public works shop would be option.
- Limited roadblock equipment available.
- Mutual Aid Agreement with the White Butte Emergency Committee which includes RM of Edenwold, Towns of Pilot Butte, White City, Balgonie and Village of Edenwold.
- Fire agreements with RM of Edenwold, Towns of Pilot Butte, White City, Balgonie, and Kronau and Village of Edenwold.
- May require evacuation assistance.
- Population ± 4400.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 20, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Excelsior No. 166**
Mailing Address: Box 180, Rush Lake, SK S0H 3S0
Main Office Number: 306-784-3121
Fax Number: 306-784-3479
Website: www.rm166.ca
24 Hour Number: -

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Reception Centre would be determined at time of incident.
- Limited roadblock equipment available.
- R.M. of Excelsior No. 166 has Fire Protection Mutual Aid Agreements with: The City of Swift Current, Towns of Gull Lake, Herbert, Morse, Cabri, Villages of Hodgeville, Neville, Tennant, Stewart Valley, Success, Vanguard, Waldeck, Webb, R.M.s of Whiska Creek, Lac Pelletier, Lawtonia, Coulee, Swift Current, Webb, Gull Lake, Morse, Sask Landing, and Riverside.
- Population ± 806.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 20, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Francis No. 127**
Mailing Address: Box 36, Francis, SK S0G 1V0
Main Office Number: 306-245-3256
Fax Number: 306-245-3203
Website: www.rmoffrancis.ca
24 Hour Number: 306-520-8645 (Shala Kanasevich Cell)

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- RM of Francis does not have a municipal emergency plan.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Operation Centre.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Recommended reception centre is Vibank Centennial Community Centre.
- Fire protection agreements with Villages of Sedley, Vibank, Odessa and the Town of Francis.
- Population ± 674.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 20, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Happyland No. 231**
Mailing Address: Box 339, Leader, SK S0N 1H0
Main Office Number: 306-628-3800
Fax Number: 306-628-4228
Website: www.rmofhappyland.ca
24 Hour Number: -

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Reception Centre would be the Leader Community Hall.
- Roadblock equipment available.
- Fire protection provided by the Leader and District Fire Department.
- Evacuation assistance would not be required.
- Population ± 284.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 20, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Kingsley No. 124**
Mailing Address: Box 239, Kipling, SK S0G 2S0
Main Office Number: 306-736-2272
Fax Number: 306-736-2798
Website: www.myrm.info/124
24 Hour Number: -

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Reception Centre would be determined at time of incident - either Kipling Community Centre or Broadview Community Centre.
- Alternate Contact Gordon Sproat, Reeve 306-736-7912.
- Fire protection provided by Kipling Fire Department.
- Evacuation assistance would not be required.
- Population ± 444.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 26, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Lajord No. 128**
Mailing Address: Box 36, Lajord, SK S0G 2V0
Main Office Number: 306-781-2744
Fax Number: 306-781-1023
Website: www.myrm.info/128
24 Hour Number: -

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Reception Centre would be determined at time of incident – either Kronau Curling Rink or Kronau Memorial Hall.
- EOC location would be RM office.
- Fire Agreement with White Butte Emergency Committee (Towns of Balgonie, White City, Pilot Butte and Village of Edenwold).
- Evacuation assistance not required.
- Population ± 1232.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 20, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Martin No. 122**
Mailing Address: Box 1109, Moosomin, SK S0G 3N0
Main Office Number: 306-435-3113 Ext. 2
Fax Number: 306-435-4313
Website: www.rmofmartin.com
24 Hour Number: -

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Reception Centre to be determined at time of incident.
- Limited roadblock equipment available.
- Would not require evacuation assistance.
- Fire Protection Agreements with the Towns of Wapella and Moosomin and the RM of Rocanville
- Shares same mailing address and office as R.M. of Moosomin No. 121.
- Population ± 319.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date:	April 27, 2023
Local Authority:	R.M. of Miry Creek No. 229
Mailing Address:	Box 210, Abbey, SK S0N 0A0
Main Office Number:	306-689-2281
Fax Number:	306-689-2901
Website:	www.rm229.com
24 Hour Number:	-

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

R.M. of Miry Creek No. 229 Roles & Responsibilities
Page 2

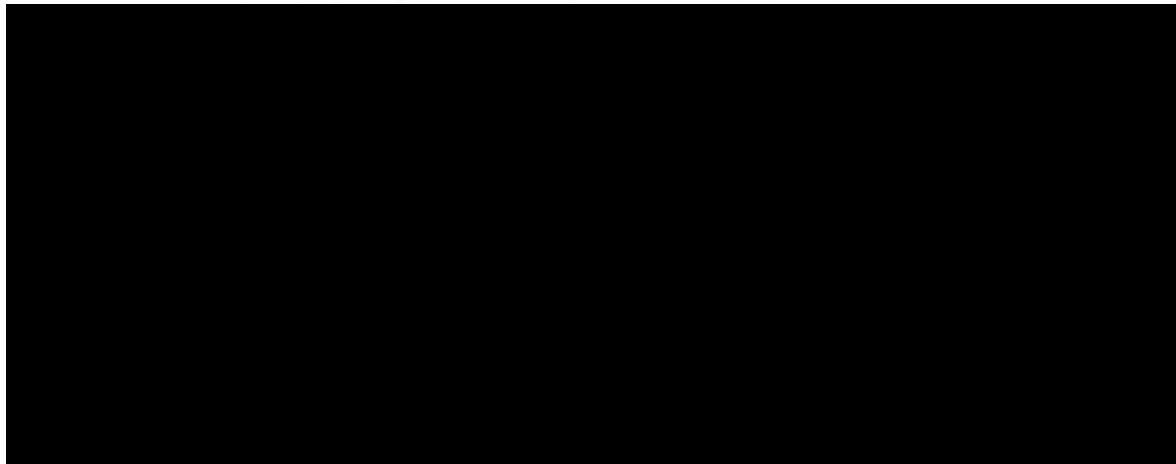
RESOURCES:

- Reception Centre would be determined at time of incident.
- Limited roadblock equipment.
- Fire protection provided by Abbey Volunteer Fire Department.
- Fire Protection Mutual Aid Agreements with RMs of Riverside and Pittville, Villages of Hazlet, and Pennant, and the Town of Cabri.
- Evacuation assistance may be required.
- Population ± 370.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 25, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Montmartre No. 126**
Mailing Address: Box 120, Montmartre, SK S0G 3M0
Main Office Number: 306-424-2040
Fax Number: 306-424-2065
Website: -
24 Hour Number: -



ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

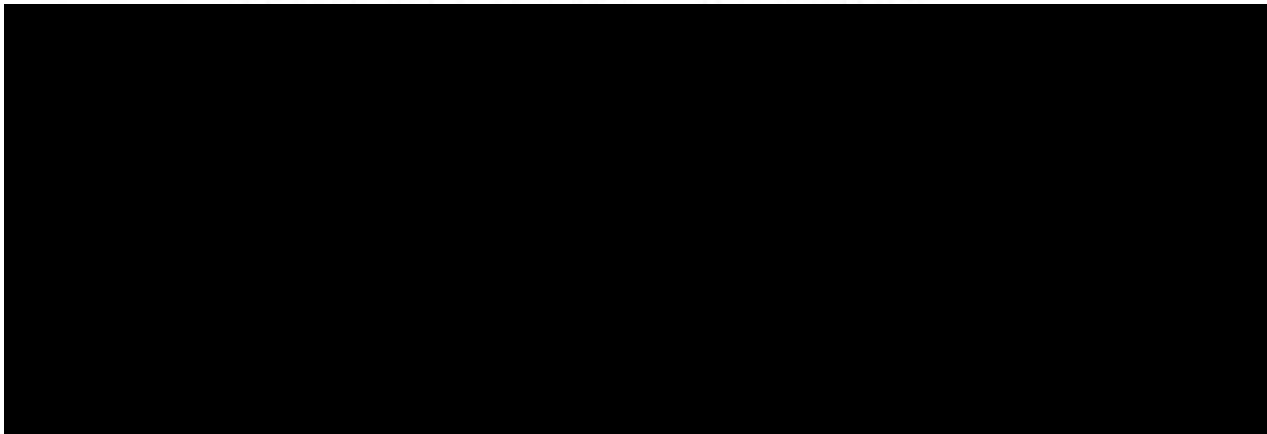
RESOURCES:

- Reception Centre to be determined at time of incident, possibly Montmartre School, which serves as a community hall.
- No designated EOC.
- Limited roadblock equipment available.
- Fire services provided by Montmartre Fire Department.
- Evacuation assistance may be required.
- Population ± 500.
- Prefer paper copy of ERP.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 21, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Moose Jaw No. 161**
Mailing Address: #3, 1410 Caribou Street West, Moose Jaw, SK S6H 7M4
Main Office Number: 306-692-3446
Fax Number: 306-691-0015
Website: www.moosejawrm161.ca
24 Hour Number: -



ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Reception Centre would be the meeting rooms located in RM building.
- Fire protection provided by Moose Jaw Fire Department.
- Limited roadblock equipment available.
- Would not require evacuation assistance .
- Population ± 1163.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 21, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Moosomin No. 121**
Mailing Address: Box 1109, Moosomin, SK S0G 3N0
Main Office Number: 306-435-3113 Ext. 1
Fax Number: 306-435-4313
Website: www.rm121.com
24 Hour Number: -

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

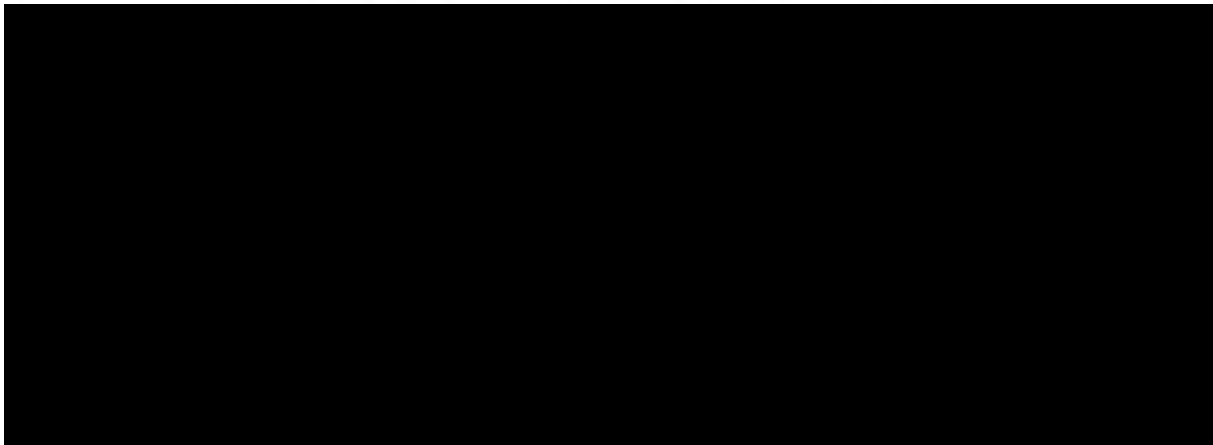
RESOURCES:

- Reception Centre: Moosomin Conexus Centre, Fleming Community Hall, Welwyn Community Rink/Hall.
- Limited roadblock equipment available.
- Evacuation assistance might be required (mobility issues).
- Mutual Aid Agreements for Fire Protection with the RM of Ellice-Archie, Towns of Wapella, Elkhorn, Virden, Oak Lake, Alexander, Whitewood, and Reston. Mutual Aid Emergency Response Aid with other nearby towns depending on the severity of circumstance.
- Shares same mailing address and office as R.M. of Martin No. 122.
- Population ± 603.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 25, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Morse No. 165**
Mailing Address: Box 340, Morse, SK S0H 3C0
Main Office Number: 306-629-3282
Fax Number: 306-629-7831
Website: -
24 Hour Number: -



ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Reception Centre determined at time of incident – might be determined by wind direction.
- Belongs to Mutual Aid for the Mainline Area.
- Fire Protection is dispatched from the Provincial Emergency Communications Centre in Prince Albert, SK.
- Population ± 435.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 24, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Pense No. 160**
Mailing Address: Box 190, Pense, SK S0G 3W0
Main Office Number: 306-345-2303
Fax Number: 306-345-2583
Website: www.pense160.ca
24 Hour Number: -

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Reception Centre would be determined at time of incident.
- Fire protection provided by Pense District Volunteer Fire Department.
- Evacuation assistance may be required for rural residents.
- Population ± 500.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 18, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Riverside No. 168**
Mailing Address: Box 129, Pennant, SK S0N 1X0
Main Office Number: 306-626-3255
Fax Number: 306-626-3661
Website: www.rm168.ca
24 Hour Number: -

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Pennant Community Centre is Reception Centre.
- Roadblock equipment available.
- Fire protection provided by RM of Riverside No. 168 Fire Department.
- Evacuation assistance not required.
- Population ± 477.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 25, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Saskatchewan Landing No. 167**
Mailing Address: Box 40, Stewart Valley, SK S0N 2P0
Main Office Number: 306-778-2105
Fax Number: 306-778-2152
Website: <http://myrm.info/167>
24 Hour Number: -

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Reception Centre would be determined at time of incident.
- Limited roadblock equipment.
- Fire protection provided by Valley Rural Volunteer Fire Department.
- Have a special agreement with Swift Current Fire Department to respond to any special circumstances for the Valley Rural Fire Department.
- Evacuation assistance may be required for rural residents.
- Population ± 415.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 19, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Sherwood No. 159**
Mailing Address: Box 40029 Grasslands PO, Regina, SK S4W 0L3
Main Office Number: 306-525-5237
Fax Number: 306-352-1760
Website: www.rmofsherwood.ca
24 Hour Number: -

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

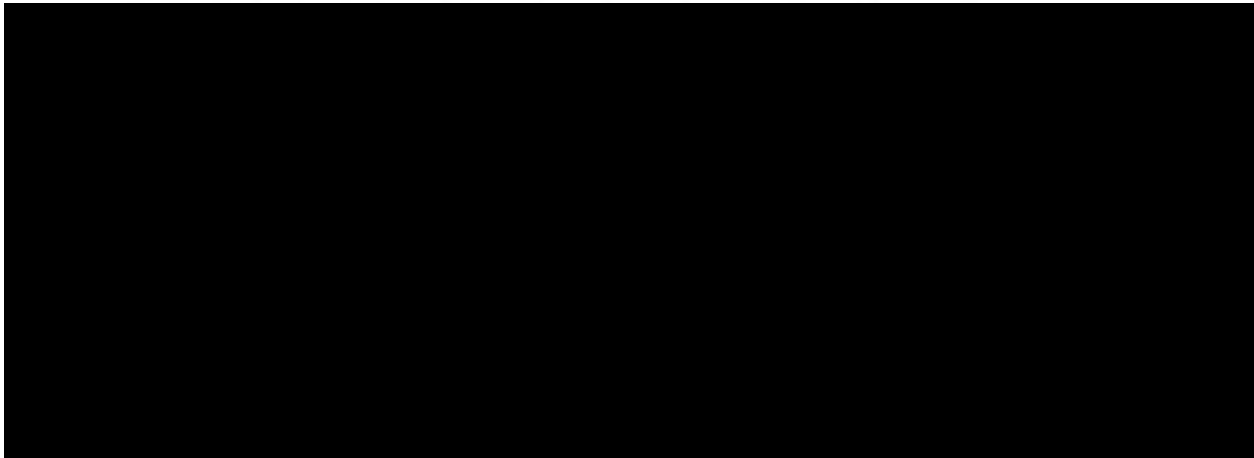
RESOURCES:

- Reception Centre would be determined at time of incident.
- Limited roadblock equipment available.
- Would not require evacuation assistance.
- Fire protection provided by Regina Fire and Protective Services.
- Population ± 975.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 19, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Silverwood No. 123**
Mailing Address: Box 700, Whitewood, SK S0G 5C0
Main Office Number: 306-735-2500
Fax Number: 306-735-2524
Website: www.rmofsilverwood.com
24 Hour Number: -



ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Reception Centre would be determined at time of incident.
- No roadblock equipment available.
- Would not require evacuation assistance.
- Fire protection provided by Whitewood Fire Department.
- Population \pm 400.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 20, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Wheatlands No. 163**
Mailing Address: Box 129, Mortlach, SK S0H 3E0
Main Office Number: 306-355-2233
Fax Number: 306-355-2351
Website: www.wheatlands163.ca
24 Hour Number: -

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

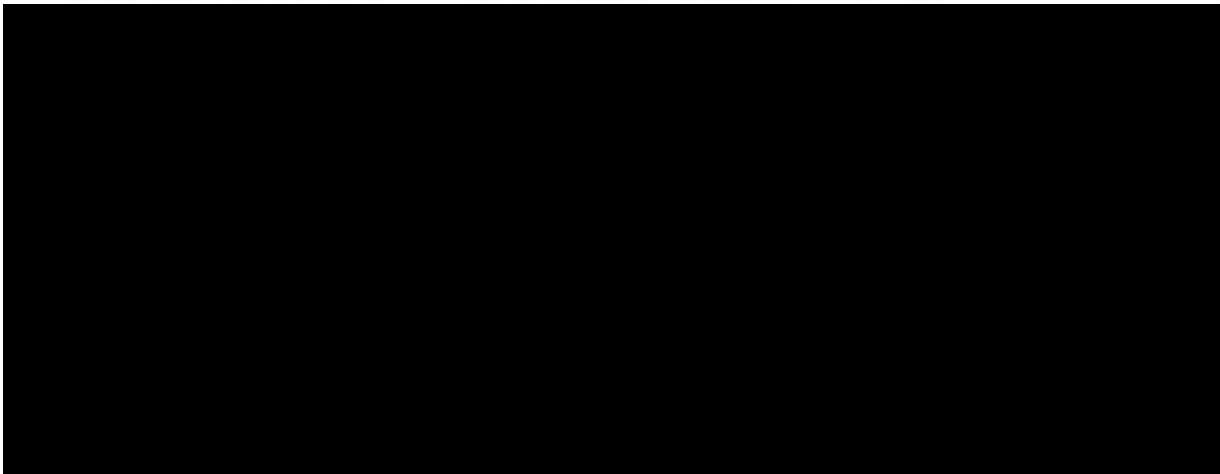
RESOURCES:

- Reception Centre determined at time of incident.
- Limited roadblock equipment.
- There is no RM Fire Department but the Villages of Mortlach and Caronport, RM of Chaplin and RM of Wheatlands have a mutual aid agreement for fire protection.
- Would not require evacuation assistance.
- Population ± 149.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 25, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Wolseley No. 155**
Mailing Address: Box 370, Wolseley, SK S0G 5H0
Main Office Number: 306-698-2522
Fax Number: 306-698-2664
Website: <http://myrm.info/155>
24 Hour Number: -



ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Reception Centre would be determined at time of incident.
- Limited roadblock equipment available.
- Fire protection provided by Wolseley Fire Department.
- Evacuation assistance would be required for rural residents.
- Population ± 372.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date:	May 9, 2023
Local Authority:	Sakimay Indian Reserve No. 74-14 / Zagime Anishinabek
Mailing Address:	Box 339, Grenfell, SK S0G 2B0
Main Office Number:	306-697-2831
Fax Number:	306-697-3565
Website:	www.sakimay.ca
24 Hour Number:	-

RESOURCES:

- No fire department or police department, agreements with local authorities for these services.
- City of Regina would respond for fire.
- Band office and residents not near Wascana system.
- No residents located in PPTC emergency planning zone.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: August 22, 2023
Local Authority: Carry The Kettle First Nation / Cega'Kin Reserve (Assiniboine 76)
Mailing Address: Box 57, Sintaluta SK S0G 4N0
Main Office Number: 306-695-2244 or 2nd satellite office 306-727-2135
Fax Number: 306-727-2149
Website: fhqtc.com
24 Hour Number: -

RESOURCES:

- Fire hall and equipment on site but not a full-time fire department. Wolseley or Montmartre Fire Department would respond.
- File Hills First Nations Police Service located in Balcarres, SK patrols and polices Carry The Kettle Reserve:
 - Paul Avanthay – Manager; email paul.avanthay@rcmp-grc.gc.ca
 - Office 306-334-3222 or Cell 306-727-5200
- Residents residing in PPTC emergency planning zone.
- Nakota/Assiniboine Territory.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date:	August 22, 2023
Local Authority:	Ochapowace First Nation
Mailing Address:	PO Box 550, Whitewood SK S0G 5C0
Main Office Number:	306-696-2425 / 888-706-2427
Fax Number:	-
Website:	www.ochapowace.com
24 Hour Number:	-

RESOURCES:

- No residents located in PPTC emergency planning zone.

Manitoba



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 20, 2023
Local Authority: **Hamiota Municipality**
Mailing Address: Box 100, Hamiota, MB R0M 0T0
Main Office Number: 204-764-3050
Fax Number: 204-764-3055
Website: www.hamiota.com
24 Hour Number: -

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Designated Reception Centres are Hamiota and District Sports Complex and Hamiota Community Hall.
- Fire services provided by Hamiota Volunteer Fire Department which has Mutual Aid Agreements with West Central Mutual Aid, Oak River, and Wallace Woodworth.
- Limited roadblock equipment available.
- Population ± 1225.
- Prefer ERP in paper binder format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 21, 2023
Local Authority: **Municipality of North Cypress-Langford**
Mailing Address: Box 220, Carberry, MB R0K 00H0
Main Office Number: 204-834-6600
Fax Number: 204-834-6604
Website: www.townofcarberry.ca
24 Hour Number: -

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Carberry Community Centre is the designated Reception Centre.
- Fire protection provided by Carberry North Cypress-Langford Fire Department.
- Mutual Aid agreements for fire protection with Neepawa and Austin Fire Departments and the Municipality of North Norfolk.
- Municipality of North Cypress-Langford and Town of Carberry have same CAO and EMO.
- Evacuation assistance may be required.
- Population ± 2745.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 21, 2023
Local Authority: **Municipality of North Norfolk**
Mailing Address: Box 190, MacGregor, MB R0H 0R0
Main Office Number: 204-685-2211
Fax Number: 204-685-2616
Website: www.northnorfolk.ca
24 Hour Number: -

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Austin Community Hall and Heartland Multiplex are designated Reception Centres.
- Public works shop in Austin has a portable generator and could be used as an alternate EOC.
- Fire protection provided by MacGregor Fire Department and Austin Fire Department.
- Mutual Aid agreements with surrounding Fire Departments that border North Norfolk and Neepawa Fire Department.

Municipality of North Norfolk Roles & Responsibilities

Page 2

- Memorandum of Understanding with surrounding municipalities of Westlake-Gladstone, Victoria, Norfolk Treherne, and North Cypress-Langford.
- Would not require evacuation assistance.
- Population ± 3853.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 19, 2023
Local Authority: **Prairie View Municipality**
Mailing Address: Box 70, Birtle, MB R0M 0C0
Main Office Number: 204-842-3403
Fax Number: 204-842-3496
Website: www.myprairieview.ca
24 Hour Number: -

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Reception Centres are Miniota Community Hall and Birtle Community Hall.
- Fire protection from Miniota Volunteer Fire Department and Birtle Volunteer Fire Department.
- Roadblock equipment available through MB Highways.
- Evacuation assistance may be required.
- Population ± 2161.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 26, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Cartier**
Mailing Address: Box 117, Elie, MB R0H 0H0
Main Office Number: 204-353-2214
Fax Number: 204-353-2335
Website: www.rmofcartier.ca
24 Hour Number: 204-771-0867 (Dan Bouchard, Fire Chief)

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

R.M. of Cartier Roles & Responsibilities

Page 2

RESOURCES:

- Reception Centre would be determined at time of incident.
- Fire Services provided by Cartier Volunteer Fire Department.
- One of 10 RMs who participate in the Boyne Mutual Fire Agreement.
- Evacuation assistance would be required.
- Population ± 3368.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 26, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Ellice-Archie**
Mailing Address: Box 67, McAuley, MB R0M 1H0
Main Office Number: 204-722-2053
Fax Number: 204-722-2027
Website: www.rmofellicearchie.ca
24 Hour Number: -

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Reception Centre determined at time of incident.
- Member of Oak Lake Mutual Aid Fire District and West Central Mutual Aid Fire District.
- Limited roadblock equipment available.
- May require evacuation assistance.
- Population ± 887.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: May 2, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Elton**
Mailing Address: General Delivery, Forrest, MB R0K 0W0
Main Office Number: 204-728-7834
Fax Number: 204-725-1865
Website: www.rmofelton.ca
24 Hour Number: -

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Reception Centre determined at time of incident.
- Fire protection provided by Mutual Aid partners: City of Brandon, RM of Oakview, Riverdale Municipality and CFB Shilo.
- Evacuation Assistance would likely not be required.
- Population \pm 1273.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date:	April 26, 2023
Local Authority:	R.M. of Macdonald
Mailing Address:	Box 100, Sanford, MB R0G 2J0
Main Office:	204-736-2255
Fax Number:	204-736-4335
Website:	www.rmofmacdonald.com
24 Hour Number:	-

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

R.M. of Macdonald Roles & Resources

Page 2

RESOURCES:

- Reception Centre would be determined at time of incident.
- Limited roadblock equipment available.
- Fire protection provided by Macdonald Fire Department.
- Belongs to Boyne River Mutual Aid group which includes surrounding communities.
- Residents inside EPZ will be contacted annually by PMC for updates.
- Evacuation assistance would not be required.
- Population ± 7162.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 24, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Minto-Odanah**
Mailing Address: Box 1197, Minnedosa, MB R0J 1E0
Main Office Number: 204-867-3282
Fax Number: 204-867-1937
Website: -
24 Hour Number: -

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Reception Centre will be determined at time of incident.
- Fire Protection Agreement with the Town of Minnedosa.
- EOC would be the Public Works Office.
- Would not require evacuation assistance.
- Population ± 1189.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 27, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Oakview**
Mailing Address: Box 179, Oak River, MB R0K 1T0
Main Office Number: 204-566-2146
Fax Number: 204-566-2126
Website: www.rmofoakview.ca
24 Hour Number: -

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Reception Centre would be determined at time of incident.
- Limited roadblock equipment available.
- Would not require evacuation assistance.
- Fire protection provided by Oak View Fire Department and Rapid City Fire Department.
- Population ± 1626.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: April 26, 2023
Local Authority: **R.M. of Portage la Prairie**
Mailing Address: 35 Tupper Street South, Portage la Prairie, MB R1N 1W7
Main Office Number: 204-857-3821
Fax Number: 204-239-0069
Website: www.rmofportage.ca
24 Hour Number: 204-239-8340 (Fire Department)

ROLES:

Confirmation that your municipality will carry out the following duties to the best of its ability:

- Direct and control the Local Authority's emergency response in accordance with your Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP) / Community Emergency Management Program.
- Ensure emergency services and resources are available in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Provide support in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- Assist with fire protection in accordance with the Local Authority's policies.
- If required, activates a Municipal Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post.
- If required, may dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s).
- If deemed necessary, may declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE).

RESOURCES:

- Reception Centre would be determined at time of incident – Portage la Prairie has a list of Reception Centres.
- Roadblock equipment available.
- Fire protection provided by Portage la Prairie Fire Department.
- Evacuation may be required for rural residents.
- Population ± 6975.
- Prefer ERP in electronic format.

8.4.2 Local Authorities, Continued

[REDACTED]



ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Date: March 24, 2024
Local Authority: **Stoney Nakoda First Nation / Bighorn 144A, Morley 142, 143, 144, 142B and Eden Valley 216 Reserve**
Mailing Address: Box 40, Morley, AB T0L 1N0
Main Office Number: 403-881-3770
Fax Number: 403-881-2676
Website: www.stoneynation.com
24 Hour Number: 403-861-7325 (Security On-Call)

ROLES:

- Direct and control the Stoney Nakoda Nations (comprising Bearspaw, Chiniki and Goodstoney First Nations) Emergency Management Plan / Community Emergency Management Program
- Ensure first responders are operationally ready to meet all expectations
- Ensure mutual support arrangements are in-place and current
- Assist with fire protection and suppression in accordance with the Nations' expectations in Mîni Thnî area
- As required, activates a Nations' Emergency Coordination Centre / Incident Command Post
- As required, will dispatch representative(s) to Government and Plains Midstream Canada Emergency Operation Centre(s)
- If deemed necessary, may have Tribal Council declare a State of Local Emergency (SOLE) through a Tribal Council Resolution

RESOURCES:

- Limited traffic control resources available
- Have Landing Zone kits in all Fire Apparatus
- Nakoda Fire Service available from 0800-2000 hrs 7/365
- EMS based on Nation 24x7x365.
- Security Services available on Nation 24x7x365
- Mîni Thnî RCMP Detachment 24/7/365 on-site
- Population ± 5,200
- Prefer ERP in electronic format
- EMS based on Nation 24x7x365.
- Security Services available on Nation 24x7x365.

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION

8.5.1 Emergency Management

8.5.1.1 Emergency Management in Alberta

In Alberta, for provincially regulated operations, through Directive 071, the Alberta Energy Regulator (AER) states, “the licensee must take appropriate actions, including public protection measures, for each level of emergency”. The AER further states, “it is the licensee’s responsibility to initiate public protection measures inside the Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ)...”. The AER “strongly supports the use of the Incident Command System (ICS)...”.

The AER will engage the expertise, assistance, and cooperation of other departments/agencies as determined by the individual emergency. The Alberta Emergency Management Agency (AEMA), as the coordinating agency, will assist the AER and coordinate the Government’s response, engaging Government of Alberta (GoA) departments/agencies as appropriate.

8.5.1.2 Emergency Management in Saskatchewan

In Saskatchewan, the Petroleum Regulatory Agency - Saskatchewan Ministry of Energy and Resources (ER) and Saskatchewan Public Safety Agency (SPSA) work closely to minimize the impact of an incident in Saskatchewan.

8.5.1.3 Emergency Management in Manitoba

In Manitoba, the Manitoba Emergency Management Organization is the lead agency for the province on public safety and security. The Petroleum Regulatory Agency – Manitoba Economic Development, Investment and Trade (EDIT) – Resource Development (Petroleum) states that, “where a spill occurs, the operator of the well or oil and gas facility shall, in accordance with the regulations, report the spill to an inspector and shall, subject to any order of an inspector:

- Stop the spill;
- Contain and clean up the spill;
- Repair or replace any faulty or damaged equipment that caused or contributed to the spill;
- Mitigate or eliminate any danger to life, health, the environment or property arising from the spill;
- Take steps to rehabilitate any land affected by the spill; and
- Take steps to prevent the occurrence of a similar spill.

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

8.5.2 Industrial Wildfire Control and Prevention Plan

8.5.2.1 Alberta Industrial Wildfire Control and Prevention Plan

The Industrial Wildfire Control and Prevention Plan is mandatory under the Forest Prairie and Protection Act. The intent of this annually updated plan is to proactively identify and update your values at risk and your wildfire prevention strategies in an effort to reduce the potentially negative impacts of wildfire during the upcoming fire season. Annual plans are to be prepared and submitted to your local Forestry Division wildfire prevention officer(s) prior to the end of February of each year. Any deficiencies in the plan will be reported to the company by the end of March. The information you provide to your location Forestry Division staff is critically important to enhance local knowledge and communications between local Forestry Division staff and industry field/office staff. It will also be used to enhance Forestry Division's ability to quickly respond to and suppress wildfires that may threaten our personnel, infrastructure and production.

Note: Not applicable in Saskatchewan, Manitoba or Ontario.

8.5.3 Worker Serious Injuries or Fatality

8.5.3.1 Alberta Worker Serious Injuries or Fatality

Part 7, Section 33, Subsection 1 of the Alberta Occupational Health and Safety Act states that if an injury or accident described in Subsection (2) occurs at a worksite, the prime contractor or, if there is no prime contractor, the contractor or employer responsible for that worksite shall notify a Director of Inspection of the time, place and nature of the injury or accident as soon as possible.

Part 7, Section 33, Subsection 2 of the Alberta Occupational Health and Safety Act states that the injuries and accidents to be reported under Subsection (1) are:

- an injury or accident that results in death
- an injury or accident that results in a worker being admitted to a hospital
- a potentially serious incident (PSI), where a reasonable and informed person would determine that under slightly different circumstances there would be a high likelihood for a serious injury to a person
- an unplanned or uncontrolled explosion, fire or flood that causes a serious injury or that has the potential of causing a serious injury
- the collapse or upset of a crane, derrick or hoist
- the collapse or failure of any component of a building or structure necessary for the structural integrity of the building or structure

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

8.5.3.2 Saskatchewan Worker Serious Injuries or Fatality

Under the Saskatchewan Occupational Health and Safety Regulations; employers and contractors must contact the Ministry of Labour Relations & Workplace Safety – Occupational Health & Safety any “Critical Incident”:

- A serious adverse health event including, but not limited to, the actual or potential loss of life, limb or function related to a health service provide by, or a program operated by, Saskatchewan Health Authority (SHA) or health care organization.

Plains must prepare the OHS Incident Reporting and Investigation Form 101 and provide a copy of the report to the Occupational Health Committee or the Occupational Health and Safety Representative.

8.5.3.3 Manitoba Worker Serious Injuries or Fatality

When a serious incident occurs at a workplace, the employer is required to notify Manitoba Workplace Safety and Health Branch (WSH) of the incident immediately, and by the fastest means of communication available. The Workplace Safety and Health Regulation define a serious incident as one:

- In which a worker is killed;
- In which a worker suffers:
 - An injury resulting from electrical contact;
 - Unconsciousness as the result of a concussion;
 - A fracture of his or her skull, spine, pelvis, arm, leg, hand or foot;
 - Amputation of an arm, leg, hand, foot, finger or toe;
 - Third degree burns;
 - Permanent or temporary loss of sight;
 - A cut or laceration that requires medical treatment at a hospital as defined in *The Health Services Insurance Act*; or
 - Asphyxiation or poisoning.
- That involves:
 - The collapse or structural failure of a building, structure, crane, hoist, lift, temporary support system or excavation;
 - An explosion, fire or flood, an uncontrolled spill or escape of a hazardous substance;
 - The failure of an atmosphere-supplying respirator.
- Contact the Manitoba Workplace Safety and Health Branch (WSH) to report a serious incident, injury, or fatality at **1-855-957-7233**

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

Energy Resources Industry Emergency Support Plan (ERIESP)

8.5.4.1 Alberta ERIESP

The Energy Resources Industry Emergency Support Plan (ERIESP) is the provincial-level plan which guides Government of Alberta (GoA) operations in supporting local authorities and energy resources industry duty holders during emergencies. It is intended solely for provincial departments/agencies. This plan may be used for any area of the energy resources industry where the Alberta Energy Regulator (AER) has jurisdiction. The Alberta Energy Regulator (AER) is the default lead agency for this plan as they are the regulator for the energy resources industry in Alberta.

This plan lays out the basic functions of each department/agency to clarify roles and responsibilities in responding to and recovering from an energy resources industry emergency. Municipalities (local authorities) in Alberta have all-hazard Municipal Emergency Plans (MEP) for responding to both natural and human-induced emergencies, as governed by the Emergency Management Act.

The Energy Resources Industry Emergency Support Plan (ERIESP) coordinates the Government of Alberta (GoA) response in supporting both the energy resources industry duty holder and the municipality (local authority).

The list below outlines (but is not limited to) the provincial departments/agencies with specific roles under this plan. Confirmed roles and responsibilities for local authorities and government agencies are inserted at the end of this section.

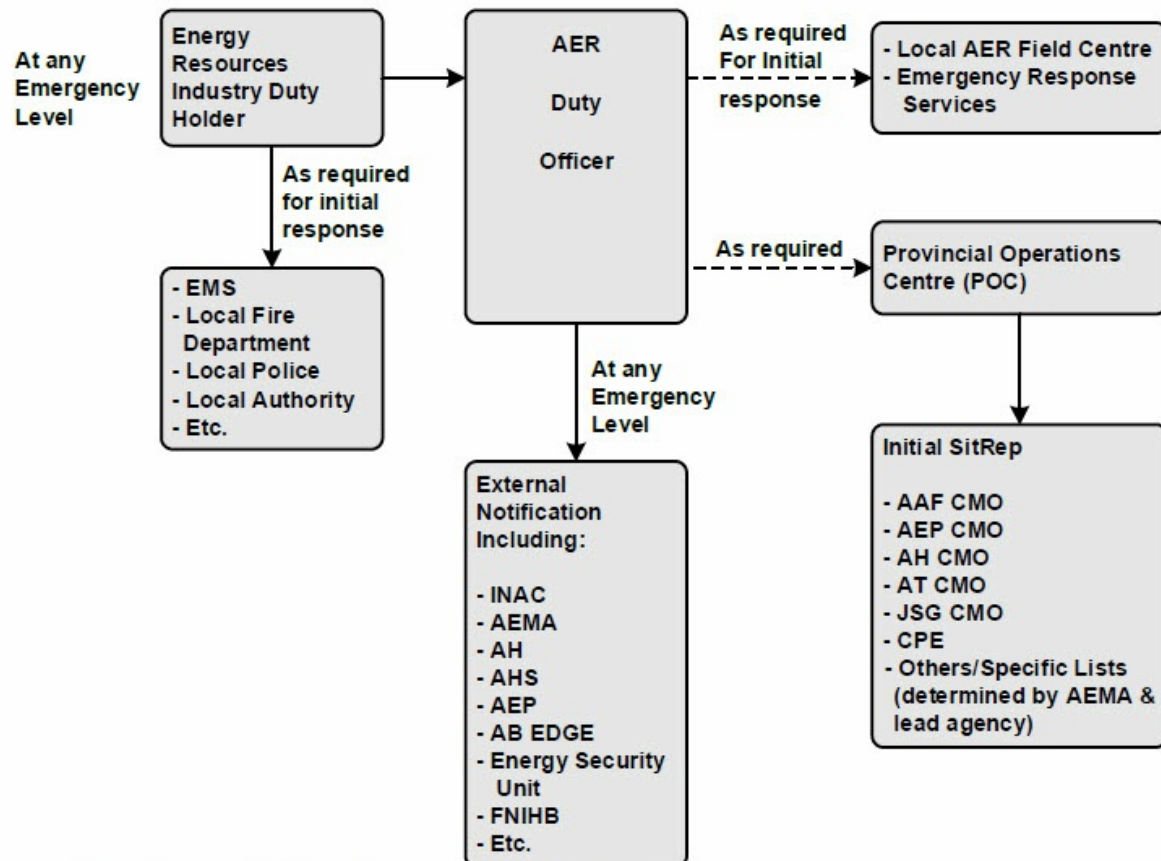
- **Alberta Agriculture and Irrigation** - Responsible for providing expertise and information on the impact of an emergency on agriculture and livestock. Emergency notification to duty holder if energy resources industry infrastructure is threatened by a wildfire in the Forest Protection Area.
- **Alberta Emergency Management Agency (AEMA)** - An agency of Alberta Municipal Affairs responsible for coordinating Government of Alberta (GoA) emergency management and assisting local authorities with emergency response, if required.
- **Alberta Energy Regulator (AER)** - Is the primary regulator for the energy resources industry in Alberta, therefore they are responsible for ensuring there is a response to energy resource emergencies.
- **Alberta Environment and Protected Areas (EPA)** - Responsible for ensuring that environmental impacts are mitigated during non-energy industry emergencies.
- **Alberta Health (AH)** - Provides technical expertise on potential health impacts to the public, linkages to health resources, and considers provincial health system impacts.
- **Alberta Justice** - Provides intelligence and threat risk assessments in relation to human induced intentional threats/hazards in relation to critical infrastructure and key assets.
- **Alberta Communications and Public Engagement (CPE)** - Responsible for all public messaging released by the Government of Alberta (GoA) other than the Alberta Energy Regulator (AER).
- **Alberta Transportation and Economic Corridors (ATEC)** - Provides support for emergency response to dangerous goods emergencies and also operates the Alberta Transportation Environmental and Dangerous Goods Emergencies (EDGE), the government emergency response centre for all transportation incidents involving dangerous goods.
- **Local Authority** - The response of the local authority is found in the applicable Municipal Emergency Plans (MEP).

Federal assistance will be requested through Alberta Emergency Management Agency (AEMA) to Public Safety Canada. Transport Canada; Environment Canada; Department of Fisheries and Oceans; Indigenous & Northern Affairs Canada; First Nation and Inuit Health Branch; Public Health Agency of Canada; and the Canada Energy Regulator (CER) may often be involved.

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

The AER Duty Officer will determine which external departments/agencies require notification of the emergency. The AER Duty Officer initiates the initial notification. Table 2 – Emergency Notification Process depicts this process.

Table 2: Emergency Notification Process



Source: Energy Resources Industry Emergency Support Plan 2015

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

8.5.5 Provincial Government Roles - Alberta

8.5.5.1 Alberta Energy Regulator (AER)

Before the Incident

- Confirm and act as lead Government of Alberta (GoA) organization in energy resources industry emergency preparedness and response.
- Set requirements for planning for, and responding to energy resources industry emergencies.
- Participate in exercises of this plan.
- Review and recommend changes to this plan.
- Maintain 24/7 telephone contact where energy resources industry emergencies can be reported.
- Maintain 24/7 emergency contact numbers where resources can be accessed to carry out a response to this plan.
- Make this plan available to stakeholders.
- Communicate changes to the plan with stakeholders
- Maintain emergency response resources.
- Act as Subject Matter Expert (SME).

During the Incident

- Receive notification of energy resources industry emergencies.
- Determine the emergency level of an emergency through consultation with the duty holder.
- Dispatch AER representative to the site of the emergency, as required.
- Confirm that local resources have been notified as appropriate.
- Monitoring discharges and ensuring appropriate mitigation and response actions are taken to reduce the impact of liquid releases for land based spills and to ensure watercourses are protected.
- Confirm, plan and/or implement public safety actions taken to ensure the safety of the public and the environment, including issuing Fire Hazard Orders or requesting NOTAMs.
- As lead agency, provide coordination for departments/agencies and duty holder on site.
- Request a local authority liaison officer to be present at the REOC, if necessary.
- Activate the Energy Resources Industry Emergency Support Plan.
- Advise AEMA to escalate POC activation (if required).
- Identify and request initial provincial resources to FCE support the emergency response, to be coordinated at the regional level, if necessary, through a local or regional EOC.
- Initiate consolidated Situation Reports through AEMA.
- Provide Situation Reports to AEMA if requested.
- Send an AER representative to the emergency location and/or the incident command post.
- Establish an EOC at the local AER Field Centre until the duty holder or local authority establishes a REOC. AER ECC will be expanded if a REOC is not established.
- Dispatch an AER representative to the REOC when it opens.
- Request the deployment of other provincial GoA department/agency representative to be present at the REOC, or the local AER Field Centre ECC.
- Provide timely situation reports, through AEMA, to other GoA departments/agencies activated by this plan.
- Notify all participants when the emergency has concluded and there is no longer any hazard to the public.

After the Incident

- Conduct the PIA related to the response, as described by the ERIESp.
- As part of the PIA, recommend any mitigation actions that may improve the coordination of the GoA response, as described by the ERIESp.
- Establish processes to receive and address community concerns.
- Review and update the ERIESp, in consultation with AEMA.
- Communicate any changes to the ERIESp to applicable stakeholders.

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

8.5.5.2 Alberta Emergency Management Agency (AEMA)

Before the Incident

- Act as the provincial coordinating agency in energy resources industry emergency responses as per the Emergency Management Act.
- Maintain list of 24 hour emergency contact numbers.
- Maintain 24 hour duty manager system.

During the Incident

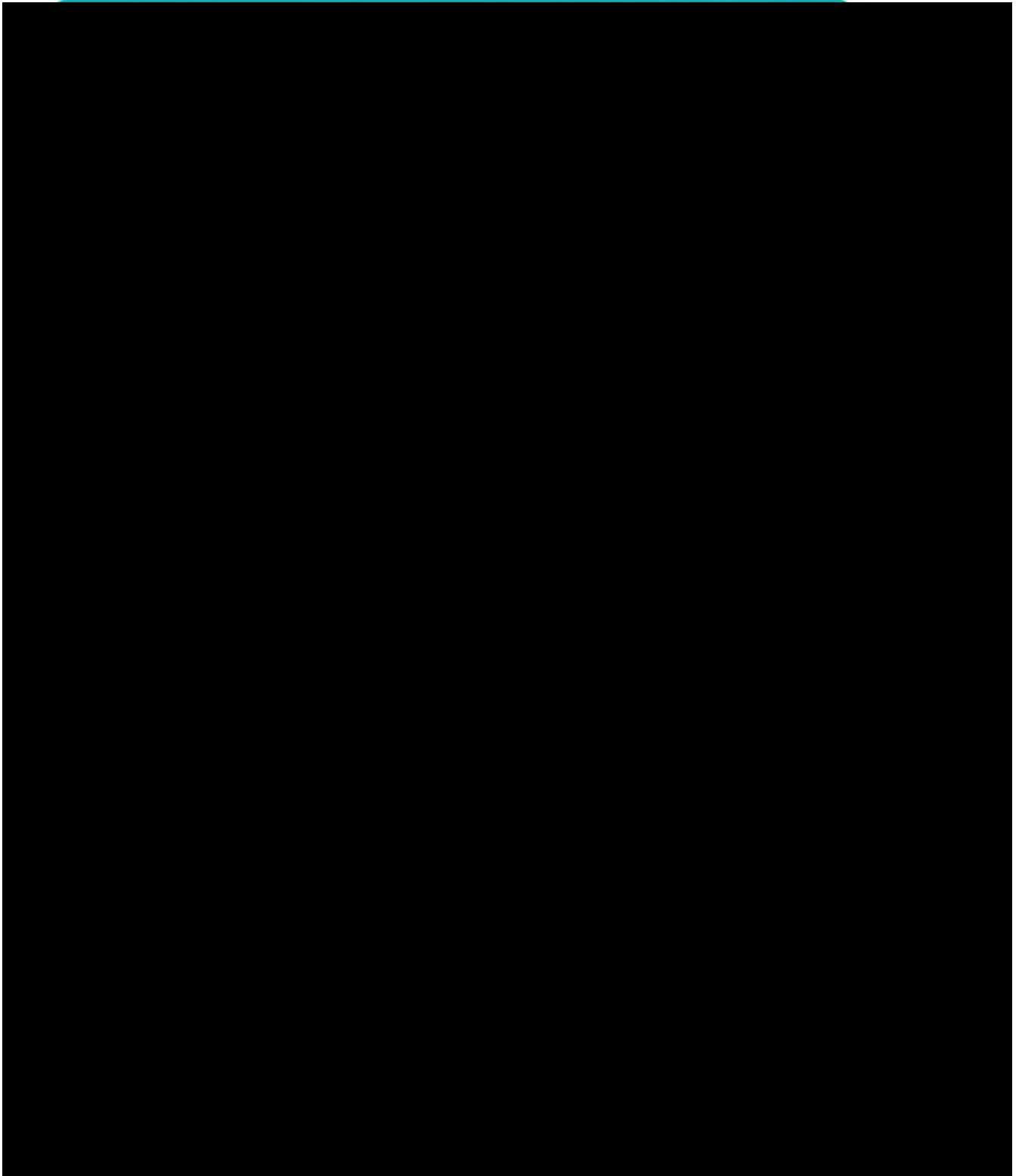
- Confirm AER has been notified.
- Conduct the notification in accordance with Section 5.3.
- Obtain a situation report from the AER, EPA, local authority, etc.
- Confirm the level of emergency.
- Elevate the POC as required.
- Notify the appropriate provincial officials as per standard operating procedures.
- Release consolidated Situation Reports in accordance with section 3.4.4.
- Coordinate the Government of Alberta response including requests for provincial/federal resources.
- Provide ongoing situation reports or briefing notes to appropriate provincial officials in accordance with the EPA, or as requested.
- Notify partners and stakeholders when the event is over.

After the Incident

- Participate in all PIAs related the ERIESP.
- Complete documentation or reporting in relation to the activation of the ERIESP and the emergency for all GoA-wide PIAs.

8.5.5.3 Occupational Health & Safety (OHS)

- Maintain and provide resources to support 24\7 employer reporting of incidents to OHS.
- Maintain capacity for OHS attendance to a work site when warranted.
- Inspect the work activities and processes to ensure legislative standards are being met by all work site parties. (Attendance to be determined by Occupational Health and Safety management.)
- Ensure work site parties have implemented appropriate controls prior to re-entry by workers.
- Investigate the incident if the incident is a reportable incident in line with current Alberta OHS Legislation.
- Ensure internal investigation has been conducted and that identified corrective actions have been minimized to reduce recurrence of similar incidents.
- Ensure health and safety committee or health and safety representative as defined by OHS legislation has been involved in internal investigations.

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED**8.5.5.4 Alberta Health Services**

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

Contact us at [REDACTED] or [submit a request online at ahs.ca/eph](https://ahs.ca/eph).

PUB-0055-201711

©2017 Alberta Health Services, Safe Healthy Environments



This work is licensed under a [Creative Commons Attribution-Non-commercial-Share Alike 4.0 International license](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/4.0/). You are free to copy, distribute and adapt the work for non-commercial purposes, as long as you attribute the work to Alberta Health Services and abide by the other license terms. If you alter, transform, or build upon this work, you may distribute the resulting work only under the same, similar, or compatible license. The license does not apply to content for which the Alberta Health Services is not the copyright owner.

This material is intended for general information only and is provided on an "as is," "where is" basis. Although reasonable efforts were made to confirm the accuracy of the information, Alberta Health Services does not make any representation or warranty, express, implied or statutory, as to the accuracy, reliability, completeness, applicability or fitness for a particular purpose of such information.

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

8.5.5.5 Alberta Agriculture & Irrigation (AAI)

Before the Incident

- Act as subject matter expert (SME) relating to agriculture and livestock impacts.
- Act as the liaison between farming/ranching community and the Government of Alberta (GoA).
- Maintain emergency response resources.

During the Incident

- Act as SME relating to agriculture and livestock impacts.
- Act as the liaison between farming/ranching community and GoA during energy resources industry emergencies.
- Provide information relating to agricultural and livestock impacts to the GoA during energy resources industry emergencies.

After the Incident

- Conduct agriculture and livestock impact assessments.
- Implement response activities as required.

8.5.5.6 Alberta Forest Products Association (AFPA)

- Forest Areas Wildfire Coordination Centres will notify duty holder if energy resources industry infrastructure is threatened by wildfire, where practical and in order of priority. Priority contact will be through the contact information indicated in the company's Industrial Wildfire Control Plan for the identified locations. Can fight wildfires started as the result of the energy resources industry product release.
- Alberta Wildfire is responsible for managing all wildfires within the Forest Protection Area. Will suppress wildfires caused from industry operations when industry has appropriately shut-in the operation and notified Alberta wildfire to ensure the safety of first responders.
- Conduct agriculture and livestock impact assessments.
- Implement response activities as required.

8.5.5.7 Alberta Transportation and Economic Corridors (ATEC)

Before the Incident

- Maintain a 24/7 call centre (EDGE - Environmental and Dangerous Goods Emergencies) to receive emergency calls related to the transportation and handling of dangerous goods as well as environmental spills/releases/ incidents, and AER emergency notifications.
- Act as SME for dangerous goods incidents.

During the Incident

- Handle inter-departmental communication as needed during energy resources industry emergencies.
- Maintain ability to process calls for new emergencies.
- Provide information on the impacts to transportation routes.
- Provide response support if dangerous goods are released.

After the Incident

- Provide a summary of transportation impacts during the PIA process. (if applicable)

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

8.5.5.8 Communications and Public Engagement (CPE)

Before the Incident

- Maintain a team of trained Communications and Public Engagement personnel.
- Activate crisis communications plan and crisis communications response.

During the Incident

- Confirm distribution of AER messaging. Provide support as required.

After the Incident

- Participate in all PIAs related to the ERIESp.
- Coordinate key messaging with the AER.

8.5.5.9 Alberta Justice

Before the Incident

- Maintain the list of Critical Infrastructure and key assets in the Province of Alberta.
- Maintain and regularly test the Emergency Notification System.
- Maintain awareness of threats, vulnerabilities, and risks related to human induced intentional hazards.

During the Incident

- Provide intelligence and threat risk assessments when appropriate and when requested, in relation to critical infrastructure and key assets.
- Communicate with owners and operators of critical infrastructure and key assets, through normal communication channels, or if necessary, through the Emergency Notification System maintained by ASSIST.

After the Incident

- Participate in all PIAs related to the ERIESp.
- Communicate with owners and operators of critical infrastructure and key assets, through normal communication channels, or if necessary, through the Emergency Notification System maintained by ASSIST.

8.5.5.10 Alberta Boilers Safety Authority (ABSA)

Before the Incident

- Review, accept and register pressure equipment designs and construction procedures that relate to pressure equipment.
- Issue certificate of inspection permits for pressure equipment before the equipment is placed into service.
- Ensure that regular inspections of in-service pressure equipment are conducted.
 - Keep records for pressure equipment that has been registered for use, or manufactured, in Alberta.
- Examine, certify and register Pressure Welders and Welding Examiners, Power Engineers, and Pressure Equipment Inspectors.
- Authorize and monitor, through quality management systems, organizations that have been permitted to conduct some of the activities subject to the regulations.
- Conduct safety education and training.

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

During the Incident

- Receive notification of an incident.
- As required under the Pressure Equipment Safety Regulation Section 35, the accident scene must not be disturbed (except when it is absolutely necessary to prevent death or injury, or to prevent further property damage) unless approval to do so has been given by an ABSA Safety Codes Officer.

After the Incident

- Investigate accidents or unsafe conditions that involve pressure equipment.

ABSA May:

- close all or part of the accident site for 48 hours (or longer if authorized by a Justice)
- prohibit any person from entering the site for safety reasons or to preserve evidence
- be accompanied by any person for assistance
- inspect and photograph any thing
- require any person to make full disclosure
- require closure or disconnection of any thing
- require to be performed any tests or evaluations
- remove evidence
- require production of documents

8.5.5.11 Alberta Environment and Protected Areas (EPA)

Before the Incident

- Maintain 24 hour emergency contact numbers and duty officer where resources can be accessed for a response related to this plan.
- Maintain emergency response resources.
- Maintain a specialty air monitoring team and equipment used to oversee and verify air monitoring during incident response.
- Act as SME.
- Prepare to act as lead agency when appropriate.

During the Incident

- Ensure that non-energy industry resources environmental impacts are mitigated.
- Provide expertise to mitigate the impacts of non-energy resources industry liquid releases on land and into watercourses.
- Provide technical assistance related to emergency drinking water supply engineering.
- Notify Fish and Wildlife staff in the area of the emergency.

After the Incident

- Compile and maintain environment/emergency related records
- Monitor environmental recovery, when required.

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

8.5.5.12 Workers Compensation Board (WCB)

Before the Incident

The Workers' Compensation Board is a statutory corporation created by government under the Workers' Compensation Act to administer a system of workplace insurance for the workers and employers of the province of Alberta.

- WCB has the overall responsibility for the administration of the workers' compensation system in Alberta.
- Be a neutral and autonomous administrator of the worker's compensation system.
- Strive to balance the interests of workers and employers.
- Delivery of workers' compensation services to the workers and employers of Alberta.
- Make decisions based on evidence, law and policy and fair, impartial and transparent processes.
- Encourage safer workplaces and promote disability management.

During the Incident

Employer must report to WCB within 72 hours of being notified of an injury/illness that results in or will likely result in:

- Lost time or the need to temporarily or permanently modify work beyond the date of accident
- Death or permanent disability (amputation, hearing loss, etc.)
- A disabling or potentially disabling condition caused by occupational exposure or activity (poisoning, infection, respiratory disease, dermatitis, etc.)
- The need for medical treatment beyond first aid (assessment by a physician or chiropractor, physiotherapy, etc.)
- Medical aid expenses (dental treatment, eyeglass repair/replacement, prescription medications, etc.)

Note: Immediately report fatalities and serious injuries to the OHS Contact Centre 1-866-415-8690.

- Determines whether the injury or illness is caused by work.
- Responds to all client inquiries forwarded by the Minister and all other elected officials.

After the Incident

- Compensates injured workers for lost income, health care and other costs related to a work-related injury.
- Safely restores injured workers through return-to-work services to a level of competitive employability.
- Take reasonable measures to maintain a reasonable quality of life for severely injured workers through the provision of services allowed by legislation and policy.

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

8.5.6 Provincial Government Roles -Saskatchewan

8.5.6.1 Ministry of Energy and Resources (ER)

Before the Incident

The Energy Regulation Division is responsible for regulating environmental aspects of the oil and gas industry. This division has major responsibilities in all areas related to provincial jurisdiction over oil and gas resources.

- Act as the lead provincial government organization in petroleum industry emergency responses.
- Participate in selected licensee ERP exercises.
- Review and recommend changes to Emergency Response Plans.
- Maintain a 24-hour telephone contact where petroleum industry incidents can be reported.
- Maintain 24-hour emergency contact numbers where resources can be accessed to carry out a response to Emergency Response Plans.
- Approve applications for wells, production facilities, pipelines, and gas plants, under the authority of the Oil and Gas Conservation Act/Regulations, the Pipelines Act, and the Crown Mineral Act/Regulations.
- Inspect and monitor field operations associated with the petroleum industry.
- Approve exploration programs.
- Control produced water disposal.

During the Incident

- Receive information pertaining to petroleum industry incidents.
- Initiate notification of other government agencies.
- May directly alert the following agencies as required:
 - Closest RCMP detachment
 - Local / Municipal / Regional authorities
 - Other government agencies
- Assist the Canada Energy Regulator (CER) if required

After the Incident

- Participate in a lessons learned process based on the scope of their involvement and the outcome.
- Monitor spills and cleanup and approve specific waste treatment and remediation programs.

8.5.6.2 Saskatchewan Public Safety Agency (SPSA)

Before the Incident

- Maintain 24-hour emergency contact numbers.
- Maintain a 24-hour duty manager system.
- Maintain GEOC readiness.

During the Incident

- Coordinate provincial operations in response to a provincially or nationally declared emergency.
- Provide direction, leadership and support to the conduct of emergency operations.
- Manage the preparedness, activation, support and operations conduct of the Provincial Emergency Operations Centre and alternate centres.
- Coordinate information gathering and dissemination.
- Prepare and distribute all communications such as situation reports and alerts.
- Coordinate provincial operations in response to requests for assistance from the Federal Government or other government ministries, Crown corporations, agencies or municipal governments dealing with emergencies.

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

- Liaise with Public Safety Canada and, through this agency, other federal government departments and agencies where federal assistance or information is required.
- Liaise with local governments, other Ministries, Crowns, Agencies, provincial and territorial governments and Critical Infrastructure stakeholders where assistance, involvement and/or information are required.
- Through the Chief of Emergency Management provide reports to the Deputy Minister/President responsible for Emergency Management and/or the Ministers' Committee on Emergency Management, Federal/Provincial/Territorial Senior Official Committee on Emergency Management, Cabinet or Cabinet Committees.

After the Incident

- Notify plan holders when the event is over.
- Debrief GEOC participants.
- Compile GEOC log.
- Properly shut down GEOC.
- Participate in event debriefings.
- Communicate any changes of the plan to all plan holders.
- Complete report in relations to the activation of the Emergency Response Plan and the incident.

8.5.6.3 Ministry of Environment (MOE)

Note: Ministry of Environment - only contact if the incident impacts sensitive or natural areas, crown lands, farmlands, wildlife, or wet areas / water bodies.

Before the Incident

- Maintain 24-hour emergency contact number (1-800-667-7525) for reporting environmental emergencies.
- Review project applications to assess potential impacts on fish and wildlife and associated habitat (including fish and wildlife development fund lands and conservation easements), endemic flora, endangered flora and fauna species, timber resources, provincial parks, resource lands, recreational resources waters (wetlands, creeks, rivers and lakes).
- Administer the Saskatchewan environment assessment and review process as outline in the Environmental Review Guidelines for Oil and Gas Activities to assess, regulate, and mitigate the impact of alterations to the natural environment by oil and gas activities.
- Grant surface leases and easement agreements on Crown resource lands under the authority of several Acts. Provide advice on project development in environmentally sensitive areas, including guidance on environmentally acceptable construction and development practices.
- Provide administration and management of Crown Lands in regard to habitat concerns to ensure sustainability and biological diversity.
- Establish conditions for the management and protection of natural resources including forests, fish, wildlife, lands, waters, and parks.
- Protection of primary resources including air, water, and soil using regulatory and non-regulatory controls (i.e., pollution prevention and regulation of waste dangerous goods).
- Conduct field inspections to ensure that project development and operation comply with relevant regulatory requirements.

Forest Services

- Operating plan approvals and permit issuance.
- Monitoring, inspecting, compliance and enforcement.
- Review and approval of timber harvesting dispositions.

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

During the Incident

- The ministry is only responsible and/or involved in transportation related spills and hazmat incidents involving upstream oil and gas products. The Ministry of Energy and Resources is the lead for all Oil and Gas incidents associated with pipeline, flowline and well releases.
- Monitor discharges and mitigates impact of release related substances.
- Provide advice as to the effects of igniting the released product.
- Provide advice regarding the effects of the contaminants on wildlife, livestock, plants, and soil.
- Provide advice and assistance in developing procedures to mitigate affected wildlife, livestock, plants, soil, or farmsteads.
- Provide necessary permits for remediation activities.
- Responsible Party is responsible to provide a plan regarding the effects of the contaminants on wildlife, livestock, plants, and soil to be approved by the ministry.
- Responsible Party is responsible to provide a plan to develop procedures to mitigate affected wildlife, livestock, plants, soil, or farmsteads to be approved by the ministry.

After the Incident

- The ministry is only responsible and/or involved in transportation related spills and hazmat incidents involving upstream oil and gas products. The Ministry of Energy and Resources is the lead for all Oil and Gas incidents associated with pipeline, flowline and well releases.
- Provide regulatory oversight on development and execution of Environmental Site Assessment.
- Review restoration statements or release requests from operators following facility abandonment and reclamation on Crown.
- Provide regulatory oversight on development and execution of Corrective Action Plans.

8.5.6.4 Emergency Services

Note: As managed / operated by the Local Authority

Before the Incident

A call to 9-1-1 is often how first responders become aware of an emergency. As more people become aware of an emergency, the affected area increases or the emergency changes, more 9-1-1 calls are received.

- Local fire, police, paramedic, and search and rescue teams are normally the first to respond to an emergency. They are responsible for managing most local emergencies as part of the municipal emergency plan.
- Maintain readiness status for emergency notification.
- Participate in industrial operators' exercises where possible.
- Maintain 24-hour emergency contact numbers.

During the Incident

RCMP

- Provide emergency site security (establish inner and outer perimeter of emergency site).
- Assist in traffic and crowd control.
- Coordinate search and rescue activities.
- Assist with evacuations.
- Advise medical examiner in the event of a fatality.
- Log all actions.

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

Fire

- Coordinate fire suppression, dangerous goods, and rescue (except ground search and rescue).
- Activate the Fire Mutual Aid system if necessary.
- Assist with the evacuation of people.
- Log all actions.

EMS

- Act as the Emergency Site Manager unless circumstances dictate otherwise.
- Casualty evaluation
- First aid on-site
- Casualty sorting and transportation.

After the Incident

- Complete a “lessons learned” process based on the scope of involvement and provide any feedback to the industrial operator.
- Participate in multi-agency debriefings.

8.5.6.5 Saskatchewan Health Authority (SHA)

Before the Incident

- Maintain readiness status for emergency notification.
- Participate in industrial operators’ exercises where possible.
- Maintain 24-hour emergency contact numbers.

During the Incident

- Provide representation at the off-site REOC or at the GEOC when established, if requested and if available.
- Provide accurate information to the public concerning the incident.
- Provide guidance and assistance at evacuation centre(s).
- Provide health related information about toxic chemicals and by-products.
- Provide guidance on public health advisories, public evacuation and sheltering.
- Provide guidance on rescinding a declaration of public evacuation and on allowing re-occupancy.
- Investigate health complaints from the public.
- Provide advice to the GEOC and to the REOC on existing or potential health effects associated with the incident where possible.
- Provide health advice and safety levels for any health or special care facilities and for other persons that are likely to be sensitive from the impact as a result of the incident.
- Ensure local hospitals are alerted when there is potential for an impact from a release.
- Coordinate the provision of medical services during an emergency.
- Where appropriate and necessary, can declare a Local State of Public Health Emergency.
- When possible, work with all other responders to establish a single Regional Emergency Operations Centre (REOC).

Saskatchewan Health Authority Representative will:

- Provide emergency medical services on site.
- Advise Council through EOC Mgt. Team on related public health issues.
- Log all actions.

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

After the Incident

- Compile and maintain health related records and logs.
- Participate, where possible, in event debriefings.
- Complete incident related reports.
- Provide guidance on assessing and mitigating public health risks due to any residual environmental contamination following an event.

8.5.6.6 Ministry Labour Relations & Workplace Safety

Serious Injuries or Fatality

Under the Saskatchewan Occupational Health and Safety Regulations; employers and contractors must contact the Ministry of Labour Relations & Workplace Safety – Occupational Health & Safety any “Critical Incident”:

- A serious adverse health event including, but not limited to, the actual or potential loss of life, limb or function related to a health service provide by, or a program operated by, Saskatchewan Health Authority (SHA) or health care organization.

Before the Incident

- This ministry works with employers and employees, as well as industry stakeholders to reduce and eliminate workplace injuries and create a safe work environment.
- Maintain 24-hour emergency contact number where resources can be accessed for reporting of serious injury or fatality.

During the Incident

- Dispatches representatives, when deemed appropriated, to evaluate and enforce compliance of regulations under provincial and territorial jurisdiction.
- Ensure that the company is monitoring the health and safety of all contractors and other workers who are not under the Canada Labour Code Jurisdiction.

After the Incident

- Will inspect and review the events of serious injuries or death to workers under provincial and territorial jurisdiction to ensure compliance with the provincial OHS legislation.

8.5.6.7 Ministry of Highways

Before the Incident

- Ministry of Highways manages Saskatchewan’s network of highways and infrastructure.
- Manages Saskatchewan’s Highway Hotline, ensuring Saskatchewan people, the trucking industry, and visitors have information on highway construction, road closures, and road conditions.
- Maintain 24-hour emergency contact number where resources can be accessed for a response related to Emergency Response Plans.

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

Transportation Programs & Services

- Manages Saskatchewan's regulated railway infrastructure, The Railway Act and reviews and authorizes construction/opening of provincially regulated railway.
- Maintains emergency contact information (Provincial Railway Inspector).
- May inspect all or any part of a railway and provide written report where the minister:
- Receives a complaint about the state of repair of any part of a railway.
- For any reason an inspection of a railway is necessary.
- May conduct audits of the facility and rail operations to ensure compliance with provincial regulations

During the Incident

- Provide authorization and assistance for establishing emergency roadblocks with company officials, local authorities and the RCMP.
- Provide assistance with the closure of provincial highways and the establishment of suitable detour routes.
- Provide advice and assistance with procurement of roadblock equipment.

Transportation Programs & Services

- Provide authorization and assistance for the cancellation of services and closure of provincial railway infrastructure.
- Investigate incidents and can issue orders to rectify any deficiencies to bring provincially regulated railway into compliance.

After the Incident

- Work with appropriate local and federal entities to facilitate the restoration of roadways and utilities.

Transportation Programs & Services

- Accidents and incidents will be investigated as required by Rail Services pursuant to Section 32 of The Railway Act. Accident/Incidents must be reported following the provincial guideline PRG 1006.
- Work with appropriate local and federal entities to facilitate the restoration of provincial railway infrastructure.

8.5.6.8 Ministry of Health

Before the Incident

The Minister of Health and the Saskatchewan Health Authority boards have interdependent roles and responsibilities to each other. Both are involved in meeting expectations in relation to the following key areas:

- Strategic planning
- Fiscal management and reporting
- Relationships
- Quality management
- Monitoring, evaluation, and reporting
- Management and performance

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

During the Incident

- Provide advice on health and safety levels for the more vulnerable residents, including those in health care or special care facilities.
- Work with Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment and others to establish health and safety levels for the escaping of contaminants.
- Advise on appropriate health related remedial measures.
- Consult with applicable environmental protection agencies to provide advice on existing and potential health effects of the incident.

After the Incident

- The Ministry and Saskatchewan Health Authority will conduct After Action Reviews to review operations and lessons learned to enhance emergency preparedness and response plans for potential future events.
- Ensure appropriate data is collected to monitor the health effects of the incident.
- Recommend further investigation or research after the event is warranted.

8.5.6.9 Technical Safety Authority

Before the Incident

- Review, accept and register pressure equipment designs and construction procedures that relate to pressure equipment.
- Issue certificate of inspection permits for pressure equipment before the equipment is placed into service.
- Ensure that regular inspections of in-service pressure equipment are conducted.
- Keep records for pressure equipment that has been registered for use, or manufactured, in Saskatchewan.
- Examine, certify, and register Pressure Welders and Welding Examiners, Power Engineers, and Pressure Equipment Inspectors.
- Conduct safety education and training.

During the Incident

- Receive notification of an incident involving a Boiler, Pressure Vessel, Elevator or Amusement Ride in Saskatchewan.

After the Incident

- Investigate accidents or unsafe conditions that involve boilers or pressure equipment.

8.5.6.10 SaskPower Electrical Safety

Before the Incident

- SaskPower generates safe, reliable, and sustainable power for the people of Saskatchewan.
- SaskPower is the principal electric utility in Saskatchewan, Canada.

During the Incident

- SaskPower would disconnect electrical services for residents that would be affected by flooding to ensure safety.

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

After the Incident

- SaskPower would be present in mobile command posts to assist residents with the safe restoration of electricity as quickly as possible.

8.5.6.11 SaskEnergy

Before the Incident

- SaskEnergy delivers the benefits of safe, convenient and environmentally friendly natural gas to nearly 400,000 residential, farm, commercial and industrial customers throughout Saskatchewan.
- Purchase natural gas from independent suppliers and transport it through over 15,000 kilometres of transmission pipelines and more than 71,000 kilometres of distribution lines to serve 93% of Saskatchewan communities.

During the Incident

- SaskEnergy would determine the appropriate course of action depending on the type and extent of emergency at the time, which in some cases may result in loss of natural gas service.

After the Incident

- If required, customers are to arrange with SaskEnergy to have natural gas service turned back on.

8.5.6.12 Workers' Compensation Board (WCB)

Before the Incident

The WCB is the provincial agency that delivers workplace insurance to Saskatchewan employers and benefits to Saskatchewan workers when they are hurt at work.

The *Workers' Compensation Act, 2013*, together with the General Regulations and Exclusions, make up the laws under which the Saskatchewan Workers' Compensations Board operates.

- Provide registered employers with workplace insurance coverage.
- Assess fair premiums.
- Educate employers and workers about injury prevention through WorkSafe Saskatchewan and the WCB's Prevention department.
- Help employers develop and implement safety and prevention programs.
- Support research to prevent and reduce injuries and occupational diseases.

During the Incident

Employer must contact the WCB within 5 days after the date on which they've become aware of an injury that prevents a worker from earning full wages or that necessitates medical aid. The employer shall notify the board in writing of:

- The nature, cause, and circumstances of the injury.
- The time of the injury.
- The name and address of the injured worker.
- The place where the injury happened.
- The name and address of any physician who attends the worker for his or her injury.
- Any further particulars of the injury or claim for compensation that the board may require.

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

After the Incident

- Determine and provide WCB benefits to injured workers.
- Provide case management services to facilitate health care and monitor workers' recovery and return to work.
- Help employers and workers develop and implement workplace return-to-work programs and individual return-to-work plans to accommodate injured workers, as required by law.
- Coordinate vocational services to injured workers if required.
- Interview any person who they believe can provide information about a work related fatality, serious injury or allegation of harassment.

8.5.6.13 Ministry of Agriculture

Before the Incident

An agricultural industry emergency will be defined according to the following:

- There is an imminent threat to livestock, public safety, personal property, the food chain or the environment.
- There is irrevocable harm.
- An epidemic with the potential to spread.
- When the cost of stopping the event is less than the cost of not doing anything.
- Incursion of a foreign or emerging animal disease that can be of economic or public health significance or acts of bio or agro terrorism.

During the Incident

- Provides advice and assistance in relation to agricultural matters.
- Provides veterinary guidance.
- Provides plant and animal health advice.
- Arranges emergency evacuation and rescue.
- Coordinates livestock feeding services in the event of an emergency.
- Operates under the Terrestrial Animal Disease Emergency Support (TADES), in coordination with federal agencies.

After the Incident

- The EPO will initiate a debriefing of any emergency situations.
- Updating and approval will occur in the following circumstances:
- Update the plan after a debriefing.
- Update the plan after a test of the plan.
- Update the appendices once a year.
- Update the plan at least once a year.
- EPO will initiate any plan reviews.
- Ministry Emergency Management Team updates the plan.
- Deputy Minister communicates the plan to staff through the directors.
- EPO to communicate plan to Emergency Management & Fire Safety.
- Plan posted on the Ministry's website (without the phone numbers of staff).

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

8.5.7 Provincial Government Roles - Manitoba

8.5.7.1 Manitoba Economic Development, Investment and Trade (EDIT) – Resource Development (Petroleum)

Before the Incident

- The Manitoba Economic Development, Investment and Trade (EDIT) - Resource Development (Petroleum) branch administers provisions under The Oil and Gas Act and The Oil and Gas Production Tax Act relating to exploration, development, production and transportation of oil and gas.
- The Branch develops, recommends, implements and administers policies and legislation, to provide for the sustainable development of Manitoba's oil and gas resources. The Branch deals with matters relating to well spacing, production allowable, pool designations, salt water disposal, enhanced recovery projects and unitization. The Branch publishes several reports each year, providing the public, industry and government with information on the petroleum industry in Manitoba.
- Establish processes to receive and address community concerns.

During the Incident

- Advise and assist in the implementation of petroleum demand restraint measures prior to or during a declared petroleum emergency.
- Liaise with the Government of Canada respecting the implementation of the Energy Supplies Emergency Act (Canada).
- Receive information pertaining to petroleum industry incidents.
- Determine the emergency level of an incident through consultation with the licensee.
- Dispatch representative to the site of the incident, as required.
- Confirm that local resources have been notified as appropriate.
- Identify and request initial provincial resources to support the incident, to be coordinated at the regional level if necessary through a local or regional EOC.
- Either notify all government agencies or instruct the operator on which government agencies they're to notify during an emergency
- Send a representative to the OSCP.
- Bring in expertise from other areas, as required.
- Provide timely situation reports to other government departments activated by this plan.

After the Incident

- As part of the "lessons-learned" process, recommend any mitigative actions that may reduce the event from re-occurring.
- Carry out investigations.
- Notify all participants when the event has concluded and there is no longer any hazard to the public.

8.5.7.2 Manitoba Emergency Management Organization (EMO)

Before the Incident

- The Manitoba Emergency Management Organization (EMO) is responsible for overseeing and coordinating all aspects of emergency preparedness in the Province, and managing, directing and coordinating the response of all departments to a disaster or major emergency.
- EMO is responsible for maintaining the Manitoba Emergency Plan. The Plan is the linchpin in EMO's capacity to provide a coordinated and effective response to emergencies and disasters. It explains the provincial emergency response concept, emergency response structure, and the roles and responsibilities of provincial departments and agencies responding to emergencies and disasters.

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

- EMO assists with major emergencies and disasters through coordination of the disaster response process, including the coordination of provincial, federal and non-government agency resources to assist municipalities. Services provided to the municipalities include consulting, planning support, event activity, post emergency reports, and public information on response activities.
- EMO is responsible to conceive, develop and coordinate a range of recovery programs and policy. EMO provides leadership in developing holistic recovery strategies for implementation in the wake of a major disaster. As such EMO has strong connections to non-governmental organizations who contribute to the overall recovery strategy.
- Prepare and maintain disaster assistance policies and guidelines for emergencies and disasters in Manitoba.
- Develop and maintain policy and procedures for the submission and processing of claims for disaster assistance.
- Prepare a provincial emergency preparedness program and a provincial emergency plan, and conduct regular reviews and revisions of the program and plan.
- Establish and main a registry containing a copy of every emergency plan and emergency management program in effect in the province.
- Review, modify and approve emergency preparedness programs and emergency plans.
- Assist local authorities in practicing their local emergency plans by conducting table top exercises.
- Development and maintenance of procedures for submitting and processing of claims.
- Provide a public disaster assistance awareness program.
- Consulting with government departments and the private sector on establishing and implementing disaster assistance programs.

During the Incident

- Provide assistance to local authorities and provincial departments in the implementation of emergency plans, establishing Emergency Operations Centres, reception centres for evacuees.
- Alert provincial departments and agencies likely to be involved in the emergency.
- Manage, direct and coordinate the response of all departments to a major emergency or disaster. This includes Provincial agencies, Crown Corporations, National Parks, First Nations or other properties within federal jurisdictions.
- Dispatch Emergency Preparedness advisor to the affected community.
- Provision, operation and administration of the Emergency Mobile Command Centre.
- Activation, operation and administration of the Manitoba Emergency Coordination Centre. In addition to the static MECC in Winnipeg, EMO maintains a deployable MECC that can be dispatched closer to the site of the emergency.
- Submission of "Requests for Emergency Response Assistance" to the Government of Canada and / or the Canadian Forces when the Province's capacity to deal with the emergency is exceeded or where specialized resources are required.
- Requesting the assistance of the Director of Communication Services (CH&T) to:
 - Establish and coordinate Media and/or Public Information Centres, which shall report to the Executive Coordinator, the Deputy Minister and / or the Minister.
 - Coordinate the activities and media releases of all Departmental Communication Officers required, at departmental emergency operation centres and emergency sites.
 - Coordinate news releases and public service announcements related to the emergency response.
 - Coordinate and manage local and visiting media personnel.
- Communication and administration of Government Policy on disaster assistance in accordance with the Emergency Measures Act and Disaster Financial Assistance Policy.

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

- EMO is the provincial aggregator for the National Public Alerting System. EMO has the capability to provide broadcast interrupted emergency messages through radio and television where and when required.
- EMO will take primary responsibility of an emergency or disaster where unusual circumstances exist:
- No local government exists.
- The local government no longer has the capacity to respond.
- The local government is unable to implement an appropriate on-site system of emergency management.

After the Incident

- Provide an accurate record of the provincial and municipal experience in dealing with the emergency.
- Provide a means of assessing the strengths and deficiencies of the province's response to the emergency, including departmental, municipal and voluntary organizations.
- Identify methods of enhancing the response and subsequently, the development of programs to implement proposals.
- Investigate claims.
- As required, MEMO will be responsible for the preparation of a provincial report which may include:
 - An executive summary.
 - Provincial Emergency Response (including local response).
 - Chronological sequence of significant events.
 - Overall emergency costs on a departmental basis.
 - The overall comments and recommendations (from debriefing meetings, departmental / municipal reports).
 - Department / agency / municipal reports.
 - The printing and distribution of the provincial report.
- Receive and assess all disaster assistance claims from local authorities, government departments, the Government of Canada or the private sector.
- Compilation and publication of the provincial post-emergency report.

8.5.7.3 Emergency Services

Before the Incident

In any emergency, initial requests for assistance from the public are usually directed to emergency responders, i.e. police, fire or EMS providers through 911 or a local emergency telephone number. It is the fire department that usually has the training, equipment and knowledge to safely and effectively manage many of the large scale emergencies.

- Maintain readiness status for emergency notification.
- Participate in industrial operators' exercises where possible.
- Maintain 24 hour emergency contact numbers.

During the Incident

Local authorities, provincial or federal departments and agencies (including E911 centres and first responders) which become aware of an event that either has, or could, result in a major emergency or disaster, shall notify the EMO as soon as possible, by calling the EMO Duty Officer 24/7 at 204-945-5555. Any emergency that has resulted, or may result in:

- Death or injury to multiple persons.
- Significant damage to:
 - Multiple properties,
 - Critical infrastructure,
 - The environment,
 - The economy, or

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

- Any emergency which is likely to overwhelm local resources.
- Any emergency which may require Provincial or Federal assistance (other than specialist resources that are provided in the ordinary course).

RCMP

- Advise local authorities respecting the maintenance of law and order.
- Provide security control of the emergency operations area(s).
- Provide security control of evacuated area(s).
- Provide traffic and crowd control.
- Administer public access and egress system within the flood plain and community ring dikes, in cooperation with the Departments of Conservation, Transportation and Infrastructure, and Water Stewardship.
- Assist the Chief Medical Examiner.
- Conduct search and rescue of missing persons.
- Coordinate forced evacuations.
- Maintain law and order and assist the operator with local security but would require discussion with the local police at the time.
- Assist with mobilization of additional resources.
- Typically would not be involved in setting up or maintaining roadblocks unless the emergencies impacted or required the closure of 1, 2 and 3 digit Provincial or Secondary highways.
- Establish and maintain communications with industrial operator.
- Dispatch a representative to the off-site Regional Emergency Operations Centre, when established, to coordinate the response.
- Coordinate with the industrial operator both the establishment and the administration of reception centres for evacuees.
- RCMP or local police would also become involved if there are fatalities as they are required to participate in the investigations. This could be through the medical examiner.
- The Office of the Fire Commissioner (OFC) has a working relationship with the RCMP and the RCMP may conduct selected duties of the Fire Commissioner where the fire's impact is not significant.
- Maintain a 24 hour emergency contact number where resources can be accessed for a response related to Emergency Response Plans.

Fire

- Respond to and assess emergency incident to the scope of their abilities.
- Establish a unified OSCP / ICP (On-site Command Post / Incident Command Post).
- Communicate to MEOC and provide site reps as required.
- Assist with fire protection where trained personnel are available.
- Provide emergency medical assistance, as required.
- Coordinate news releases with the licensee, if required.
- Provide response to dangerous goods incidents.
- By special order issued by the Minister responsible for this act (Emergency Medical Response and Stretcher Transportation), fire department personnel MAY operate an ambulance at the scene of an emergency incident when requested to do so by the EMS attendant(s), providing that the municipal fire fighter(s) possess the required Class 4 drivers license.

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

EMS

- Respond to and assess emergency incident to the scope of their abilities.
- Provides situational awareness and coordinates resources through the PREOCs and PECC.
- Provide emergency medical assistance, as required.
- Establish Incident Command.
- Provide first aid on site.
- Initiate health mutual aid if necessary.
- Log all actions and decisions.

After the Incident

- Complete a “lessons learned” process based on the scope of involvement and provide any feedback to the industrial operator.
- Participate in multi-agency debriefings.

8.5.7.4 Regional Health Authority

Before the Incident

- The regional health authorities are responsible within the context of broad provincial policy direction, for assessing and prioritizing needs and health goals, and developing and managing an integrated approach to their own health care system.
- Land ambulance services are delivered by a combination of providers including the Regional Health Authorities and other service providers under an agreement with regional health authorities (e.g., municipalities, First Nation communities).
- The air ambulance service providers include the provincial Lifeflight program (specialized air ambulance services operated provincially) and private air ambulance providers (basic air ambulance services).

During the Incident

- Provide representation at the off-site REOC or at the GEOC when established, if requested and if available.
- Provide accurate information to the public concerning the incident.
- Provide guidance and assistance at evacuation centre(s)
- Provide health related information about toxic chemicals and by-products.
- Provide guidance on public health advisories, public evacuation and sheltering.
- Provide guidance on rescinding a declaration of public evacuation and on allowing re-occupancy.
- Investigate health complaints from the public.
- Provide advice to the government GEOC and to the REOC on existing or potential health effects associated with the incident where possible.
- Provide health advice and safety levels for any health or special care facilities and for other persons that are likely to be sensitive from the impact as a result of the incident.
- Ensure local hospitals are alerted when there is potential for an impact from a release.
- Coordinate the provision of medical services during an emergency.
- Where appropriate and necessary, can declare a Local State of Public Health Emergency.
- When possible work with all other responders to establish a single Regional Emergency Operations Centre (REOC).

After the Incident

- Compile and maintain health related records and logs.
- Complete a “lessons learned” process based on the scope of involvement and provide any feedback to the industrial operator.

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

- Participate, where possible, in event debriefings.
- Complete incident related reports.
- Provide guidance on assessing and mitigating public health risks due to any residual environmental contamination following an event.

8.5.7.5 Officer of the Fire Commissioner

Before the Incident

- Promote methods of fire prevention and public safety.
- Collect and disseminate information and statistics about fires.
- Give advice and assistance to local authorities about emergency response and fire protection services, including training of persons who provide those services.
 - Equipment and adequate water supply for emergency response and fire protection services, and
 - By-laws and agreements respecting emergency response and
- Provide critical incident stress management for emergency response personnel and provide and coordinate resources used for search and rescue.
- Establish an incident management system for directing and managing emergency response services at the site of an emergency or disaster.
- Issue directives about how to dispose of combustibles and explosive materials or other things that may constitute a fire menace.
- Provides emergency response services on behalf of the province of Manitoba.

During the Incident

- Monitors emergency incidents throughout the province.
- The Fire Commissioner has the authority to exercise certain powers at the scene of an emergency or disaster if deemed necessary to meet the needs of the emergency and to eliminate or reduce its effect.
- Order the evacuation of land or premises, and / or calling on peace officers or a police force to assist with an evacuation.
- Provide an Incident Commander during the response phase of an emergency if it has been determined that an adequate Incident Command system may not be in place at a particular site or location.
- Provide on-site technical advice and / or assistance to municipal fire services.
- Provide and coordinate rescue activities and resources during a provincial emergency.
- Provide assistance to fire Mutual Aid Coordinators respecting municipal fire services emergency response.
- Provide logistical support to the RCMP for provincial ground search and rescue and clandestine drug operations.
- Provide building / structure safety inspection services.
- Coordinate and / or provide fire protection for communities during Department of Conservation Fire Program forest fires.
- Coordinate the Provincial Volunteer Ground Search and Rescue (GSAR) network.
- Operate the Provincial Urban Search and Rescue (USAR)
- Coordinate 3 Hazardous Materials Technician response teams (CBRN):
 - Chemical, Biological, and Radiological & Nuclear

After the Incident

- Fire investigators work closely with law enforcement to determine the cause and origin of every fire in Manitoba.
- Information gathered at the fire scene is compiled and used to design fire and life safety programs for target groups and to reduce fire loss across Manitoba.
- Complete a "lessons learned" process based on the scope of involvement and provide any feedback to the industrial operator.

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

- Participate in multi-agency debriefings.

8.5.7.6 Manitoba Environment, Climate and Parks

Before the Incident

- When necessary, specialized expertise from any of the Department's program areas may be called out to assist in the response to an environmental accident. The response team has access to all of the resources of the provincial government and, through agreement, the resources of the federal government as well.
- The Manitoba Emergency Plan identifies Manitoba Environment, Climate and Parks as the lead provincial agency for dangerous goods incidents.
- Provide advice and assistance in waste disposal.

During the Incident

General

- Provide support to regulatory enforcement services.
- Provide supplementary emergency radio communication.
- Provide specialized transportation equipment and operations, e.g., ATVs, snowmobiles, boats and bombardiers.
- Assist in acquiring helicopter / aircraft resources.
- Assist the Office of the Fire Commissioner in search and rescue operations.
- Administer public access and egress systems within the flood plain and community rink dikes, in cooperation with Transportation and Infrastructure, Water Stewardship, and Justice.
- Provide other regional resource, staff, equipment, and infrastructure in support of emergency operations.

Fire

- Direct forest fire operations.
- Provide forest fire fighting equipment.
- Provide technical advice and assistance to other departments and local authorities about forest fire operations.

Environmental Emergency Response Program

- Operates within the mandates of The Dangerous Goods Handling and Transportation Act and The Environment Act. This Act gives Environment Officers and Inspectors special powers in emergencies to enter any land or building, control and clean up releases and take any emergency actions required to protect persons, property and the environment.
- The Emergency Response Team responds to releases or potential releases of contaminants that may have a detrimental effect on the physical environment or public health.
- Direct the on-site response to environmental accidents.
- Oversee operations for contaminant monitoring and analysis.
- Direct environmental accident spill control, clean-up operations, and disposal arrangements.
- Arrange for the provision of technical personnel and equipment resources in support of law enforcement for dealing with Clandestine Drug Labs and as part of the provincial Chemical, Biological, Radiological, Nuclear, and Explosive (CBRNE) Response Team.
- Provide technical environmental advice to local authorities, departments, and agencies.
- Provide advice on public protection measures (evacuation, shelter-in-place and reentry).
- Provide support to the Department of Water Stewardship - Office of Drinking Water by undertaking initial sampling, testing and assessment at the emergency site.

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

- Provide assistance in monitoring discharges and ensuring appropriate mitigation and response actions are taken to reduce the impact of liquid releases for land based spills and to ensure watercourses are protected.

Water Stewardship

- Coordinate, plan, and direct flood control operations.
- Plan collection of aerial photography and other aerial imagery.
- Plan ice jam mitigation program, and deploy ice jam mitigation equipment.
- Provide flood forecasting and monitoring services.
- Provide public information on flood forecasts, regulation of water control structures, and flood-related activities.
- Coordinate and provide provincial direction for the operation of flood control works (e.g. Red River Floodway, Portage Diversion).
- Administer public access and egress system within the flood plain and community ring dikes, in cooperation with the Departments of Conservation, Transportation and Infrastructure, and Justice.
- Coordinate with Transportation and Infrastructure in the distribution of sandbags, sandbagging equipment, and water barriers.
- Coordinate with Transportation and Infrastructure in the provision of engineering and technical advice and assistance to municipalities concerning flood protection measures.
- Provide advice to municipalities and Departments of Conservation, Transportation and Infrastructure on the most efficient and effective use of flood fighting resources.
- Provide permission to cut roads and create water diversions.

After the Incident

- Complete a “lessons learned” process based on the scope of involvement and provide any feedback to the industrial operator.
- Participate in multi-agency debriefings.

Environmental Emergency Response Program

- Participate in the evaluation of the incident and the potential area at risk from product releases.

8.5.7.7 Manitoba Health

Before the Incident

- Manitoba Public Health aims to provide the leadership and coordination for an integrated approach to public health programs and services.
- The core functions of public health are population health assessment, health surveillance, disease, injury prevention, health promotion and health protection.
- To focus on the prevention and control of diseases and the promotion of health.
- Liaise, collaborate and coordinate on health-related matters with all federal and provincial agencies.
- Ensure continuity of care at health care organizations providing health services that are the responsibility of Manitoba Health.

During the Incident

- Monitor and support Regional Health Authority (RHA) and health care organization emergency / disaster management activities.
- Evaluate the risk of negative health outcomes to the public.
- Provide information, advice and guidance to the public on health-related issues.
- Contribute health-related information to other sectors, organizations, and agencies.
- Secure, coordinate, and distribute necessary medical resources (e.g. human resources, supplies, vaccines, etc.) to support RHAs and health care organizations in response to the requirements of an emergency / disaster.

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

- Coordinate air ambulance evacuations (i.e. Lifeflight and basic air ambulance carriers) and ground medical evacuations.
- Coordinate the deployment of National Emergency Stockpile System (NESS) resources in Manitoba.
- Ensure the provision of institutional and community-based (public) health services in response to community needs during and immediately after an emergency / disaster.
- Support RHAs and health care organizations in the coordination of evacuations of health care facilities as required.
- Assign liaison officers and / or on-site response personnel to support RHAs and health care organizations as required.

After the Incident

- Assist with the investigation of incidents that result in serious injuries or death to workers under provincial and territorial jurisdiction.
- Complete a “lessons learned” process based on the scope of involvement and provide any feedback to the industrial operator.
- Participate in multi-agency debriefings.

8.5.7.8 Manitoba Transportation and Infrastructure

Before the Incident

- Development of transportation policy and legislation, and for the management of the province's vast infrastructure network.
- Responsibilities include corporate policy and provincial legislation development, motor carrier safety and regulation enforcement, carrier permits and the development and implementation of sustainable transportation initiatives.
- Delivery of several transportation and infrastructure-related services or programs such as air ambulance flights, water bomber operations, property management, procurement, material distribution, fleet vehicles, Crown Lands stewardship, mail management, and government building security across the province.

Engineering & Operations Division

- Provide a 24/7 highway information call centre and web page.
- Construct and maintain provincial roads, bridges, airports and water control infrastructures.
- Plan, direct, and coordinate all highway traffic functions.
- Plan, direct, and coordinate the use of northern airports and provincial resources.
- Coordinate with the Department of Water Stewardship in the provision of engineering and technical advice and assistance to municipalities concerning flood protection measures.
- Coordinate with the Department of Water Stewardship to collect hydrologic data for flood forecasting purposes.
- Coordinate with the Department of Water Stewardship to conduct groundwater monitoring and well protection programs.

Transportation Policy and Motor Carrier Division

- Determine routing and ensure compliance of heavy-lift trucking and movement of heavy equipment.
- Provide special transportation permits.

During the Incident

Vehicle Equipment Management Agency (VEMA)

- Provide and service light vehicles necessary to the emergency response through Fleet Vehicles Agency.

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

- Provide and service radios necessary to the emergency response through Radio Services.
- Provide and service heavy equipment / vehicles necessary to emergency response through Mechanical Equipment Services.

Materials Distribution Agency (MDA)

- Provide office furniture; home care supplies / equipment; and personal care, janitorial and stationery supplies as necessary to the emergency response.
- Provide material support services.
- Arrange and provide transportation support for the movement of emergency equipment and supplies.
- Provide emergency postal services.

Procurement Services Branch (PSB)

- Provide emergency purchasing services.

Air Services

- Coordinate Life Flight and Medevac flights on a 24-hour basis utilizing government aircraft and commercial charter on an as required basis.
- Provide government aircraft for conservation of forest and other natural resources of the province and / or jurisdictions.
- Provide coordination and certification to all government clients with air charter travel arrangements using government aircraft and commercial carriers.
- Provide monitoring of all Air Services Flights.
- Provide aviation supports to all Manitoba Government departments, agencies and crown corporations.
- Plan, acquire, direct and control the use of all air transportation resources.

Accommodation Services Division

- Assist College authorities in college emergency closing and re-opening.
- Coordinate use of government buildings for short term emergency housing.
- Liaise with universities with regards to emergency housing.
- Provide access to and security of the Manitoba Emergency Coordination Centre (MECC).
- Coordinate security services for other government facilities necessary to the emergency response.
- Coordinate the acquisition of commercial rental space for emergency facilities or accommodation.

Engineering & Operations Division

- Construct temporary roads and bridges for emergency access to affected locations.
- Arrange for emergency repair of damaged provincial roads, bridges, airports, and water control infrastructures.
- Coordinate with Department of Water Stewardship to prepare, haul and provide sandbags, sandbagging equipment, and water barriers.
- Acquire, receive, issue and account for emergency supplies and equipment.
- Operate and maintain flood control works, under the direction of Water Stewardship.
- Administer public access and egress system within the flood plain and community ring dikes, in cooperation with the Departments of Water Stewardship, Conservation, and Justice.
- Plan, acquire, direct and control the use of fleet-net radio, sat phones, and equipment resources.

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

Transportation Policy and Motor Carrier Division

- Assist in law enforcement situations.

After the Incident

- Complete a “lessons learned” process based on the scope of involvement and provide any feedback to the industrial operator.
- Participate in multi-agency debriefings.

8.5.7.9 Manitoba Workplace Health & Safety

Before the Incident

- Administer The Workplace Safety and Health Act and associated regulations that deal with the health and safety of workers
- Eliminate workplace and public hazards through preventative measures like education, training, cooperation, and inspections and investigations - all legislated by our provincial documents.
- Protection of Manitoba's workforce.

During the Incident

- Secure workers and self-employed persons from risks to their safety, health and welfare arising out of, or in connection with, activities in an emergency response.
- Protect other persons from risks to their safety and health arising out of, or in connection with, an emergency response.
- Provide electrical / mechanical inspection services.

After the Incident

- Compile and maintain health and safety related records and logs.
- Monitor lease holder / contractor plans to determine if site is safe for recovery workers
- Investigate non-compliance with the The Workplace Safety and Health Act. The investigations may be coordinated with, or independent of, any other investigation in relation to the incident.

8.5.7.10 Manitoba Ministry of Agriculture (Moab)

Before the Incident

- The Ministry of Agriculture works to accelerate the greater prosperity and capacity of agricultural producers and industry, food processors, other rural entrepreneurs, organizations as well as rural and northern communities.

During the Incident

- Coordinate and lead on agricultural and food supply matters, including:
 - Arrange for the provision of emergency veterinary services as per The Animal Care Act.
 - Undertake arrangements for emergency evacuation and / or feeding of livestock.
 - Support agencies dealing with the rescue and care of companion and hobby farm animals in affected or evacuated areas.
 - Undertake arrangements for emergency evacuation of farm stored grains, fertilizer, pesticides, and other chemicals.
 - Take the provincial lead in an animal health incident or outbreak.
- Facilitate farm and rural stress response during an emergency.

After the Incident

- Complete a “lessons learned” process based on the scope of involvement and provide any feedback to the industrial operator.

8.5 PROVINCIAL SECTION, CONTINUED

- Participate in multi-agency debriefings.

8.5.7.11 Manitoba Hydro

Before the Incident

- Provides electricity and gas service to communities throughout the province.

During the Incident

- Assure a continued supply of electrical energy and natural gas under emergency conditions.
- Provide temporary electrical or natural gas service when and where necessary for emergency operations.
- Protect Manitoba Hydro Installations.
- Interrupt electrical or natural gas service for protection of life and property.
- Advise and assist departments and local authorities with respect to emergency electrical or natural gas service.

After the Incident

- Complete a "lessons learned" process based on the scope of involvement and provide any feedback to the industrial operator.
- Participate in multi-agency debriefings.

8.5.7.12 Inspection and Technical Services Manitoba

Before the Incident

- Boiler, pressure vessel and refrigeration plant inspections.
- Gas and oil-fired equipment inspections and permits.
- Electrical application inspections.
- Elevator and amusement ride inspections.
- Licensing of power engineers, welders, gas fitters and electricians.
- Quality assurance reviews of certain engineering plans and decisions.
- Quality assurance program reviews for pressure equipment, pressure piping manufacturing and installation.

During the Incident

- Receive notification of an incident involving a Boiler, Pressure Vessel, Elevator or Amusement Ride

After the Incident

- Investigate accidents or unsafe conditions that involve boilers or pressure equipment.

8.5.7.13 Manitoba Workers' Compensation Board

Before the Incident

- Employer must report worker injuries to the WCB within 5 days from the day the worker reported it to them, or from the day the employer first learns of it, whichever is earlier.
- WCB will adjudicate the claim to determine if the injury arose out of and in the course of employment.
- WCB will provide benefits to which the worker is entitled under The Workers Compensation Act.

After the Incident

- Assist the worker to access treatment for his or her recovery and safe return to work.

8.6 FEDERAL SECTION

8.6.1 Federal Agency Notifications

All pipelines that cross a provincial/country boundary are administered by the Canada Energy Regulator (CER). The CER is the regulatory authority that controls emergency response planning and actions within their jurisdiction. The CER has Memorandums of Understandings with some provincial oil and gas regulatory authorities. As required, the provincial oil and gas regulatory authority may provide response resources (manpower and equipment) from their field centres/offices to support the CER.

If an emergency occurs at a CER regulated operation, the regulated company involved will initiate its emergency response plan and follow the Incident Reporting Requirements.

For storage tanks regulated under the Canadian Environmental Protection Act, Part 8 of the Act requires that an enforcement officer or any other person designated by regulation or interim order be provided with a written report concerning an environmental emergency. The final Regulations designate the Regional Director, Environmental Enforcement Directorate, Enforcement Branch, Department of the Environment, in the region where the environmental emergency occurs.

The final Regulations specify that a written report of an environmental emergency is only to be submitted if the release has or may have an immediate or long-term harmful effect on the environment, constitutes or may constitute a danger to the environment on which life depends, or constitutes or may constitute a danger in Canada to human life or health. This precision is intended to help clarify the criteria that trigger the need for a written environmental emergency report. If there is any doubt as to whether the incident is a reportable environmental emergency, the incident should be reported to the Department.

Note: If an immediately reportable incident occurs at a CER regulated asset, it must be reported within 3 hours.

8.6.2 Federal Government Roles

8.6.2.1 Federal Regulatory Agency

Canada Energy Regulator (CER)

The Canada Energy Regulator (CER) regulates inter-provincial and international pipelines, energy development and trade in the Canadian public interest. The CER's goal is to see to it that CER regulated facilities and activities are safe and secure and the environment is protected throughout their lifecycles.

The CER's top priority in any emergency is to make sure that people are safe and secure, and that property and the environment are protected.

For additional details, refer to the *Canada Energy Board (CER) Onshore Pipeline Regulations (SOR/99-294 – Last Amended September 27, 2022)*.

8.6.2.2 Transportation Safety Board of Canada (TSB)

The Transportation Safety Board's (TSB) 24-hour hotline number provides a single window for reporting all occurrences to the Canada Energy Regulator (CER), Natural Resources Canada and RCMP as necessary. The incident reporting protocol requires that all incidents associated with CER regulated pipelines be reported using this single window approach through the TSB. This allows the TSB to collect data for evaluation and is intended to simplify the reporting procedure. All incidents and hazardous occurrences must be reported to the TSB within 24 hours. The TSB then forwards all information to the CER. This process meets the Canadian Labour Code regulations for reporting.

The TSB is an independent agency created to advance transportation safety through the investigation of occurrences in the marine, pipeline, rail, and air modes of transportation. A 'transportation occurrence' is any accident or incident associated with the operation of a ship, pipeline, railway rolling stock, or aircraft.

The TSB and Transport Canada (TC) are separate and distinct organizations. Transport Canada is concerned with developing and administering policies, regulations, and services for transportation systems in Canada with respect to marine, rail, and aviation. This differs from the TSB mandate of advancing transportation safety in the marine, pipeline, rail, and air modes of transportation through the conduct of independent investigations, the identification of safety deficiencies, and the making of recommendations to eliminate or reduce such deficiencies.

Another key difference between the TSB and TC is that TC reports to the Federal Minister of Transport, while the TSB reports to Parliament through the President of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada. This reinforces and demonstrates the TSB's independence from regulatory bodies.

8.6.2.3 Canadian Environmental Protection Act (E2)

Environment Canada requires any petroleum operator who has charge, management or control of substances in excess of threshold limits listed in Schedule 1 of the Canadian Environmental Protection Act to:

- Submit notices (some periodic) to inform ECCC of compliance with the regulatory requirements
- Prepare an Environmental Emergency Plan (E2 Plan) and review and update it, if necessary, at least once per year
- Bring the E2 Plan into effect to make sure the facility is ready to respond to an accidental release
- Conduct simulation exercises of the E2 Plan each year, a more extensive simulation exercise every five years and prepare a record after each exercise to be kept for a minimum of 7 years
- Keep a copy of the E2 Plan readily available at the facility and other places where it is needed

8.6.2.4 Environment & Climate Change Canada (ECCC)

Environment & Climate Change Canada (ECCC)

Environment & Climate Change Canada's Environmental Emergencies Program (EEP) protects Canadian and their environment from the effects of environmental emergencies through provision of science-based expert advice and regulations.

The key Acts and Regulations that govern ECCC's role in environmental emergencies that allow it to deliver its mandate are:

- Canadian Environmental Protection Act, 1999
- Fisheries Act—Pollution Prevention Provisions;
- Migratory Birds Convention Act, 1994;
- Statutory Notification Requirements—EC's Environmental Notification System.
- Environmental Emergencies Regulations.

During an environmental emergency, The National Environmental Emergencies Centre (NEEC) is the focal point for ECCC.

ECCC's services during an environmental emergency:

- Collaborate with federal, provincial, territorial and international environmental protection agencies to enable rapid sharing of information.
- Convene and chair a Science Table of experts and stakeholders to develop consensus based advice to the Lead Agency.
- Identify environmentally sensitive areas and priorities (sensitivity and resource at risk mapping).
- Advise on mitigation and cleanup measures.
- Provide support and guidance in the assessment of oiled shorelines to prioritize their protection and cleanup (Shoreline Cleanup Assessment Technique (SCAT)).
- Advice on the fate and behavior of the spilled product.
- Advice on sampling and laboratory analysis.
- Provide weather forecasting and spill dispersion modelling to identify where these substances are likely to move in the environment.]
- Provided expertise on the migratory bird resources and species at risk, including on-site assessment and determination of wildlife impact.
- Can conduct post-emergency assessments.
- Provide specialized advice in shoreline clean-up assessment techniques (SCAT).
- Provide Advise on mitigation and cleanup measures.

8.6.2.5 Canadian Department of Fisheries & Oceans (DFO)

The Canadian Coast Guard is the lead federal agency for ensuring appropriate response to all ship-source and unknown mystery spills in Canadian waters and waters under international agreements.

- Establishes appropriate and nationally consistent level of preparedness and response services in Canadian waters.
- Design and develop related regulations, policies, strategies and tools.
- Review, assess and monitor activities associated with fish habitat to ensure their compliance with the Fisheries Act and Species at Risk Act.
- Conduct environmental assessments under the Canadian Environmental Assessment Act.
- Design, develop and implement communication and education strategies.
- Any amount of hydrocarbons entering a waterway frequented by fish or occupied by waterfowl is deemed to be in contravention of the Federal Fisheries Act and must be reported to the Department of Fisheries and Oceans.
- Work together with provincial environment protection agencies and may be initially notified by ECCC.
- May send personnel to the site if there has been or could potentially be an impact to fish or fish habitat.
- Monitors and investigates all reports of marine pollution in Canada in conjunction with other federal departments.
- Maintains communications with the program's partners, including Transport Canada and ECCC, to ensure a consistent coordinated approach to marine pollution incident response.
- Aids in search and rescue operations.
- Work closely with ECCC, The Canadian Coast Guard and other provincial environmental agencies.

8.6.2.6 NAV Canada

NAV Canada is a private company who coordinates the safe and efficient movement of aircraft in Canadian domestic airspace and international airspace assigned to Canadian control.

Flight Information Centre (FIC) – FIC Services

Each Flight Information Centre is responsible for providing its particular service area with the following services, which pilots rely upon for safe flight planning and operations:

- Emergency
- Aviation Weather Briefing
- Flight Planning
- Enroute Flight Information Services
- Remote Aerodrome Advisory Services (RAAS)
- As requested by the licensee, the Flight Information Centre will issue a NOTAM (Notice to Airmen).

8.6.2.7 Health Canada

- Sets national standards to keep the environment healthy, keep water and air pollution low and Canadians safe.
- Maintains a nationwide network of radiation monitoring stations and can act if levels spike.
- Under Chemicals Management Plan, assess health risks from chemicals used in manufacturing and agriculture and require users to prove they actually need the chemicals to make their products
- Sets strict rules on how chemicals are used in order to limit human exposure.
- Preparedness exercises are designed to test how well the plans and procedures work during simulated emergency situations. Such exercises help the government identify strengths as well as any problems or inadequacies in preparedness plans and procedures so that these can be addressed before, not after, an actual emergency.
- During a health emergency or disaster, Health Canada and the Public Health Agency of Canada are responsible for supporting emergency health and social services in the provinces and territories.
- Work collaboratively with the provinces and territories to test ways in which the Canadian health care system can be improved and ensure its sustainability for the future.

8.6.2.8 Public Health Agency of Canada

The Centre for Emergency Preparedness and Response (CEPR) is responsible for:

- Developing and maintaining national emergency response plans for the Public Health Agency of Canada and Health Canada.
- Assessing public health risks during emergencies.
- Contribution to keeping Canada's health and emergency policies in line by collaborating with other federal and international health and security agencies.
- The health authority in the Government of Canada on bioterrorism, emergency health services and emergency response.
- Strengthen intergovernmental collaboration on public health and facilitate national approaches to public health policy and planning.
- Manages emergency preparedness and emergency response plans and keeps them up to date.
- Develops and runs exercises to train emergency workers.
- Develops and delivers training courses that teach health workers how to respond to emergencies.
- In an emergency situation, the Office of Emergency Response Services (OERS) is responsible for supporting emergency health and social services in the provinces, territories or abroad. It manages the National Emergency Stockpile System (NESS), which includes medical, pharmaceutical and related emergency supplies. The Office is responsible for the federal response to emergencies that have health repercussions; this includes the deployment of health emergency response teams (HERT).
- If a public health emergency grows beyond one province and/or territory, the Public Health Agency of Canada usually gets involved.
- Work with Health Canada to test ways in which the Canadian health care system can be improved and ensure its sustainability for the future.

8.6.2.9 Indigenous Services Canada, Regional Operations and First Nations and Inuit Health Branch

Since the Government of Canada's renewed commitment to a stronger relationship with Indigenous peoples in Canada, measures were initiated to affect a shift in the way the Government delivers services to Indigenous peoples. This included the creation of two new departments, which was announced on December 4, 2017. The two newly created departments, Crown-Indigenous Relations and Northern Affairs Canada (CIRNAC) and Indigenous Services Canada (ISC), are intended to improve the delivery of services while accelerating movement towards self-government and self-determination of Indigenous peoples.

As part of the departmental transition, both the former Regional Operations (RO) part of Indigenous and Northern Affairs Canada (INAC) and all of First Nations and Inuit Health Branch (FNIHB) of Health Canada have been absorbed into the newly created Indigenous Services Canada (ISC). RO and FNIHB work closely and collaborate towards the provision of emergency preparedness and response activities to First Nations communities in Canada.

In regard to First Nations emergency management, the role of RO is to liaise, communicate, cooperate, coordinate and collaborate with First Nations and public, private, and non-government sector partners in support of on reserve emergency management service delivery. In Alberta Region, ISC-RO holds a comprehensive 10-year service agreement with Alberta Emergency Management Agency, through which First Nations in Alberta are supported in the four pillars of emergency management.

FNIHB carries out the public health preparedness and response activities related to natural and man-made disasters. This includes Communicable Disease Control and Environmental Public Health Services. In addition, FNIHB administers Non-Insured Health Benefits to First Nations clients, which includes extended coverage for medical transportation, pharma-care, medical devices and mental health supports. During an emergency, FNIHB works with First Nations leadership and health service providers to ensure health needs of First Nations communities are met.

Provincial specific FNIHB roles & responsibilities will be found in this section of the ERP, if applicable or as appropriate.

8.6.2.10 Indian Oil & Gas Canada (IOGC)

IOGC is an organization committed to managing and regulating oil and gas resources on First Nation reserve lands. It is a special operating agency within Indigenous Services Canada.

IOGC is responsible for oil and gas on First Nation reserve lands across Canada, but only a handful of reserves exist north of the 60th parallel. Therefore, practically all of IOGCs work is south of the 60th parallel, with most of that in the Western Canada Sedimentary Basin.

IOGC's general responsibilities are to:

- identify and evaluate oil and gas resource potential on Indian reserve lands;
- encourage companies to explore for, drill and produce these resources through leasing activity;
- ensure equitable production, fair prices and proper collection of royalties on behalf of First Nations; and
- secure compliance with and administer the regulatory framework in a fair manner.

IOGC operates pursuant to the Indian Oil and Gas Act and Indian Oil and Gas Regulations, 1995, as well as other relevant legislation and guidelines (see Acts and Regulations). Oil and gas activity on First Nation reserve lands depends on agreements involving First Nation band councils, oil and gas companies, and Indian Oil and Gas Canada.

Additional information is available at: <http://www.pgic-iogc.gc.ca/eng/1100110010458/1100110010464>

Acts and Regulations: <https://www.pgic-iogc.gc.ca/eng/1100110010437/1100110010438>

8.6.2.11 Transport Canada

Canadian Transport Emergency Centre (CANUTEC)

- Regulate the handling, offering for transport and the transport of dangerous goods by all modes in order to ensure public safety.
- Maintain a 24 hour emergency telephone service.
- Federal regulations require that CANUTEC be contacted in the event of an incident or accident involving dangerous goods and infectious substances.
- Maintains records of over 3 million Safety Data Sheets (SDS).
- Assist emergency response personnel in handling dangerous good emergencies including advice on
 - Chemical, physical and toxicological properties and incompatibilities of the dangerous goods
 - Health hazards and first aid
 - Fire, explosion, spill or leak hazards
 - Remedial actions for the protection of life, property and the environment
 - Evacuation distances
 - Personal protective clothing and decontamination
- CANUTEC staff does not go to the site of an incident, however, should on-site assistance be required, CANUTEC can assist in the activation or industry emergency response plans.
- Provide communication links with the appropriate industry, government or medical specialists.
- Maintain voice communication and written information records for two years for the protection of all parties.

Aviation Operations Centre (AVOPS)

- To close air space beyond an airport (e.g. above a sour gas release), AVOPS can be contacted by the licensee.
- Rescind the NOTAM and re-open air space that was closed due to emergency.

8.6.2.12 Public Safety Canada

- Public Safety Canada works with provincial and territorial officials to ensure first responders and emergency management personnel are well-prepared through education, support and exercises.
- Responsible for promoting and coordinating the preparation of departmental emergency management plans as well as coordinating the government's response to an emergency through the Government Operations Centre (GOC).
- Public Safety Canada houses the Government Operations Centre at the hub of the national emergency management system. It's an advanced centre for monitoring and coordinating the federal response to an emergency.
- In the event of a large-scale natural disaster where response and recovery costs exceed what individual provinces and territories could reasonably be expected to bear on their own, PS provides financial assistance to the provincial and territorial governments through the Disaster Financial Assistance Arrangements (DFAA).
- Assistance is paid to the province or territory – not directly to individuals or communities. The provincial or territorial governments design, develop and deliver disaster financial assistance, determining the amounts and types of assistance that will be provided to those who have experienced losses.

8.6.2.13 Royal Canadian Mounted Police (RCMP)

- RCMP or local police would also become involved if there are fatalities, as they are required to participate in the investigations. This could be through the medical examiner.
- Maintain law and order and assist the operator with local security but would require discussion with the local police at the time.
- The Office of the Fire Commissioner (OFC) has a working relationship with the RCMP and the RCMP may conduct selected duties of the Fire Commissioner where the fire's impact is not significant.
- Assist with traffic control, crowd control, evacuation, and residence security.
- Typically would not be involved in setting up or maintaining roadblocks unless the emergencies impacted or required the closure of 1, 2 and 3 digit Provincial or Secondary highways.
- Establish and maintain communications with industrial operator.
- Dispatch a representative to the off-site Regional Emergency Operations Centre, when established, to coordinate the response.
- Coordinate with the industrial operator both the establishment and the administration of reception centres for evacuees.
- Maintain a 24 hour emergency contact number where resources can be accessed for a response related to Emergency Response Plans.

8.7 MUTUAL AID

Emergency Response Assistance Canada (ERAC)

Emergency Response Assistance Canada (ERAC) is an organization that provides a Transport Canada approved Emergency Response Assistance Plans (ERAP) to its members. Plains has an active membership.

In the event of a road, rail or stationary vessel incident (≥ 450 litres) emergency involving Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG), Plains, as required, can call Emergency Response Assistance Canada (ERAC) for advice and support of an LPG-related emergency. Documentation with any shipment will contain a Transport Canada Permit Number and contact numbers for Emergency Response Assistance Canada (ERAC) emergency activation. The table below outlines Plains Emergency Response Assistance Plans (ERAP):

ERAP Number	Type of Transport	Emergency Number	Product covered under ERAP
ERAC Emergency Response (LPG ERAP)			
ERP2-0010-069	Truck/Rail	1-800-265-0212	Liquefied Petroleum Gases; or Petroleum gases, Liquefied Class 2.1, UN1075 Butylene Class 2.1, UN1012 Propylene Class 2.1, UN1077 Propane Class 2.1, UN1978 Isobutylene Class 2.1, UN1055 Isobutane Class 2.1, UN1969 Butane Class 2.1, UN1011 Butadienes, Stabilized Class 2.1, UN1010
ERAC Emergency Response (Flammable Liquids ERAP)			
ERP2-1933-027	Rail	1-800-265-0212	UN1267 Petroleum Crude Oil UN1268 Petroleum Distillates, N.O.S. UN3295 Hydrocarbons, Liquid, N.O.S.
Plains Midstream Empress MLP (ERP2-1933-027)	Rail	1-800-265-0212	UN1267 Petroleum Crude Oil UN1268 Petroleum Distillates, N.O.S. UN3295 Hydrocarbons, Liquid, N.O.S.

8.7 MUTUAL AID, CONTINUED

CANUTEC/CHEMTREC

CANUTEC is the Canadian Transport Emergency Centre operated by the Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG) Directorate of Transport Canada. The Directorate's overall mandate is to promote public safety in the transportation of dangerous goods by all modes. Contact CANUTEC in the event of an emergency involving dangerous goods.

CHEMTREC allows shippers of hazardous materials to comply with government hazardous materials regulations and provide immediate critical response information for emergency incidents involving chemicals, hazardous materials and dangerous goods.

Additionally, a guide was developed to aid first responders in responding to a dangerous goods incident. Refer to 4.5: *Transportation of Dangerous Goods and the 'Emergency Response Guidebook (ERG) – 2020 (ERG2016)'*.

The table below outlines Plains Emergency Response Assistance Plans (ERAP):

CANUTEC/Chemtrec Emergency Response					
Shipping Name	ERAP (Customer) Number	Type of Transport	Country	Emergency Number	Products covered under ERAP
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]

SECTION 9

AREA INFORMATION

Section Last Revised: October 3, 2024

© Jensen Hughes 2024

9.1 Overview

9.1.1 Regulatory Description

9.1.2 General Area Information

9.1.3 Alarms and Communications

Figure 9.1.3-1 - Warning Systems

Figure 9.1.3-2 - Communication Infrastructure

Figure 9.1.3-3 - Emergency Shut Down (EDS) System

9.1.4 Common Telephone Directory

Figure 9.1.4-1 - 24-Hour Emergency Line

Figure 9.1.4-2 - Internal Emergency Telephone Numbers

9.1.5 External Support Organizations

Figure 9.1.5-1 - Spill Co-Op

Figure 9.1.5-2 - Mutual Aid

Figure 9.1.5-3 - Utilities

Figure 9.1.5-4 - Other Organizations

9.1.6 Support Services

9.1.7 Public Information Handout (PIH)

9.1.8 Emergency Response Planning Map

9.1.9 Plains Response Equipment

Figure 9.1.9-1 - Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

9.2 Facility Site Information

9.2.1 Pipeline Section 1

9.2.1.1 Driving Directions

9.2.1.2 Evacuation

9.2.1.3 Equipment Lists and Locations

SECTION 9

AREA INFORMATION, CONTINUED

© Jensen Hughes 2024

9.2.1.4 Site Notifications

9.2.1.5 Technical Data

9.2.1.6 Major Accident Risk (MAR) Scenarios

9.2.1.7 Maps and Plot Plans

9.2.1.8 Other Site-Specific Information

9.2.1.9 Additional Site-Specific Information

9.2.2 Pipeline Section 2

9.2.2.1 Driving Directions

9.2.2.2 Evacuation

9.2.2.3 Equipment Lists and Locations

9.2.2.4 Site Notifications

9.2.2.5 Technical Data

9.2.2.6 Major Accident Risk (MAR) Scenarios

9.2.2.7 Maps and Plot Plans

9.2.2.8 Other Site-Specific Information

9.2.2.9 Additional Site-Specific Information

9.2.3 Pipeline Section 3

9.2.3.1 Driving Directions

9.2.3.2 Evacuation

9.2.3.3 Equipment Lists and Locations

9.2.3.4 Site Notifications

9.2.3.5 Technical Data

9.2.3.6 Major Accident Risk (MAR) Scenarios

SECTION 9

AREA INFORMATION, CONTINUED

© Jensen Hughes 2024

9.2.3.7 Maps and Plot Plans

9.2.3.8 Other Site-Specific Information

9.2.3.9 Additional Site-Specific Information

9.2.4 Pipeline Section 4

9.2.4.1 Driving Directions

9.2.4.2 Evacuation

9.2.4.3 Equipment Lists and Locations

9.2.4.4 Site Notifications

9.2.4.5 Technical Data

9.2.4.6 Major Accident Risk (MAR) Scenarios

9.2.4.7 Maps and Plot Plans

9.2.4.8 Other Site-Specific Information

9.2.4.9 Additional Site-Specific Information

9.2.5 Pipeline Section 5

9.2.5.1 Driving Directions

9.2.5.2 Evacuation

9.2.5.3 Equipment Lists and Locations

9.2.5.4 Site Notifications

9.2.5.5 Technical Data

9.2.5.6 Major Accident Risk (MAR) Scenarios

9.2.5.7 Maps and Plot Plans

9.2.5.8 Other Site-Specific Information

9.2.5.9 Additional Site-Specific Information

SECTION 9

AREA INFORMATION, CONTINUED

© Jensen Hughes 2024

9.2.6 Pipeline Section 6

9.2.6.1 Driving Directions

9.2.6.2 Evacuation

9.2.6.3 Equipment Lists and Locations

9.2.6.4 Site Notifications

9.2.6.5 Technical Data

9.2.6.6 Major Accident Risk (MAR) Scenarios

9.2.6.7 Maps and Plot Plans

9.2.6.8 Other Site-Specific Information

9.2.6.9 Additional Site-Specific Information

9.2.7 Pipeline Section 7

9.2.7.1 Driving Directions

9.2.7.2 Evacuation

9.2.7.3 Equipment Lists and Locations

9.2.7.4 Site Notifications

9.2.7.5 Technical Data

9.2.7.6 Major Accident Risk (MAR) Scenarios

9.2.7.7 Maps and Plot Plans

9.2.7.8 Other Site-Specific Information

9.2.7.9 Additional Site-Specific Information

9.2.8 Pipeline Section 8

9.2.8.1 Driving Directions

9.2.8.2 Evacuation

9.2.8.3 Equipment Lists and Locations

SECTION 9

AREA INFORMATION, CONTINUED

© Jensen Hughes 2024

9.2.8.4 Site Notifications

9.2.8.5 Technical Data

9.2.8.6 Major Accident Risk (MAR) Scenarios

9.2.8.7 Maps and Plot Plans

9.2.8.8 Other Site-Specific Information

9.2.8.9 Additional Site-Specific Information

9.2.9 Pipeline Section 9

9.2.9.1 Driving Directions

9.2.9.2 Evacuation

9.2.9.3 Equipment Lists and Locations

9.2.9.4 Site Notifications

9.2.9.5 Technical Data

9.2.9.6 Major Accident Risk (MAR) Scenarios

9.2.9.7 Maps and Plot Plans

9.2.9.8 Other Site-Specific Information

9.2.9.9 Additional Site-Specific Information

9.3 Consultation Information

9.1 OVERVIEW

This Overview Section contains PPTC Pipeline general information (common to the entire system). Nine (9) site-specific ERP sections have been developed for the PPTC Pipeline separated by kilometer posts, each site section will contain detailed information based upon the geographical location. Refer to **SECTION 9.1.2** for the PPTC Pipeline Sections (based on kms) to determine the to and from location. The PPTC Pipeline site-specific sections are organized from West to East and are located in **SECTION 9.2**.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

9.1.1 Regulatory Description

The PPTC pipeline is regulated by the Canada Energy Regulator (CER) as the pipeline crosses the Alberta/Saskatchewan/Manitoba Border. The PPTC ERP has been created to meet the *Onshore Pipeline Regulations (SOR/99-294 – Last Amended March 16, 2020)*.

As there are storage tanks containing substances in excess of threshold limits listed in Schedule 1 of the *Canadian Environmental Protection Act, 1999*, Environmental Emergency (E2) plans have been developed for key facilities and are included in the PPTC ERP to meet *Environment and Climate Change Canada Environmental Emergency Regulations, 2019: SOR/2019-51*.

The Plains PPTC Site-Specific Sections are to be used in conjunction with the Plains Core Emergency Response Plan.

Regulatory agency ERP/E2 Registration References:

- [REDACTED]
 - [REDACTED]
 - [REDACTED]
 - [REDACTED]

Facility Information can be found in the following Site-Specific Sections in **SECTION 9.2**:

- [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
- [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

9.1.1 Regulatory Description, Continued

- [REDACTED]
- [REDACTED]
- [REDACTED]
- [REDACTED]
- [REDACTED]
- [REDACTED]

9.1.2 General Area Information

The PPTC pipeline leaves the Plains Empress 6 Plant and travels east from Alberta, through Saskatchewan, and ends at the Fort Whyte Terminal in Winnipeg, MB. The pipeline is 933 kilometres long and for the majority of its path runs parallel to a TC Energy (TCPL) pipeline. All road crossings are clearly marked with warning signs that clearly displays emergency contact information.

This Area Specific Section contains the following:

- PPTC Pipeline general information (common to the entire system).
- Nine specific pipeline sections broken out by kilometer posts (detailed information based upon the geographical location).

Pipeline Section	From	To
1	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
2	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
3	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
4	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
5	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
6	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
7	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
8	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
9	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]

9.1.2 General Area Information, Continued

Pipeline Description

- [REDACTED]
- [REDACTED]
- [REDACTED]
- [REDACTED]
- [REDACTED]
- [REDACTED]
- [REDACTED]
- [REDACTED]
- [REDACTED]
- [REDACTED]

PPTC Personnel Organization

- [REDACTED]
- [REDACTED]
- [REDACTED]
- [REDACTED]
- [REDACTED]
- [REDACTED]

9.1.3 Alarms and Communications

FIGURE 9.1.3-1 - WARNING SYSTEMS

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

- [REDACTED]
- [REDACTED]
- [REDACTED]
- [REDACTED]
- [REDACTED]
- [REDACTED]

FIGURE 9.1.3-2 - COMMUNICATION INFRASTRUCTURE

This section is not applicable to the PPTC Pipeline ERP.

FIGURE 9.1.3-3 - EMERGENCY SHUT DOWN (EDS) SYSTEM**9.1.4 Common Telephone Directory****FIGURE 9.1.4-1 - 24-HOUR EMERGENCY LINE**

* 24-hour number

24-HOUR EMERGENCY LINE	
24-Hour Emergency Line	
Plains 24-Hour Emergency Number (Operational Control Centre)	866-875-2554*

FIGURE 9.1.4-2 - INTERNAL EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS, CONTINUED

* 24-hour number

INTERNAL EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS, CONTINUED	
PPTC-Related Facilities, Continued	
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
Potential Incident Command Post (ICP)	
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
Note: As required, Plains will relocate its Incident Command Post (ICP) closer to the incident. It will utilize an available facility or mobilize office trailers for the location of this relocated Incident Command Post (ICP).	

9.1.5 External Support Organizations

FIGURE 9.1.5-1 - SPILL CO-OP

* 24-hour number

SPILL CO-OP INFORMATION	
Western Canadian Spill Services (WCSS)	
COOP 2	
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
SASKATCHEWAN	
Saskatchewan Area Oil Spill Contingency Group	
Area 3	
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]

FIGURE 9.1.5-1 - SPILL CO-OP, CONTINUED

* 24-hour number

[illegible]

FIGURE 9.1.5-3 - UTILITIES

* 24-hour number

UTILITIES	
ALBERTA	
AltaLink (Calgary, AB)	866-667-3400
ATCO Electric (Alberta-wide)	800-668-5506
Enmax (Alberta-Wide)	403-514-6100
TELUS (Alberta-Wide)	888-530-7755
SASKATCHEWAN	
Sasktel	306-777-1500
SaskEnergy Inc.	888-700-0427
SaskPower	306-310-2220
MANITOBA	
Manitoba Hydro (Electric Energy and Natural Gas) (Manitoba-wide)	888-624-9376
Bell (MTS) (Manitoba-wide)	800-883-2054

FIGURE 9.1.5-4 - OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

* 24-hour number

OTHER ORGANIZATIONS	
ALBERTA, SASKATCHEWAN & MANITOBA	
CHEMTREC	800-424-9300 (United States) 703-741-5500 (Global-Wide)
Note: Plains also has a contract in place with CHEMTREC, a 24/7/365 emergency call center that provides immediate information and assistance in the event of a chemical or hazardous material incident related to the transportation of dangerous goods.	
ALBERTA ONLY	
Alberta Poison Control Centre / Poison and Drug Information Service (PADIS) (Alberta-wide)	800-332-1414
Utility Safety Partners (Click or Call before you dig) (Alberta-wide)	800-242-3447
SASKATCHEWAN ONLY	
Poison Control Centre	866-454-1212
Sask 1st Call	866-828-4888
MANITOBA ONLY	
Poison Control Centre (Manitoba-wide)	855-776-4766
Manitoba One Call	204-777-6590 800-940-3447

9.1.6 Support Services

* 24-hour number

SUPPORT SERVICES	
Note: Engage Supply Chain for approved vendors.	
Mobile Air Monitoring Services	
Safety Boss Inc.	800-882-4967* (Central Dispatch)
Trojan Safety Services (Alberta Dispatch)	250-793-2197*
Diversified Oilfield Services (Virden, MB)	204-851-1092
Firemaster Oilfield Services Inc.	877-342-3473* (Central Dispatch)
Elite safety Services	877-726-9101 (Office)
Aviation Support	
Canadian Helicopters Ltd., An HNZ Company (Edmonton, AB)	780-429-6900*
Blue Sky Air Ltd. (Estevan, SK)	306-634-9333
Brandon Flight Center (Brandon, MB)	204-728-7691
Integrated Sensing and Surveillance Inc. (Red Deer, AB Airport)	403-550-2984
Rise Air (La Ronge, SK)	877-989-2677 (Central Dispatch) 306-425-2382 (La Ronge, SK)
Construction Companies	
APEX Distribution (Regina, SK)	306-721-0762
Apex Distribution Inc.(Virden, MB)	204-748-1170
Apex Distribution Inc. (Brandon, MB)	204-726-1428
DTD Oilfield Services Ltd. (Swift Current, SK)	306-773-4944

9.1.6 Support Services, Continued

* 24-hour number

SUPPORT SERVICES, CONTINUED	
Construction Companies, Continued	
Gee Bee Construction Ltd. (Kipling, SK)	306-736-2332
Jerry Mainil Limited (Weyburn, SK)	306-842-5412
McColl's Skid Steer Service Ltd. (Elkhorn, MB)	204-748-7168
Midwest Surveys Inc. (Estevan, SK)	866-634-2635 306-634-2635
Midwest Surveys Inc. (Regina, SK)	306-525-8706
Forsyth Hauling (Virden, MB)	204-748-6687
Spartan Controls (Midale, SK)	306-458-2223
TS & M Supply (Regina, SK)	306-721-2260
TS & M Supply (Moosomin, SK)	306-435-2969
TS & M Supply (Melita, MB)	204-522-3238
Wilfs Oilfield Service (87) Ltd. (Swift Current, SK)	306-741-1700
Electrical Service Companies	
Jebb RT Electric Ltd. (Elkhorn, MB)	204-845-2315
PRIMEC Controls (Estevan, SK)	306-634-5304
PTW Energy Services (Estevan, SK)	306-634-5617
PTW Energy Services (Kindersley, SK)	306-463-6462
Western Canadian Spill Services (WCSS)	866-541-8888* (Central Dispatch)
Environmental Service and Spill Response	

9.1.6 Support Services, Continued

* 24-hour number

SUPPORT SERVICES, CONTINUED	
Environmental Service and Spill Response, Continued	
Clean Harbors Canada Inc. (Edmonton, AB and Leduc, AB)	800-645-8265* 780-903-6777
GFL Environmental Inc.	877-244-9500
WSP (Windsor, ON)	519-974-5887*
Nichols Environmental	877-888-6325* (Central Dispatch) 780-484-3377 (Edmonton, AB) 403-452-1820 (Calgary, AB)
North Shore Environmental Consultants (Sherwood Park, AB)	855-700-6732*
SECURE Energy Services	877-518-4321* (Emergency)
Stantec Consulting Ltd. (Edmonton, AB)	780-917-7000*
SWAT Consulting	866-610-7928 Contract No. C-9249
Republic Services (Windsor, ON)	888-682-2900
Waste Management of Canada (Waterloo, ON)	800-665-1898*
Firefighting (Oilfield)	
HSE Integrated Ltd.	888-346-8260* (Central Dispatch)
Trojan Safety Services (Alberta Dispatch)	250-793-2197*
Safety Boss Inc.	800-882-4967* (Central Dispatch)
Firemaster Oilfield Services Inc.	877-342-3473* (Central Dispatch)
Hotels/Motels	
Burstall Motel	306-679-2226*
401 Martin Street Burstall, SK	
Holiday Inn Express & Suites (Medicine Hat, AB)	877-660-8550* 403-504-5151
TransCanada Highway 1 9 Strachan Bay SE Medicine Hat, AB	

9.1.6 Support Services, Continued

* 24-hour number

SUPPORT SERVICES, CONTINUED	
Hotels/Motels, Continued	
Days Inn – Swift Current 105 George Street West Swift Current, SK	306-773-4660
Heritage Inn Hotel & Convention Centre 1590 Main Street North Moose Jaw, SK	306-693-7550
Holiday Inn Express & Suites 4255 Albert Street South Regina, SK	306-789-5888
Super 8 Regina 2730 Victoria Avenue E Regina, SK	306-988-4982
Canalta Inn 405 Mountain Street Moosomin, SK	306-435-3034
Super 8 - Portage la Prairie 2668 Saskatchewan Avenue West Portage la Prairie, AB	204-857-8883
Holiday Inn – Winnipeg Airport West 2520 Portage Avenue Winnipeg, MB	204-885-4478
Howard Johnson by Wyndham - Winnipeg West 3740 Portage Avenue Winnipeg, MB	204-272-4169
Ignition Services	
SRS	877-506-0025 (Central Dispatch)
HSE Integrated Ltd.	866-346-8260
Safety Boss Inc.	800-882-4967* (Central Dispatch)
Trucking Companies	
Badger Daylighting (Edmonton, AB)	780-446-7113* (Dispatch) (Hydro-Vac)
Crushrite Concrete (Moosomin, SK)	306-435-3860
Day Break Transport Ltd. (Medicine Hat, AB)	403-527-1371*
Jerry Mainil Limited (Weyburn, SK)	306-842-5412
L B Taylor Trucking Ltd. (Moosomin, SK)	306-435-7393

9.1.6 Support Services, Continued

* 24-hour number

SUPPORT SERVICES, CONTINUED	
Trucking Companies, Continued	
L & C Trucking (Estevan, SK)	306-634-7341
Forsyth Hauling (Virden, MB)	204-748-6687
Spearing Service Ltd. (Oxbow, SK)	306-483-2848
Vertex (Alida, SK)	306-443-2424
Pumping Companies	
Kory's Vacuum Truck Services (Brooks, AB)	403-362-6939*
Badger Daylighting (Edmonton, AB)	780-446-7113* (Dispatch) (Hydro-Vac)
Forsyth Hauling (Virden, MB)	204-748-6687
Spearing Service Ltd. (Oxbow, SK)	306-483-2848
Spearing Service Ltd. (Pipestone, MB)	204-854-2231
Safety Services	
HSE Integrated Ltd.	888-346-8260* (Central Dispatch)
Safety Boss Inc.	800-882-4967* (Central Dispatch)
Trojan Safety Services (Alberta Dispatch)	250-793-2197*
Firemaster Oilfield Services Inc.	877-342-3473* (Central Dispatch)

9.1.7 Public Information Handout (PIH)

PPTC PIH - Page 1

Potential Health Effects from HVP Products Exposure	
Skin	Irritation of skin may occur and progress to dermatitis. One component, benzene, may be absorbed through the skin.
Eyes	Irritation of eyes may occur.
Breathing	Breathing mists or vapours may cause accumulation in the lungs and/or central nervous system depression, dizziness, headaches, giddiness, drowsiness, fatigue, nausea, unconsciousness or death.
Swallowing	Swallowing mists or vapours may cause accumulation in the lungs and/or central nervous system depression, dizziness, headaches, giddiness, drowsiness, fatigue, nausea, unconsciousness or death.
Long-term Hazards	Defatting and drying of skin may occur and cause dermatitis. Inhalation of one component, benzene, has been associated with blood disorders including anemia and leukemia. Repeated exposure to high vapour concentrations may cause eye and respiratory irritation, giddiness, staggered gait, nausea, abdominal pain, loss of appetite, liver damage, kidney damage, and damage to the bone marrow including cancer.

Response Considerations

Health, Safety and Environment

Plains adheres to the highest health, safety and environmental standards throughout our organization. We provide a workplace that protects the health and safety of our employees, contractors and the communities surrounding our facilities.

Plains' operations are subject to stringent federal, provincial and local laws and regulations governing the discharge of materials into the environment or otherwise related to protecting the environment.

Our Health, Safety and Environment (HSE) Management Programs are at the core of our operations. These programs include management commitment and leadership, employee training and awareness, inspections and audits, performance and achievement recognition, emergency preparedness and response, communications and continuous improvement.

Notification

If you are contacted by Plains Midstream Canada to advise you of an emergency situation, the caller will:

- Identify themselves by name.
- Announce that they are a Plains Midstream Canada representative.
- Describe the problem and what is being done.
- Give you instructions to protect your safety (shelter / evacuation).
- Verify the information you have provided.
- Address any concerns which you may have.
- Provide a telephone number which you can call to get additional information.

Emergency Contacts

If you suspect a problem at a Plains facility in your area, please call Plains Midstream Canada's 24-hour Emergency Response number:

1-866-875-2554

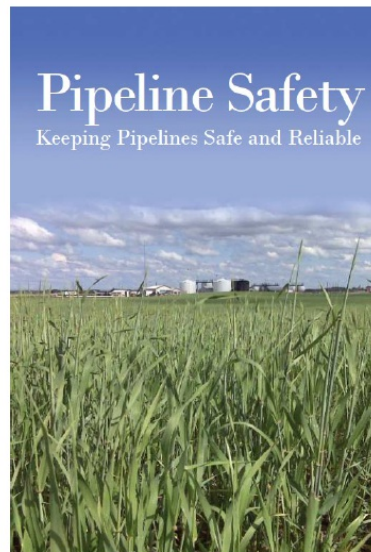
emergency.management@plains.com

In the event of an emergency, Plains will be working with the Transportation Safety Board (TSB), Canada Energy Regulator (CER) and local authorities.

Transportation Safety Board of Canada (TSB)
24 Hour Pipeline Emergencies Only 819-997-7887

Canada Energy Regulator (CER)
First call should be to the TSB (see above)
24 Hour Non-Pipeline Emergencies 403-299-2773

Ambulance/Police/Fire **9-1-1**



Public Awareness Information for landowners and area residents related to Plains Midstream Canada's PPTC Pipeline and associated facilities.

- Emergency notification
- Public protection measures
- Pipeline safety: Call Utility Safety Partners, Sask 1st Call or Click or Call Before You Dig MB

APRIL 2024



PLAINS
MIDSTREAM
C A N A D A

9.1.7 Public Information Handout (PIH), Continued

PPTC PIH - Page 2

Our Operations in Your Area

Plains Midstream Canada ULC (Plains) is the operator of the PPTC pipeline system. The PPTC pipelines are licensed as High Vapour Pressure (HVP) and forms part of Plains Midstream Canada's pipeline network. The Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) is 500 m for the PPTC pipeline system. As there are storage tanks containing substances in excess of threshold limits listed in Schedule 1 of the Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA), Environmental Emergency (E2) plans have been developed for key facilities associated with the PPTC pipelines to meet Environment and Climate Change Canada Environmental Emergency Regulations, 2019: SOR/2019-51. Included below are the calculated Emergency Planning Zones (EPZs), including the substances stored at each regulated facility. Refer to the map on the back of this brochure for details.

PMC Dewdney Terminal 07-29-17-20 W2M
E2 Regulated Substances: Propane and Butane
Emergency Planning Zone: 208 m

PMC Winnipeg Fort Whyte Terminal 01-27-9 W1M
E2 Regulated Substances: Ethyl Mercaptan and Propane
Emergency Planning Zone: 200 m

PMC Rapid City Station 12-6-13-18 W1M
E2 Regulated Substances: Propane
Emergency Planning Zone: 200 m

PMC Richardson Terminal 07-22-16-18 W2M
E2 Regulated Substances: Propane
Emergency Planning Zone: 147 m

High Vapour Pressure (HVP) Products

HVP products include propane, butane, pentane, and Natural Gas Liquids (NGLs). At atmospheric pressure, HVP products are gases. Under pressure, HVP products exist in a liquid state. In humid air, a leak of an HVP product may form a visible white cloud of cold vapour considerably heavier than air. Under extreme conditions, pools of super-cooled liquid may briefly form. When HVP products vaporize, they expand (70 to 300 times) and can form a plume, which may drift downwind from the source under moderate wind speed conditions. Under higher wind speed conditions, the vapour would dissipate faster.

Main Hazards:

- Potential explosion hazards from delaying ignition of drifting vapour cloud.
- Fire hazard from burning gas and radiant heat.
- Critical hazard because of oxygen deficiency as expanding gas cloud or plume displaces air at ground level.

If You Suspect a Problem

Please call Plains Midstream Canada's 24-hour emergency number if you suspect a problem (1-866-875-2554).

While the chance of an uncontrolled spill or problem is remote, the Plains Emergency Response Plan (ERP) for this area is in place to ensure your safety. If a leak should occur, emergency crews will take immediate steps to minimize the risk to the public and environment.

Additional emergency response personnel will be notified and dispatched to the area to safely manage the emergency.



Plains Midstream Canada
24-hour Emergency Number
1-866-875-2554

Public Protection Measures

Evacuation and Shelter Procedures

Evacuation Procedures
If it is necessary to evacuate, you will be contacted by telephone immediately. If there is no answer to our calls, we will proceed to your residence to inform you of the situation. The following steps should be taken if "Evacuation" procedures have been implemented:

- Gather all residents and bring any medicines required.
- Lock all windows and doors.
- Turn down thermostat and shut off any air exchange fans to outside.
- Drive safely on the route provided and proceed directly to the evacuation centre and check in with the representative.
- Wait for further instruction.

Shelter-in-Place Procedures

If you are advised to stay sheltered, do not leave your house or attempt to start any vehicles until a Plains representative advises you that it is safe to do so. The following steps should be taken if "Shelter-in-Place" procedures have been implemented:

- Immediately gather everyone indoors and stay there.
- Tightly close and lock all windows and outside doors, if convenient, tape any gaps around exterior door frames.
- Extinguish indoor wood-burning fires and close flue dampers if possible.
- Turn off appliances or equipment that either blows out or uses indoor air, such as:
 - Furnaces, built-in vacuum systems, gas stoves, kitchen fans, clothes dryers, air conditioning, bathroom fans, gas fireplaces, ventilators.
- Turn off appliances or equipment that suck in outdoor air, such as:
 - Heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) systems
 - Fans for heat recovery ventilators or energy recovery ventilators
 - Turn down furnace thermostats to the minimum setting, turn off air conditioners
- Leave all inside doors open.
- Wait in an interior room upstairs for further instruction.
- Avoid using the telephone, except for emergencies, so that you can be contacted by Plains emergency response personnel.
- Call Plains if you are experiencing symptoms, smelling odours or have contacted government agencies (so the response can be coordinated).
- Stay tuned to local radio and television for possible information updates.
- Even if you see people outside, do not leave until told to do so.
- If you are unable to follow these instructions, please notify Plains emergency response personnel.

After the hazardous substance has passed through the area you will receive an "all-clear" message from Plains emergency response personnel. You may also receive, if required, instructions to ventilate your building by:

- Opening all windows and doors, turning on fans, turning up thermostats

During this time the air outside may be fresher and you may choose to leave your building while ventilating. Once the building is completely ventilated, return all equipment to normal settings and operation.



Utility Safety Partners
(Click Before You Dig)
Call Toll Free: 1-800-242-3447
<https://utilitiesafety.ca>

CALL OR CLICK BEFORE YOU DIG

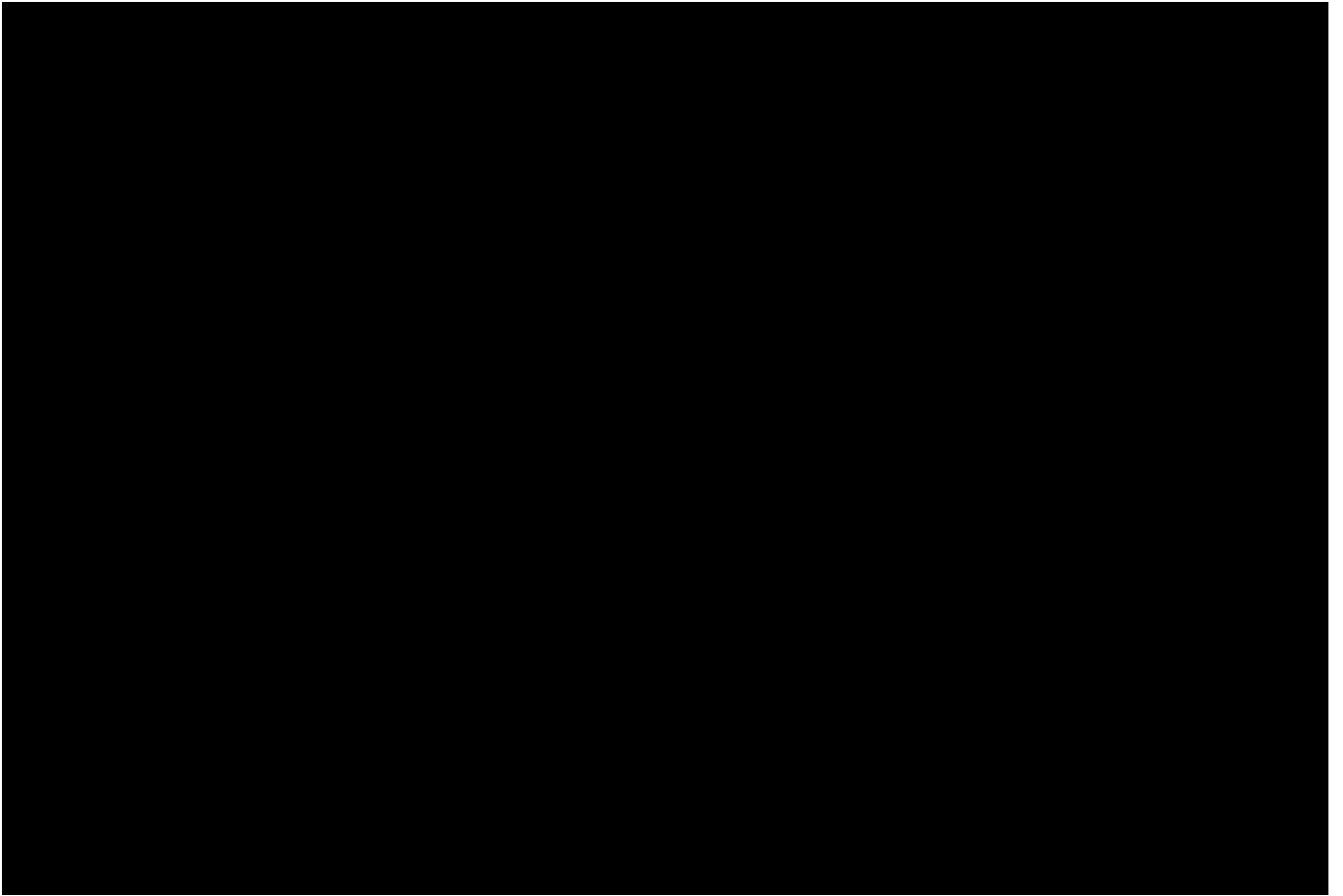
When any digging needs to be completed, you can arrange to have pipelines located for you when a minimum of 3 working days notice is provided, **free** of charge. This service can be arranged by visiting the following website:



<http://www.sask1stcall.com>
or by phone:
1-866-828-4888

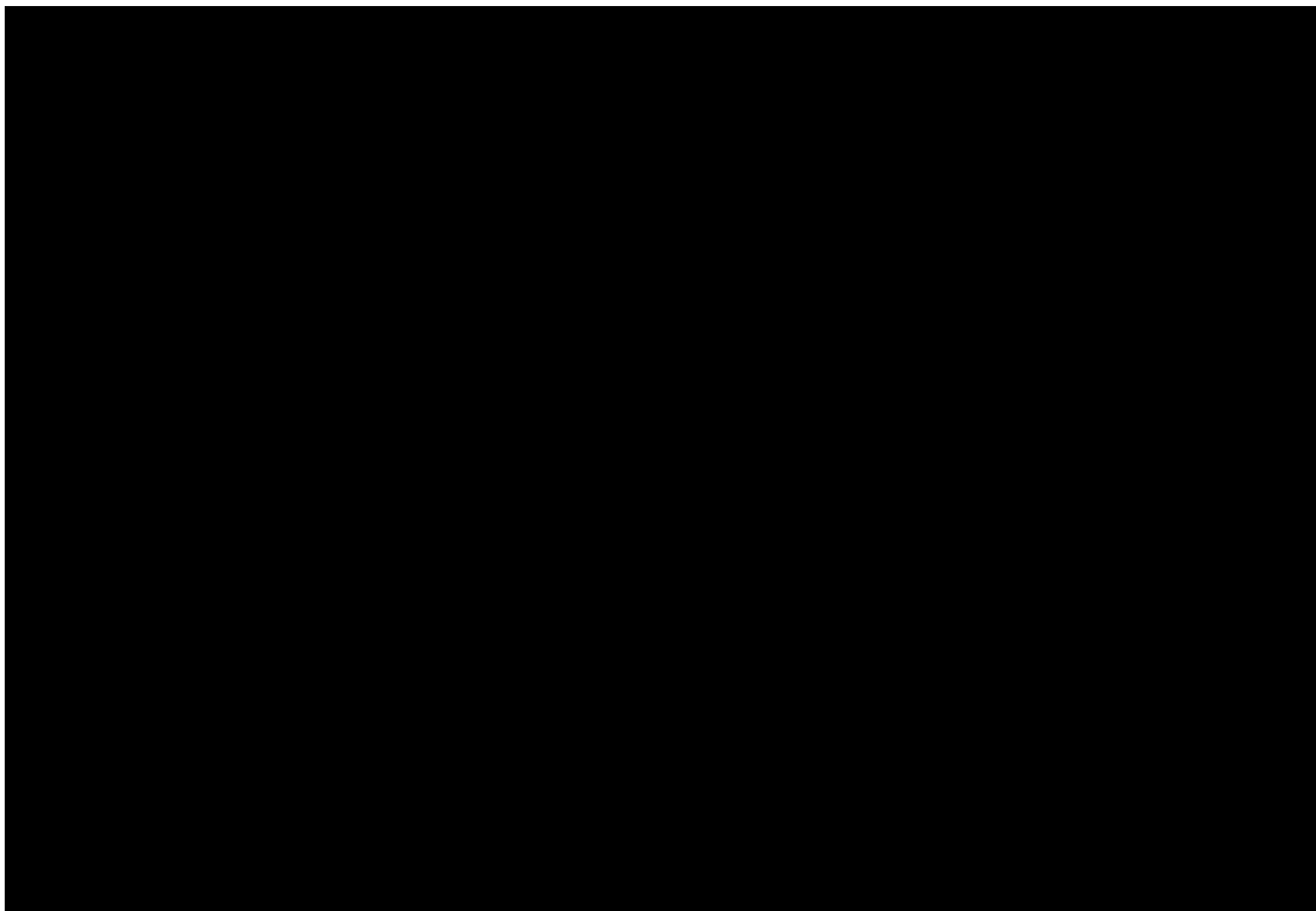


<http://www.clickbeforeyoudigmb.com>
Or by phone:
1-800-940-3447

9.1.7 Public Information Handout (PIH), Continued

9.1.8 Emergency Response Planning Map

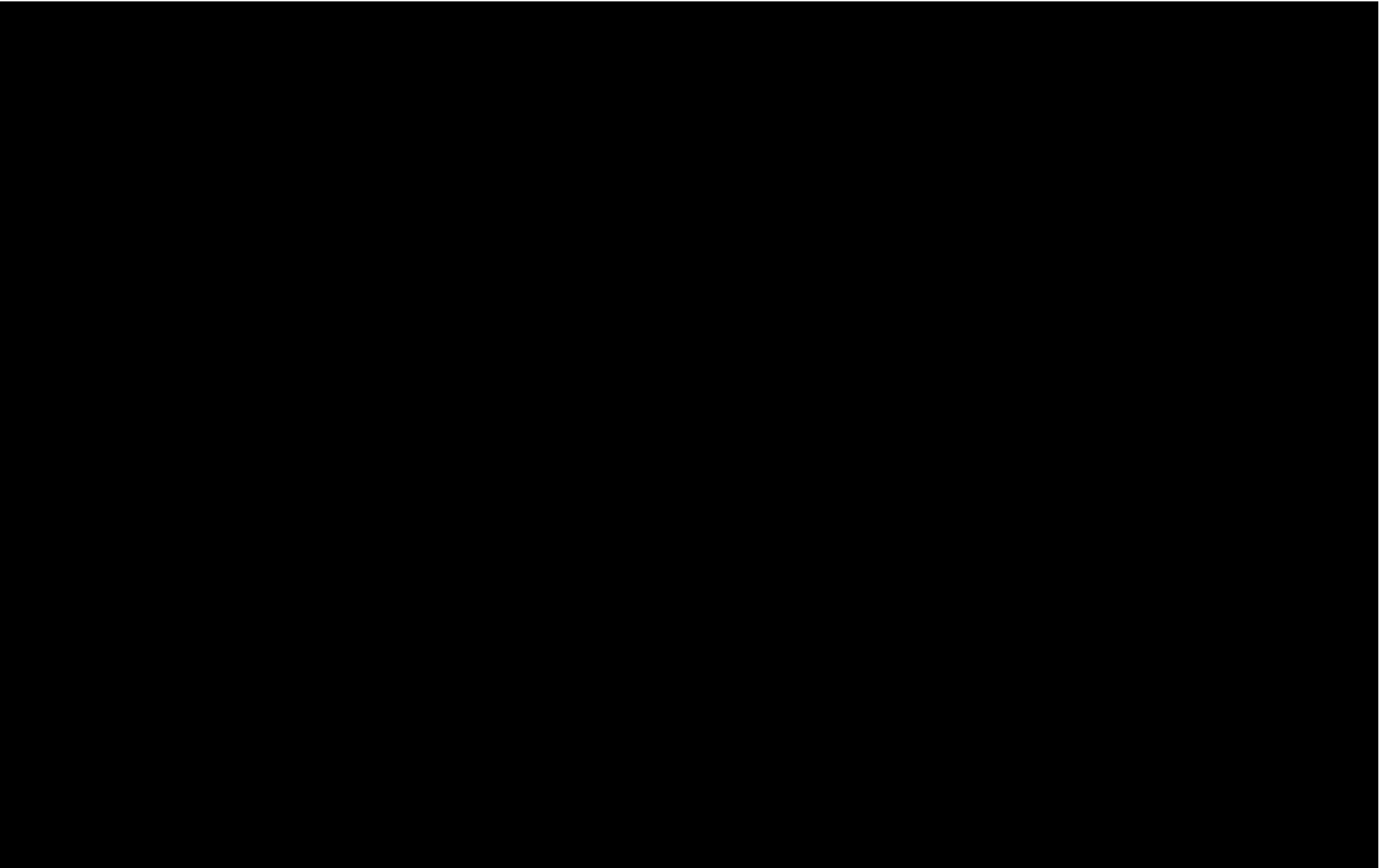


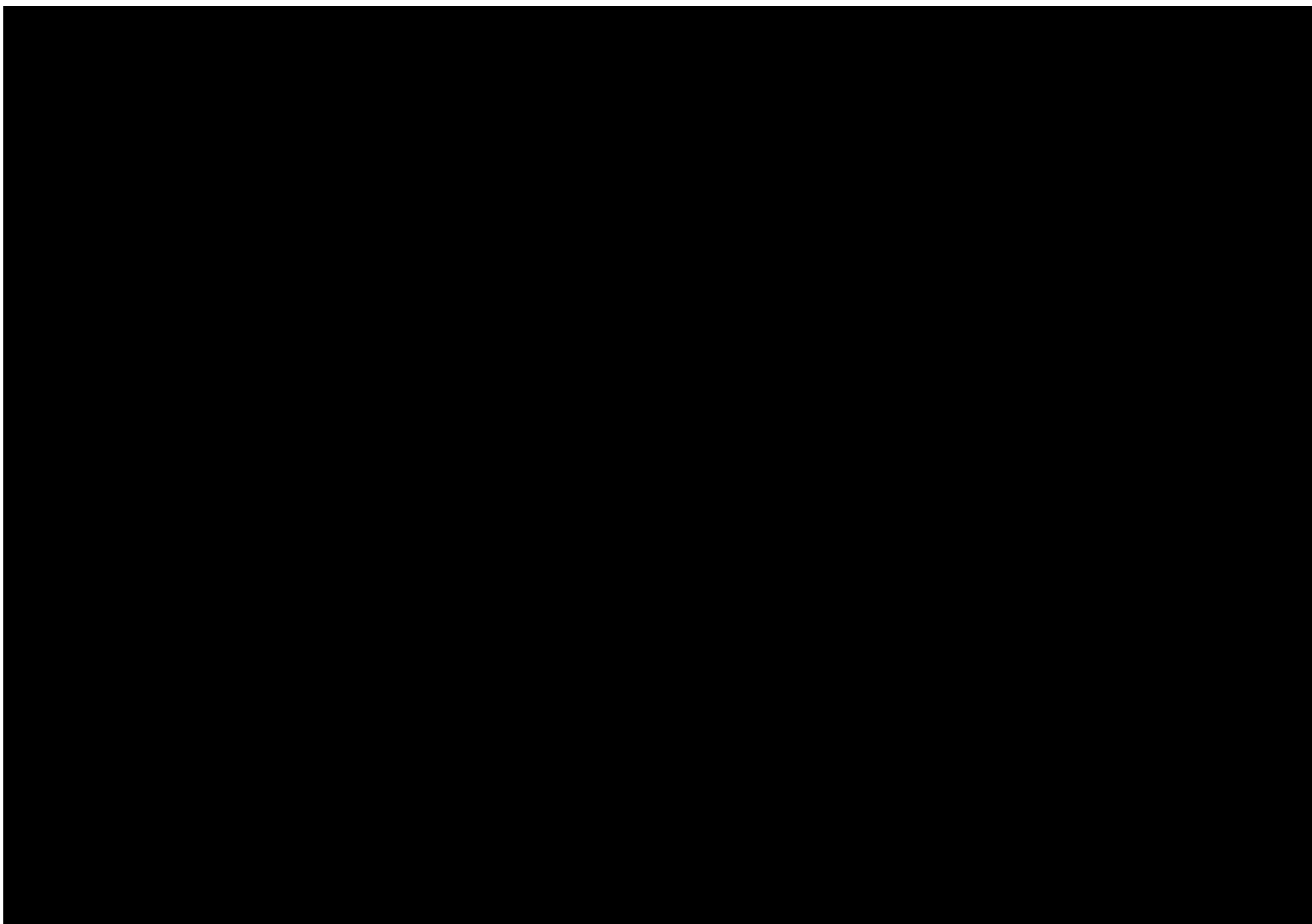


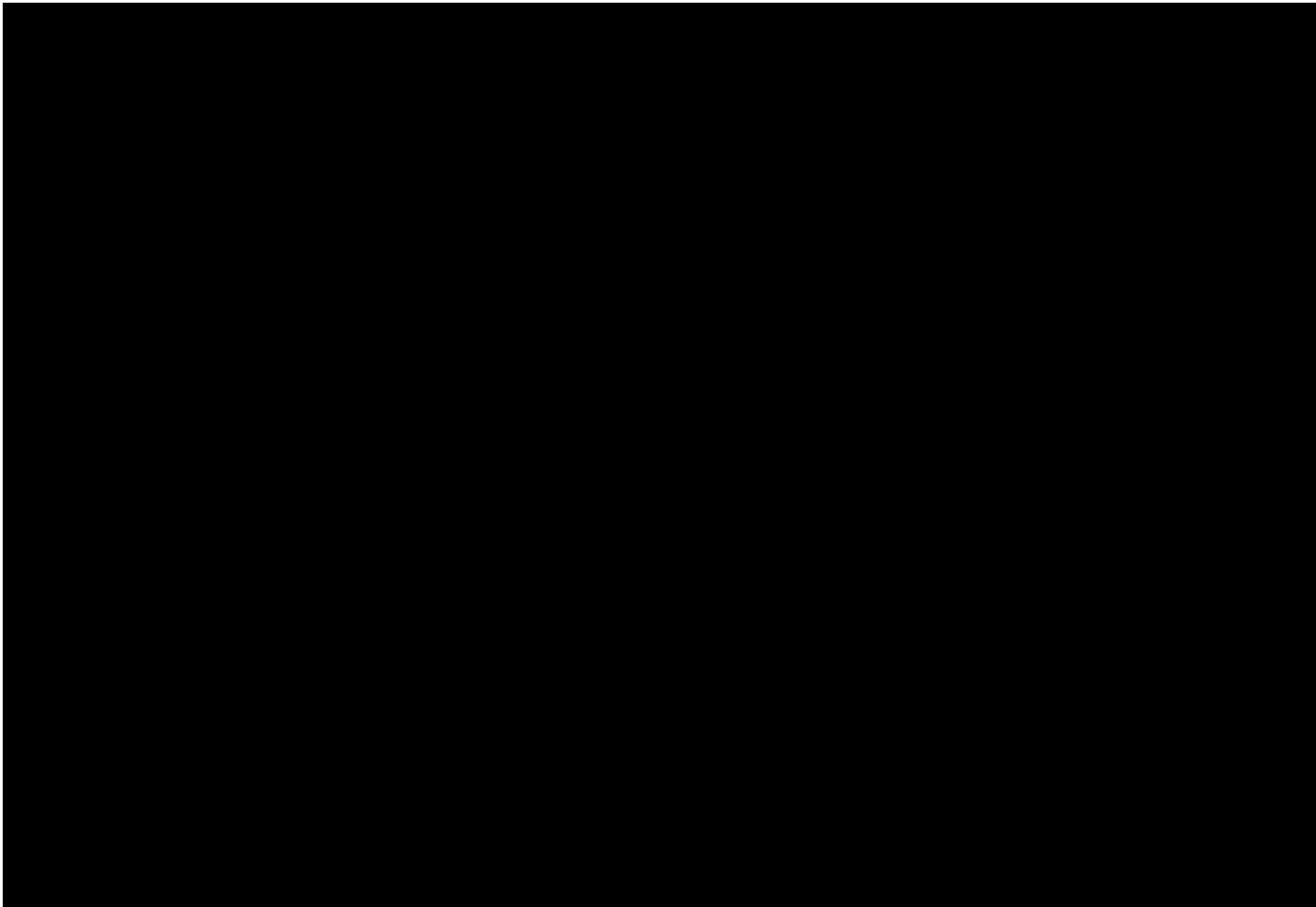
9.1.8 Emergency Response Planning Map, Continued

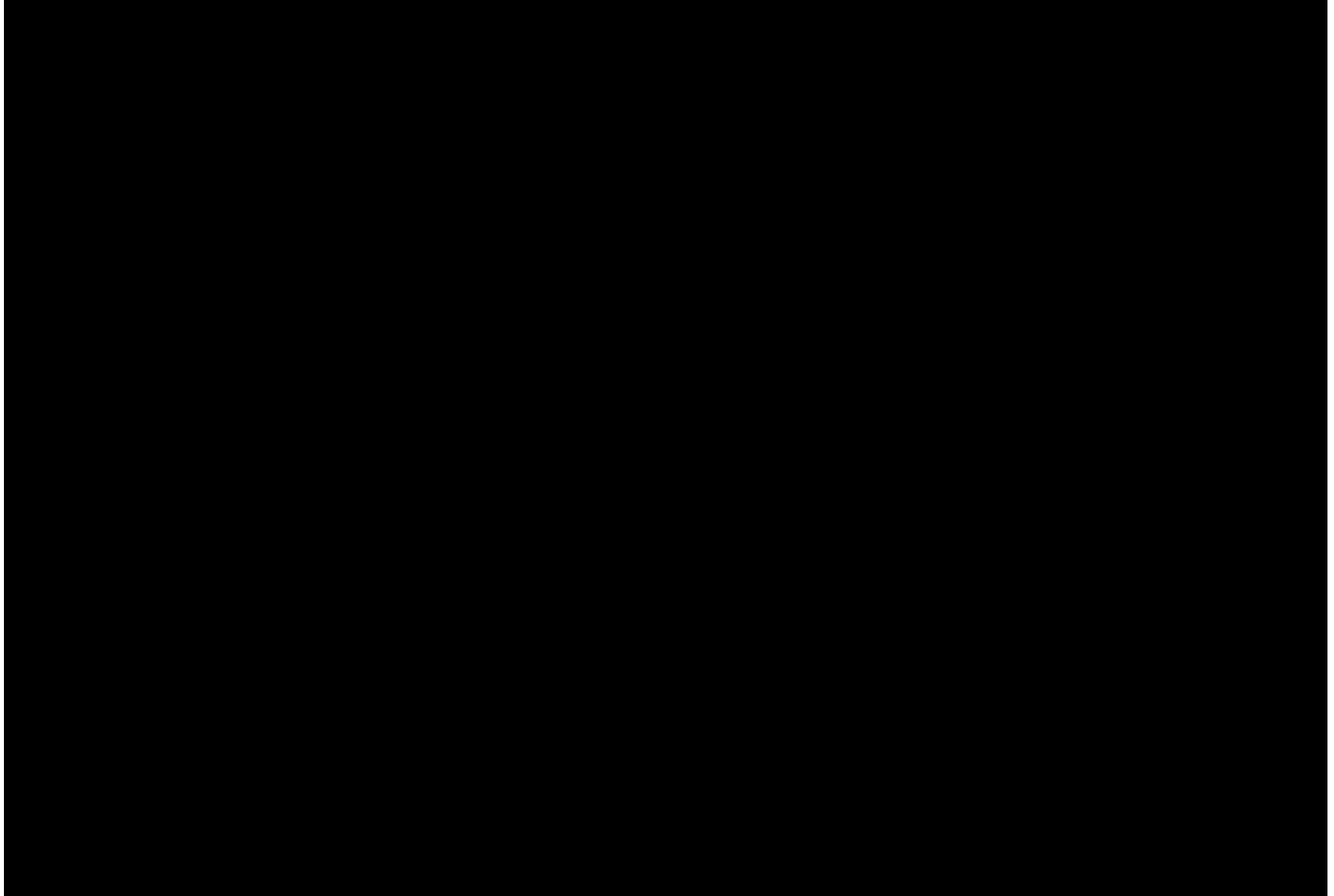


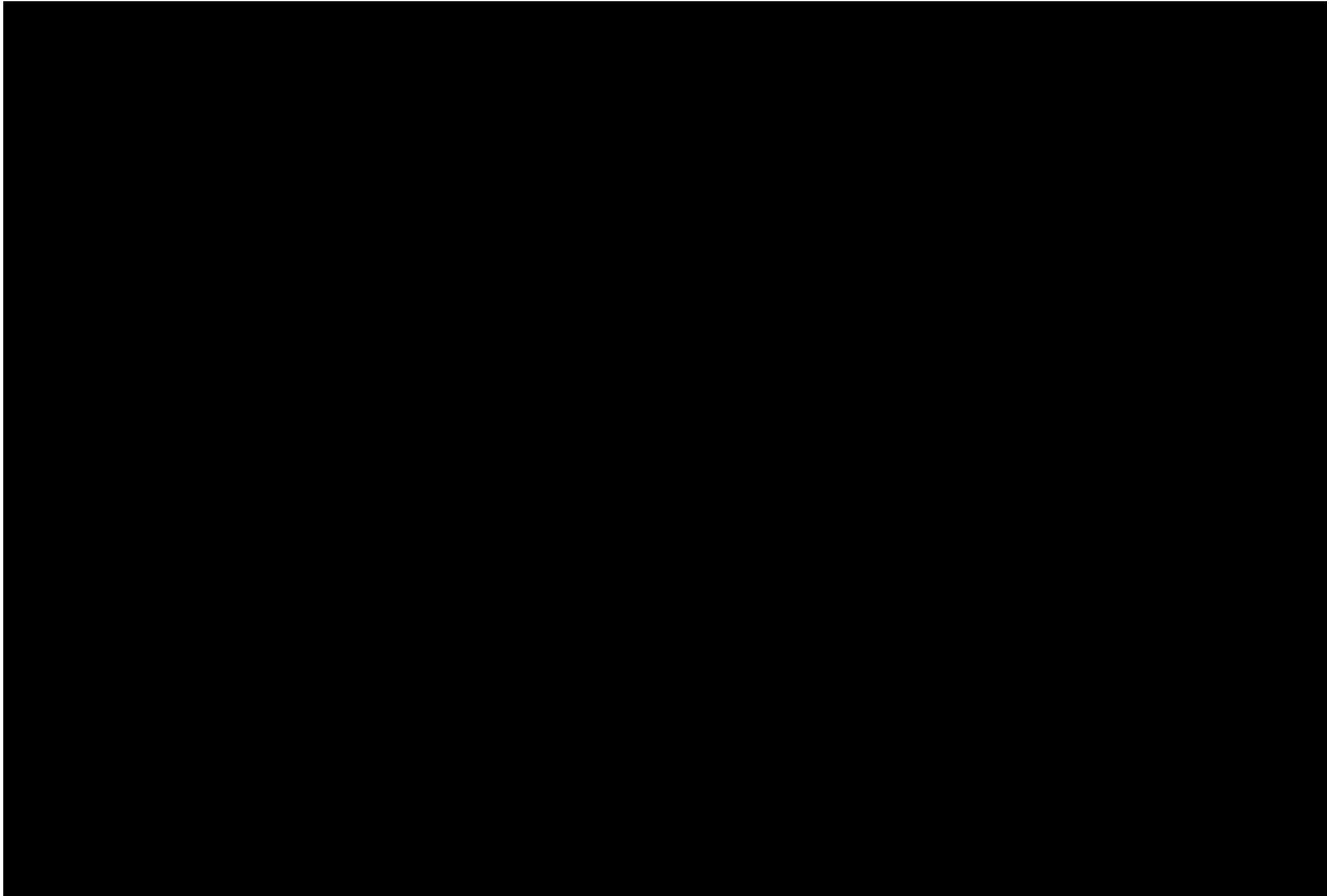
Schematics

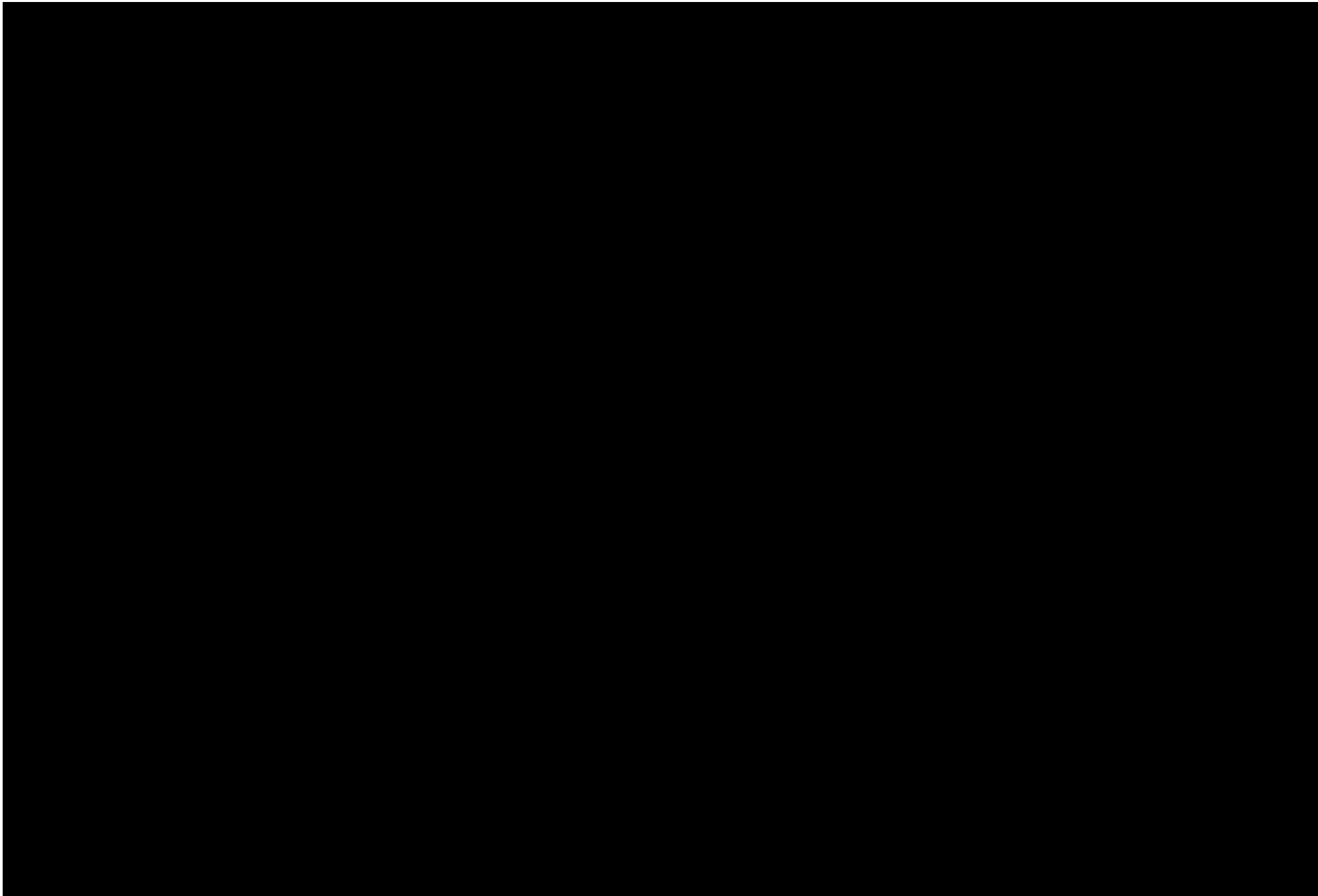


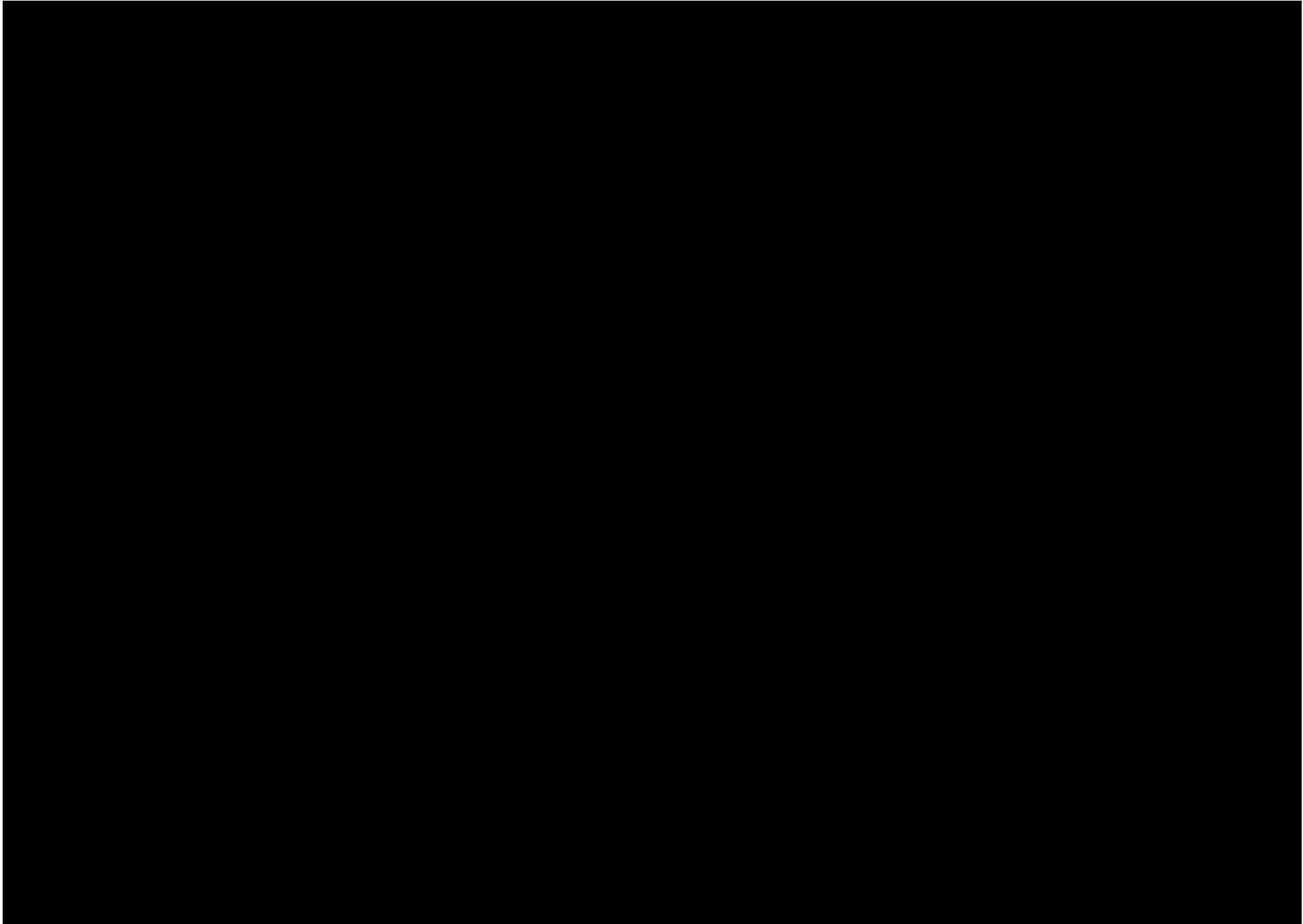






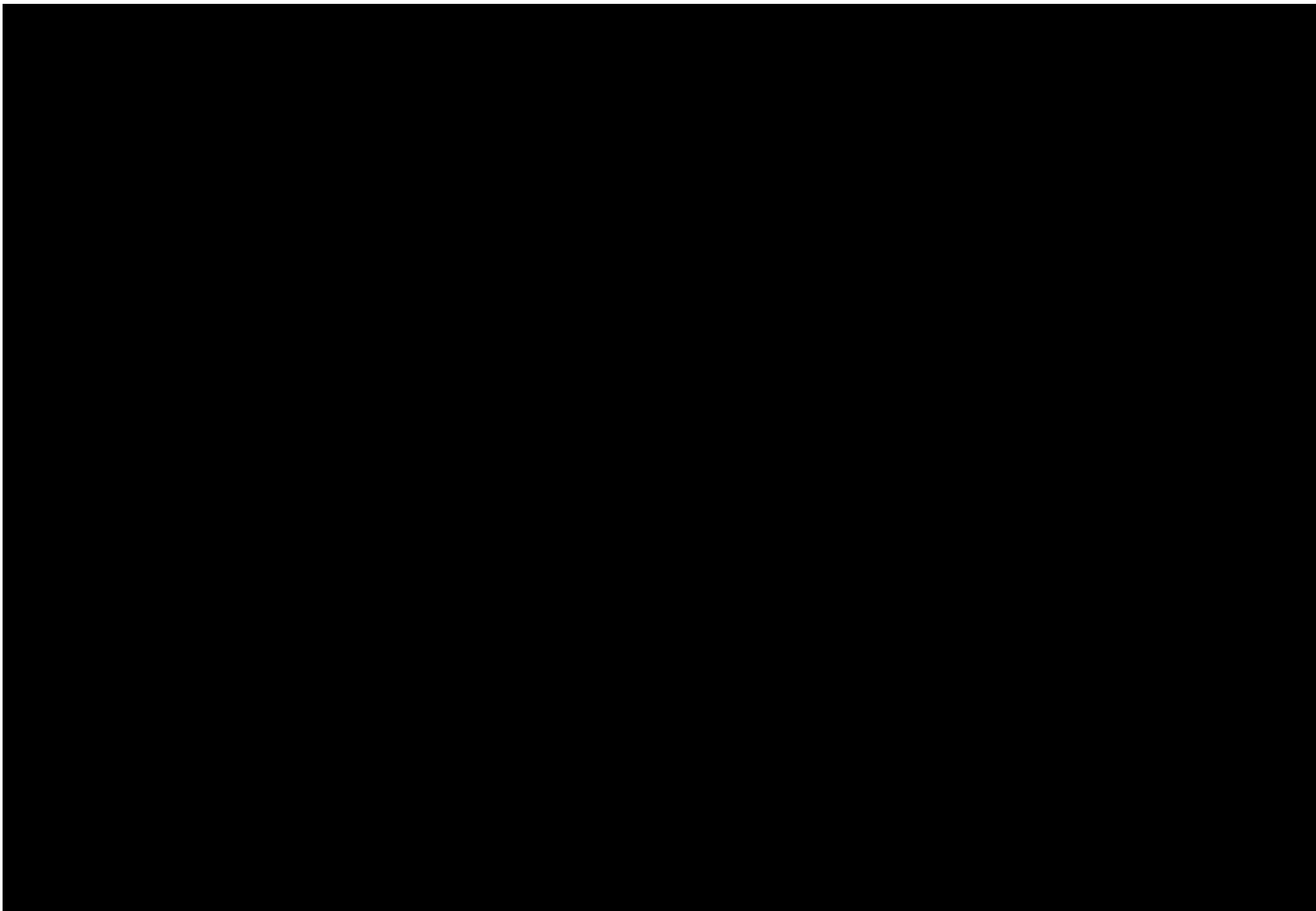


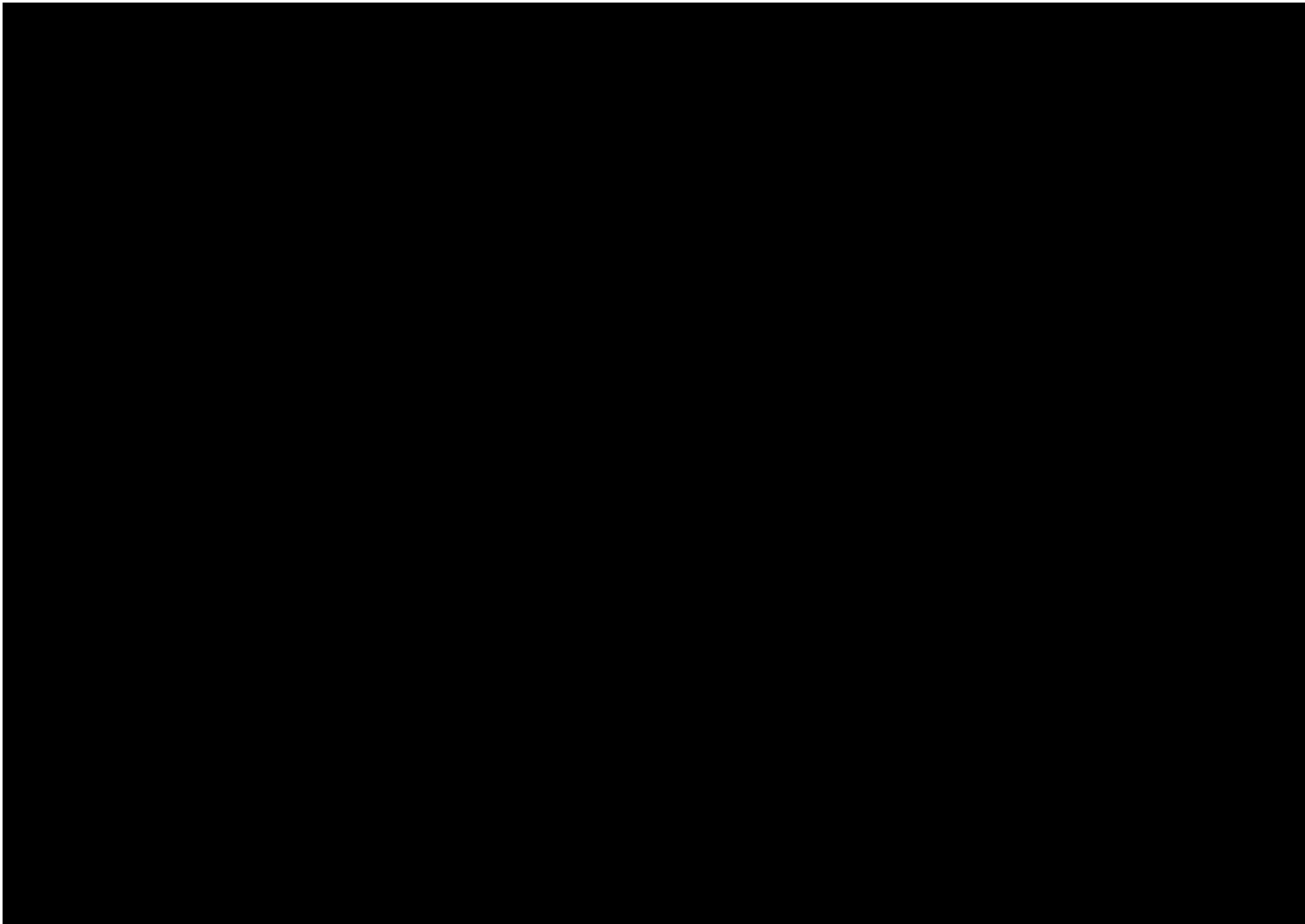




9.1.8 Emergency Response Planning Map, Continued

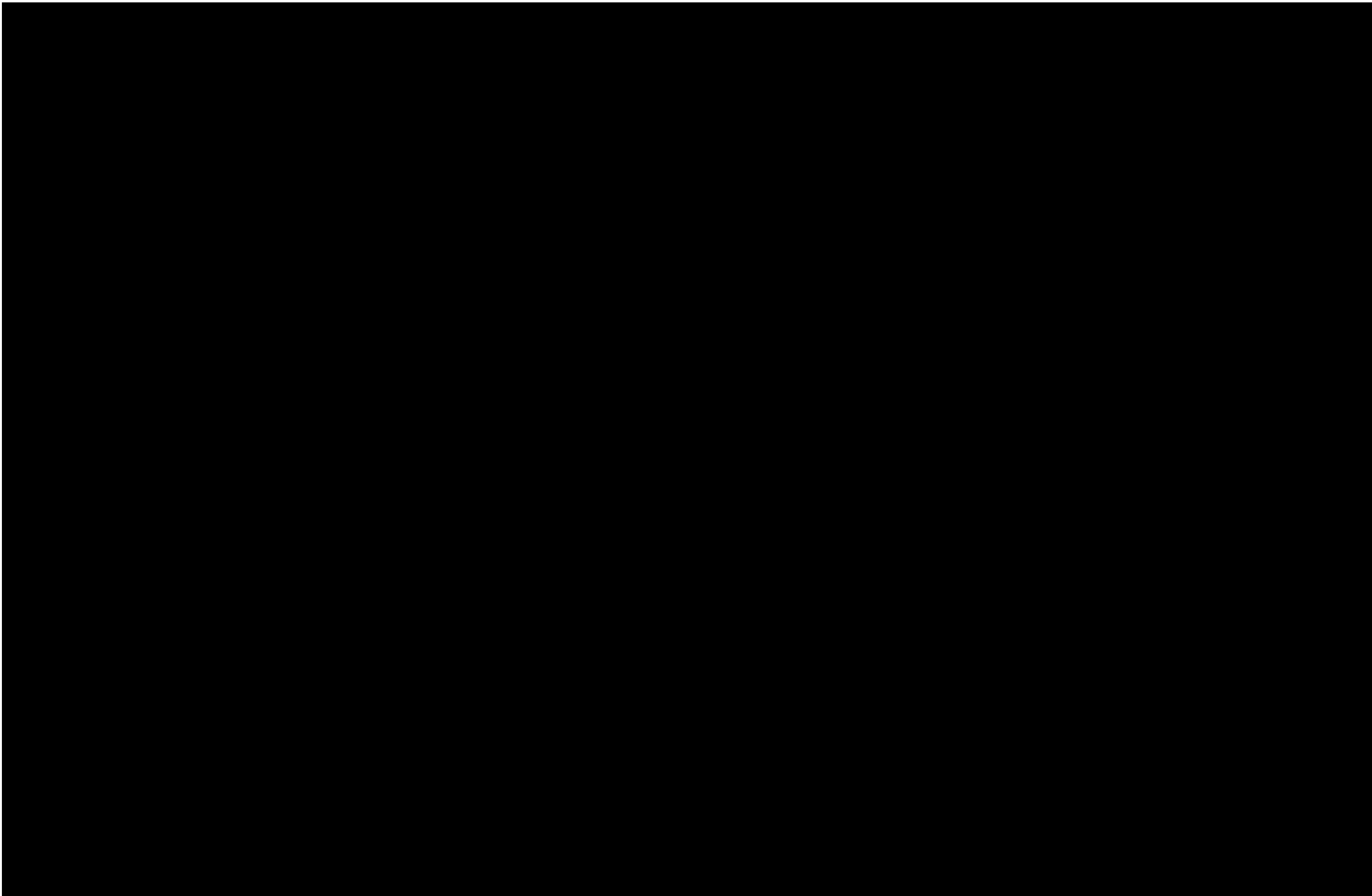


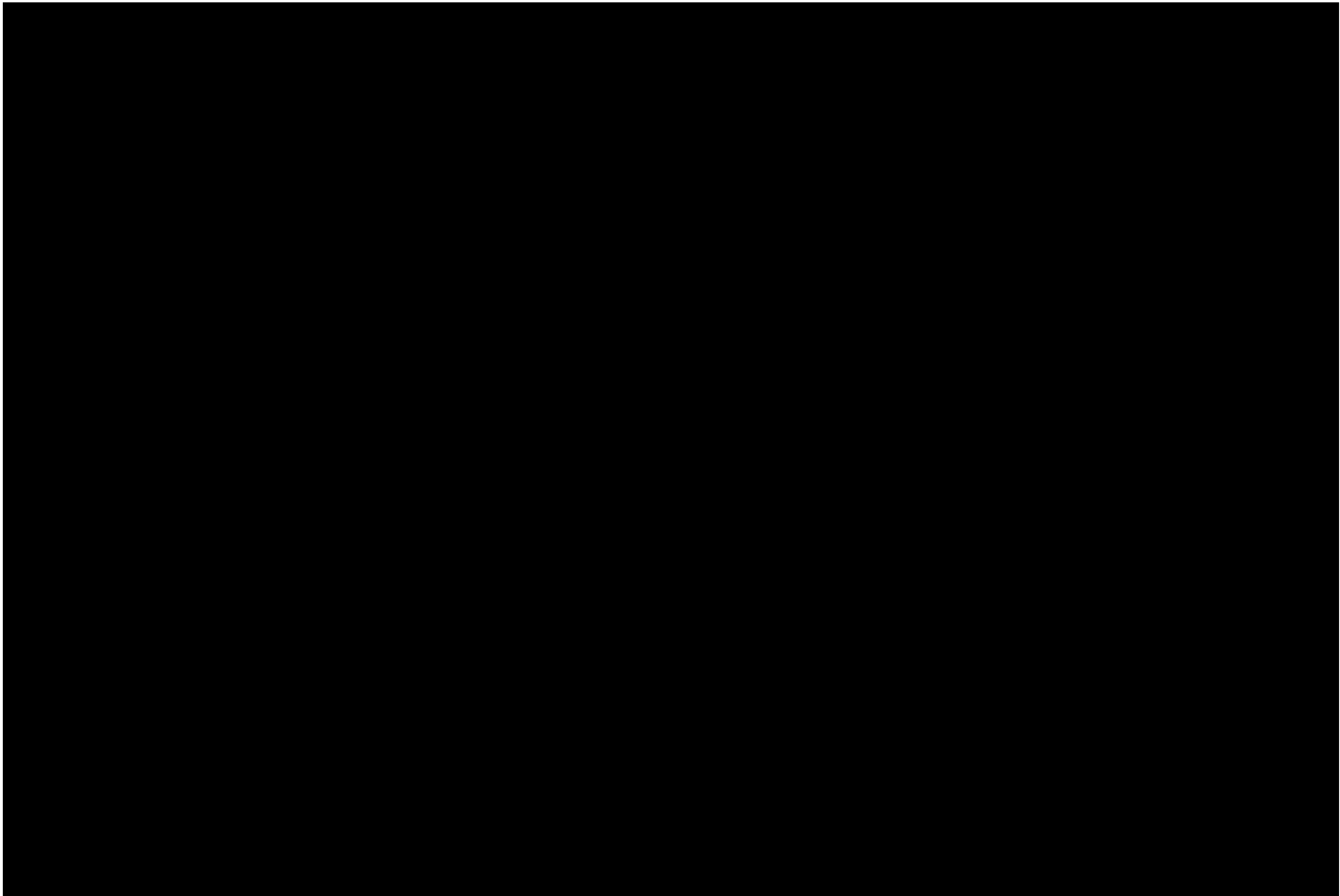




9.1.8 Emergency Response Planning Map, Continued

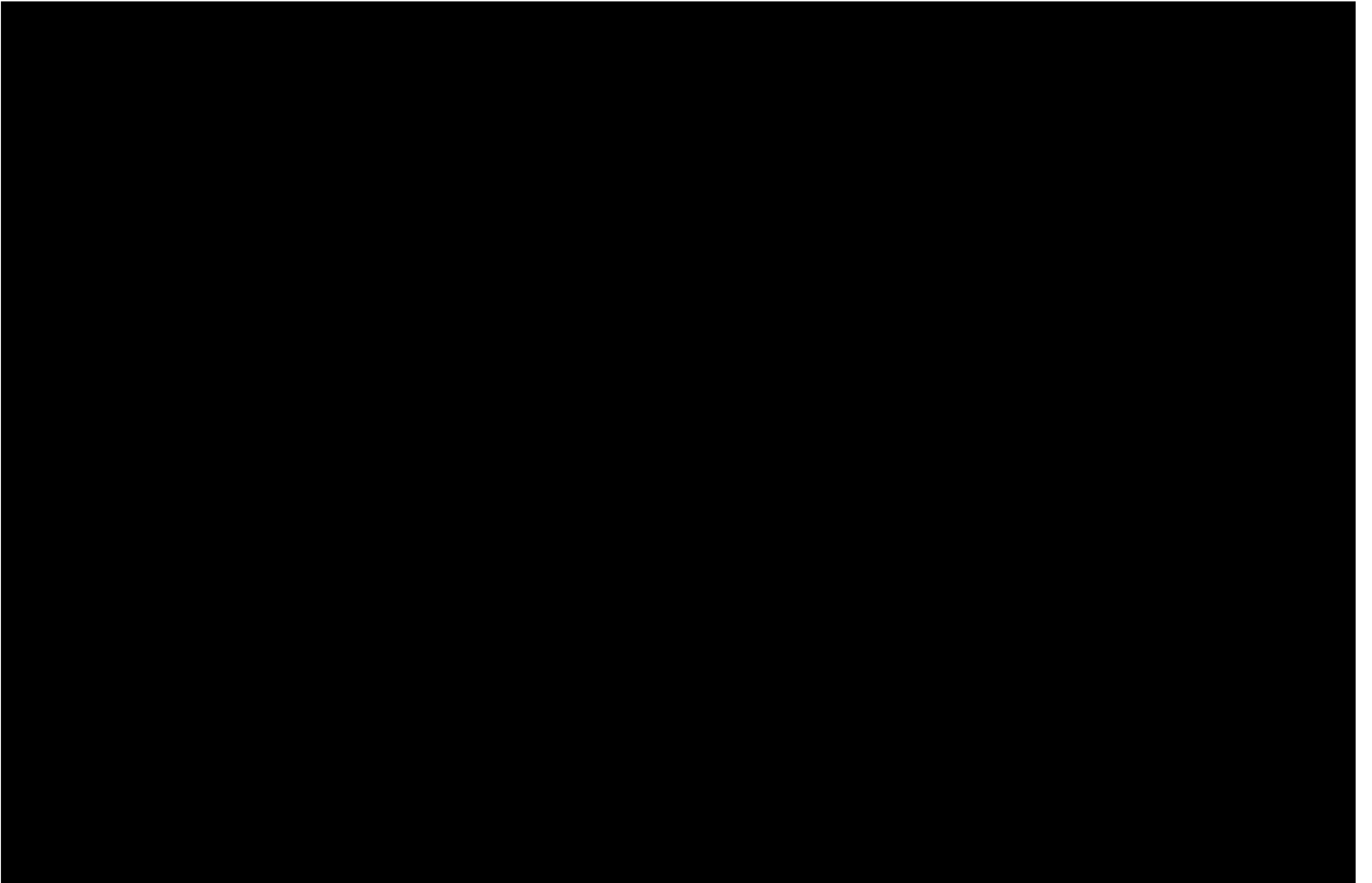


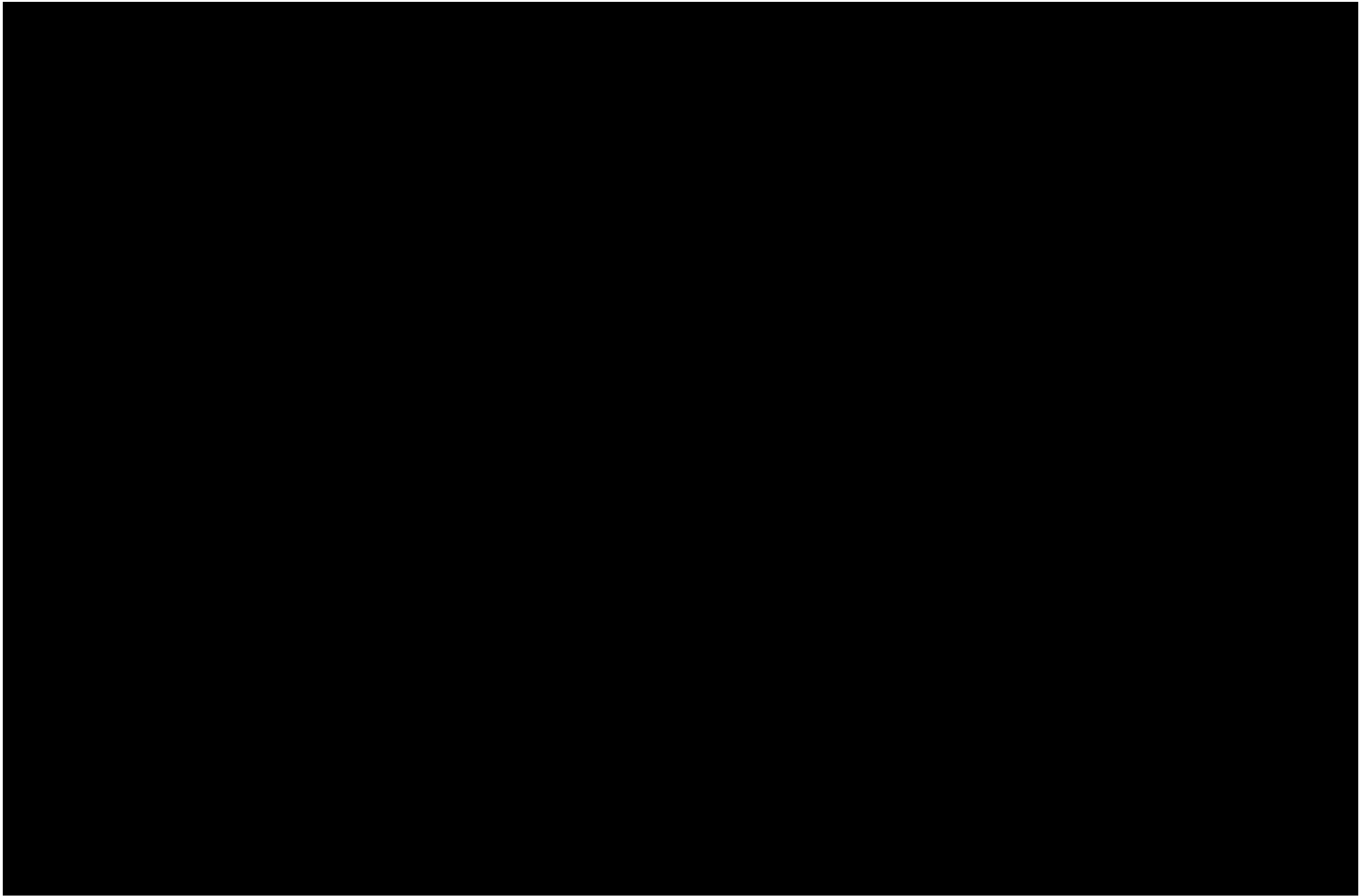




9.1.8 Emergency Response Planning Map, Continued

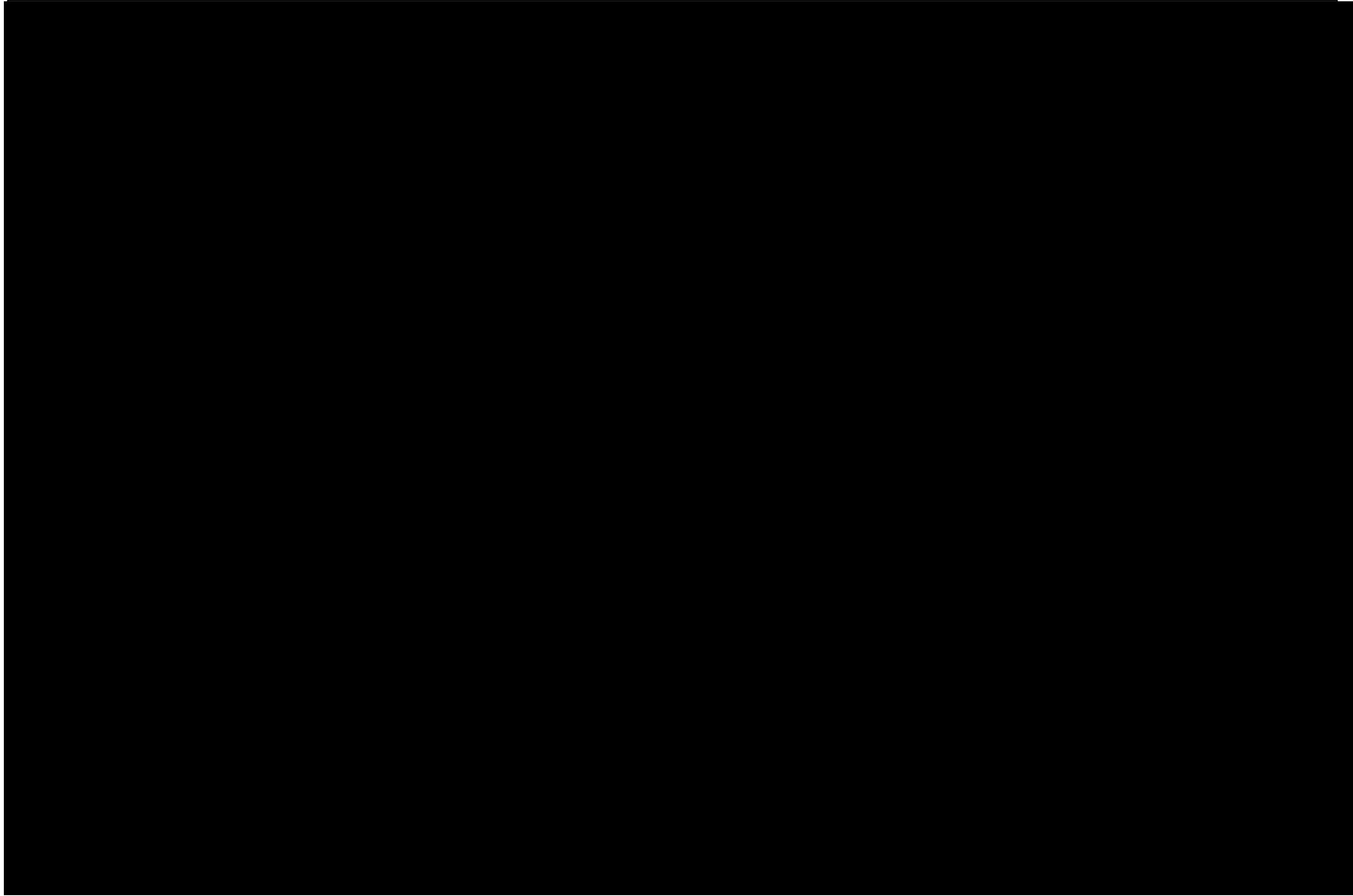


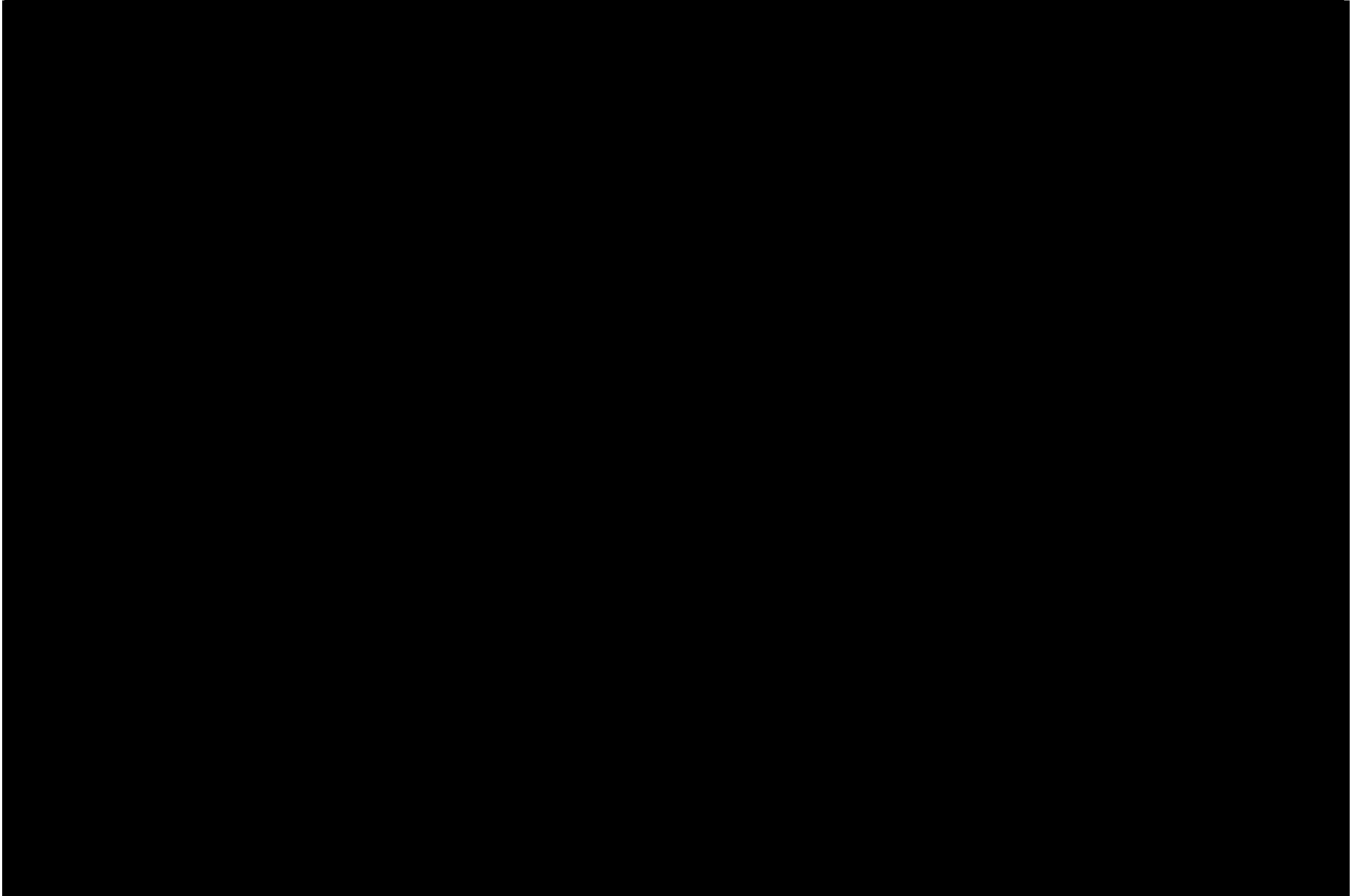




9.1.8 Emergency Response Planning Map, Continued







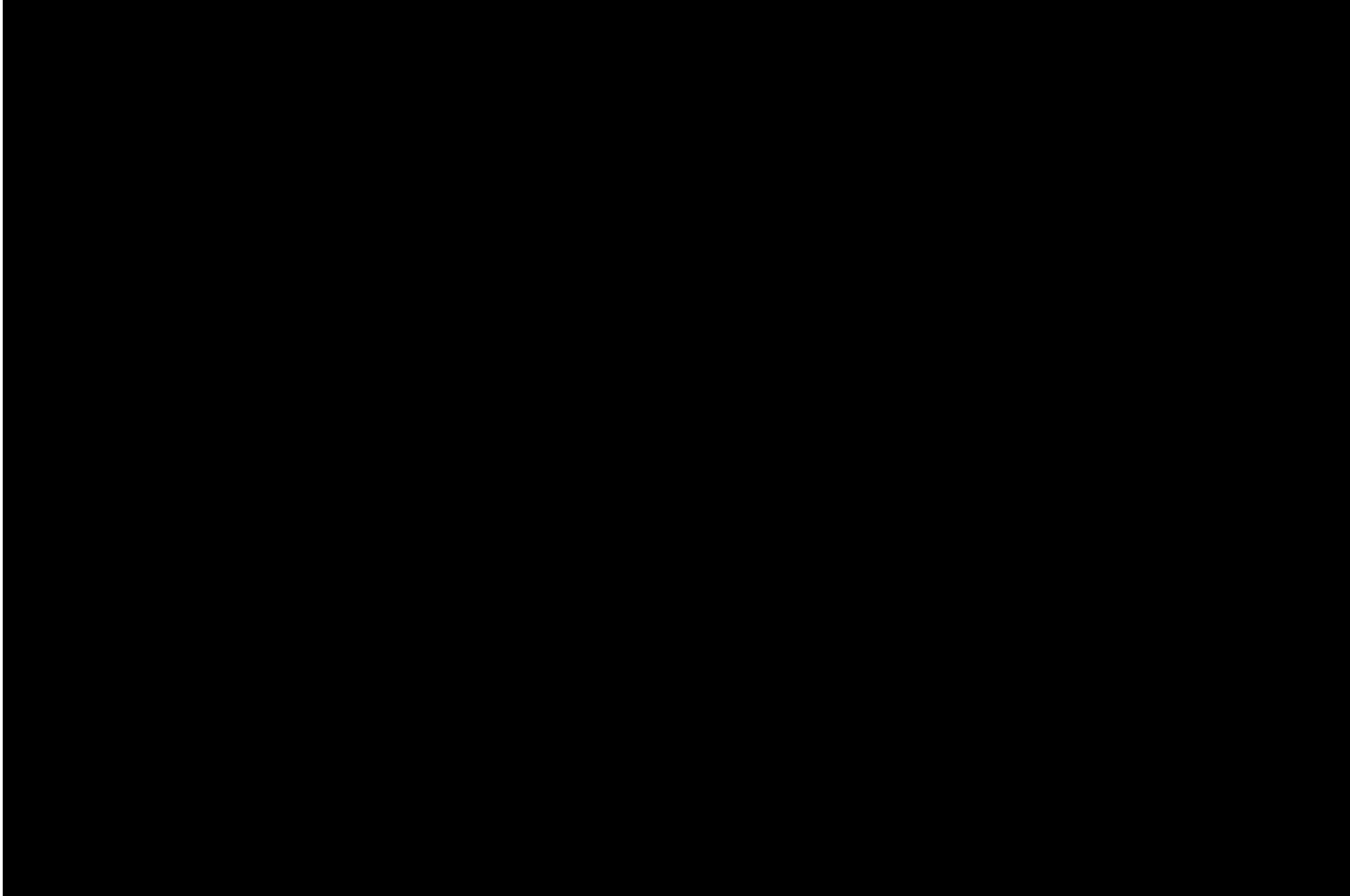
9.1.8 Emergency Response Planning Map, Continued





B





9.1.8 Emergency Response Planning Map, Continued

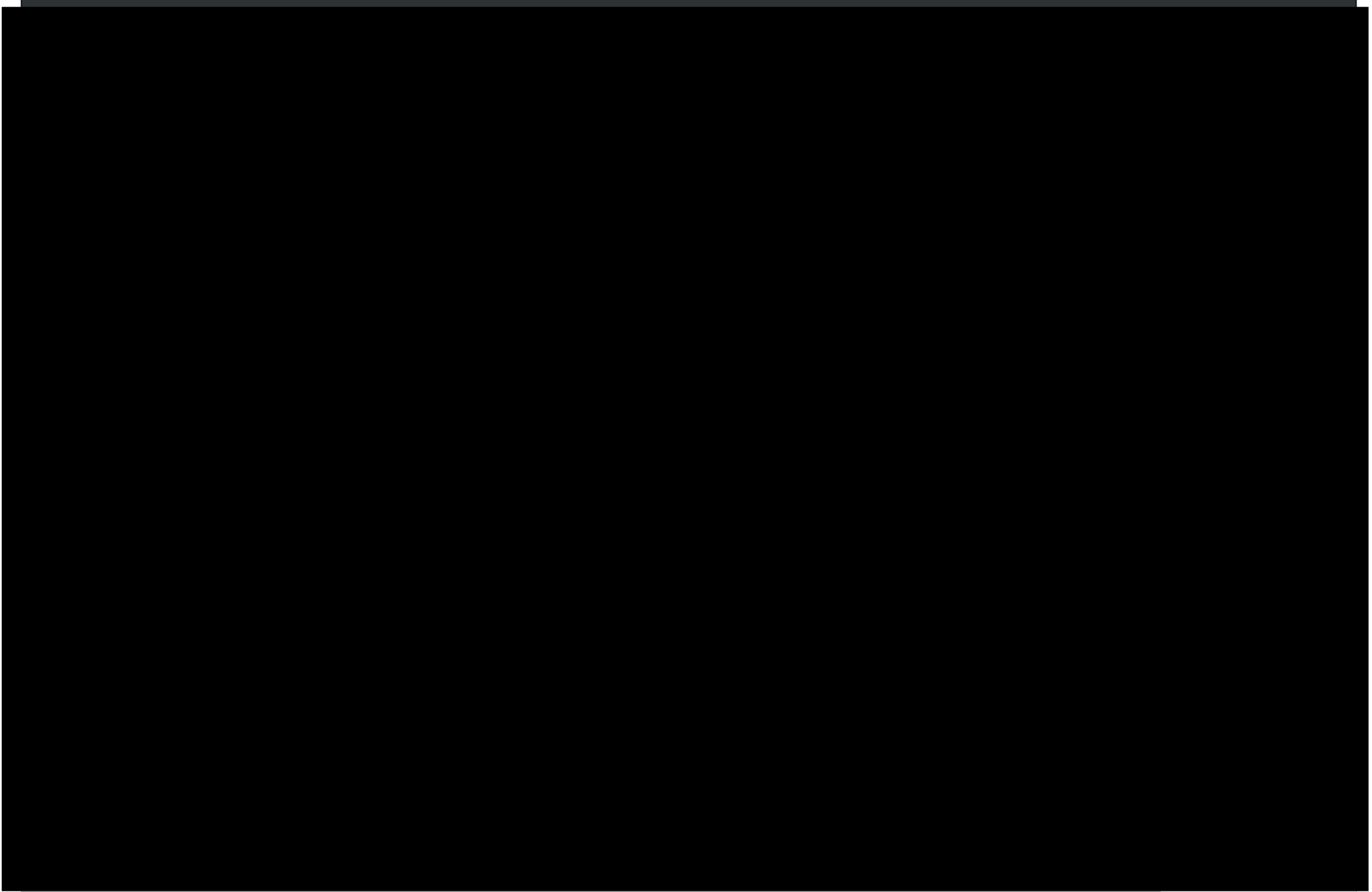




9.1.8 Emergency Response Planning Map, Continued

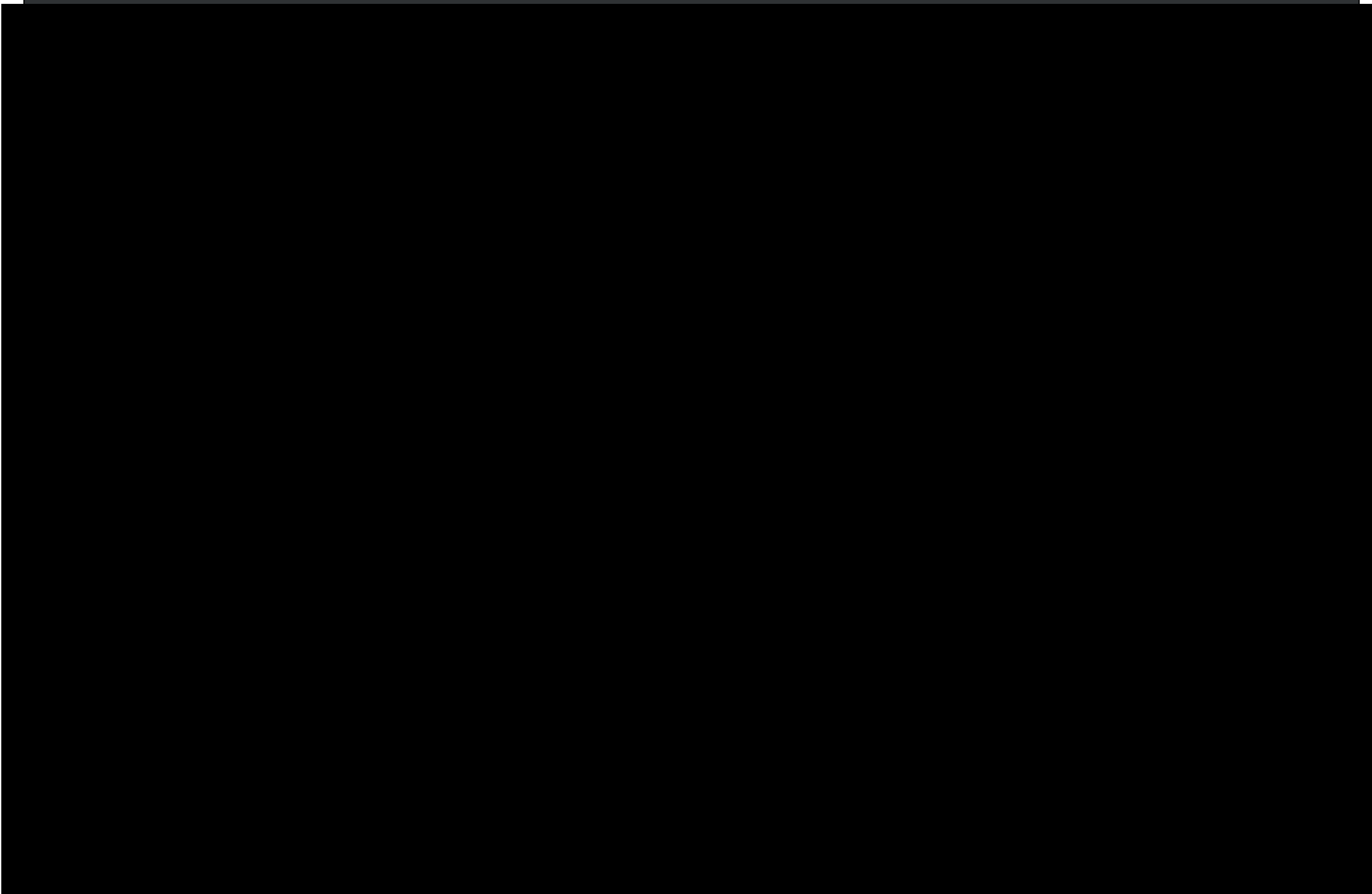
[REDACTED]

y)



9.1.8 Emergency Response Planning Map, Continued







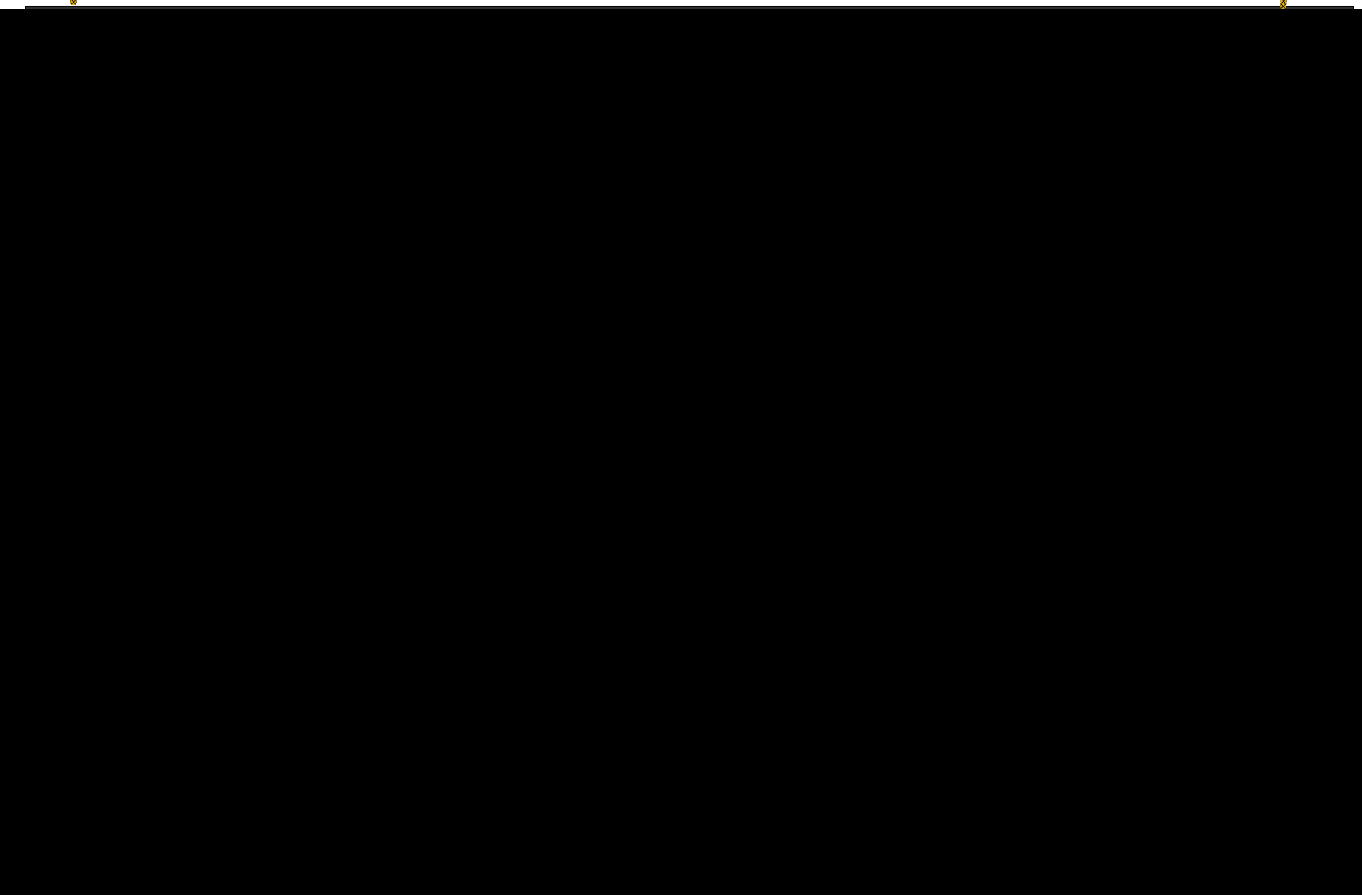
GLEN

EMUD

9.1.8 Emergency Response Planning Map, Continued

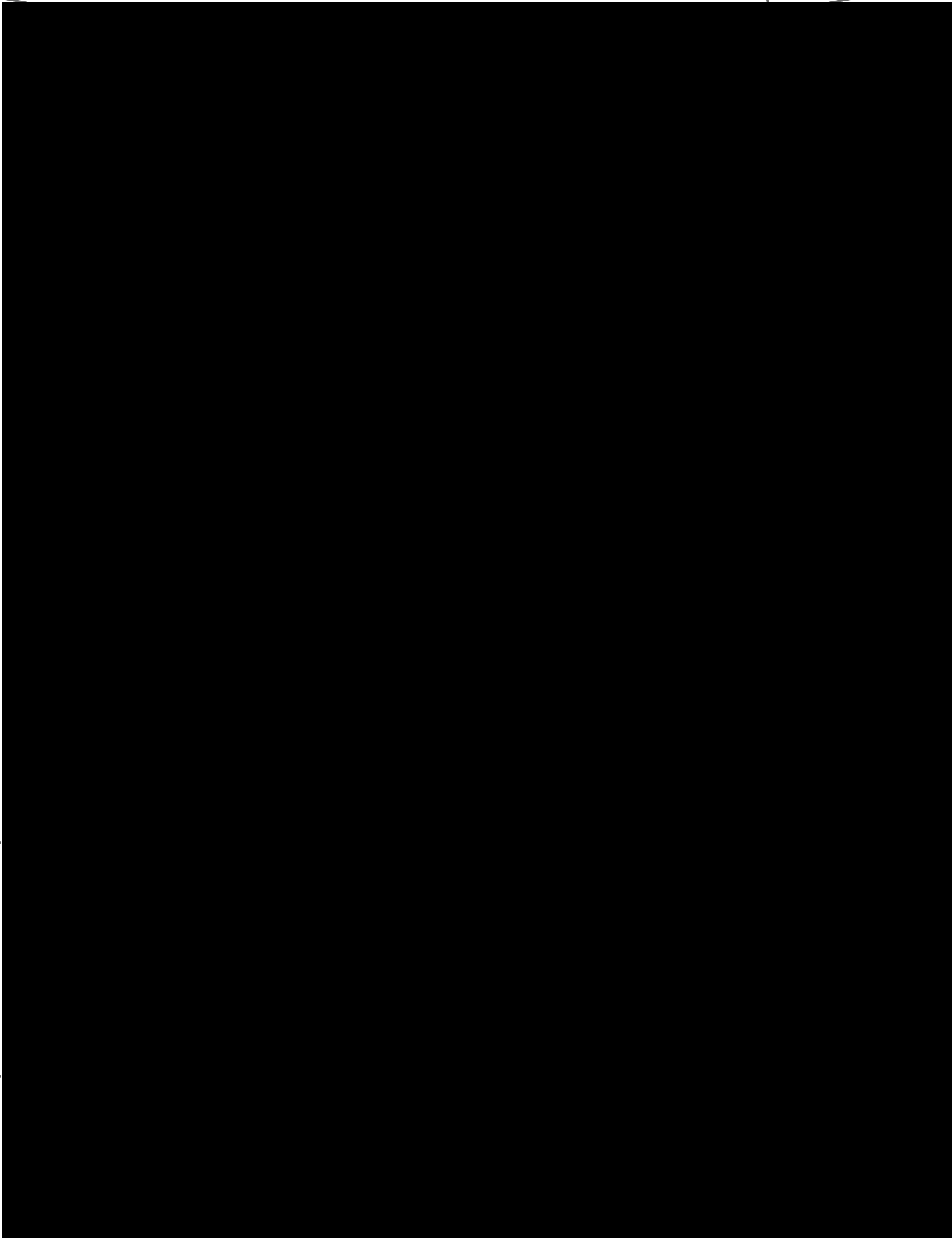






9.1.9 Plains Response Equipment

[REDACTED]



9.1.9 Plains Response Equipment, Continued



Equipment Lists and Locations

Equipment Lists

As the length of the PPTC Pipeline covers 933 kilometres, Plains relies on both internal and external resources to provide equipment during an emergency situation. Equipment will be requested from contracted sources, local authorities, and through Plains internally, based on the location of the incident, available resources and the anticipated response time. As the PPTC Pipeline passes by and/or through several urban centres, response time for external resources for any segment of the pipeline is estimated at no longer than three hours. Plains operator response times will be significantly less during maintenance operations or regularly scheduled operations that require the use of additional equipment not typically carried by operators; otherwise, Plains will contract external resources to supply the required equipment.

All response equipment required during an emergency will be provided by local safety companies, refer to *Section 9.0 Overview: 9.6: Support Services* within the PPTC Pipeline ERP.

Equipment Type	Location
General Equipment	
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	
[REDACTED]	
[REDACTED]	
[REDACTED]	
[REDACTED]	
Vehicle Equipment	
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	
[REDACTED]	
[REDACTED]	
[REDACTED]	

FIGURE 9.1.9-1 - PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

All Plains operators are required to wear Canadian Standards Association (CSA) - approved:

- Steel-toe boots
- Gloves
- Safety glasses
- Hard hats
- Fire retardant work wear with reflective striping
- Personal gas monitors

9.2 FACILITY SITE INFORMATION

9.2.1 Pipeline Section 1

9.2.1.1 Driving Directions

[illegible]

9.2.1.1 Driving Directions, Continued

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
		[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

9.2.1.2 Evacuation

[REDACTED]

9.2.1.3 Equipment Lists and Locations

Pipeline Section 1

Refer to **SECTION 9.1.9** for equipment lists and the Plains Response Equipment Locations Map.

Equipment Lists

Equipment Type	Quantity	Location
Other Equipment		
Plains Response Equipment - For information on full [REDACTED]		[REDACTED]

9.2.1.4 Site Notifications

Pipeline Section 1

SITE SPECIFIC EMERGENCY NOTIFICATIONS - INTERNAL CONTACTS

Local Responders

Refer to **FIGURE 9.1.4-2**

* 24-hour number

RECEPTION CENTERS

Location

[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]

9.2.1.4 Site Notifications, Continued

Pipeline Section 1

* 24-hour number

FIRST RESPONDERS	
Ambulance/Fire/Police	
Provincial Ambulance/Fire/Police/Local RCMP	911*
STARS Emergency Link Centre (Air Ambulance)	888-888-4567
Note: Based off the location of the injured person(s), STARS Emergency Link Centre will determine which Air Ambulance Base to dispatch from.	
Note: Ambulance services in Alberta are managed by the provincial government under Alberta Health Services (AHS).	
Volunteer Fire Departments	
Burstall Fire Department (Saskatchewan), Attn: Russell Job (Fire Chief) and Owen Wittig (Deputy Fire Chief)	306-679-2000* 306-679-7700 (Russell Job) 403-952-7722 (Owen Wittig)
Leader and District Fire Department (Leader, SK)	306-628-3868*
Sceptre Volunteer Fire Department	306-628-8338* (Fire Chief Cell)
Local RCMP/Local Police	
Note: Refer to the Emergency Response Planning Map for jurisdiction.	
Redcliff RCMP (Alberta)	403-548-2288*
Leader RCMP	306-628-4600*
Hospitals	
Leader Hospital (Leader, SK)	306-628-5500*

9.2.1.4 Site Notifications, Continued

Pipeline Section 1

* 24-hour number

LEAD AGENCIES	
FEDERAL	
The Plains PPTC Pipeline is regulated by the Canada Energy Regulator (CER).	
Note: If an emergency occurs at this CER-regulated operation, Plains will initiate its emergency response plan, immediately contact the TSB's Hot Line to report all pipeline incidents and occurrences and complete the CER/TSB Online Event Reporting System (OERS) at https://apps.cer-rec.gc.ca/ers/home/index	
Canada Energy Regulator (CER) Transportation Safety Board of Canada 819-997-7887* (Emergency) (TSB) - Ottawa, ON	
Note: First lead agency call to be made	
24-Hour CER Incident Cellular Telephone - Calgary, AB	403-299-2773
Note: If unable to reach the TSB Hot Line, call this contact Calgary, AB 403-299-2773	
Through the provincial reporting method, courtesy notification should be given to the provincial regulator.	
ALBERTA	
Note: If an emergency occurs in Alberta at this CER-regulated operation, Plains will initiate a courtesy notification to the Alberta Energy Regulator (AER) and also notify the other Alberta lead agency listed below.	
Alberta Energy Regulator (AER) and Alberta Environment, Support and Emergency Response Team (ASERT) Energy & Environmental Response Line 800-222-6514*	
The Energy and Environmental Response Line is used by both the AER and Alberta Environment and Protected Areas for all energy development and environmental complaints in Alberta. When receiving a call, they will notify the appropriate agency, and if the situation warrants, they will dispatch emergency responders. This line is monitored 24/7.	
Medicine Hat Field Centre Office (Alberta)	403-527-3385 (Daytime)
Alberta Emergency Management Agency (AEMA)	866-618-2362* (Emergency)
Alberta Emergency Management Agency (AEMA) Southern Region (Blairmore, AB)	587-591-1874 (Mobile)
SASKATCHEWAN	
Note: If an emergency occurs in Saskatchewan at this CER-regulated operation, Plains will initiate a courtesy notification to the Saskatchewan Ministry of Energy and Resources (ER) and also notify the Saskatchewan Public Safety Agency (SPSA), the Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment, Spill Report Line and the impacted Rural Municipality.	
Saskatchewan Ministry of Energy and Resources (ER) - Swift Current Field Office	844-764-3637* (Emergency) 306-778-8252* (Emergency)
Saskatchewan Public Safety Agency (SPSA)	800-667-9660* 306-787-3774 (Daytime)
Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment, Spill Report Line	800-667-7525* (Emergency) Toll-Free

9.2.1.4 Site Notifications, Continued

Pipeline Section 1

* 24-hour number

LOCAL AUTHORITIES	
<i>Note: Refer to the Emergency Response Planning Map for jurisdictional boundaries.</i>	
ALBERTA	
Cypress County (Alberta) - Dunmore Responsibility During Response Action: Provides fire/rescue services to the entire county	403-526-2888*
SASKATCHEWAN	
R.M. of Clinworth No. 230 (Sceptre, SK)	306-623-4229 (Daytime)
R.M. of Deer Forks No. 232 (Burstall, SK)	306-679-2000 (Office, Daytime only) due to proximity
R.M. of Happyland No. 231 (Leader, SK)	306-628-3800 (Daytime)
R.M. of Miry Creek No. 229 (Abbey, SK)	306-689-2281 (Daytime)

* 24-hour number

SUPPORTING AGENCIES	
<i>Note: Depending upon the type of incident, Plains will initiate notification to the following federal and provincial supporting agencies.</i>	
FEDERAL	
CANUTEC (Canadian Transport Emergency Centre) - Ottawa, ON	888-CAN-UTEC* 888-226-8832* 613-992-4624* (Information) 613-996-6666 *666 (Cellular)*
Note: As required, in the event of an emergency involving dangerous goods, call CANUTEC.	
<i>CANUTEC is the Canadian Transport Emergency Centre operated by the Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG) Directorate of Transport Canada. This is a federal emergency service based in Ottawa, ON. CANUTEC provides immediate reference for information on chemical spills and will also advise on methods to safely neutralize, decontaminate, approach or handle dangerous substances.</i>	
Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada (DFO)	800-889-8852* (Emergency)
Note: If there is a release into a water body of any substance deleterious to fish, contact Fisheries and Oceans Canada (only if fish bearing water body).	
Transport Canada - Ottawa Situation Centre	888-857-4003* 204-983-3152 (Daytime) 416-952-0490* (Office)
Note: Transport Canada's Prairie and Northern Region (Winnipeg Office) is responsible for transportation safety throughout Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Yukon, Northwest Territories and Nunavut.	
Air Traffic Control: NAV CANADA (NOTAM – Notice to Airmen)	866-541-4102* (Toll Free) 877-992-6853* (Transport Canada Aviation Operations Centre)
<i>One common toll-free phone number automatically directs you to a Flight Information Centre in the service area from which the call originates.</i>	
Alberta Energy Regulator (AER) and Alberta Environment, Support and Emergency Response Team (ASERT) Energy & Environmental Response Line	800-222-6514*

9.2.1.4 Site Notifications, Continued

Pipeline Section 1

* 24-hour number

SUPPORTING AGENCIES, CONTINUED	
FEDERAL, Continued	
Environment & Climate Change Canada (ECCC) Meteorological Services 780-951-8907* (Alberta-wide)	
Note: Refer to Section 8: Government Agencies and Local Authorities, in the Plains Core Emergency Response Plan, for the Alberta Energy Regulator (AER), Saskatchewan Ministry of Energy and Resources (ER), Alberta Environment, Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment and Canadian Environmental Protection Act Incident, Spill, and Release Reporting Requirements, which identifies who, what, where, when, why and how an environmental emergency is to be reported.	
ALBERTA	
Alberta Human Services Occupational Health and Safety (OHS)	866-415-8690* (Emergency)
Alberta Boiler Safety Association (ABSA)	780-437-9100* (Emergency)
Alberta Environment and Parks - Rangeland Management Wildfire Reporting Line	310-FIRE (3473)*
Justice and Solicitor General, Public Security Division - Fish and Wildlife Enforcement Branch and Environment and Sustainable Resource Development, Fish and Wildlife Division (Alberta-wide) 800-642-3800*	
Note: Justice and Solicitor General, Public Security Division - Fish and Wildlife Enforcement Branch are in charge of enforcement, to be used to report a poacher and/or polluter and/or to report that you have seen a bear that could be in distress or in danger or could endanger the public. Environment and Sustainable Resource Development, Fish and Wildlife Division are in charge of the biologists, to be used if a water body needs to be tested.	
Alberta Municipal Affairs, Safety Services, Electrical Safety (Alberta-wide) 866-421-6929*	
Alberta Transportation and Economic Corridors - Alberta Environmental and Dangerous Goods Emergencies (EDGE) Dangerous Goods	800-272-9600* (Emergency) 403-529-3644 (Doug Scheelar, Maintenance Contract Inspector; Medicine Hat, AB)
Note: Contact if the Emergency Planning Zone (EPZ) impacts an Alberta highway.	
Volker Stevin Highway Maintenance Contractor, Highways Ltd. (Alberta-wide)	888-877-6237* (Emergency) 403-571-5800 (Office, Daytime only) (Goes through STARS)

9.2.1.4 Site Notifications, Continued

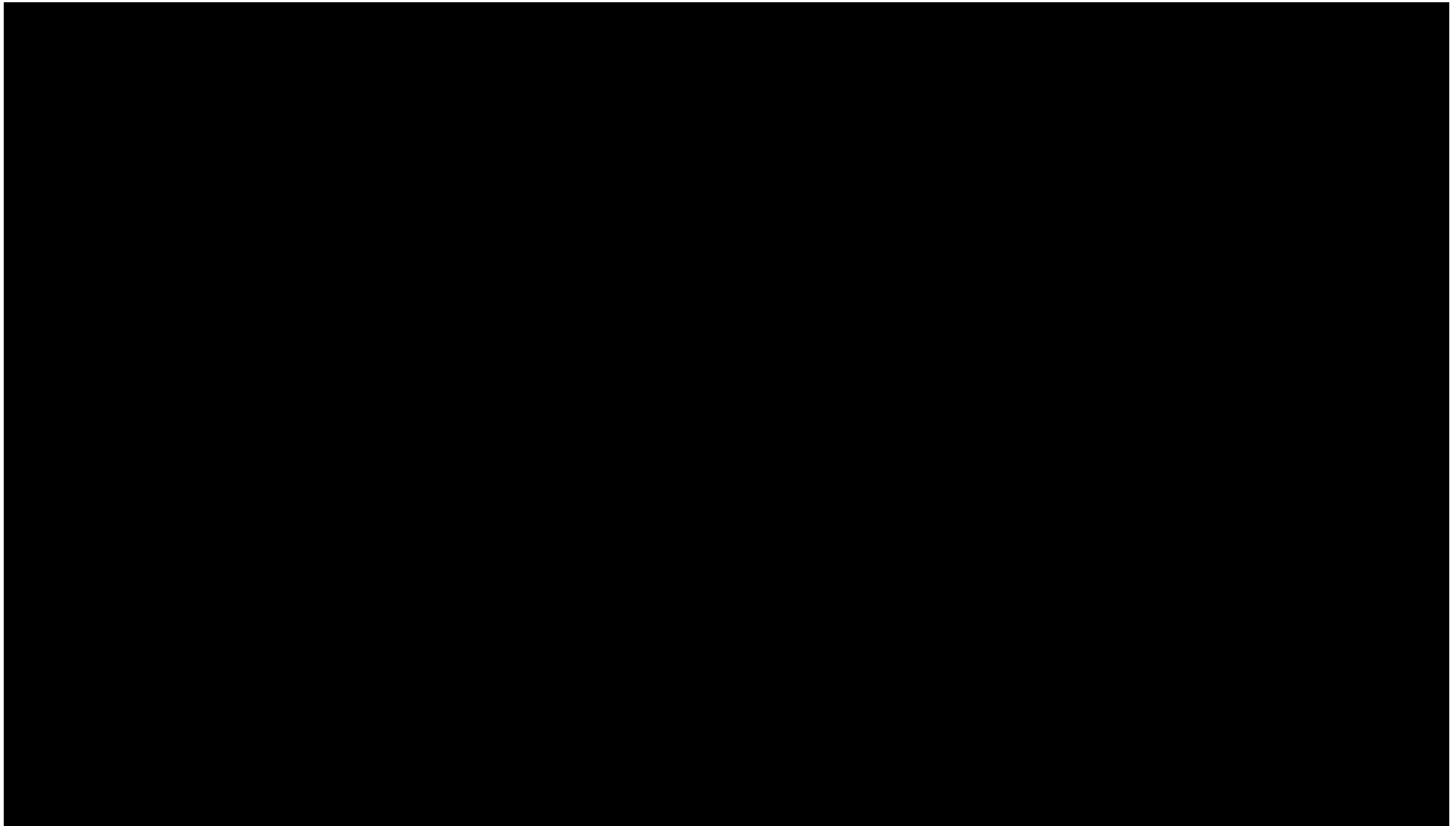
Pipeline Section 1

* 24-hour number

SUPPORTING AGENCIES, CONTINUED	
ALBERTA, Continued	
Note: Road Maintenance Contractor for Highway 545.	
Alberta Health Service (AHS) South Zone	844-755-1788 (Alberta wide) 403-502-8205 (Lethbridge, AB)
Workers' Compensation Board (WCB) Headquarters (Toll Free)	800-661-9608 (Canda-wide) 866-922-9221 (Alberta-wide)
Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment (Saskatchewan-wide)	800-567-4224 (General Inquiries) 800-667-9660 (Firewatch Line – Report a Forest Fire) 800-667-7525 (Spill Control Centre) 800-667-7561 [Turn in Poachers and Polluters (TIPP)]
SASKATCHEWAN	
Saskatchewan Labor Relations and Workplace Safety (OHS)	800-567-7233* 306-787-4481 (Office, Daytime only)
Technical Safety Authority of Saskatchewan (TSASK) - Boiler and Pressure Vessel Safety - Regina	866-530-8599* 306-798-7111 (Office, Daytime only)
Saskatchewan Ministry of Highways	888-335-7623*
Saskatchewan Health Authority (SHA), Attn: Program Director On-Call	833-665-7999
Note: Refer to the Emergency Response Planning Map for jurisdiction	
Saskatchewan Ministry of Health Emergency Management Unit (Saskatchewan-wide)	306-519-8570
Saskatchewan Workers' Compensation Board (WCB) Headquarters (Saskatchewan-wide)	800-667-7590 (Toll Free)
Saskatchewan Water Agency (WSA) - Moose Jaw	306-694-3900 (Office, Daytime only) 844-536-9494 (Spill Reporting Line)

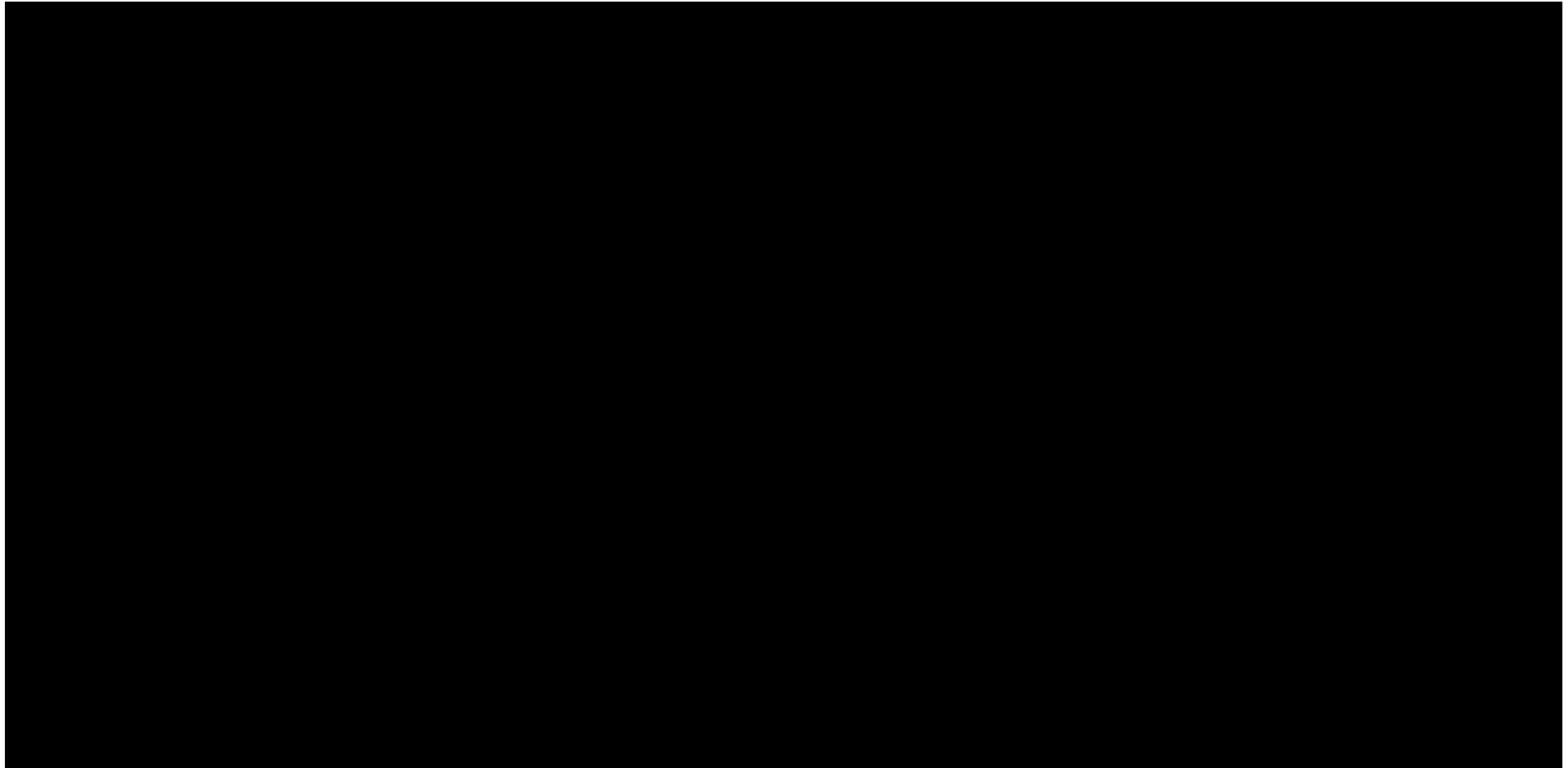
9.2.1.5 Technical Data

Pipeline Section 1



9.2.1.5 Technical Data, Continued

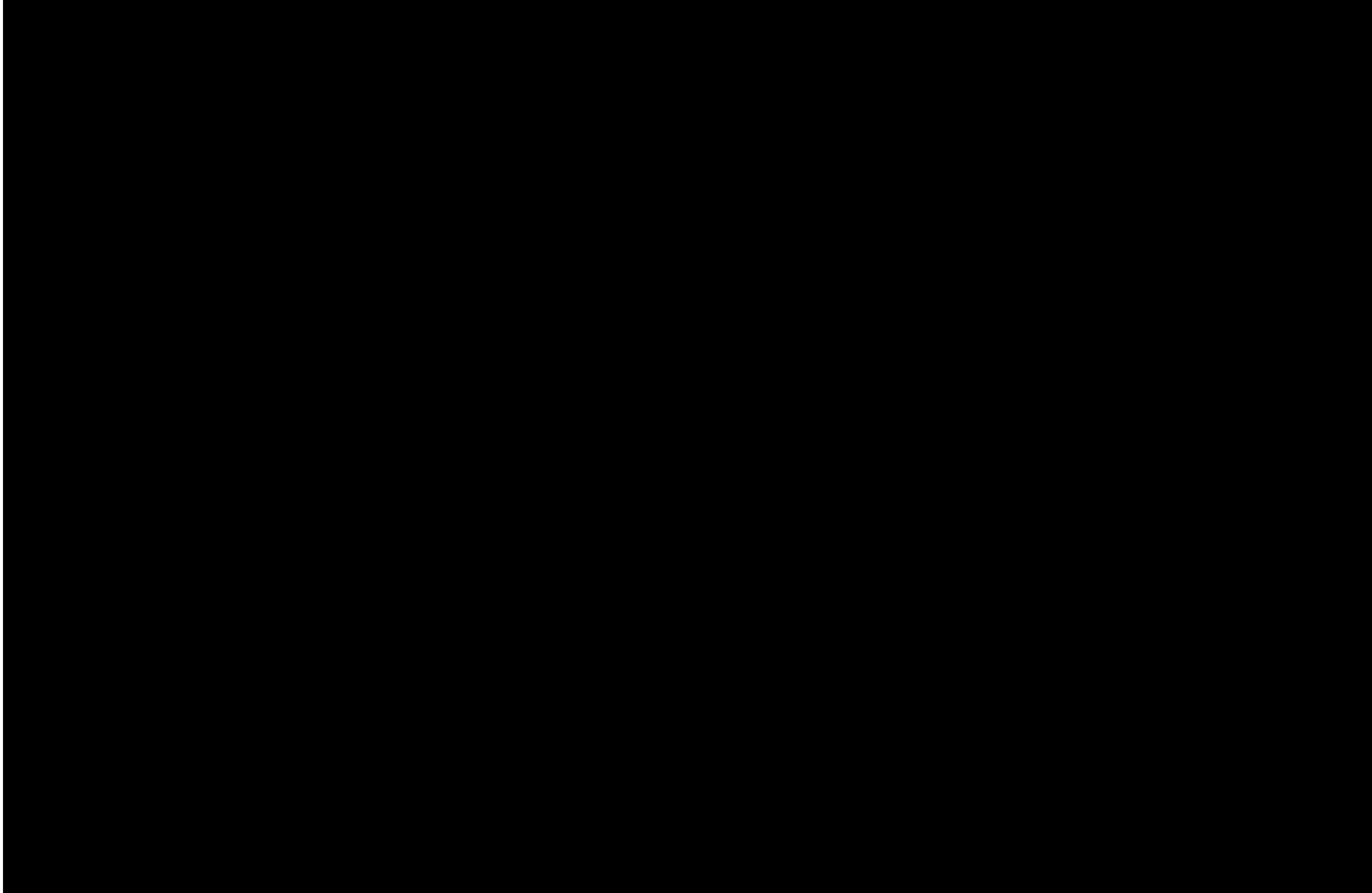
Pipeline Section 1



9.2.1.6 Major Accident Risk (MAR) Scenarios**Pipeline Section 1**

Not applicable to facility and/or area

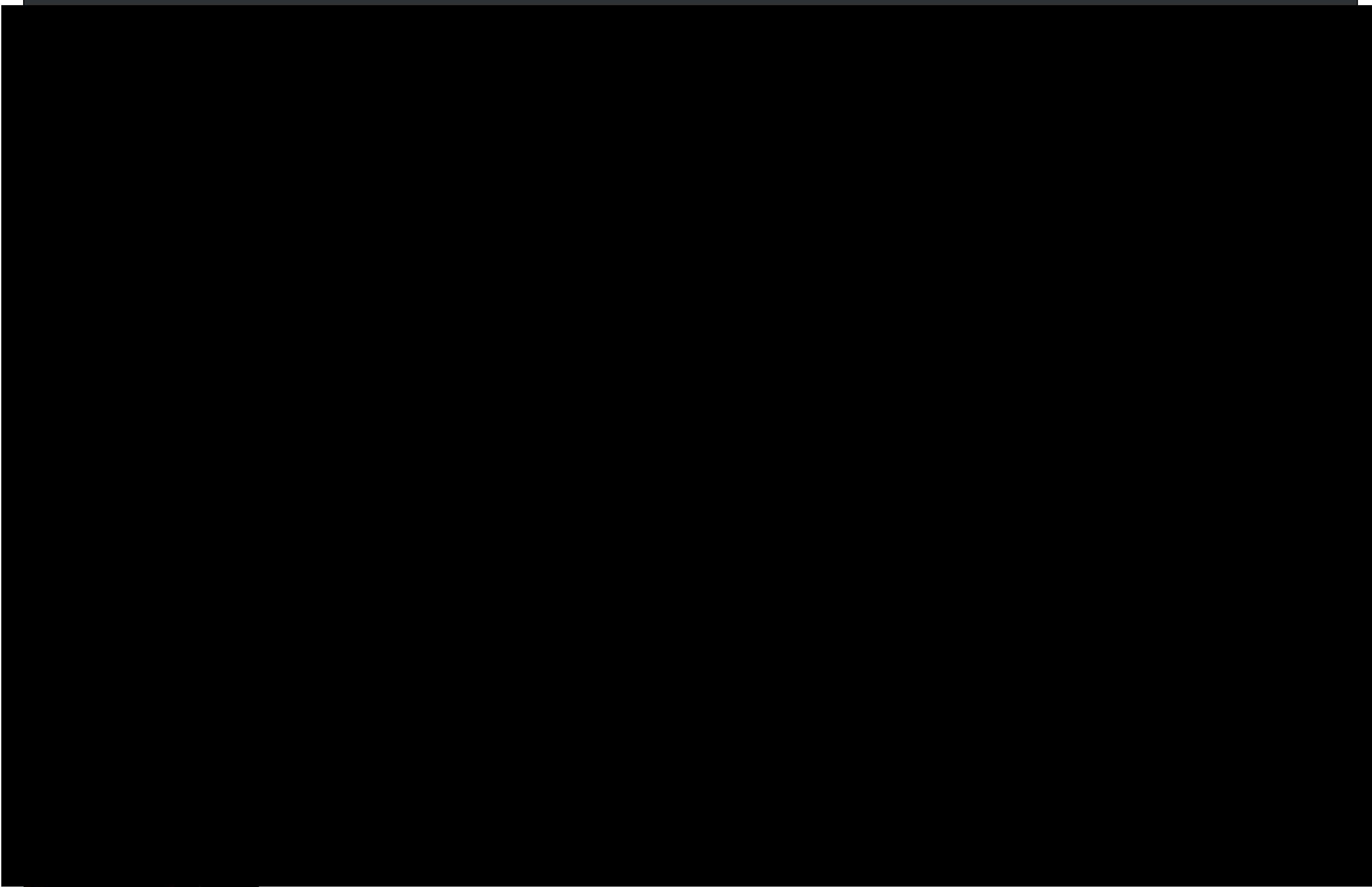
9.2.1.7 Maps and Plot Plans**Pipeline Section 1**



9.2.1.7 Maps and Plot Plans, Continued

Pipeline Section 1





9.2.1.8 Other Site-Specific Information

Pipeline Section 1



9.6 Local Public Information

Industrial Operators

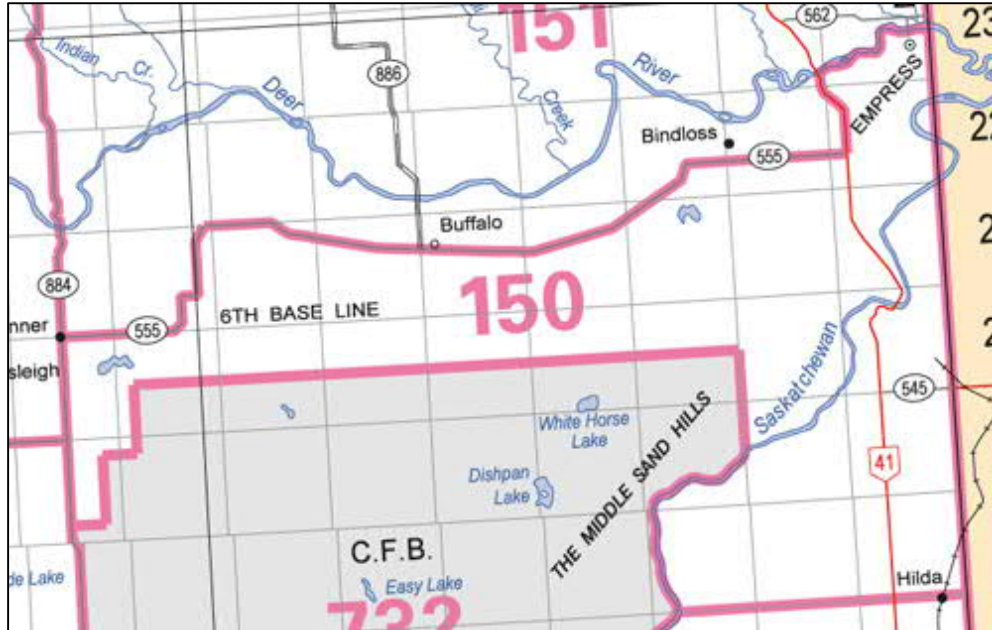
Company	Telephone Number
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]

This page has been left intentionally blank.

Guides / Outfitters

Wildlife Management Unit (WMUs) 150 could be impacted in an emergency.

WMU 150



Organization	Address	Telephone Number
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]

This page has been left intentionally blank

9.2.1.9 Additional Site-Specific Information**Maps and Plot Plans**

Refer to the Plains Empress 6 Plant Emergency Response Plan for detailed information.

9.2.2 Pipeline Section 2**9.2.2.1 Driving Directions**

<div style="background-color: black; width: 100px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>			
<div style="background-color: black; width: 30px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>		<div style="background-color: black; width: 10px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>	
<div style="background-color: black; width: 150px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>		<div style="background-color: black; width: 150px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>	

<div style="background-color: black; width: 100px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>			
<div style="background-color: black; width: 30px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>	<div style="background-color: black; width: 30px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>	<div style="background-color: black; width: 100px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>	<div style="background-color: black; width: 30px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>
<div style="background-color: black; width: 30px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>	<div style="background-color: black; width: 80px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>	<div style="background-color: black; width: 120px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>	<div style="background-color: black; width: 170px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>
<div style="background-color: black; width: 100px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>			
<div style="background-color: black; width: 550px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>			
<div style="background-color: black; width: 150px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>			

<div style="background-color: black; width: 100px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>			
<div style="background-color: black; width: 30px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>	<div style="background-color: black; width: 30px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>	<div style="background-color: black; width: 100px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>	<div style="background-color: black; width: 30px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>
<div style="background-color: black; width: 30px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>	<div style="background-color: black; width: 80px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>	<div style="background-color: black; width: 120px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>	<div style="background-color: black; width: 170px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>
<div style="background-color: black; width: 30px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>	<div style="background-color: black; width: 120px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>	<div style="background-color: black; width: 120px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>	<div style="background-color: black; width: 170px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>
<div style="background-color: black; width: 100px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>			
<div style="background-color: black; width: 450px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>			
<div style="background-color: black; width: 250px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>			
<div style="background-color: black; width: 100px; height: 15px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>			

9.2.2.1 Driving Directions, Continued

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

9.2.2.2 Evacuation

[REDACTED]

9.2.2.3 Equipment Lists and Locations

Pipeline Section 2

Refer to **SECTION 9.1.9** for equipment lists and the Plains Response Equipment Locations Map.

Equipment Lists

Equipment Type	Quantity	Location
Other Equipment		
[REDACTED]		[REDACTED]

9.2.2.4 Site Notifications

Pipeline Section 2

SITE SPECIFIC EMERGENCY NOTIFICATIONS - INTERNAL CONTACTS

Local Responders

Refer to **FIGURE 9.1.4-2**

* 24-hour number

RECEPTION CENTERS

Location

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

9.2.2.4 Site Notifications, Continued

Pipeline Section 2

* 24-hour number

FIRST RESPONDERS	
Ambulance/Fire/Police	
Provincial Ambulance/Fire/Police/Local RCMP	911*
STARS Emergency Link Centre (Air Ambulance)	888-888-4567
Note: Based off the location of the injured person(s), STARS Emergency Link Centre will determine which Air Ambulance Base to dispatch from.	
Note: Ambulance services in Alberta are managed by the provincial government under Alberta Health Services (AHS).	
Volunteer Fire Departments	
RM of Riverside No. 168 Fire Department (Pennant, SK)	306-750-1114* (Fire Chief Cell)
Valley Rural Fire Department (Stewart Valley, SK)	306-741-2300
Swift Current Fire Department (Swift Current, SK)	306-778-2760
Local RCMP/Local Police	
Leader RCMP	306-628-4600*
Note: Refer to the Emergency Response Planning Map for jurisdiction.	
Swift Current RCMP (Swift Current, SK)	306-778-5550
Hospitals	
Herbert and District Integrated Health Facility	306-784-2466 Ext. 1
Cypress Regional Hospital	306-778-9400

9.2.2.4 Site Notifications, Continued

Pipeline Section 2

* 24-hour number

LEAD AGENCIES	
FEDERAL	
The Plains PPTC Pipeline is regulated by the Canada Energy Regulator (CER).	
Note: If an emergency occurs at this CER-regulated operation, Plains will initiate its emergency response plan, immediately contact the TSB's Hot Line to report all pipeline incidents and occurrences and complete the CER/TSB Online Event Reporting System (OERS) at https://apps.cer-rec.gc.ca/ers/home/index	
Through the provincial reporting method, courtesy notification should be given to the provincial regulator.	
Canada Energy Regulator (CER) Transportation Safety Board of Canada 819-997-7887* (Emergency) (TSB) - Ottawa, ON	
Note: First lead agency call to be made	
24-Hour CER Incident Cellular Telephone - Calgary, AB	403-299-2773
Note: If unable to reach the TSB Hot Line, call this contact	
SASKATCHEWAN	
Note: If an emergency occurs in Saskatchewan at this CER-regulated operation, Plains will initiate a courtesy notification to the Saskatchewan Ministry of Energy and Resources (ER) and also notify the Saskatchewan Public Safety Agency (SPSA), the Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment, Spill Report Line and the impacted Rural Municipality.	
Saskatchewan Ministry of Energy and Resources (ER) - Swift Current Field Office	844-764-3637* (Emergency) 306-778-8252* (Emergency)
Saskatchewan Public Safety Agency (SPSA)	800-667-9660*
Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment (Saskatchewan-wide)	800-567-4224 (General Inquiries) 800-667-9660 (Firewatch Line – Report a Forest Fire) 800-667-7525 (Spill Control Centre) 800-667-7561 [Turn in Poachers and Polluters (TIPP)]

* 24-hour number

LOCAL AUTHORITIES	
Note: Refer to the Emergency Response Planning Map for jurisdictional boundaries.	
SASKATCHEWAN	
R.M. of Excelsior No. 166 (Rush Lake, SK)	306-784-3121 (Daytime)
R.M. of Miry Creek No. 229 (Abbey, SK)	306-689-2281 (Daytime)
Rural Municipality of Riverside No. 168	306-626-3255 (Office, Daytime only)
R.M. of Saskatchewan Landing No. 167 (Stewart Valley, SK)	306-778-2105 (Daytime)

9.2.2.4 Site Notifications, Continued

Pipeline Section 2

* 24-hour number

SUPPORTING AGENCIES	
Note: Depending upon the type of incident, Plains will initiate notification to the following federal and provincial supporting agencies.	
FEDERAL	
CANUTEC (Canadian Transport Emergency Centre) - Ottawa, ON	888-CAN-UTEC* 888-226-8832* 613-992-4624* (Information) 613-996-6666 *666 (Cellular)*
Note: As required, in the event of an emergency involving dangerous goods, call CANUTEC.	
CANUTEC is the Canadian Transport Emergency Centre operated by the Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG) Directorate of Transport Canada. This is a federal emergency service based in Ottawa, ON. CANUTEC provides immediate reference for information on chemical spills and will also advise on methods to safely neutralize, decontaminate, approach or handle dangerous substances.	
Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada (DFO)	800-889-8852* (Emergency)
Note: If there is a release into a water body of any substance deleterious to fish, contact Fisheries and Oceans Canada (only if fish bearing water body).	
Transport Canada - Ottawa Situation Centre	888-857-4003* 204-983-3152 (Daytime) 416-952-0490* (Office)
Note: Transport Canada's Prairie and Northern Region (Winnipeg Office) is responsible for transportation safety throughout Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Yukon, Northwest Territories and Nunavut.	
Air Traffic Control: NAV CANADA (NOTAM – Notice to Airmen)	866-541-4102* (Toll Free) 877-992-6853* (Transport Canada Aviation Operations Centre)
One common toll-free phone number automatically directs you to a Flight Information Centre in the service area from which the call originates.	
Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment, Spill Report Line	800-667-7525* (Emergency) Toll-Free
Note: Refer to Section 8: Government Agencies and Local Authorities, in the Plains Core Emergency Response Plan, for the Saskatchewan Ministry of Energy and Resources (ER), Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment and Canadian Environmental Protection Act Incident, Spill, and Release Reporting Requirements, which identifies who, what, where, when, why and how an environmental emergency is to be reported.	
SASKATCHEWAN	
Saskatchewan Labor Relations and Workplace Safety (OHS)	800-567-7233* 306-787-4481 (Office, Daytime only)
Technical Safety Authority of Saskatchewan (TSASK) - Boiler and Pressure Vessel Safety - Regina	866-530-8599* 306-798-7111 (Office, Daytime only)
Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment (Saskatchewan-wide)	800-567-4224 (General Inquiries) 800-667-9660 (Firewatch Line – Report a Forest Fire) 800-667-7525 (Spill Control Centre) 800-667-7561 [Turn in Poachers and Polluters (TIPP)]
Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment - Compliance and Field Services Fish and Wildlife Division	800-667-7561* (Emergency)
Saskatchewan Ministry of Highways	888-335-7623*
Saskatchewan Health Authority (SHA), Attn: Program Director On-Call	833-665-7999

9.2.2.4 Site Notifications, Continued

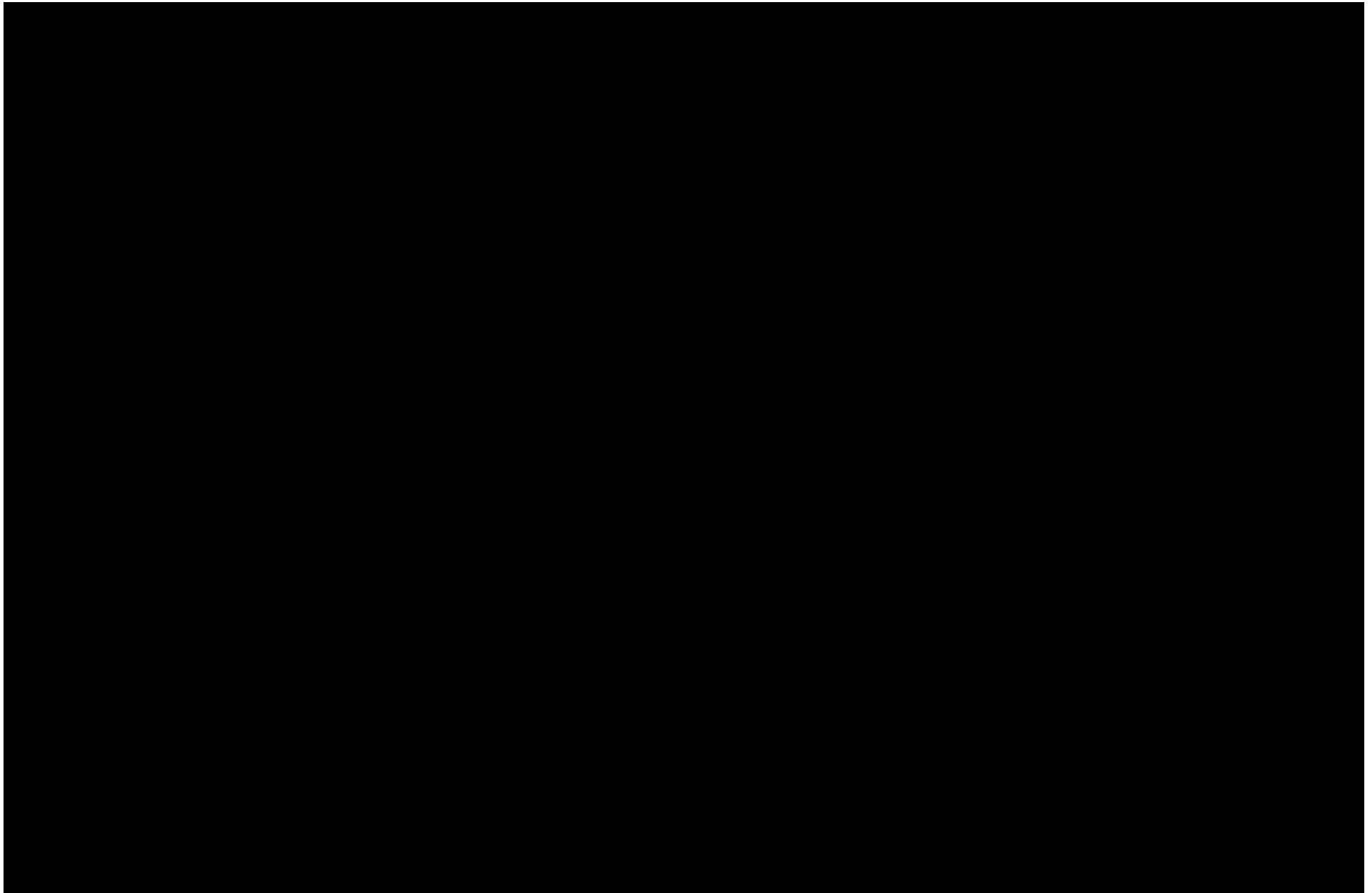
Pipeline Section 2

* 24-hour number

SUPPORTING AGENCIES, CONTINUED	
SASKATCHEWAN, Continued	
Note: Refer to the Emergency Response Planning Map for jurisdiction	
Saskatchewan Ministry of Health Emergency Management Unit (Saskatchewan-wide)	306-519-8570
Saskatchewan Workers' Compensation Board (WCB) Headquarters (Saskatchewan-wide)	800-667-7590 (Toll Free)
Saskatchewan Water Agency (WSA) - Moose Jaw	306-694-3900 (Office, Daytime only) 844-536-9494 (Spill Reporting Line)

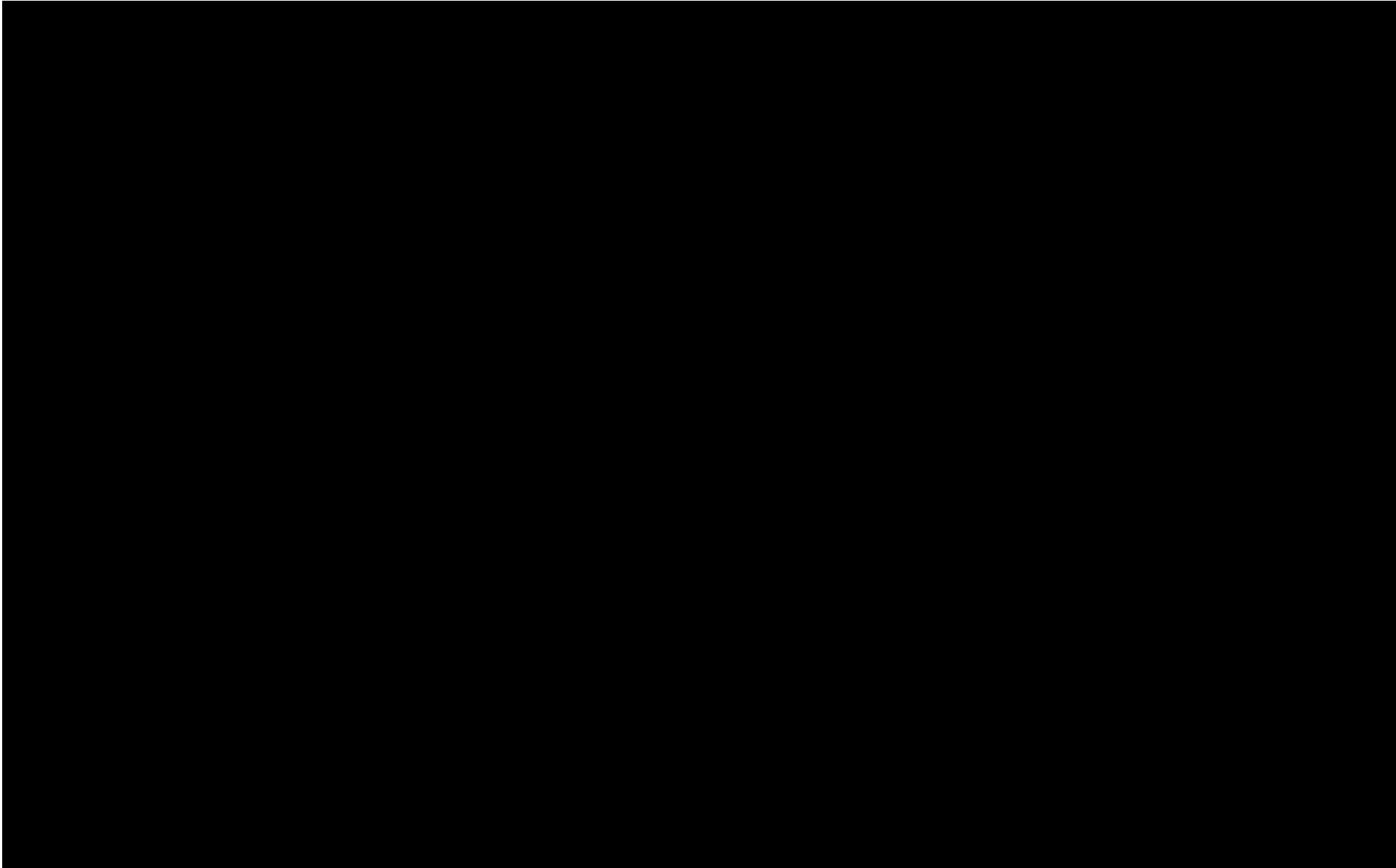
9.2.2.5 Technical Data

Pipeline Section 2



9.2.2.5 Technical Data, Continued

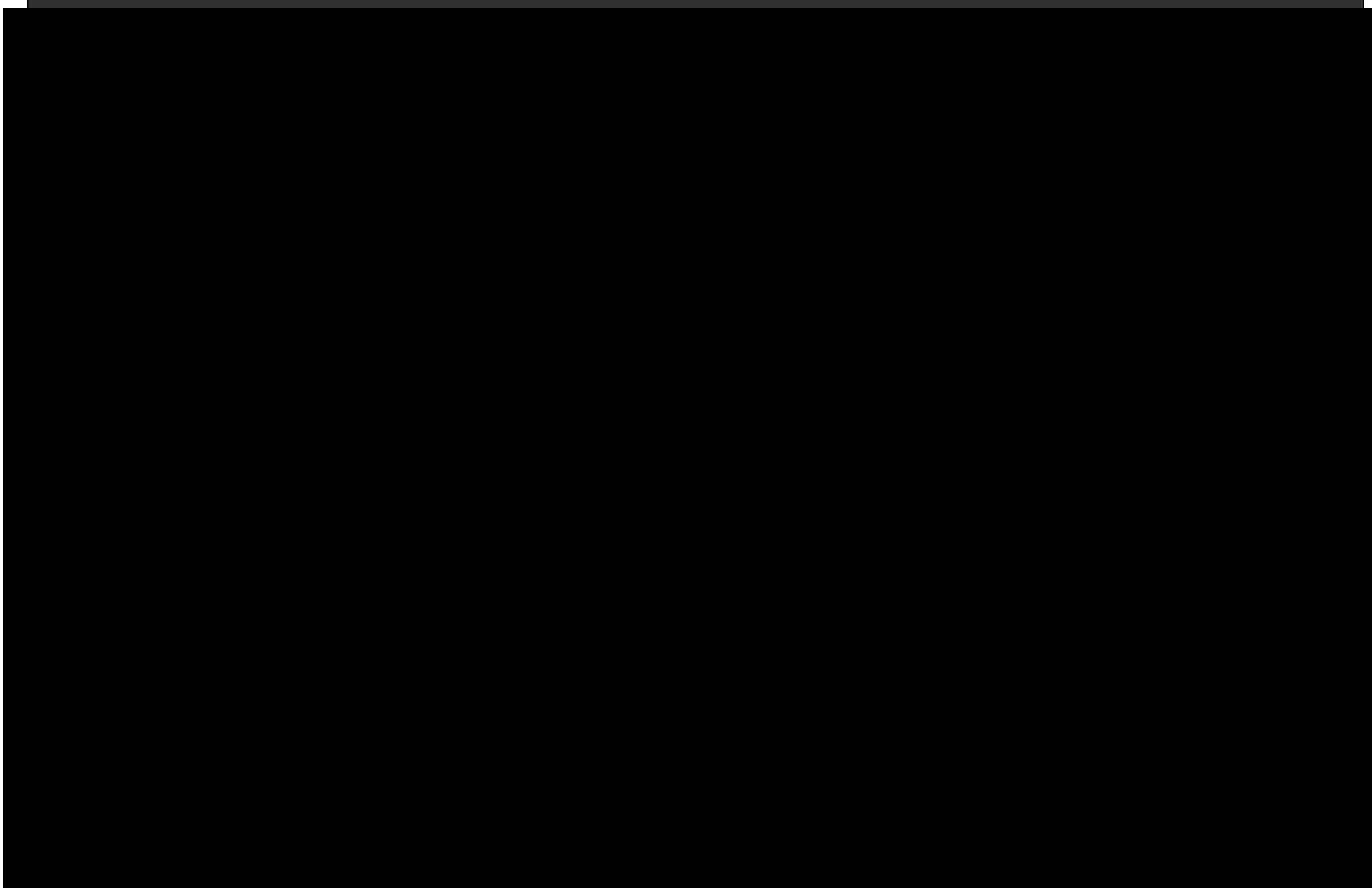
Pipeline Section 2



9.2.2.6 Major Accident Risk (MAR) Scenarios**Pipeline Section 2**

Not applicable to facility and/or area

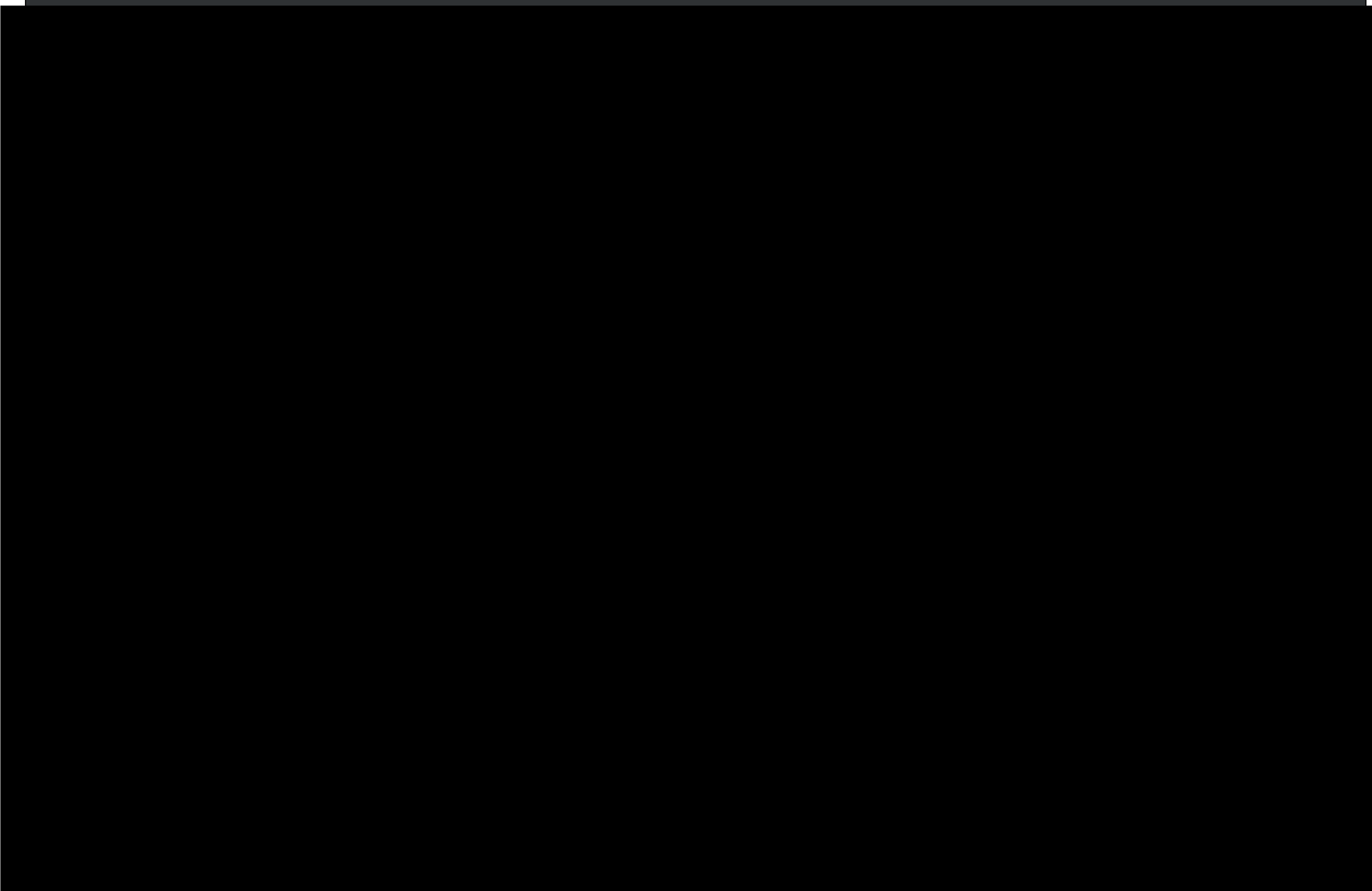
9.2.2.7 Maps and Plot Plans**Pipeline Section 2**



9.2.2.7 Maps and Plot Plans, Continued

Pipeline Section 2





9.2.2.8 Other Site-Specific Information

Pipeline Section 2



9.6 Local Public Information

Industrial Operators

Company	Telephone Number
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]

This page has been left intentionally blank.

Pipeline Section 2

9.2.3.1 Driving Directions

9.2.3.1 Driving Directions, Continued

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
		[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
		[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

9.2.3.2 Evacuation

[REDACTED]

9.2.3.3 Equipment Lists and Locations

Pipeline Section 3

Refer to **SECTION 9.1.9** for equipment lists and the Plains Response Equipment Locations Map.

Equipment Lists

Equipment Type	Quantity	Location
Other Equipment		
[REDACTED]		[REDACTED]

9.2.3.4 Site Notifications

Pipeline Section 3

SITE SPECIFIC EMERGENCY NOTIFICATIONS - INTERNAL CONTACTS
Local Responders
Refer to FIGURE 9.1.4-2

* 24-hour number

RECEPTION CENTERS
Location
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

* 24-hour number

FIRST RESPONDERS
Ambulance/Fire/Police
Provincial Ambulance/Fire/Police/Local RCMP
STARS Emergency Link Centre (Air Ambulance)
Note: Based off the location of the injured person(s), STARS Emergency Link Centre will determine which Air Ambulance Base to dispatch from.
Note: Ambulance services in Alberta are managed by the provincial government under Alberta Health Services (AHS)
Volunteer Fire Departments
Herbert Volunteer Fire Department (Herbert, SK)
Morse Fire Department (Morse, SK)
Chaplin Volunteer Fire Department (Chaplin, SK)
Swift Current Fire Department
Local RCMP/Local Police
Note: Refer to the Emergency Response Planning Map for jurisdiction.
Moose Jaw RCMP
Morse RCMP (Morse, SK)
Swift Current RCMP (Swift Current, SK)
Hospitals
Herbert and District Integrated Health Facility
Dr. F. H. Wigmore Regional Hospital

911*

888-888-4567

306-784-7580

306-629-7548

306-796-7729

306-778-2761

306-691-4670

306-629-4100

306-778-5550

306-784-2466 Ext. 1

306-694-0200

9.2.3.4 Site Notifications, Continued

Pipeline Section 3

* 24-hour number

LEAD AGENCIES	
FEDERAL	
<p>Note: If an emergency occurs at this CER-regulated operation, Plains will initiate its emergency response plan, immediately contact the TSB's Hot Line to report all pipeline incidents and occurrences and complete the CER/TSB Online Event Reporting System (OERS) at https://apps.cer-rec.gc.ca/ers/home/index</p> <p>Through the provincial reporting method, courtesy notification should be given to the provincial regulator.</p> <p>The Plains PPTC Pipeline is regulated by the Canada Energy Regulator (CER).</p> <p>Canada Energy Regulator (CER) Transportation Safety Board of Canada 819-997-7887* (Emergency) (TSB) - Ottawa, ON</p> <p>Note: First lead agency call to be made</p> <p>24-Hour CER Incident Cellular Telephone - Calgary, AB 403-299-2773</p> <p>Note: If unable to reach the TSB Hot Line, call this contact</p>	
SASKATCHEWAN	
<p>Note: If an emergency occurs in Saskatchewan at this CER-regulated operation, Plains will initiate a courtesy notification to the Saskatchewan Ministry of Energy and Resources (ER) and also notify the Saskatchewan Public Safety Agency (SPSA), the Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment, Spill Report Line and the impacted Rural Municipality.</p>	
Saskatchewan Ministry of Energy and Resources (ER) - Swift Current Field Office	844-764-3637* (Emergency) 306-778-8252* (Emergency)
Saskatchewan Public Safety Agency (SPSA)	800-667-9660*
Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment (Saskatchewan-wide)	800-567-4224 (General Inquiries) 800-667-9660 (Firewatch Line – Report a Forest Fire) 800-667-7525 (Spill Control Centre) 800-667-7561 [Turn in Poachers and Polluters (TIPP)]

* 24-hour number

LOCAL AUTHORITIES	
Note: Refer to the Emergency Response Planning Map for jurisdictional boundaries.	
SASKATCHEWAN	
R.M. of Caron No. 162 (Moose Jaw, SK)	306-692-2293 (Daytime)
R.M. of Chaplin No. 164 (Chaplin, SK)	306-395-2244
R.M. of Excelsior No. 166 (Rush Lake, SK)	306-784-3121 (Daytime)
R.M. of Morse No. 165 (Morse, SK)	306-629-3282 (Daytime)
R.M. Wheatlands No. 163 (Mortlach, SK)	306-355-2233 (Daytime)

9.2.3.4 Site Notifications, Continued

Pipeline Section 3

* 24-hour number

SUPPORTING AGENCIES	
Note: Depending upon the type of incident, Plains will initiate notification to the following federal and provincial supporting agencies.	
FEDERAL	
CANUTEC (Canadian Transport Emergency Centre) - Ottawa, ON	888-CAN-UTEC* 888-226-8832* 613-992-4624* (Information) 613-996-6666 *666 (Cellular)*
Note: As required, in the event of an emergency involving dangerous goods, call CANUTEC.	
CANUTEC is the Canadian Transport Emergency Centre operated by the Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG) Directorate of Transport Canada. This is a federal emergency service based in Ottawa, ON. CANUTEC provides immediate reference for information on chemical spills and will also advise on methods to safely neutralize, decontaminate, approach or handle dangerous substances.	
Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada (DFO)	800-889-8852* (Emergency)
Note: Transport Canada's Prairie and Northern Region (Winnipeg Office) is responsible for transportation safety throughout Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Yukon, Northwest Territories and Nunavut.	
Transport Canada - Ottawa Situation Centre	888-857-4003* 204-983-3152 (Daytime) 416-952-0490* (Office)
Note: Transport Canada's Prairie and Northern Region (Winnipeg Office) is responsible for transportation safety throughout Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Yukon, Northwest Territories and Nunavut.	
Air Traffic Control: NAV CANADA (NOTAM – Notice to Airmen)	866-541-4102* (Toll Free) 877-992-6853* (Transport Canada Aviation Operations Centre)
One common toll-free phone number automatically directs you to a Flight Information Centre in the service area from which the call originates.	

9.2.3.4 Site Notifications, Continued

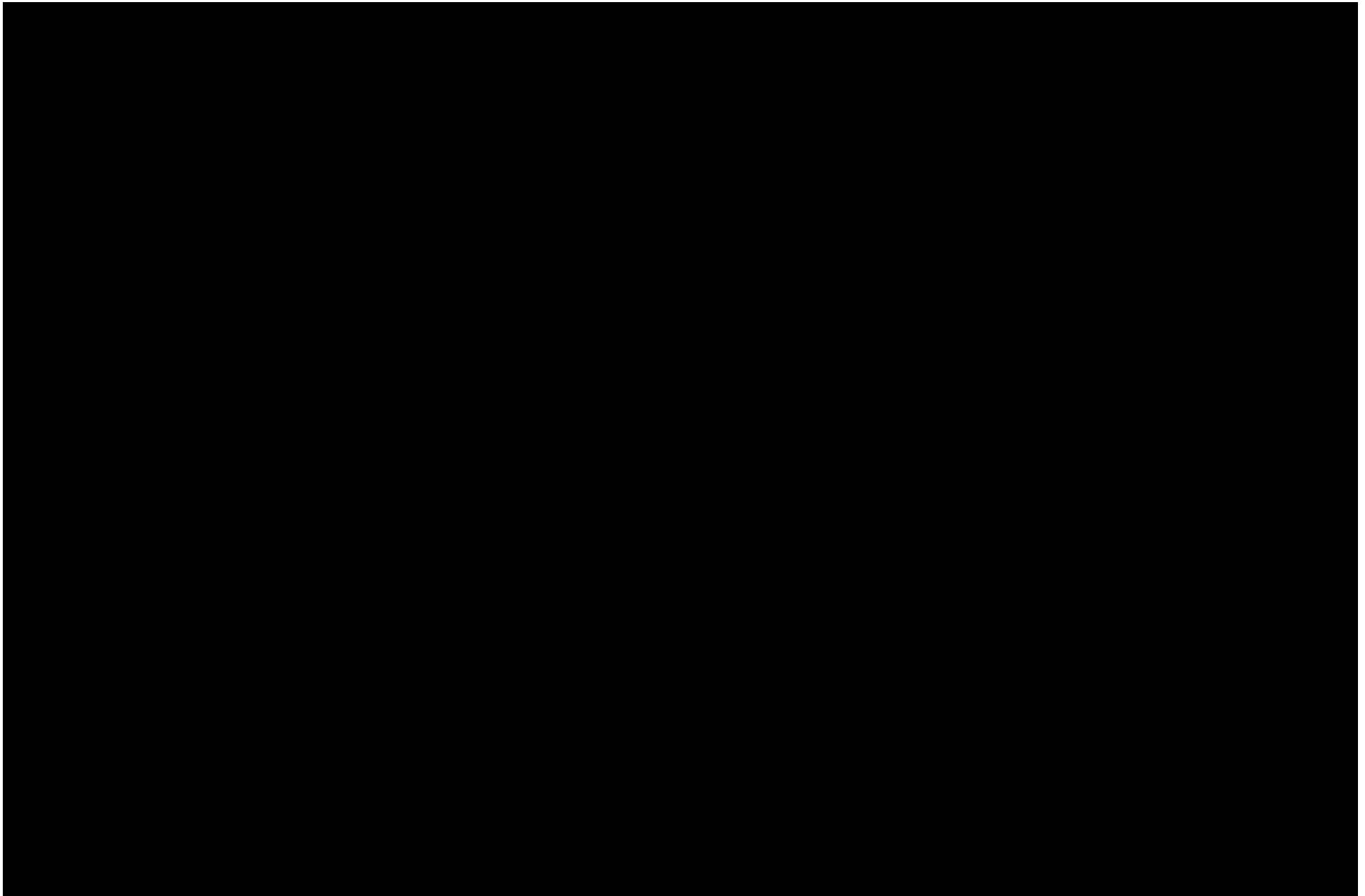
Pipeline Section 3

* 24-hour number

SUPPORTING AGENCIES, CONTINUED	
FEDERAL, Continued	
Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment, Spill Report Line	800-667-7525* (Emergency) Toll-Free
Note: Refer to Section 8: Government Agencies and Local Authorities, in the Plains Core Emergency Response Plan, for the Saskatchewan Ministry of Energy and Resources (ER), Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment and Canadian Environmental Protection Act Incident, Spill, and Release Reporting Requirements, which identifies who, what, where, when, why and how an environmental emergency is to be reported.	
SASKATCHEWAN	
Saskatchewan Labor Relations and Workplace Safety (OHS)	800-567-7233* 306-787-4481 (Office, Daytime only)
Technical Safety Authority of Saskatchewan (TSASK) - Boiler and Pressure Vessel Safety - Regina	866-530-8599* 306-798-7111 (Office, Daytime only)
Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment (Saskatchewan-wide)	800-567-4224 (General Inquiries) 800-667-9660 (Firewatch Line – Report a Forest Fire) 800-667-7525 (Spill Control Centre) 800-667-7561 [Turn in Poachers and Polluters (TIPP)]
Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment - Compliance and Field Services Fish and Wildlife Division	800-667-7561* (Emergency)
Saskatchewan Ministry of Highways	888-335-7623*
Program Director On-Call, Saskatchewan Health Authority (SHA) (Saskatchewan-wide)	833-655-7999
Note: Refer to the Emergency Response Planning Map for jurisdiction	
Saskatchewan Ministry of Health Emergency Management Unit (Saskatchewan-wide)	306-519-8570
Saskatchewan Workers' Compensation Board (WCB) Headquarters (Saskatchewan-wide)	800-667-7590 (Toll Free)
Saskatchewan Water Agency (WSA) - Moose Jaw	306-694-3900 (Office, Daytime only) 844-536-9494 (Spill Reporting Line)

9.2.3.5 Technical Data

Pipeline Section 3



9.2.3.6 Major Accident Risk (MAR) Scenarios**Pipeline Section 3**

Not applicable to facility and/or area

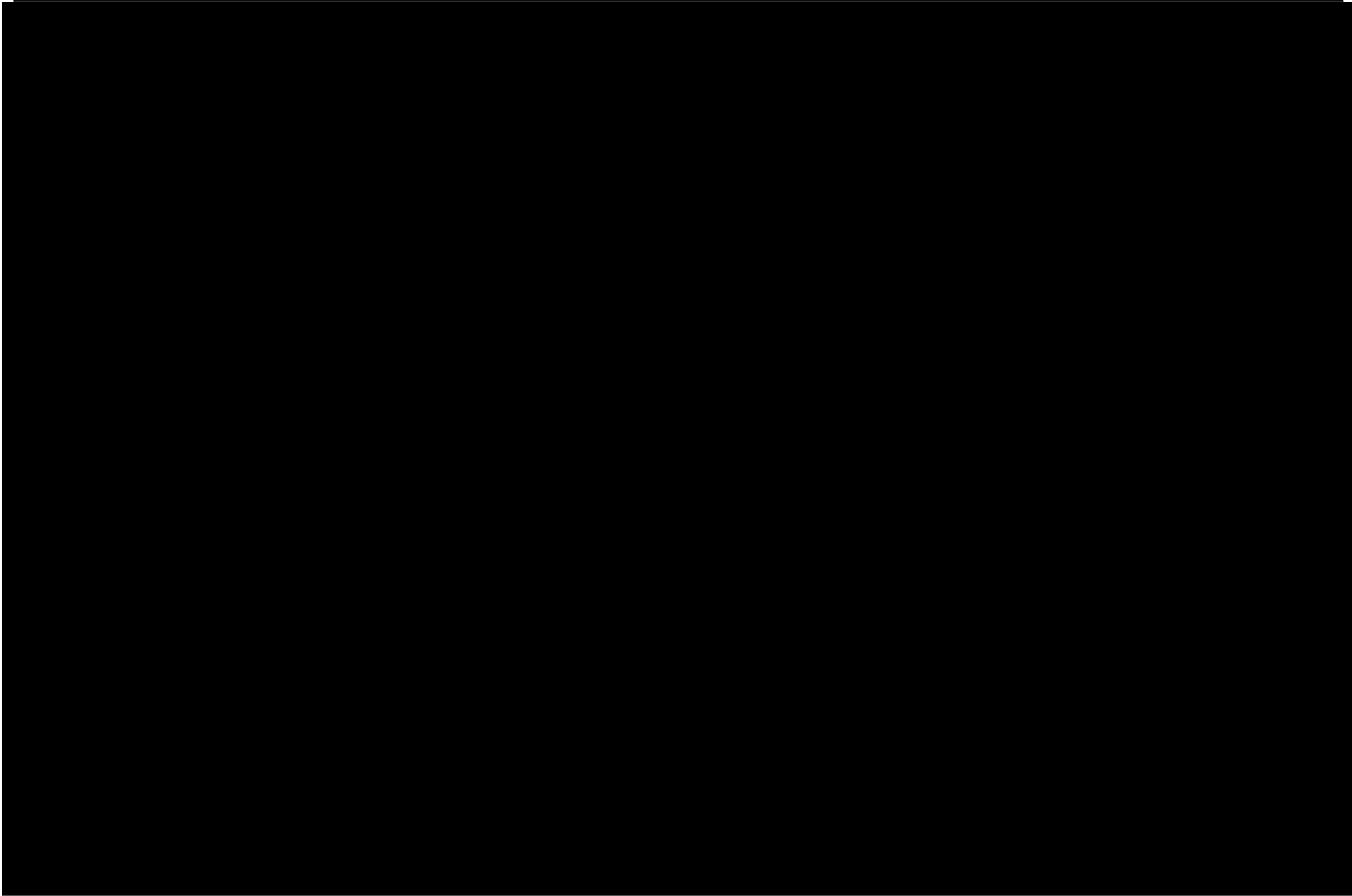
9.2.3.7 Maps and Plot Plans**Pipeline Section 3**



9.2.3.7 Maps and Plot Plans, Continued

Pipeline Section 3





9.2.3.7 Maps and Plot Plans, Continued

Pipeline Section 3



9.2.3.8 Other Site-Specific Information

Pipeline Section 3



9.6 Local Public Information

Industrial Operators

Company	Telephone Number
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]

This page has been left intentionally blank.

9.2.3.9 Additional Site-Specific Information

Pipeline Section 3

Not applicable to facility and/or area

9.2.4 Pipeline Section 4

9.2.4.1 Driving Directions

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]		[REDACTED]	
[REDACTED]		[REDACTED]	

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
		[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
		[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

9.2.4.1 Driving Directions, Continued

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

9.2.4.2 Evacuation

[REDACTED]

9.2.4.3 Equipment Lists and Locations

Pipeline Section 4

Refer to **SECTION 9.1.9** for equipment lists and the Plains Response Equipment Locations Map.

Equipment Lists

Equipment Type	Quantity	Location
Other Equipment		
[REDACTED]		[REDACTED]

9.2.4.4 Site Notifications

Pipeline Section 4

SITE SPECIFIC EMERGENCY NOTIFICATIONS - INTERNAL CONTACTS

Local Responders

Refer to **FIGURE 9.1.4-2**

* 24-hour number

RECEPTION CENTERS

Location

[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	

9.2.4.4 Site Notifications, Continued

Pipeline Section 4

* 24-hour number

FIRST RESPONDERS	
Ambulance/Fire/Police	
Provincial Ambulance/Fire/Police/Local RCMP	911*
STARS Emergency Link Centre (Air Ambulance)	888-888-4567
Note: Based off the location of the injured person(s), STARS Emergency Link Centre will determine which Air Ambulance Base to dispatch from.	
Note: Ambulance services in Alberta are managed by the provincial government under Alberta Health Services (AHS).	
Volunteer Fire Departments	
Caron/Caronport Fire Department (Moose Jaw, SK)	306-756-2627
Moose Jaw Fire Department (Moose Jaw, SK)	306-953-4284 306-631-6087
Pense District Volunteer Fire Department (Pense, SK)	306-345-2156 (Unmanned)
Local RCMP/Local Police	
Note: Refer to the Emergency Response Planning Map for jurisdiction.	
Regina Airport Authority (RAA)	306-761-7556 (Office) 306-761-7550 (Security Operations Centre (SOC))
Chad Kemery Fire Chief, Emergency Response and Safety, Regina Airport Authority (RAA) (Regina, SK)	306-761-7576 (Office) 306-530-0988* (Mobile)
<i>The Regina Airport Authority (RAA) Security Operations Centre should be your first point of contact after exhausting 911.</i>	
Moose Jaw RCMP	306-691-4670
White Butte RCMP	306-781-5050
Milestone RCMP	306-436-6250
Regina Police Service	306-777-6500 (Office)
Hospitals	
Regina General Hospital	306-766-4444
Dr. F. H. Wigmore Regional Hospital	306-694-0200

9.2.4.4 Site Notifications, Continued

Pipeline Section 4

* 24-hour number

LEAD AGENCIES	
FEDERAL	
The Plains PPTC Pipeline is regulated by the Canada Energy Regulator (CER).	
Note: If an emergency occurs at this CER-regulated operation, Plains will initiate its emergency response plan, immediately contact the TSB's Hot Line to report all pipeline incidents and occurrences and complete the CER/TSB Online Event Reporting System (OERS) at https://apps.cer-rec.gc.ca/ers/home/index	
Through the provincial reporting method, courtesy notification should be given to the provincial regulator.	
Canada Energy Regulator (CER) Transportation Safety Board of Canada 819-997-7887* (Emergency) (TSB) - Ottawa, ON	
Note: First lead agency call to be made	
24-Hour CER Incident Cellular Telephone - Calgary, AB	403-299-2773
Note: If unable to reach the TSB Hot Line, call this contact	
SASKATCHEWAN	
Note: If an emergency occurs in Saskatchewan at this CER-regulated operation, Plains will initiate a courtesy notification to the Saskatchewan Ministry of Energy and Resources (ER) and also notify the Saskatchewan Public Safety Agency (SPSA), the Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment, Spill Report Line and the impacted Rural Municipality.	
Saskatchewan Ministry of Energy and Resources (ER) - Estevan Field Office	844-764-3637*
Saskatchewan Public Safety Agency (SPSA)	800-667-9660*
Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment (Saskatchewan-wide)	800-567-4224 (General Inquiries) 800-667-9660 (Firewatch Line – Report a Forest Fire) 800-667-7525 (Spill Control Centre) 800-667-7561 [Turn in Poachers and Polluters (TIPP)]

* 24-hour number

LOCAL AUTHORITIES	
Note: Refer to the Emergency Response Planning Map for jurisdictional boundaries.	
SASKATCHEWAN	
R.M. of Edenwold No. 158 (Emerald Park, SK)	306-771-2522 (Daytime)
R.M. of Sherwood No. 159	306-525-5237 (Daytime)
R.M. of Pense No. 160 (Pense, SK)	306-345-2303 (Daytime)
R.M. of Moose Jaw No. 161	306-692-3446 (Daytime)
R.M. of Caron No. 162 (Moose Jaw, SK)	306-692-2293 (Daytime)
Sakimay Indian Reserve No. 74-14 / Zagime Anishinabek	306-697-2831 (Daytime)
R.M. of Lajord No. 128 (Lajord, SK)	306-781-2744 (Daytime)
RM of Bratt's Lake No. 129	306-732-2030 (Daytime) 306-537-1680* (Emergency)

9.2.4.4 Site Notifications, Continued

Pipeline Section 4

* 24-hour number

SUPPORTING AGENCIES	
Note: Depending upon the type of incident, Plains will initiate notification to the following federal and provincial supporting agencies.	
FEDERAL	
CANUTEC (Canadian Transport Emergency Centre) - Ottawa, ON	888-CAN-UTEC* 888-226-8832* 613-992-4624* (Information) 613-996-6666 *666 (Cellular)*
Note: As required, in the event of an emergency involving dangerous goods, call CANUTEC.	
CANUTEC is the Canadian Transport Emergency Centre operated by the Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG) Directorate of Transport Canada. This is a federal emergency service based in Ottawa, ON. CANUTEC provides immediate reference for information on chemical spills and will also advise on methods to safely neutralize, decontaminate, approach or handle dangerous substances.	
Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada (DFO)	800-889-8852* (Emergency)
Note: If there is a release into a water body of any substance deleterious to fish, contact Fisheries and Oceans Canada (only if fish bearing water body).	
Transport Canada - Ottawa Situation Centre	888-857-4003* 204-983-3152 (Daytime) 416-952-0490* (Office)
Note: Transport Canada's Prairie and Northern Region (Winnipeg Office) is responsible for transportation safety throughout Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Yukon, Northwest Territories and Nunavut.	
Air Traffic Control: NAV CANADA (NOTAM – Notice to Airmen)	866-541-4102* (Toll Free) 877-992-6853* (Transport Canada Aviation Operations Centre)
One common toll-free phone number automatically directs you to a Flight Information Centre in the service area from which the call originates.	
Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment, Spill Report Line	800-667-7525* (Emergency) Toll-Free

9.2.4.4 Site Notifications, Continued

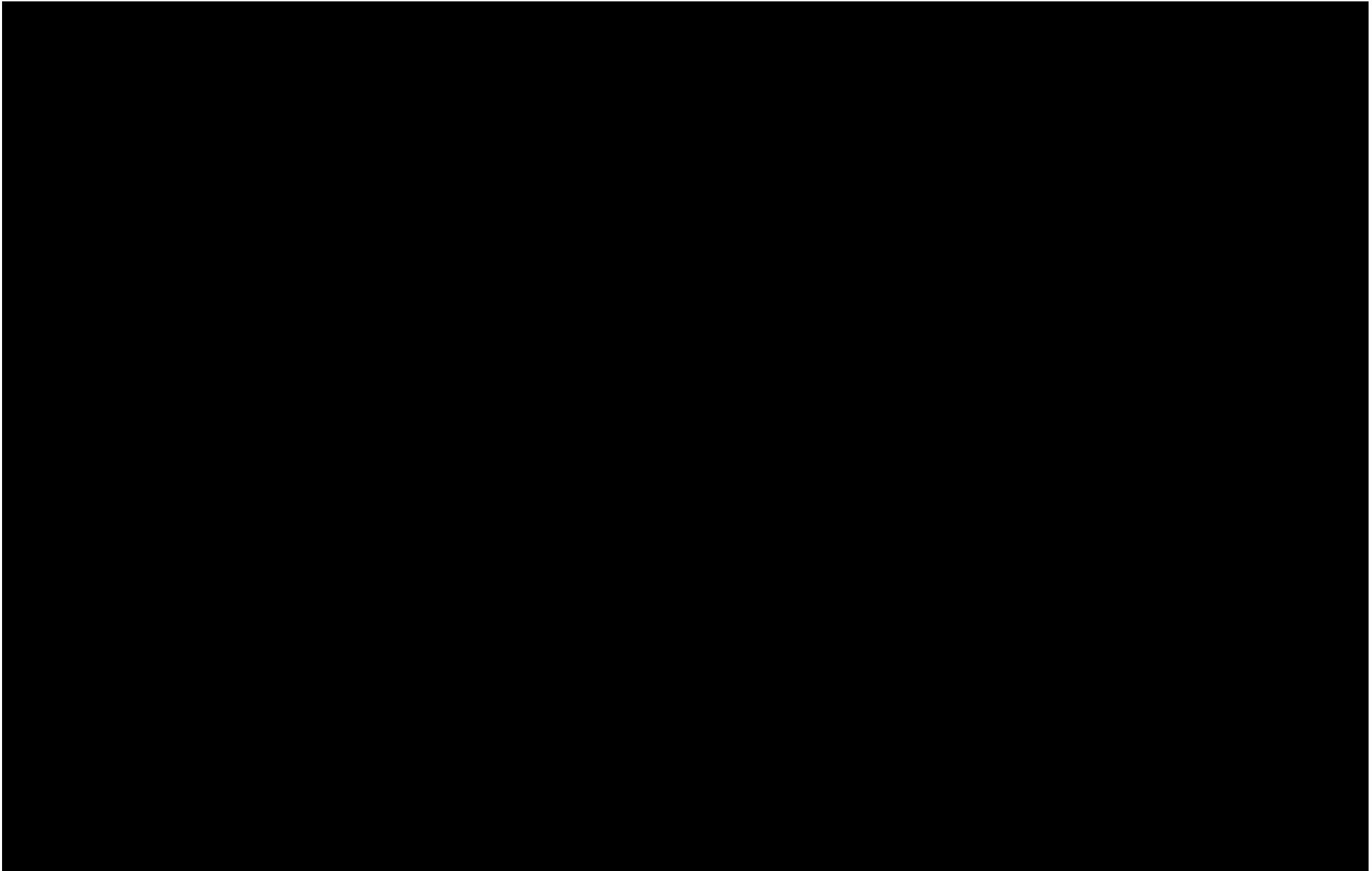
Pipeline Section 4

* 24-hour number

SUPPORTING AGENCIES, CONTINUED	
FEDERAL, Continued	
Note: Refer to Section 8: Government Agencies and Local Authorities, in the Plains Core Emergency Response Plan, for the Saskatchewan Ministry of Energy and Resources (ER), Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment and Canadian Environmental Protection Act Incident, Spill, and Release Reporting Requirements, which identifies who, what, where, when, why and how an environmental emergency is to be reported.	
SASKATCHEWAN	
Saskatchewan Labor Relations and Workplace Safety (OHS)	800-567-7233* 306-787-4481 (Office, Daytime only)
Technical Safety Authority of Saskatchewan (TSASK) - Boiler and Pressure Vessel Safety - Regina	866-530-8599* 306-798-7111 (Office, Daytime only)
Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment (Saskatchewan-wide)	800-567-4224 (General Inquiries) 800-667-9660 (Firewatch Line – Report a Forest Fire) 800-667-7525 (Spill Control Centre) 800-667-7561 [Turn in Poachers and Polluters (TIPP)]
Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment - Compliance and Field Services Fish and Wildlife Division	800-667-7561* (Emergency)
Saskatchewan Ministry of Highways	888-335-7623*
Program Director On-Call, Saskatchewan Health Authority (SHA) (Saskatchewan-wide)	833-655-7999
Note: Refer to the Emergency Response Planning Map for jurisdiction	
Saskatchewan Ministry of Health Emergency Management Unit (Saskatchewan-wide)	306-519-8570
Saskatchewan Workers' Compensation Board (WCB) Headquarters (Saskatchewan-wide)	800-667-7590 (Toll Free)
Saskatchewan Water Agency (WSA) - Moose Jaw	306-694-3900 (Office, Daytime only) 844-536-9494 (Spill Reporting Line)

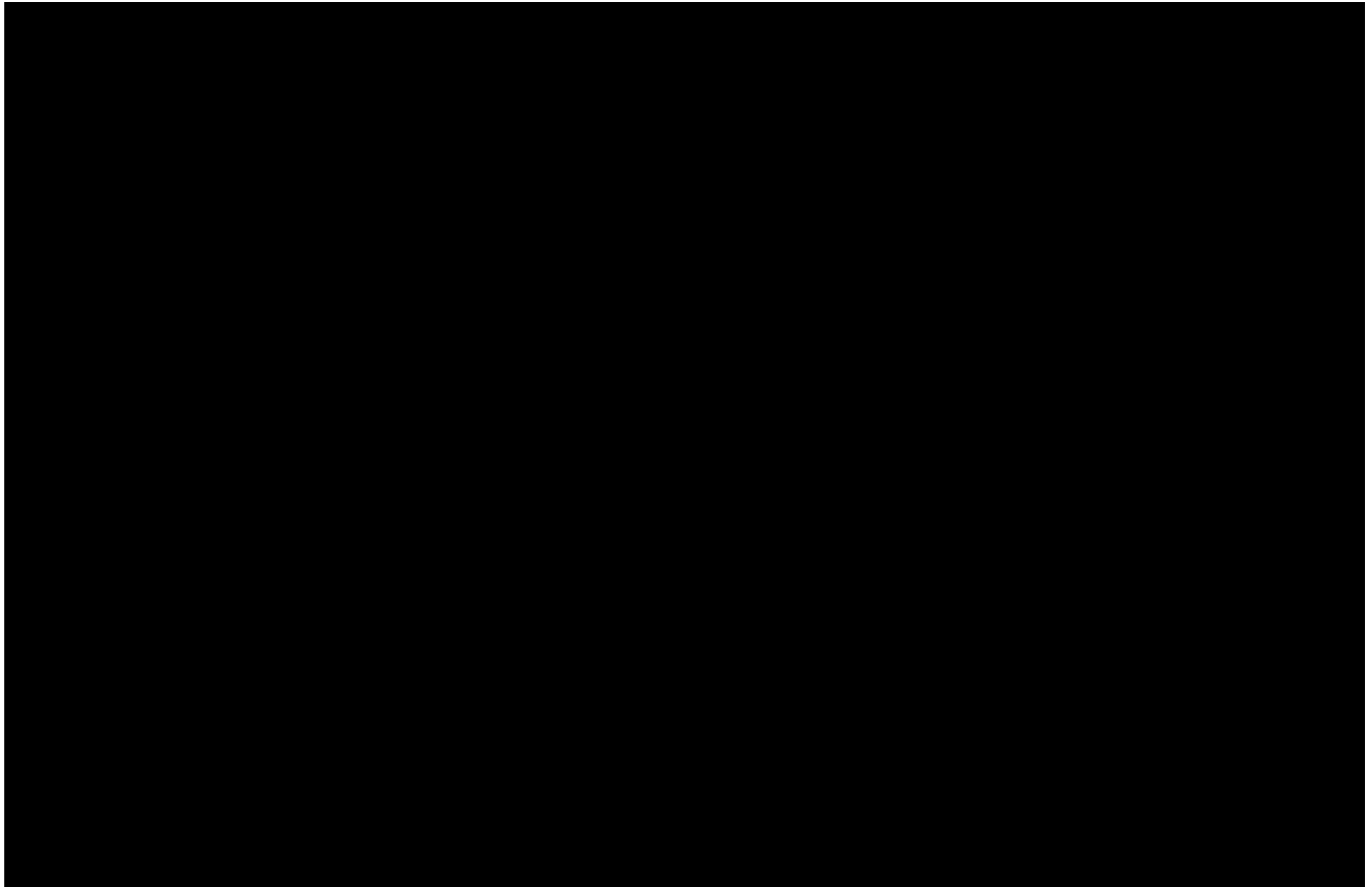
9.2.4.5 Technical Data

Pipeline Section 4



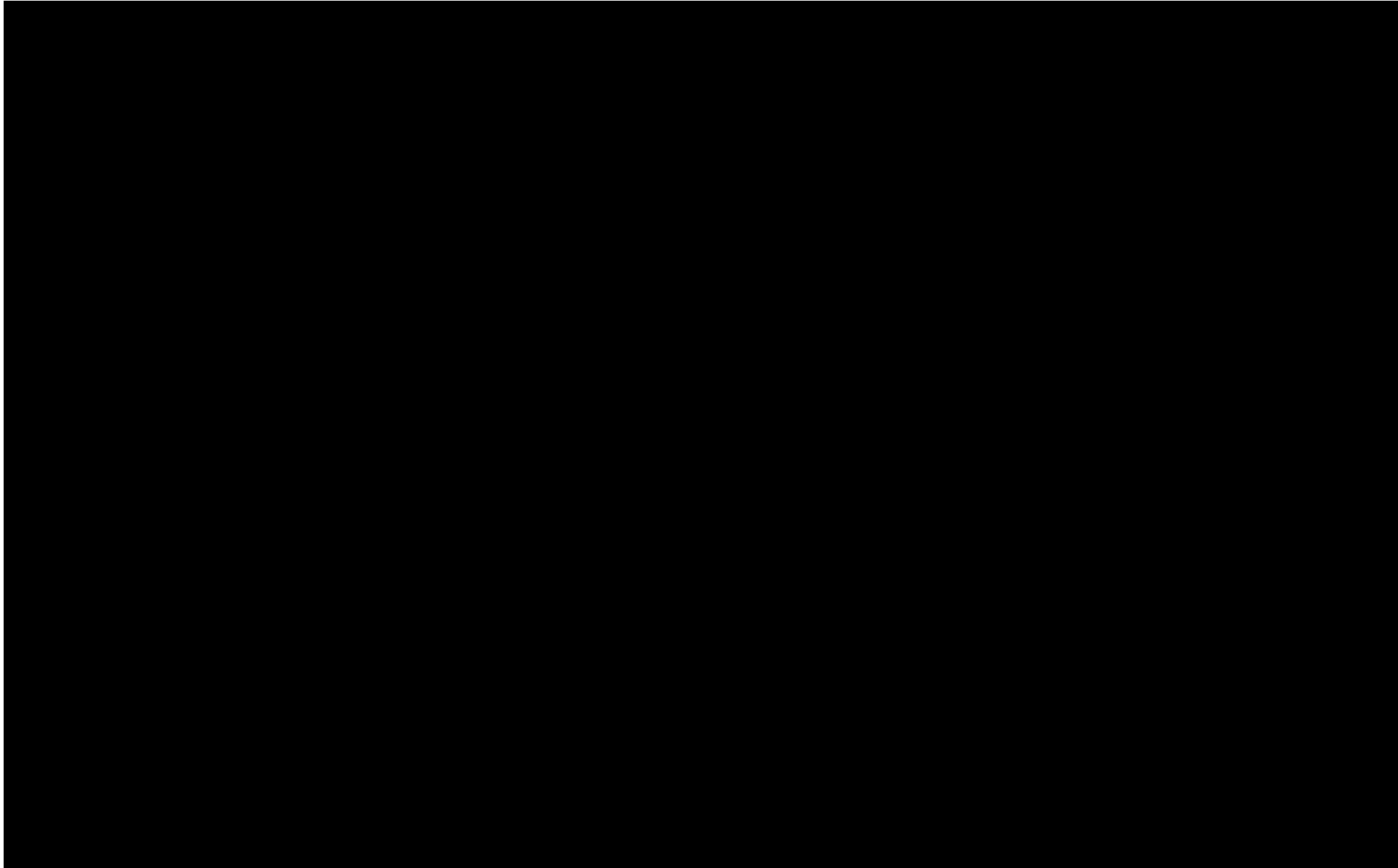
9.2.4.5 Technical Data, Continued

Pipeline Section 4



9.2.4.5 Technical Data, Continued

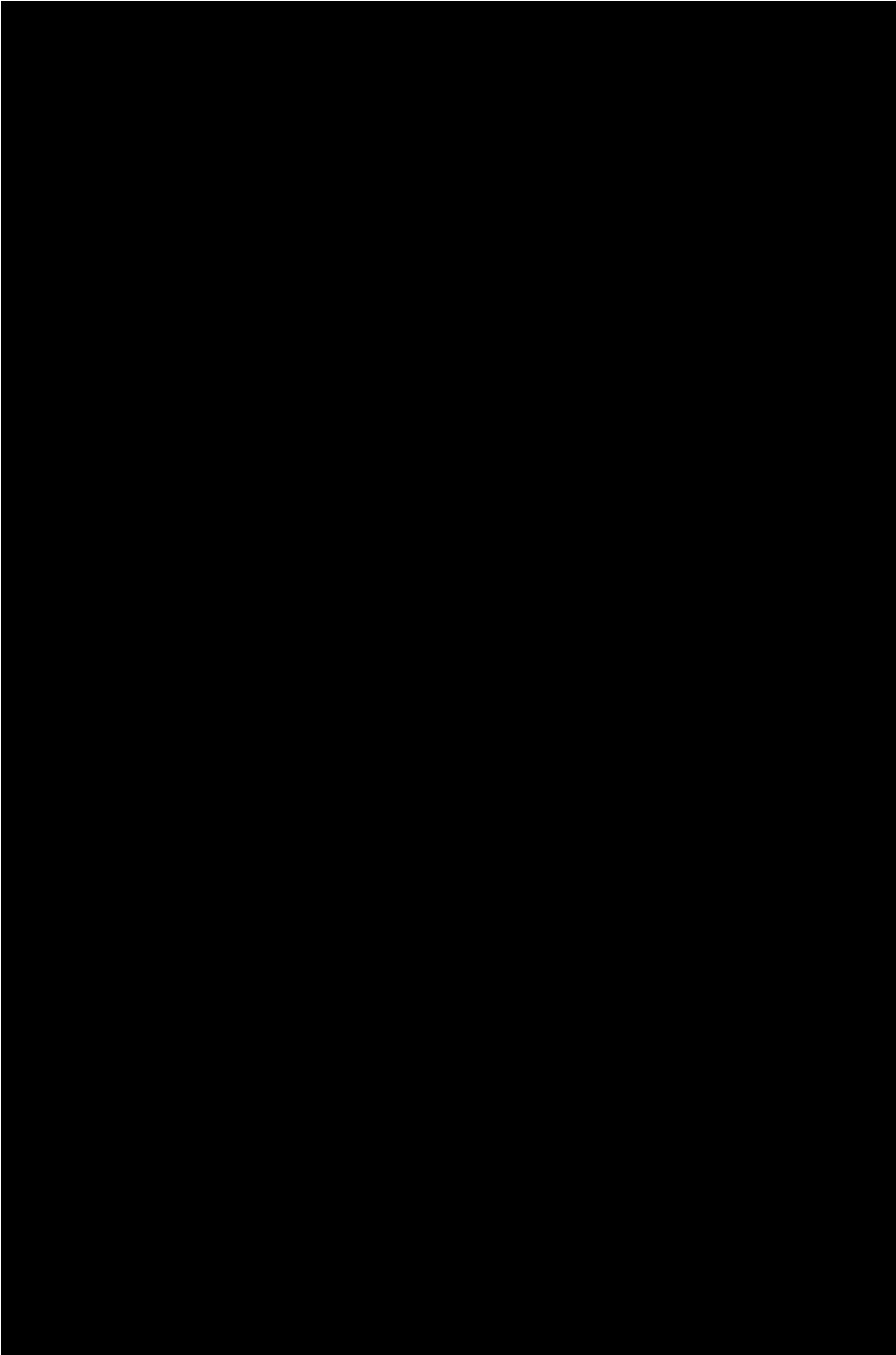
Pipeline Section 4



9.2.4.6 Major Accident Risk (MAR) Scenarios**Pipeline Section 4**

Not applicable to facility and/or area

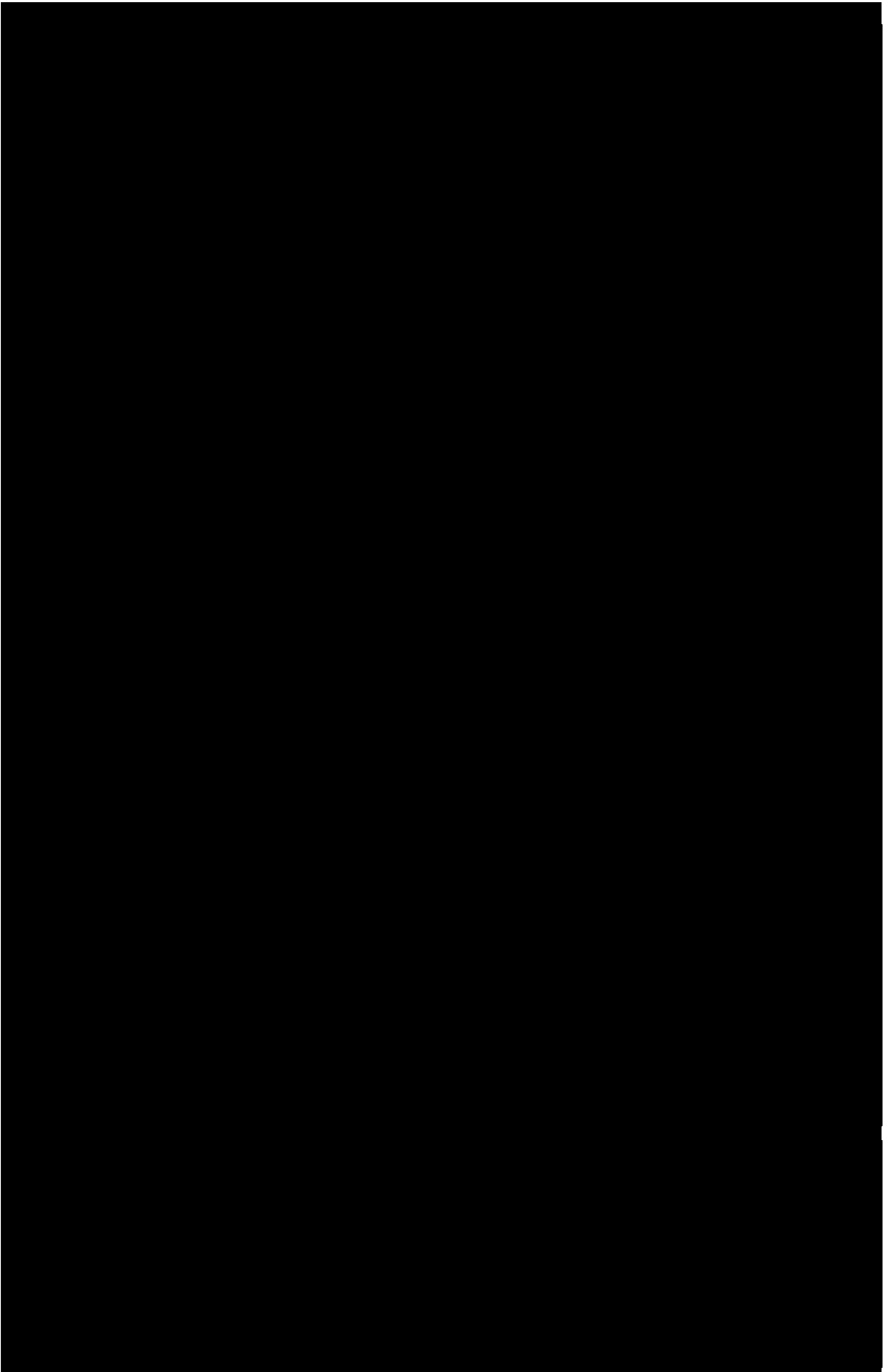
9.2.4.7 Maps and Plot Plans**Pipeline Section 4**



9.2.4.7 Maps and Plot Plans, Continued

Pipeline Section 4

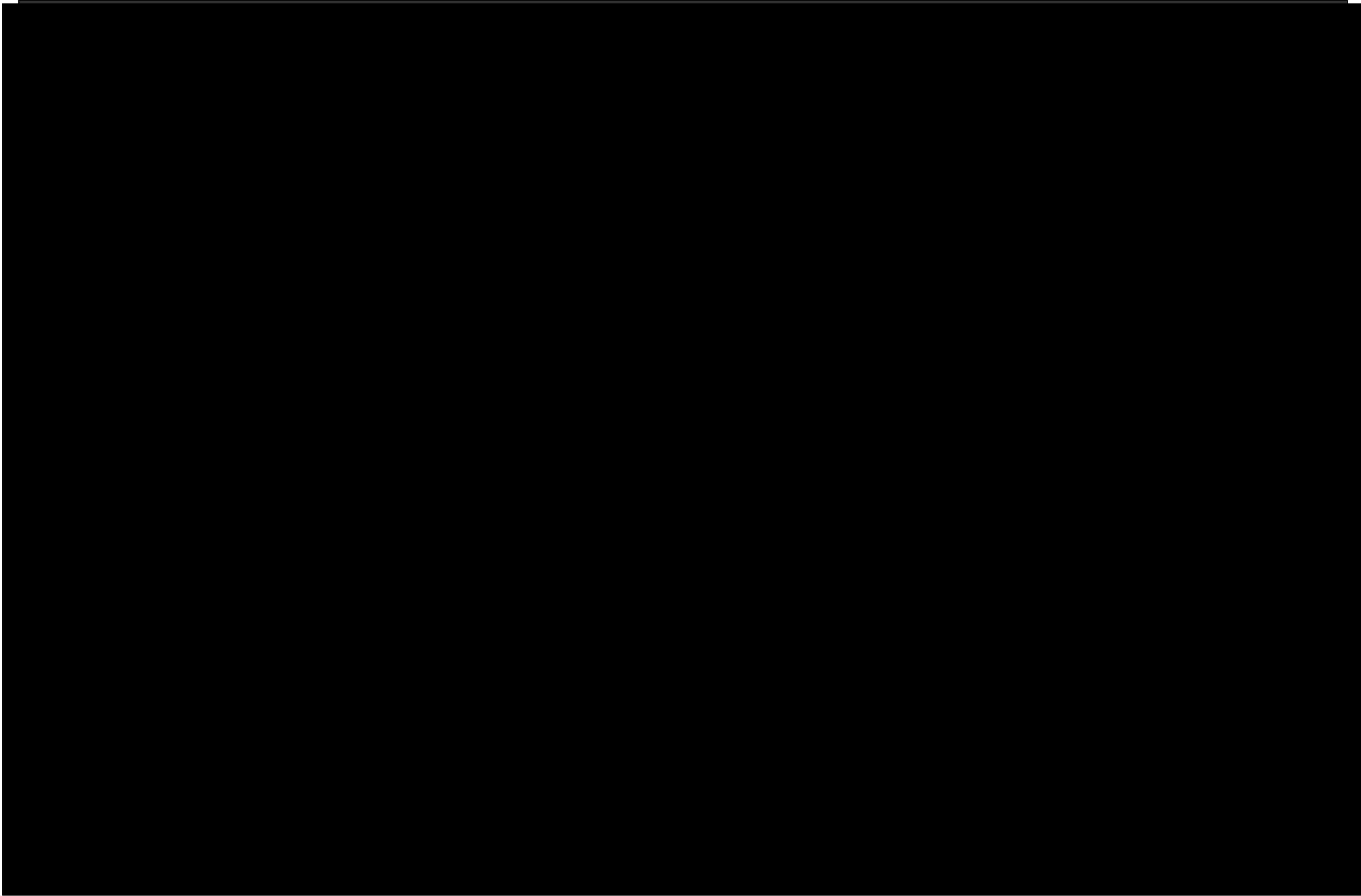




9.2.4.7 Maps and Plot Plans, Continued

Pipeline Section 4

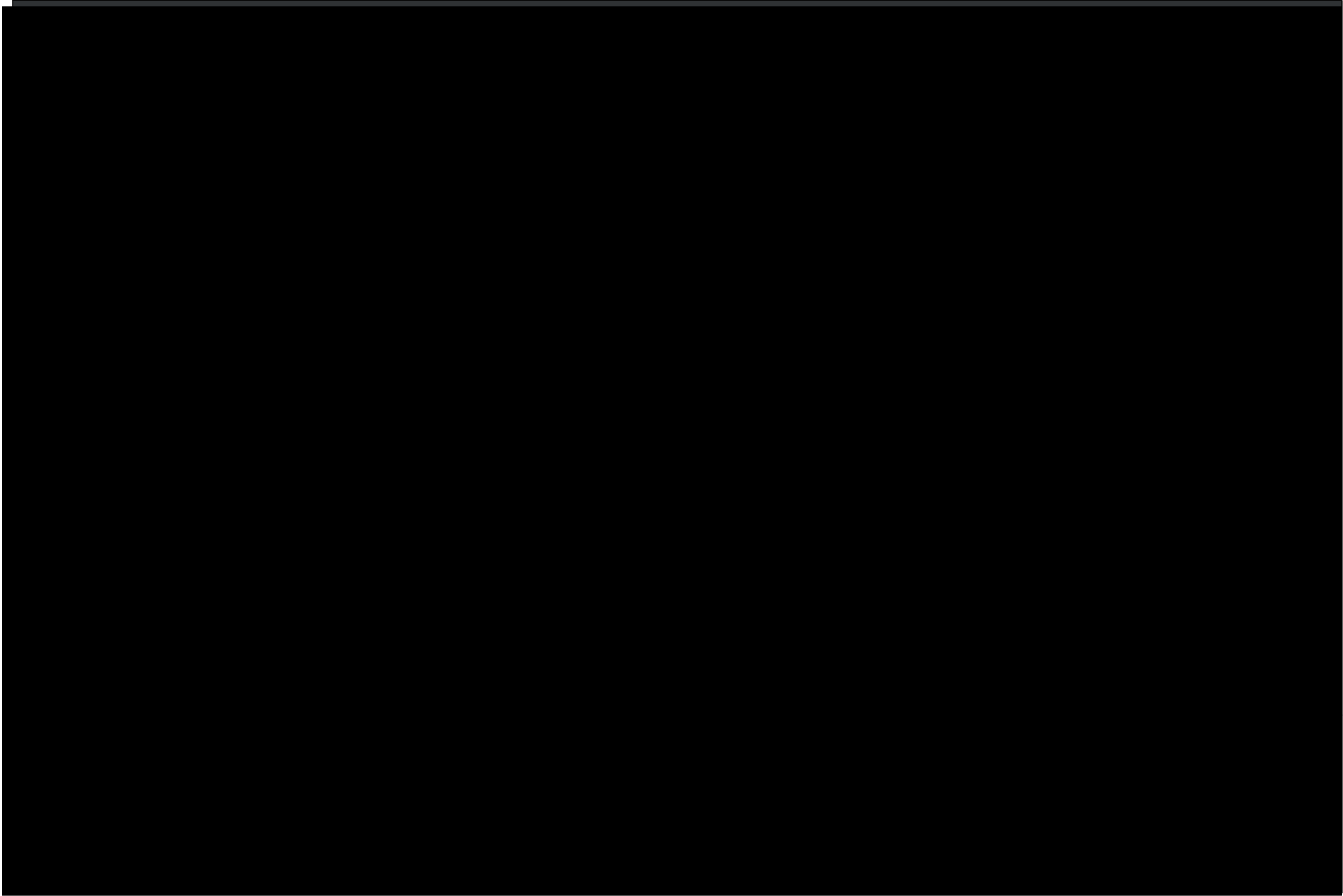




9.2.4.7 Maps and Plot Plans, Continued

Pipeline Section 4





9.2.4.8 Other Site-Specific Information

Pipeline Section 4



9.6 Local Public Information

Industrial Operators

Company	Telephone Number
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]

This page has been left intentionally blank.

9.2.4.9 Additional Site-Specific Information**Pipeline Section 4**

Not applicable to facility and/or area

9.2.5 Pipeline Section 5**9.2.5.1 Driving Directions**

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]		[REDACTED]	
[REDACTED]		[REDACTED]	

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

9.2.5.1 Driving Directions, Continued

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
		[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]		
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

9.2.5.1 Driving Directions, Continued

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

9.2.5.2 Evacuation

[REDACTED]

9.2.5.3 Equipment Lists and Locations**Pipeline Section 5**

Refer to **SECTION 9.1.9** for equipment lists and the Plains Response Equipment Locations Map.

Equipment Lists

Equipment Type	Quantity	Location
Other Equipment		
[REDACTED]		[REDACTED]

Pipeline Section 5

[illegible]

9.2.5.4 Site Notifications, Continued

Pipeline Section 5

* 24-hour number

FIRST RESPONDERS	
Ambulance/Fire/Police	
Provincial Ambulance/Fire/Police/Local RCMP	911*
STARS Emergency Link Centre (Air Ambulance)	888-888-4567
Note: Based off the location of the injured person(s), STARS Emergency Link Centre will determine which Air Ambulance Base to dispatch from.	
Note: Ambulance services in Alberta are managed by the provincial government under Alberta Health Services (AHS).	
Volunteer Fire Departments	
Balgonie Volunteer Fire Department	306-501-7791
Pilot Butte Volunteer Fire Department	306-527-7582
White City Fire Department (White City, SK)	306-781-1940
Kronau Volunteer Fire Department (Kronau, SK)	306-536-7089 (Fire Chief Cell)
Francis Fire Department (Francis, SK)	306-861-5980 (Fire Chief Cell)
Vibank Fire Department (Vibank, SK)	306-531-7977 (Fire Chief Cell)
Odessa Fire Department (Odessa, SK)	306-537-7478 (Fire Chief Cell)
Sedley Fire Department (Sedley, SK)	306-535-5106 (Fire Chief Cell)
Montmartre Fire Department Montmartre, SK)	306-537-3154 (Fire Chief Cell)
Wolseley Fire Department (Wolseley, SK)	306-698-7744 (Fire Chief Cell)
Glenavon District Fire Department (Glenavon, SK)	306-698-7202 (Fire Chief Cell)
Village of Edenwood Volunteer Fire Department (Edenwold, SK)	306-591-0010 (Fire Chief Cell)
Local RCMP/Local Police	
Note: Refer to the Emergency Response Planning Map for jurisdiction.	
Broadview RCMP (Broadview, SK)	306-696-5200
Indian Head RCMP (Indian Head, SK)	306-695-5200
Milestone RCMP	306-436-6250
White Butte RCMP	306-781-5050
Hospitals	
Regina General Hospital	306-766-4444
Indian Head Union Hospital	306-695-4000
Broadview Hospital	306-696-5500

9.2.5.4 Site Notifications, Continued

Pipeline Section 5

* 24-hour number

LEAD AGENCIES	
FEDERAL	
The Pains PPTC Pipeline is regulated by the Canada Energy Regulator (CER).	
Note: If an emergency occurs at this CER-regulated operation, Plains will initiate its emergency response plan, immediately contact the TSB's Hot Line to report all pipeline incidents and occurrences and complete the CER/TSB Online Event Reporting System (OERS) at https://apps.cer-rec.gc.ca/ers/home/index	
Through the provincial reporting method, courtesy notification should be given to the provincial regulator.	
Canada Energy Regulator (CER) Transportation Safety Board of Canada 819-997-7887* (Emergency) (TSB) - Ottawa, ON	
Note: First lead agency call to be made	
24-Hour CER Incident Cellular Telephone - Calgary, AB	403-299-2773
Note: If unable to reach the TSB Hot Line, call this contact	
SASKATCHEWAN	
Note: If an emergency occurs in Saskatchewan at this CER-regulated operation, Plains will initiate a courtesy notification to the Saskatchewan Ministry of Energy and Resources (ER) and also notify the Saskatchewan Public Safety Agency (SPSA), the Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment, Spill Report Line and the impacted Rural Municipality.	
Saskatchewan Ministry of Energy and Resources (ER) - Estevan Field Office	844-764-3637*
Saskatchewan Public Safety Agency (SPSA) - Regina	306-787-9563* (Emergency)
Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment (Saskatchewan-wide)	800-567-4224 (General Inquiries) 800-667-9660 (Firewatch Line – Report a Forest Fire) 800-667-7525 (Spill Control Centre) 800-667-7561 [Turn in Poachers and Polluters (TIPP)]

* 24-hour number

LOCAL AUTHORITIES	
Note: Refer to the Emergency Response Planning Map for jurisdictional boundaries.	
SASKATCHEWAN	
R.M. of Chester No. 125 (Glenavon, SK)	306-429-2110 (Daytime)
R.M. of Edenwold No. 158 (Emerald Park, SK)	306-771-2522 (Daytime)
Shala Kanesevich R.M. of Francis No. 127 (Francis, SK)	306-520-8645* (Mobile)
R.M. of Lajord No. 128 (Lajord, SK)	306-781-2744 (Daytime)
R.M. of Montmartre No. 126 (Montmartre, SK)	306-424-2040 (Daytime)
R.M. of Wolseley No. 155 (Wolseley, SK)	306-698-2522 (Daytime)

9.2.5.4 Site Notifications, Continued

Pipeline Section 5

* 24-hour number

SUPPORTING AGENCIES	
Note: Depending upon the type of incident, Plains will initiate notification to the following federal and provincial supporting agencies.	
FEDERAL	
CANUTEC (Canadian Transport Emergency Centre) - Ottawa, ON	888-CAN-UTEC* 888-226-8832* 613-992-4624* (Information) 613-996-6666 *666 (Cellular)*
Note: As required, in the event of an emergency involving dangerous goods, call CANUTEC.	
CANUTEC is the Canadian Transport Emergency Centre operated by the Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG) Directorate of Transport Canada. This is a federal emergency service based in Ottawa, ON. CANUTEC provides immediate reference for information on chemical spills and will also advise on methods to safely neutralize, decontaminate, approach or handle dangerous substances.	
Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada (DFO)	800-889-8852* (Emergency)
Note: If there is a release into a water body of any substance deleterious to fish, contact Fisheries and Oceans Canada (only if fish bearing water body).	
Transport Canada - Ottawa Situation Centre	888-857-4003* 204-983-3152 (Daytime) 416-952-0490* (Office)
Note: Transport Canada's Prairie and Northern Region (Winnipeg Office) is responsible for transportation safety throughout Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Yukon, Northwest Territories and Nunavut.	
Air Traffic Control: NAV CANADA (NOTAM – Notice to Airmen)	866-541-4102* (Toll Free) 877-992-6853* (Transport Canada Aviation Operations Centre)
One common toll-free phone number automatically directs you to a Flight Information Centre in the service area from which the call originates.	
Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment, Spill Report Line	800-667-7525* (Emergency) Toll-Free

9.2.5.4 Site Notifications, Continued

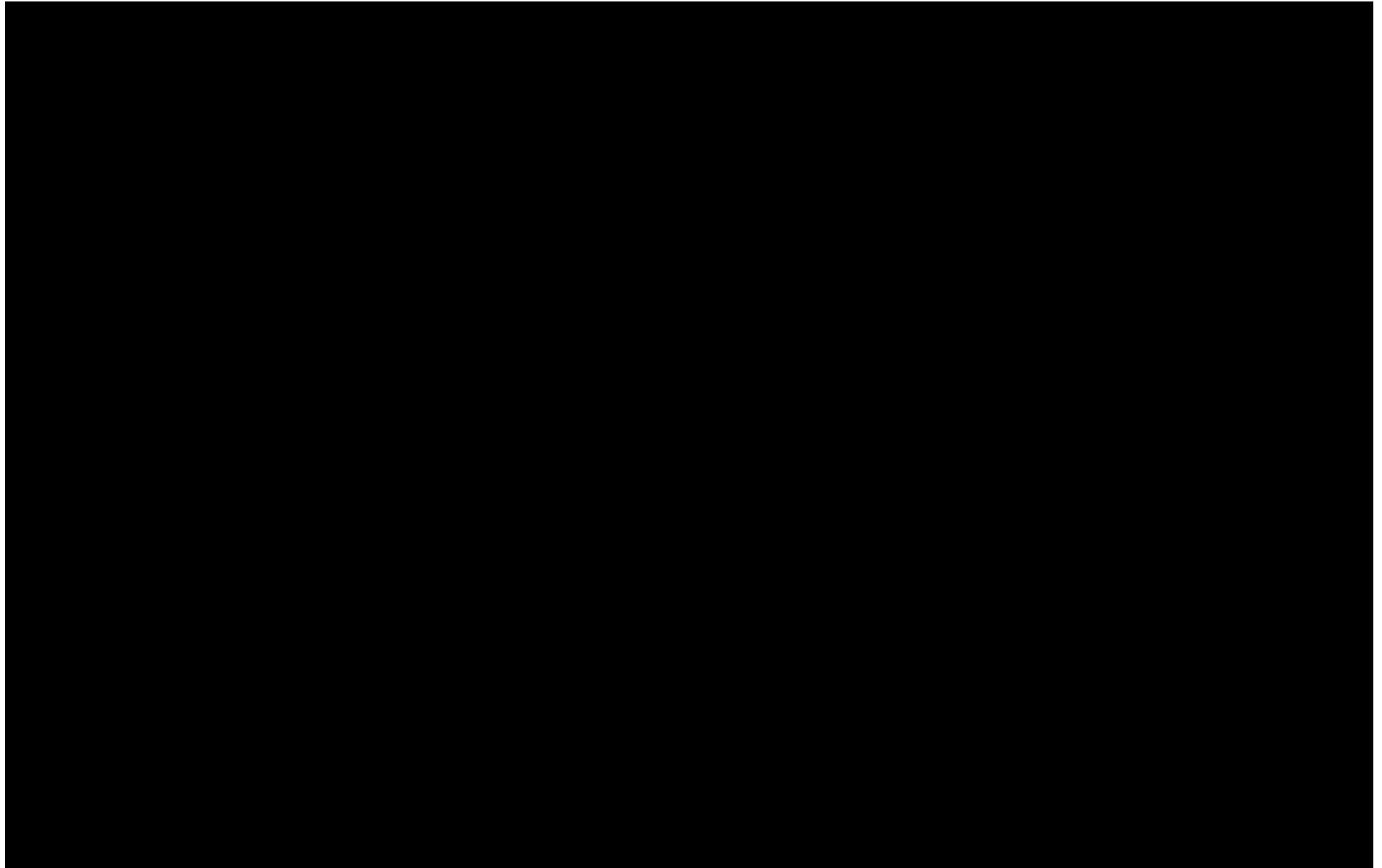
Pipeline Section 5

* 24-hour number

SUPPORTING AGENCIES, CONTINUED	
FEDERAL, Continued	
Note: Refer to Section 8: Government Agencies and Local Authorities, in the Plains Core Emergency Response Plan, for the Saskatchewan Ministry of Energy and Resources (ER), Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment and Canadian Environmental Protection Act Incident, Spill, and Release Reporting Requirements, which identifies who, what, where, when, why and how an environmental emergency is to be reported.	
SASKATCHEWAN	
Saskatchewan Labor Relations and Workplace Safety (OHS)	800-567-7233* 306-787-4481 (Office, Daytime only)
Technical Safety Authority of Saskatchewan (TSASK) - Boiler and Pressure Vessel Safety - Regina	866-530-8599* 306-798-7111 (Office, Daytime only)
Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment (Saskatchewan-wide)	800-567-4224 (General Inquiries) 800-667-9660 (Firewatch Line – Report a Forest Fire) 800-667-7525 (Spill Control Centre) 800-667-7561 [Turn in Poachers and Polluters (TIPP)]
Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment - Compliance and Field Services Fish and Wildlife Division	800-667-7561* (Emergency)
Saskatchewan Ministry of Highways	888-335-7623*
Program Director On-Call, Saskatchewan Health Authority (SHA) (Saskatchewan-wide)	833-655-7999
Note: Refer to the Emergency Response Planning Map for jurisdiction	
Saskatchewan Ministry of Health Emergency Management Unit (Saskatchewan-wide)	306-519-8570
Saskatchewan Workers' Compensation Board (WCB) Headquarters (Saskatchewan-wide)	800-667-7590 (Toll Free)
Saskatchewan Water Agency (WSA) - Moose Jaw	306-694-3900 (Office, Daytime only) 844-536-9494 (Spill Reporting Line)

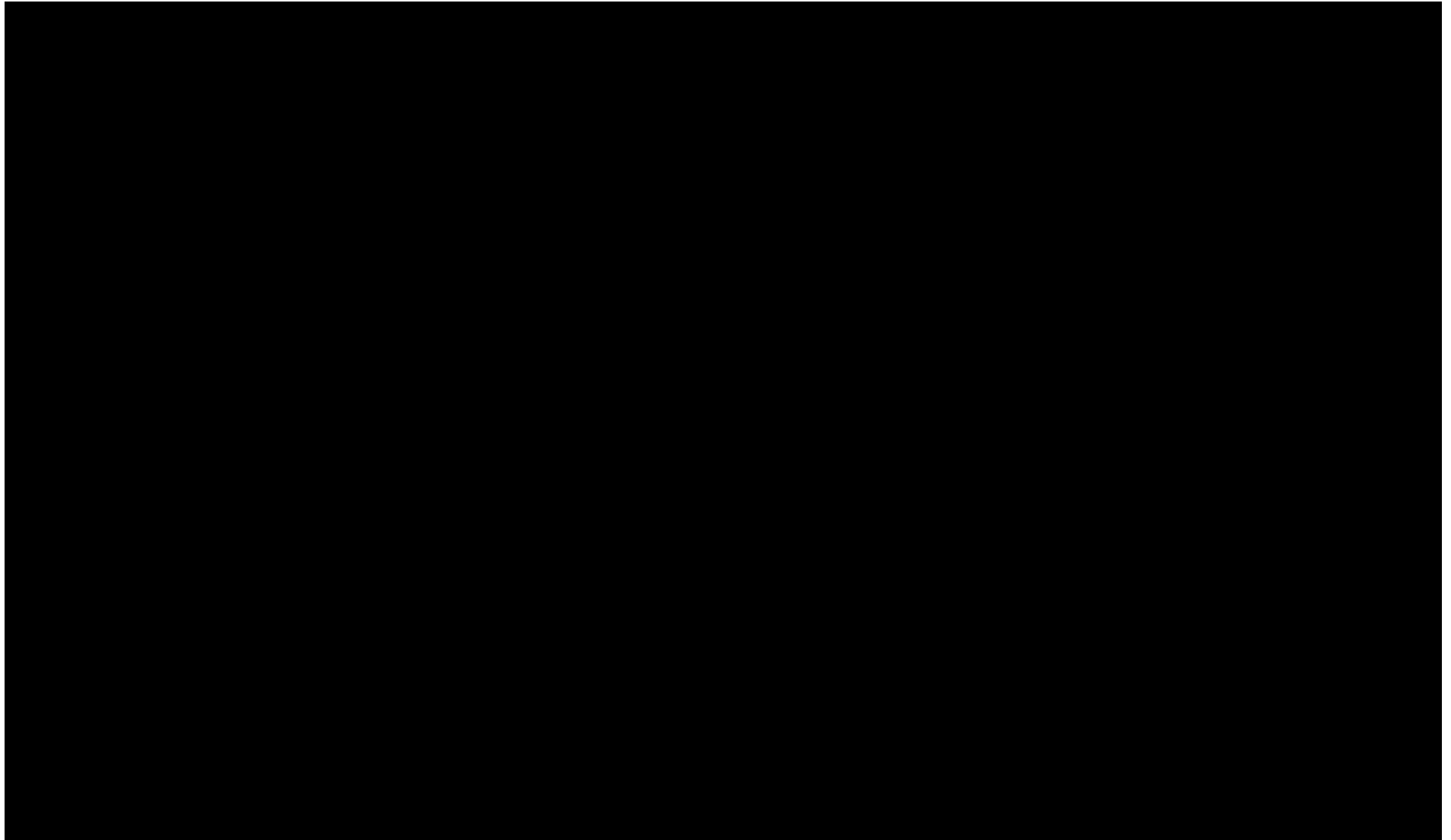
9.2.5.5 Technical Data

Pipeline Section 5



9.2.5.5 Technical Data, Continued

Pipeline Section 5



9.2.5.6 Major Accident Risk (MAR) Scenarios**Pipeline Section 5**

Not applicable to facility and/or area

9.2.5.7 Maps and Plot Plans**Pipeline Section 5**

9.2.5.7 Maps and Plot Plans, Continued

Pipeline Section 5

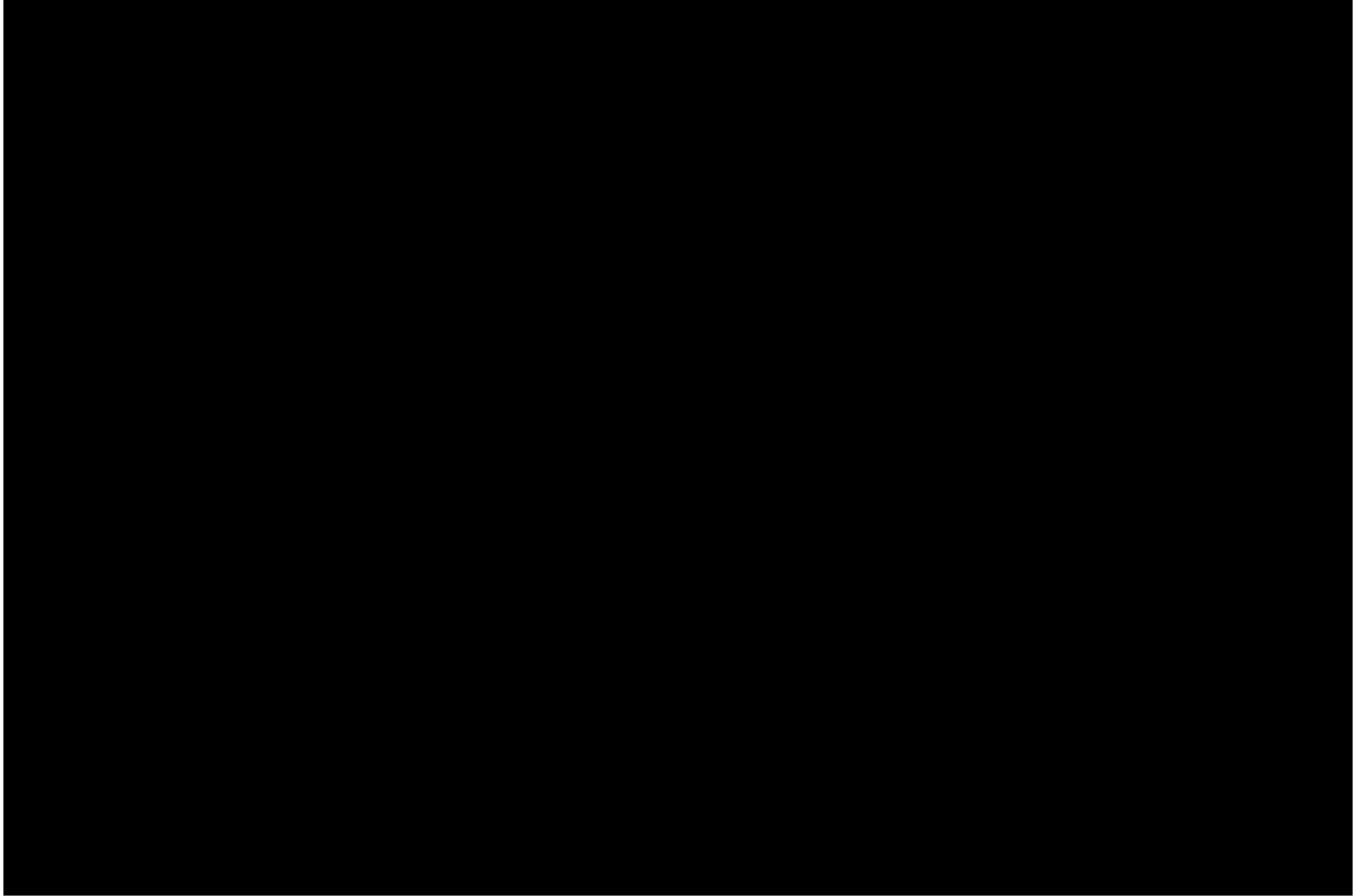




9.2.5.7 Maps and Plot Plans, Continued

Pipeline Section 5





9.2.5.8 Other Site-Specific Information

Pipeline Section 5



9.6 Local Public Information

Industrial Operators

Company	Telephone Number
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]

This page has been left intentionally blank.

9.2.5.9 Additional Site-Specific Information**Pipeline Section 5**

Not applicable to facility and/or area

9.2.6 Pipeline Section 6**9.2.6.1 Driving Directions**

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]		[REDACTED]	
[REDACTED]		[REDACTED]	

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

9.2.6.1 Driving Directions, Continued

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
		[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
		[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

9.2.6.2 Evacuation

[REDACTED]

9.2.6.3 Equipment Lists and Locations

Pipeline Section 6

Refer to **SECTION 9.1.9** for equipment lists and the Plains Response Equipment Locations Map.

Equipment Lists

Equipment Type	Quantity	Location
Other Equipment		
[REDACTED]		[REDACTED]

9.2.6.4 Site Notifications

Pipeline Section 6

SITE SPECIFIC EMERGENCY NOTIFICATIONS - INTERNAL CONTACTS

Local Responders

Refer to **FIGURE 9.1.4-2**

* 24-hour number

RECEPTION CENTERS

Location

Note: The role of the Reception Centre is as a registration and inquiry centre for evacuated public. It is not used as a location where evacuees are housed.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

9.2.6.4 Site Notifications, Continued

Pipeline Section 6

* 24-hour number

FIRST RESPONDERS	
Ambulance/Fire/Police	
Provincial Ambulance/Fire/Police/Local RCMP	911*
STARS Emergency Link Centre (Air Ambulance)	888-888-4567
Note: Based off the location of the injured person(s), STARS Emergency Link Centre will determine which Air Ambulance Base to dispatch from.	
Note: Ambulance services in Alberta are managed by the provincial government under Alberta Health Services (AHS).	
Volunteer Fire Departments	
Kipling Fire Department (Kipling, SK)	306-736-8606 (Fire Chief Cell)
Miniota Fire Department (Miniota, MB)	204-748-5727 (Fire Chief Cell)
Moosomin Fire Department (Moosomin, SK)	306-435-3360
Wapella Fire Department (Wapella, SK)	306-434-6125 (Fire Chief Cell)
Whitewood Fire Department (Whitewood, SK)	306-735-7380 (Fire Chief Cell)
Local RCMP/Local Police	
Note: Refer to the Emergency Response Planning Map for jurisdiction.	
Broadview RCMP (Broadview, SK)	306-696-5200
Indian Head RCMP (Indian Head, SK)	306-695-5200
Moosomin RCMP (Moosomin, SK)	306-435-3361
Virden RCMP (Virden, MB)	204-748-2046
Hospitals	
Note: At the request of Alberta Health Services (AHS), in the event of an emergency all contact with hospitals will be through Alberta Health Services (AHS).	
Broadview Hospital	306-696-5500
Southeast Integrated Care Centre – Moosomin	306-435-3303
Virden Health Centre (Virden, MB)	204-748-1230

9.2.6.4 Site Notifications, Continued

Pipeline Section 6

* 24-hour number

LEAD AGENCIES	
FEDERAL	
The Plains PPTC Pipeline is regulated by the Canada Energy Regulator (CER).	
Note: If an emergency occurs at this CER-regulated operation, Plains will initiate its emergency response plan, immediately contact the TSB's Hot Line to report all pipeline incidents and occurrences and complete the CER/TSB Online Event Reporting System (OERS) at https://apps.cer-rec.gc.ca/ers/home/index	
Through the provincial reporting method, courtesy notification should be given to the provincial regulator.	
Canada Energy Regulator (CER) Transportation Safety Board of Canada 819-997-7887* (Emergency) (TSB) - Ottawa, ON	
Note: First lead agency call to be made	
24-Hour CER Incident Cellular Telephone - Calgary, AB	403-299-2773
Note: If unable to reach the TSB Hot Line, call this contact	
SASKATCHEWAN	
Note: If an emergency occurs in Saskatchewan at this CER-regulated operation, Plains will initiate a courtesy notification to the Saskatchewan Ministry of Energy and Resources (ER) and also notify the Saskatchewan Public Safety Agency (SPSA), the Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment, Spill Report Line and the impacted Rural Municipality.	
Saskatchewan Ministry of Energy and Resources (ER) - Estevan Field Office	844-764-3637*
Saskatchewan Public Safety Agency (SPSA) - Regina	306-787-9563* (Emergency)
Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment (Saskatchewan-wide)	800-567-4224 (General Inquiries) 800-667-9660 (Firewatch Line – Report a Forest Fire) 800-667-7525 (Spill Control Centre) 800-667-7561 [Turn in Poachers and Polluters (TIPP)]
MANITOBA	
Note: If an emergency occurs in Manitoba at this CER-regulated operation, Plains will initiate a courtesy notification to the Manitoba Growth, Enterprise & Trade - Petroleum Branch and also notify the other Manitoba lead agencies listed below.	
Manitoba Economic Development, Investment and Trade (EDIT) – Resource Development (Petroleum) (Winnipeg, MB)	204-748-4260 (Daytime) 800-223-5215 (MB only)
Manitoba Emergency Measures Organization	204-945-5555* (Emergency)
Manitoba Environment Climate and Parks Environmental and Spill Reporting Line	204-944-4888* (Emergency)

9.2.6.4 Site Notifications, Continued

Pipeline Section 6

* 24-hour number

LOCAL AUTHORITIES	
Note: Refer to the Emergency Response Planning Map for jurisdictional boundaries.	
SASKATCHEWAN	
R.M. of Chester No. 125 (Glenavon, SK)	306-429-2110 (Daytime)
R.M. of Kingsley No. 124 (Kipling, SK)	306-736-2272 (Daytime)
R.M. of Martin No. 122 (Moosomin, SK)	306-435-3113 Ext. 2 (Daytime)
R.M. of Moosomin No. 121 (Moosomin, SK)	306-435-3113 Ext. 1 (Daytime)
R.M. of Silverwood No. 123 (Whitewood, SK)	306-735-2500 (Daytime)
MANITOBA	
R.M. of Ellice-Archie (McAuley, MB)	204-722-2053 (Daytime)

9.2.6.4 Site Notifications, Continued

Pipeline Section 6

* 24-hour number

SUPPORTING AGENCIES	
Note: Depending upon the type of incident, Plains will initiate notification to the following federal and provincial supporting agencies.	
FEDERAL	
CANUTEC (Canadian Transport Emergency Centre) - Ottawa, ON	888-CAN-UTEC* 888-226-8832* 613-992-4624* (Information) 613-996-6666 *666 (Cellular)*
Note: As required, in the event of an emergency involving dangerous goods, call CANUTEC.	
CANUTEC is the Canadian Transport Emergency Centre operated by the Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG) Directorate of Transport Canada. This is a federal emergency service based in Ottawa, ON. CANUTEC provides immediate reference for information on chemical spills and will also advise on methods to safely neutralize, decontaminate, approach or handle dangerous substances.	
Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada (DFO)	800-889-8852* (Emergency)
Note: If there is a release into a water body of any substance deleterious to fish, contact Fisheries and Oceans Canada (only if fish bearing water body).	
Transport Canada - Ottawa Situation Centre	888-857-4003* 204-983-3152 (Daytime) 416-952-0490* (Office)
Air Traffic Control: NAV CANADA (NOTAM – Notice to Airmen)	866-541-4102* (Toll Free) 877-992-6853* (Transport Canada Aviation Operations Centre)
One common toll-free phone number automatically directs you to a Flight Information Centre in the service area from which the call originates.	
Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment, Spill Report Line	800-667-7525* (Emergency) Toll-Free
Manitoba Environment Climate and Parks Environmental and Spill Reporting Line	204-944-4888* (Emergency)
Note: Refer to Section 8: Government Agencies and Local Authorities, in the Plains Core Emergency Response Plan, for the Manitoba Emergency Measures Organization (MOE), Saskatchewan Ministry of Energy and Resources (ER), Manitoba Sustainable Development, Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment and Canadian Environmental Protection Act Incident, Spill, and Release Reporting Requirements, which identifies who, what, where, when, why and how an environmental emergency is to be reported.	

9.2.6.4 Site Notifications, Continued

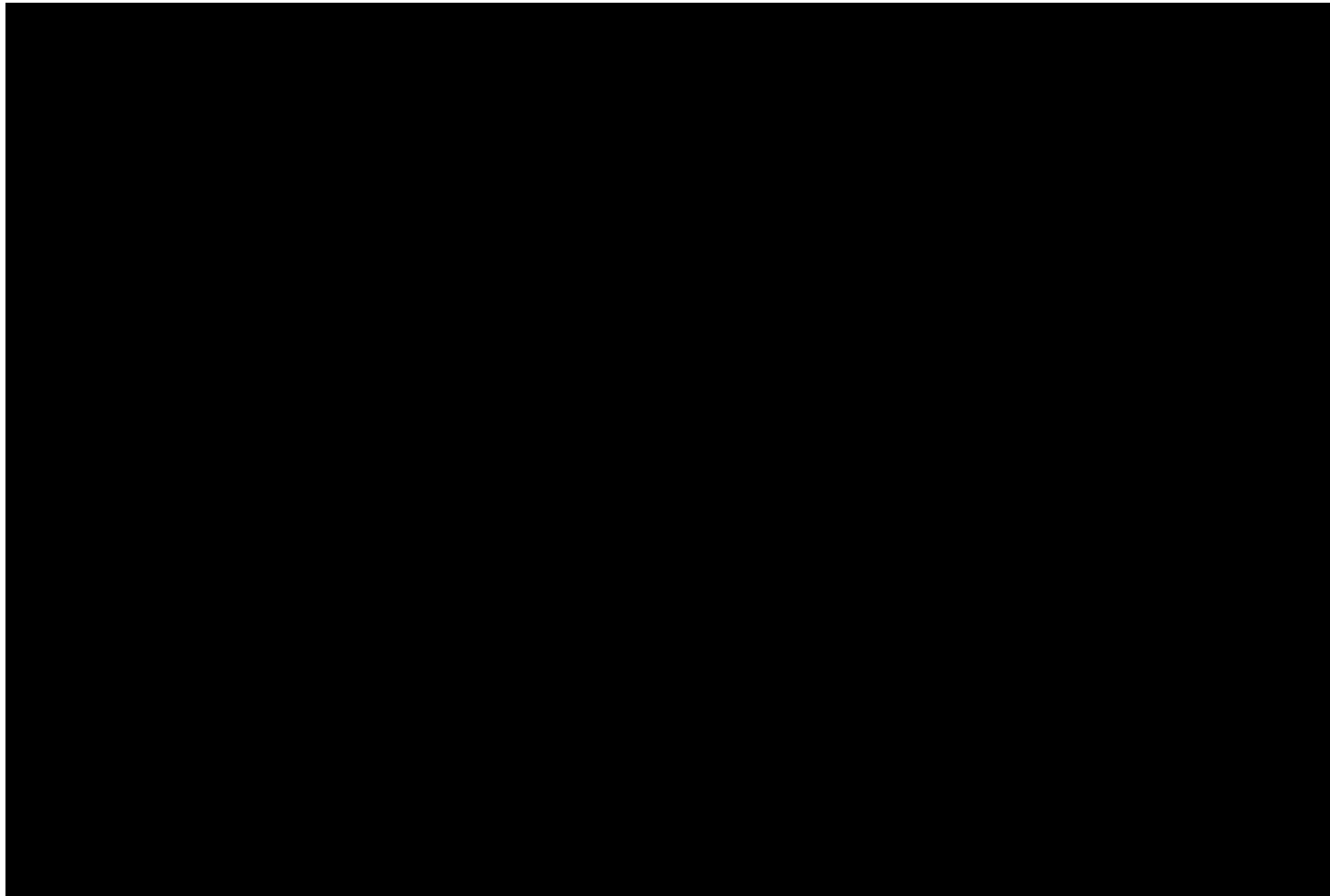
Pipeline Section 6

* 24-hour number

SUPPORTING AGENCIES, CONTINUED	
SASKATCHEWAN	
Saskatchewan Labor Relations and Workplace Safety (OHS)	800-567-7233* 306-787-4481 (Office, Daytime only)
Technical Safety Authority of Saskatchewan (TSASK) - Boiler and Pressure Vessel Safety - Regina	866-530-8599* 306-798-7111 (Office, Daytime only)
Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment (Saskatchewan-wide)	800-567-4224 (General Inquiries) 800-667-9660 (Firewatch Line – Report a Forest Fire) 800-667-7525 (Spill Control Centre) 800-667-7561 [Turn in Poachers and Polluters (TIPP)]
Saskatchewan Ministry of Environment - Compliance and Field Services Fish and Wildlife Division	800-667-7561* (Emergency)
Saskatchewan Ministry of Highways	888-335-7623*
Program Director On-Call, Saskatchewan Health Authority (SHA) (Saskatchewan-wide)	833-655-7999
Note: Refer to the Emergency Response Planning Map for jurisdiction	
Saskatchewan Ministry of Health Emergency Management Unit (Saskatchewan-wide)	306-519-8570
Saskatchewan Workers' Compensation Board (WCB) Headquarters (Saskatchewan-wide)	800-667-7590 (Toll Free)
Saskatchewan Water Agency (WSA) - Moose Jaw	306-694-3900 (Office, Daytime only) 844-536-9494 (Spill Reporting Line)
MANITOBA	
Manitoba Workplace Safety and Health Branch (WSH)	855-957-SAFE (7233)* To Report an Incident
Manitoba Ministry of Labour and Immigration - Inspection and Technical Services	204-945-3373 (Daytime)
Manitoba Environment Climate and Parks Tip Line - Turn in Poachers - Report Forest Fires	800-782-0076
Manitoba Environment Climate and Parks Virden Conservation Officer	204-748-4240 (Daytime)
Note: The mandate of the Wildlife Branch is to protect wildlife resources.	
Manitoba Transportation and Infrastructure Region 3 - South Western (Birtle, MB)	204-842-7710* (Emergency)
Manitoba Transportation and Infrastructure Region 3 - South Western - Maintenance Manager (Brandon, MB)	204-726-6800
Manitoba Health Authority - Prairie Mountain Health (Brandon, MB)	204-724-8285* (Emergency)
Manitoba Workers' Compensation Board (WCB) Headquarters	855-954-4321 (Toll Free)

9.2.6.5 Technical Data

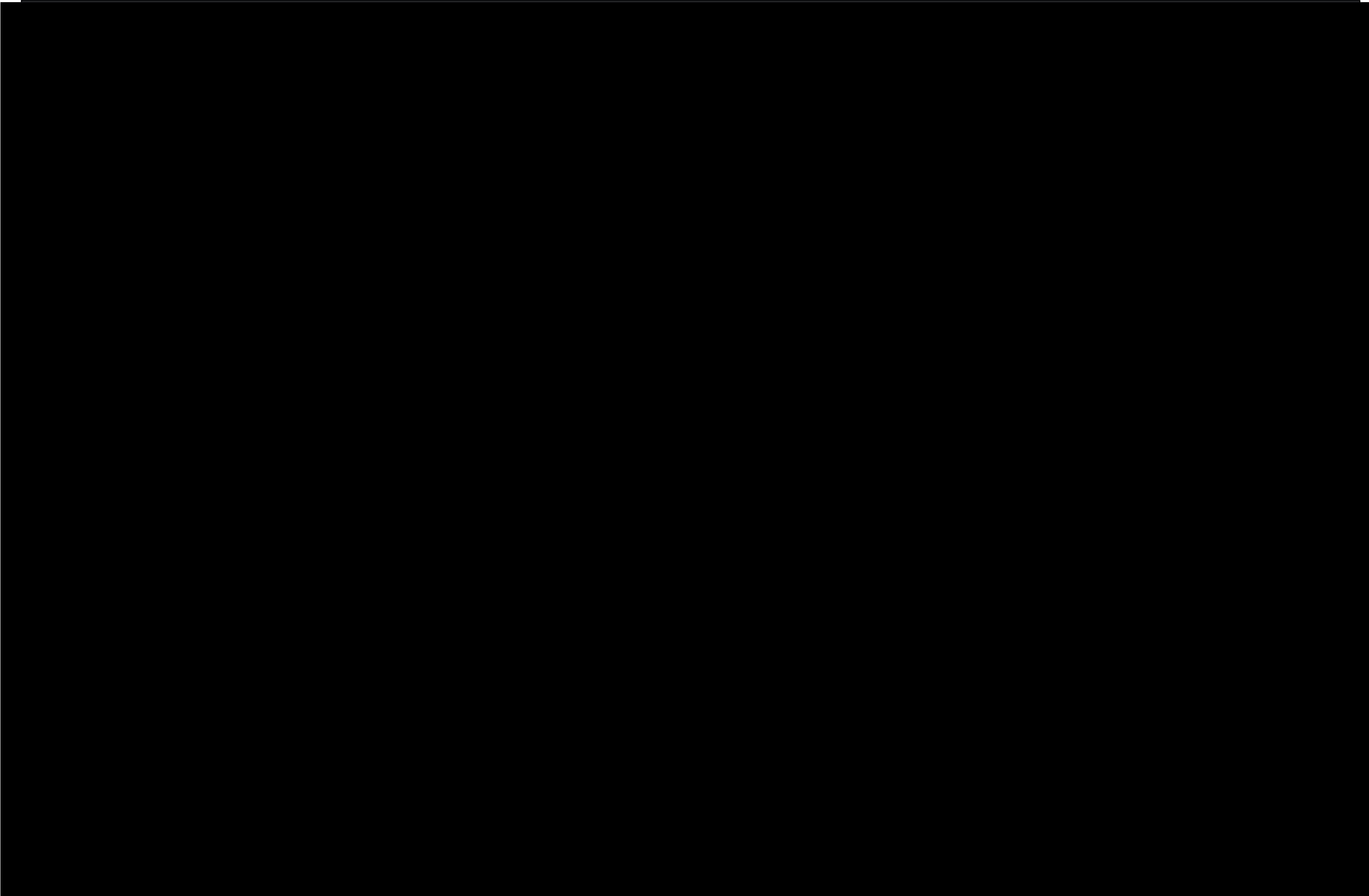
Pipeline Section 6



9.2.6.6 Major Accident Risk (MAR) Scenarios**Pipeline Section 6**

Not applicable to facility and/or area

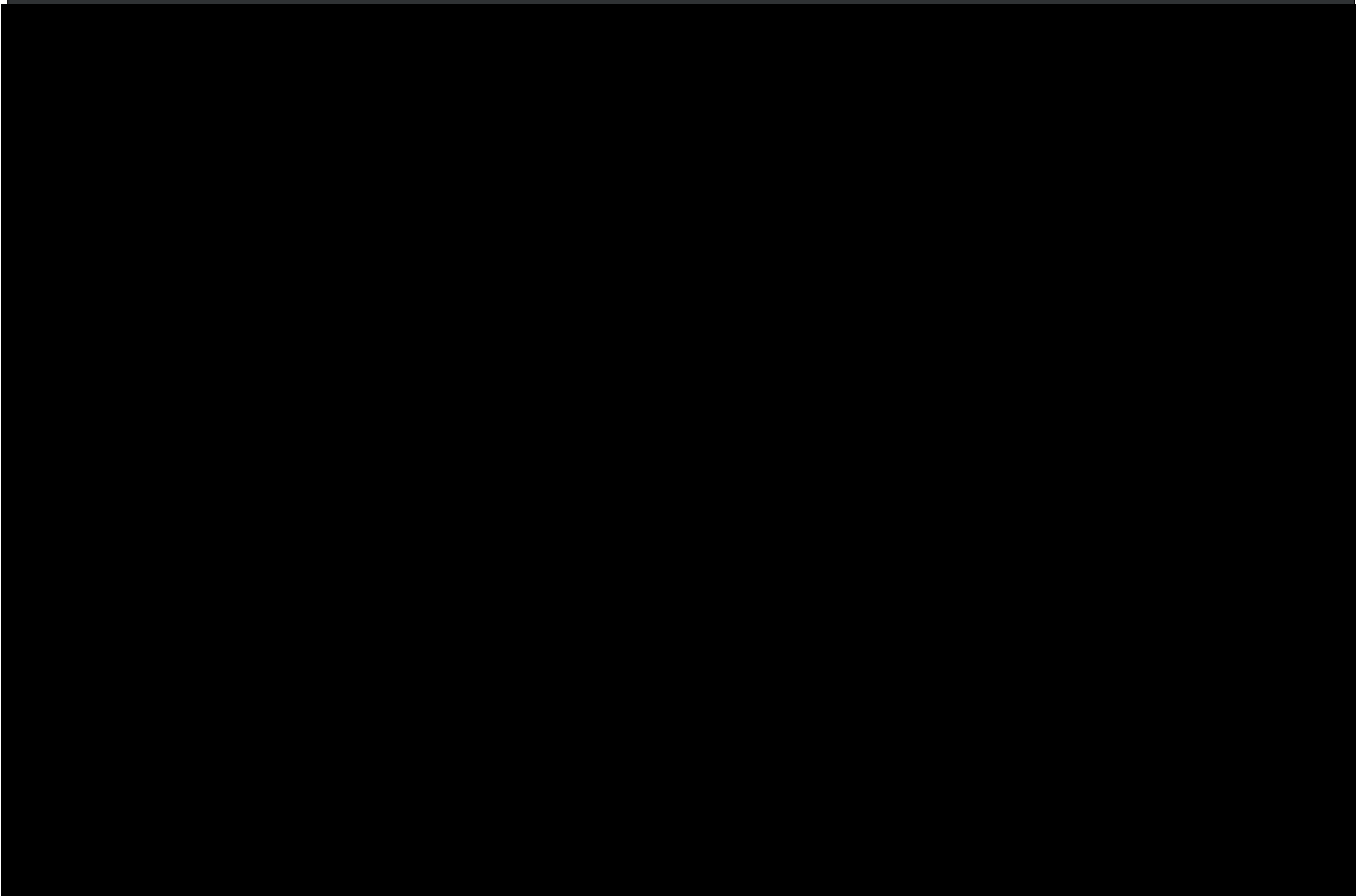
9.2.6.7 Maps and Plot Plans**Pipeline Section 6**



9.2.6.7 Maps and Plot Plans, Continued

Pipeline Section 6





9.2.6.8 Other Site-Specific Information

Pipeline Section 6



9.6 Local Public Information

Industrial Operators

Company	Telephone Number
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]

This page has been left intentionally blank.

9.2.6.9 Additional Site-Specific Information**Pipeline Section 6**

Not applicable to facility and/or area

9.2.7 Pipeline Section 7**9.2.7.1 Driving Directions**

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]		[REDACTED]	
[REDACTED]		[REDACTED]	
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

9.2.7.1 Driving Directions, Continued

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
		[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
		[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

9.2.7.2 Evacuation

[REDACTED]

9.2.7.3 Equipment Lists and Locations

Pipeline Section 7

Refer to **SECTION 9.1.9** for additional equipment lists and the Plains Response Equipment Locations Map.

Equipment Lists

Equipment Type	Quantity	Location
Fire Fighting Equipment		
[REDACTED]	1	[REDACTED]
First Aid Equipment		
[REDACTED]	1	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	1	[REDACTED]
Other Equipment		
[REDACTED]		[REDACTED]

Pipeline Section 7

[illegible]

9.2.7.4 Site Notifications, Continued

Pipeline Section 7

* 24-hour number

FIRST RESPONDERS	
Ambulance/Fire/Police	
Provincial Ambulance/Fire/Police/Local RCMP	911*
STARS Emergency Link Centre (Air Ambulance)	888-888-4567
Note: Based off the location of the injured person(s), STARS Emergency Link Centre will determine which Air Ambulance Base to dispatch from.	
Note: Ambulance services in Manitoba are managed by the five regional health authorities	
Volunteer Fire Departments	
Birtle Fire Department (Birtle, MB)	204-773-6405 (Fire Chief Cell)
Hamiota Fire Department (Hamiota, MB)	204-764-0441
Miniota Fire Department (Miniota, MB)	204-748-5727 (Fire Chief Cell)
Oak River Fire Department (Oak River, MB)	204-566-2146 (RM Office)
Rapid City Fire Department (Rapid City, MB)	431-541-4148 (Fire Chief Cell)
Local RCMP/Local Police	
Note: Refer to the Emergency Response Planning Map for jurisdiction.	
Brandon RCMP (Brandon, MB)	204-726-7500
Hamiota RCMP (Hamiota, MB)	204-764-2732
Minnedosa RCMP (Minnedosa, MB)	204-867-2751
Virden RCMP (Virden, MB)	204-748-2135
Hospitals	
Hamiota District Health Centre (Hamiota, MB)	204-764-2412
Minnedosa Health Centre (Minnedosa, MB)	204-867-2701

9.2.7.4 Site Notifications, Continued

Pipeline Section 7

* 24-hour number

LEAD AGENCIES	
FEDERAL	
The Plains PPTC Pipeline is regulated by the Canada Energy Regulator (CER).	
Note: If an emergency occurs at this CER-regulated operation, Plains will initiate its emergency response plan, immediately contact the TSB's Hot Line to report all pipeline incidents and occurrences and complete the CER/TSB Online Event Reporting System (OERS) at https://apps.cer-rec.gc.ca/ers/home/index	
Through the provincial reporting method, courtesy notification should be given to the provincial regulator.	
Canada Energy Regulator (CER) Transportation Safety Board of Canada 819-997-7887* (Emergency) (TSB) - Ottawa, ON	
Note: First lead agency call to be made	
24-Hour CER Incident Cellular Telephone - Calgary, AB	403-299-2773
Note: If unable to reach the TSB Hot Line, call this contact	
MANITOBA	
Note: If an emergency occurs in Manitoba at this CER-regulated operation, Plains will initiate a courtesy notification to the Manitoba Natural Resources and Northern Development – Petroleum Branch and also notify the other Manitoba lead agencies listed below.	
Manitoba Economic Development, Investment and Trade (EDIT) – Resource Development (Petroleum) (Winnipeg, MB)	204-748-4260 (Daytime) 800-223-5215 (MB only)
Manitoba Emergency Measures Organization	204-945-5555* (Emergency)
Manitoba Environment Climate and Parks Environmental and Spill Reporting Line	204-944-4888* (Emergency)

* 24-hour number

LOCAL AUTHORITIES	
Note: Refer to the Emergency Response Planning Map for jurisdictional boundaries.	
MANITOBA	
R.M. of Hamiota (Hamiota, MB)	204-764-3050 (Daytime)
R.M. Prairie View (Birtle, MB)	204-842-3403 (Daytime)
R.M. of Ellice-Archie (McAuley, MB)	204-722-2053 (Daytime)
R.M. of Elton (Forrest, MB)	204-728-7834 (Daytime)
R.M. of Minto-Odanah (Minnedosa, MB)	204-867-3282 (Daytime)
R.M. of Oakview (Oak River, MB)	204-566-2146 (Daytime)

9.2.7.4 Site Notifications, Continued

Pipeline Section 7

* 24-hour number

SUPPORTING AGENCIES	
Note: Depending upon the type of incident, Plains will initiate notification to the following federal and provincial supporting agencies.	
FEDERAL	
CANUTEC (Canadian Transport Emergency Centre) - Ottawa, ON	888-CAN-UTEC* 888-226-8832* 613-992-4624* (Information) 613-996-6666 *666 (Cellular)*
Note: As required, in the event of an emergency involving dangerous goods, call CANUTEC.	
CANUTEC is the Canadian Transport Emergency Centre operated by the Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG) Directorate of Transport Canada. This is a federal emergency service based in Ottawa, ON. CANUTEC provides immediate reference for information on chemical spills and will also advise on methods to safely neutralize, decontaminate, approach or handle dangerous substances.	
Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada (DFO)	800-889-8852* (Emergency)
Note: If there is a release into a water body of any substance deleterious to fish, contact Fisheries and Oceans Canada (only if fish bearing water body).	
Transport Canada - Ottawa Situation Centre	888-857-4003* 204-983-3152 (Daytime) 416-952-0490* (Office)
Note: Transport Canada's Prairie and Northern Region (Winnipeg Office) is responsible for transportation safety throughout Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Yukon, Northwest Territories and Nunavut.	
Air Traffic Control: NAV CANADA (NOTAM – Notice to Airmen)	866-541-4102* (Toll Free) 877-992-6853* (Transport Canada Aviation Operations Centre)
One common toll-free phone number automatically directs you to a Flight Information Centre in the service area from which the call originates.	
Manitoba Environment Climate and Parks Environmental and Spill Reporting Line	204-944-4888* (Emergency)

9.2.7.4 Site Notifications, Continued

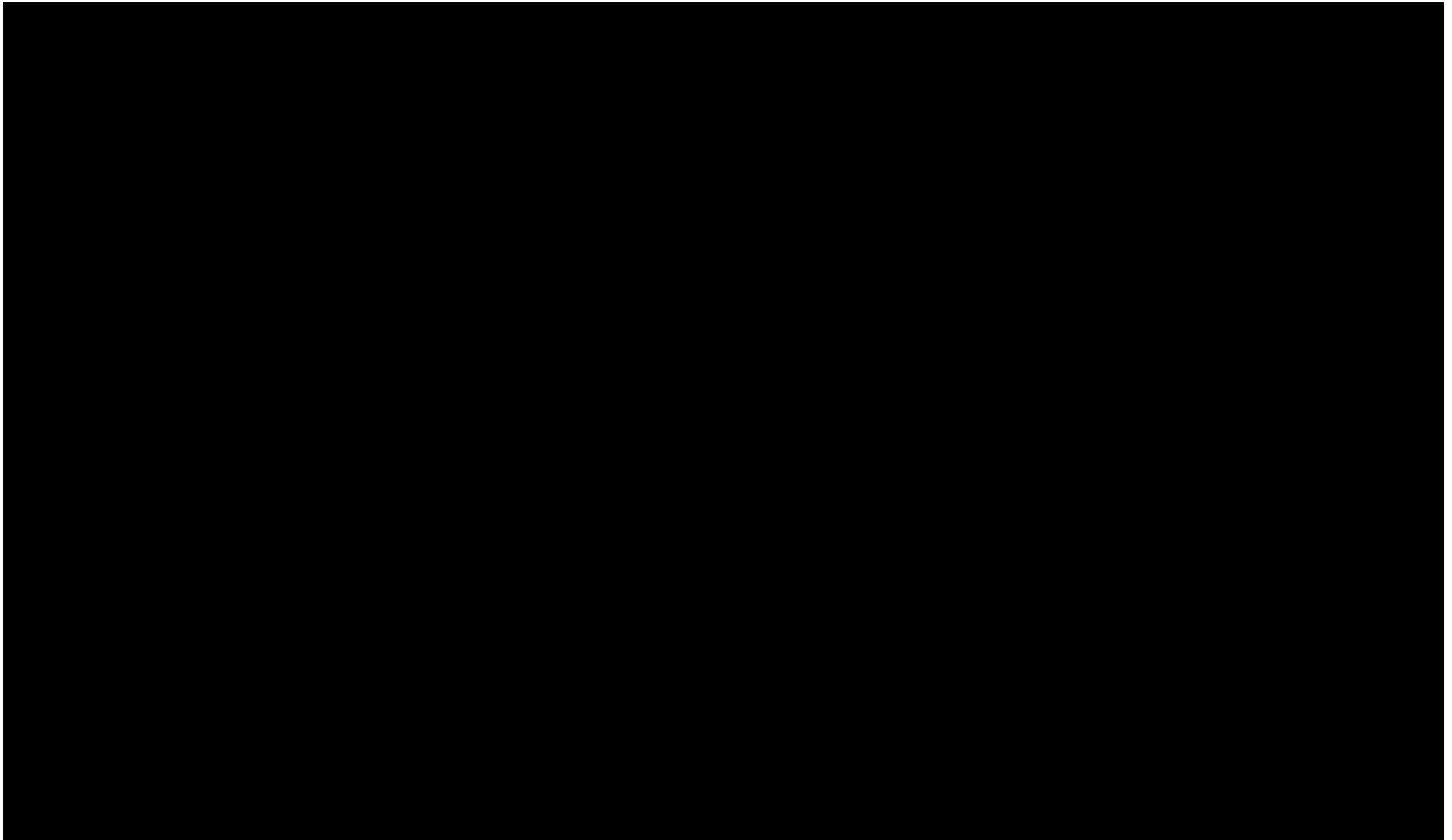
Pipeline Section 7

* 24-hour number

SUPPORTING AGENCIES, CONTINUED	
FEDERAL, Continued	
Note: Refer to Section 8: Government Agencies and Local Authorities, in the Plains Core Emergency Response Plan, for the Manitoba Emergency Measures Organization (MOE), Manitoba Sustainable Development and Canadian Environmental Protection Act Incident, Spill, and Release Reporting Requirements, which identifies who, what, where, when, why and how an environmental emergency is to be reported.	
MANITOBA	
Manitoba Workplace Safety and Health Branch (WSH)	855-957-SAFE (7233)* To Report an Incident
Manitoba Ministry of Labour and Immigration - Inspection and Technical Services	204-945-3373 (Daytime)
Manitoba Environment Climate and Parks Tip Line - Turn in Poachers - Report Forest Fires	800-782-0076
Manitoba Environment Climate and Parks Virden Conservation Officer	204-748-4240 (Daytime)
Note: The mandate of the Wildlife Branch is to protect wildlife resources.	
Manitoba Transportation and Infrastructure Region 3 - South Western (Birtle, MB)	204-842-7710* (Emergency)
Manitoba Transportation and Infrastructure Region 3 - South Western - Maintenance Manager (Brandon, MB)	204-726-6800
Manitoba Health Authority - Prairie Mountain Health (Brandon, MB)	204-724-8285* (Emergency)
Manitoba Workers' Compensation Board (WCB) Headquarters	855-954-4321 (Toll Free)

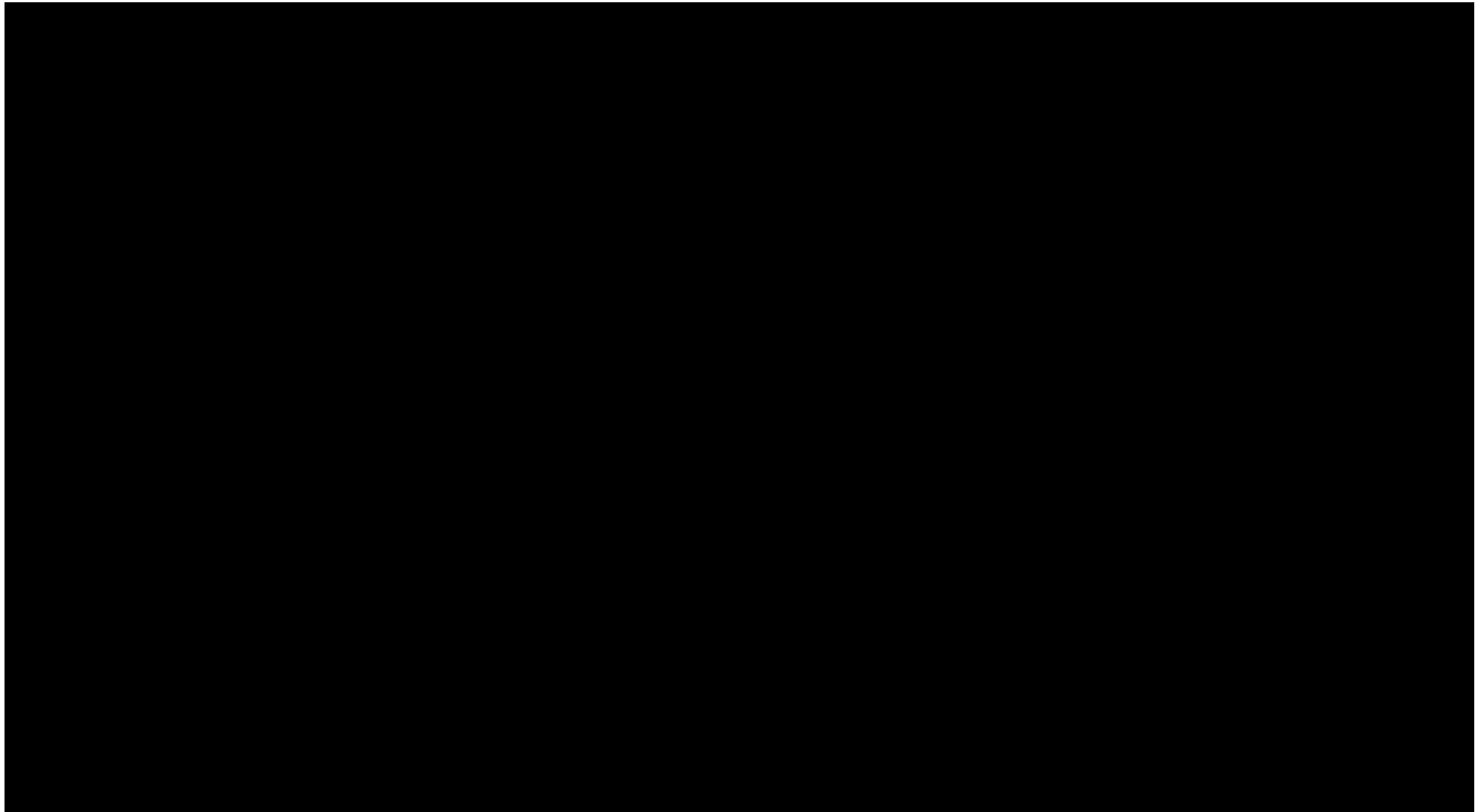
9.2.7.5 Technical Data

Pipeline Section 7



9.2.7.5 Technical Data, Continued

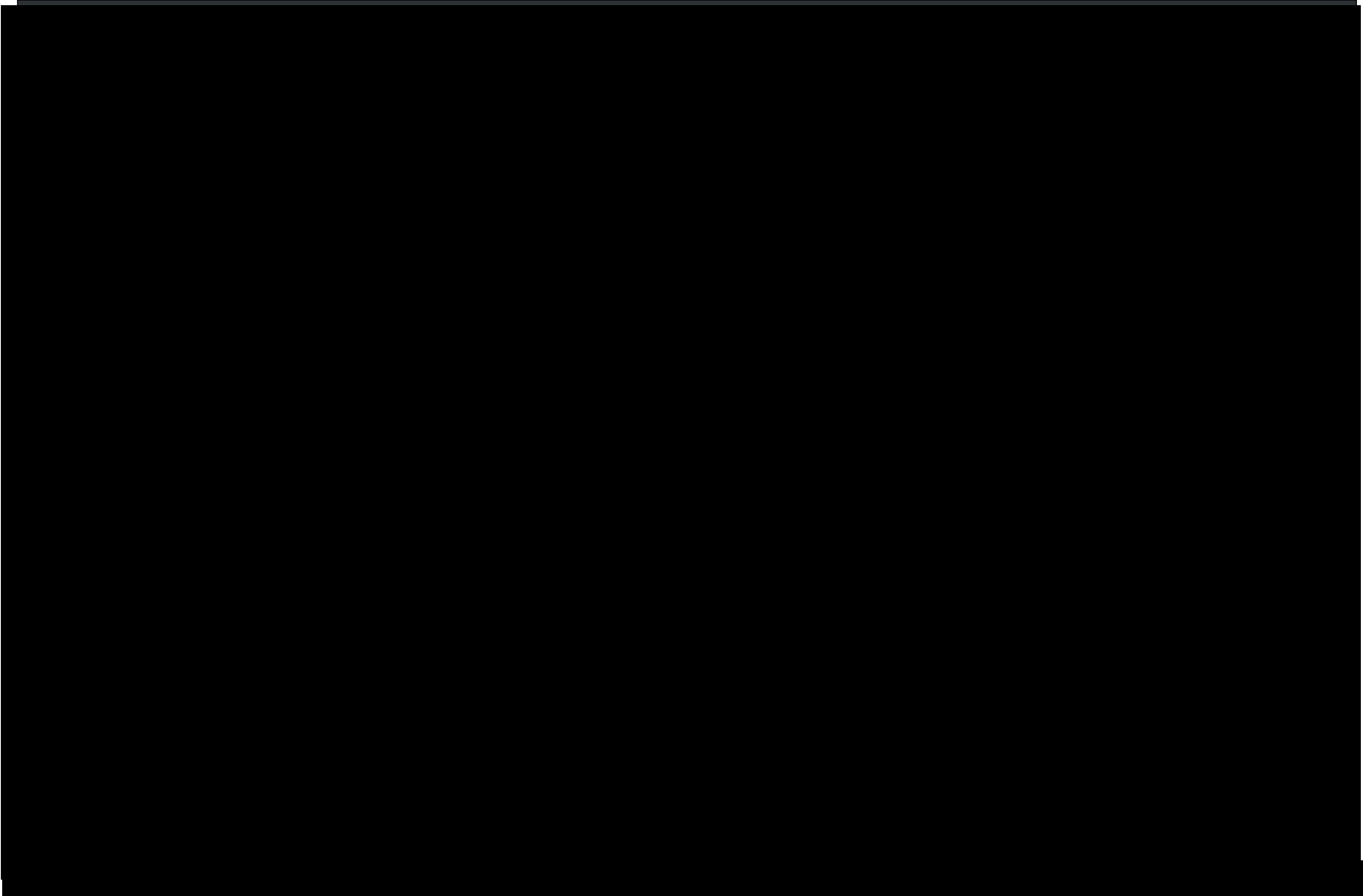
Pipeline Section 7



9.2.7.6 Major Accident Risk (MAR) Scenarios**Pipeline Section 7**

Not applicable to facility and/or area

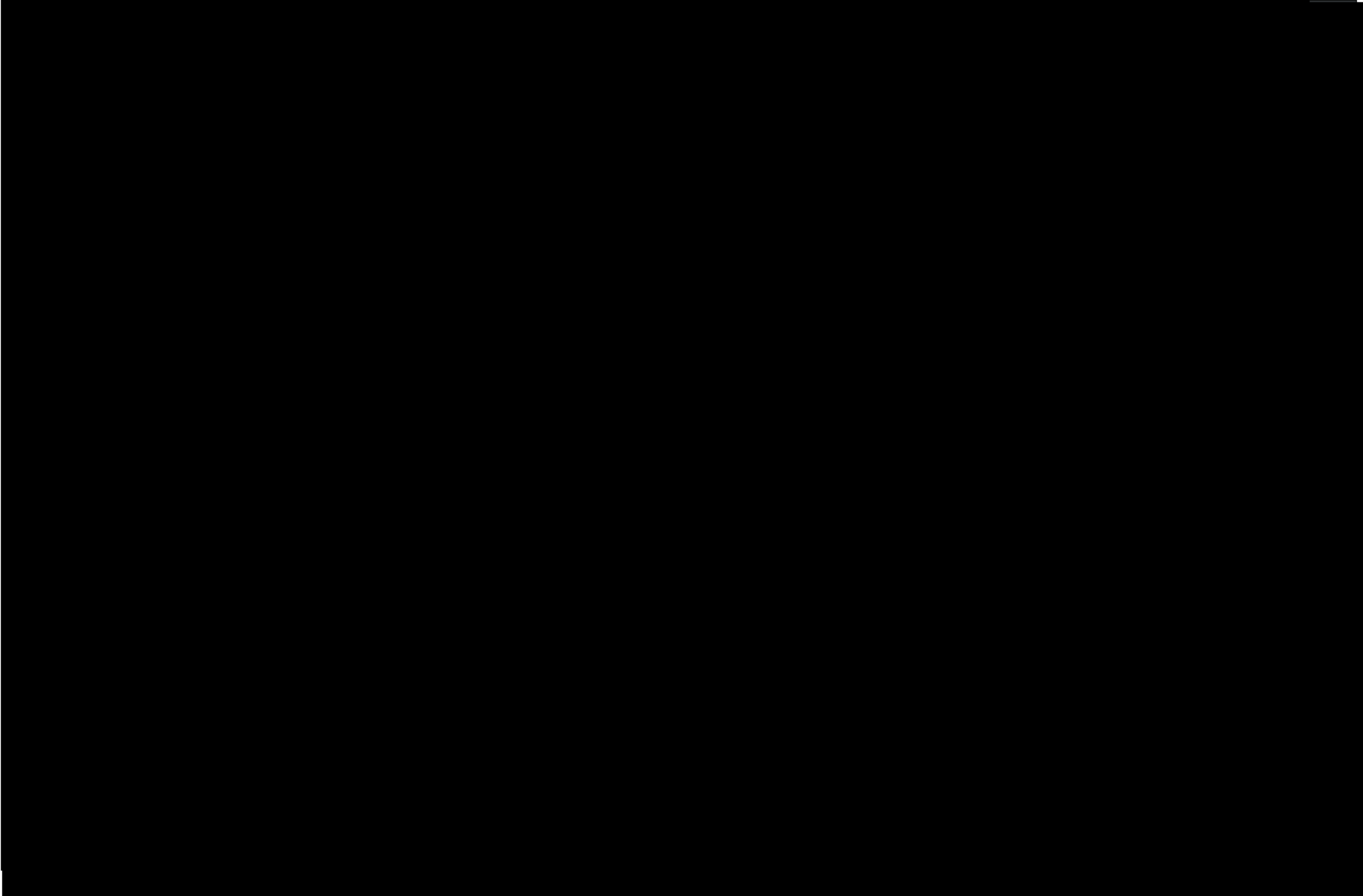
9.2.7.7 Maps and Plot Plans**Pipeline Section 7**



9.2.7.7 Maps and Plot Plans, Continued

Pipeline Section 7





9.2.7.8 Other Site-Specific Information

Pipeline Section 7



9.6 Local Public Information

Industrial Operators

Company	Telephone Number
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]

This page has been left intentionally blank.

9.2.7.9 Additional Site-Specific Information**Pipeline Section 7**

Not applicable to facility and/or area

9.2.8 Pipeline Section 8**9.2.8.1 Driving Directions**

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]		[REDACTED]	
[REDACTED]		[REDACTED]	
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

9.2.8.1 Driving Directions, Continued

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
		[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
		[REDACTED]	
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
		[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

9.2.8.1 Driving Directions, Continued

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

9.2.8.2 Evacuation

[REDACTED]

9.2.8.3 Equipment Lists and Locations

Pipeline Section 8

Refer to **SECTION 9.1.9** for additional equipment lists and the Plains Response Equipment Locations Map.

Equipment Lists

Refer to **SECTION 9.1.9** for Additional Equipment.

Equipment Type	Quantity	Location
Fire Fighting Equipment		
[REDACTED]	1	[REDACTED]
First Aid Equipment		
[REDACTED]	1	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	1	[REDACTED]
Other Equipment		
[REDACTED]		[REDACTED]

Communications Equipment

Equipment Type	Quantity	Location
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]

9.2.8.4 Site Notifications

Pipeline Section 8

SITE SPECIFIC EMERGENCY NOTIFICATIONS - INTERNAL CONTACTS

Local Responders

Refer to **FIGURE 9.1.4-2**

9.2.8.4 Site Notifications, Continued

Pipeline Section 8

* 24-hour number

RECEPTION CENTERS	
Location	
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]

* 24-hour number

FIRST RESPONDERS

Ambulance/Fire/Police

Provincial Ambulance/Fire/Police/Local RCMP

911*

STARS Emergency Link Centre (Air Ambulance)

888-888-4567

Note: Based off the location of the injured person(s), STARS Emergency Link Centre will determine which Air Ambulance Base to dispatch from.

Note: Ambulance services in Manitoba are managed by the five regional health authorities

Volunteer Fire Departments

Austin Fire Department (Austin, MB)

204-871-4339 (Fire Chief Cell)

Carberry North Cypress – Langford Fire Department (Carberry, MB)

204-834-6607

MacDonald Fire Department (Sanford, MB)

204-999-1624 (Fire Chief Cell)

MacGregor Fire Department (MacGregor, MB)

204-685-2161

Minnedosa Fire Department (Minnedosa, MB)

204-573-6814 (Fire Chief Cell)

Local RCMP/Local Police

Note: Refer to the Emergency Response Planning Map for jurisdiction.

Brandon RCMP (Brandon, MB)

204-726-7500

Carberry RCMP (Carberry, MB)

204-834-2131

Minnedosa RCMP (Minnedosa, MB)

204-867-2751

Portage la Prairie RCMP (Portage la Prairie, MB)

204-857-8767

Hospitals

Minnedosa Health Centre (Minnedosa, MB)

204-867-2701

Portage District General Hospital (Portage la Prairie, MB)

204-239-2211

9.2.8.4 Site Notifications, Continued

Pipeline Section 8

* 24-hour number

LEAD AGENCIES	
FEDERAL	
The Plains PPTC Pipeline is regulated by the Canada Energy Regulator (CER).	
Note: If an emergency occurs at this CER-regulated operation, Plains will initiate its emergency response plan, immediately contact the TSB's Hot Line to report all pipeline incidents and occurrences and complete the CER/TSB Online Event Reporting System (OERS) at https://apps.cer-rec.gc.ca/ers/home/index	
Through the provincial reporting method, courtesy notification should be given to the provincial regulator.	
Canada Energy Regulator (CER) Transportation Safety Board of Canada 819-997-7887* (Emergency) (TSB) - Ottawa, ON	
Note: First lead agency call to be made	
24-Hour CER Incident Cellular Telephone - Calgary, AB	403-299-2773
Note: If unable to reach the TSB Hot Line, call this contact	
MANITOBA	
Note: If an emergency occurs in Manitoba at this CER-regulated operation, Plains will initiate a courtesy notification to the Manitoba Natural Resources and Northern Development – Petroleum Branch and also notify the other Manitoba lead agencies listed above.	
Manitoba Economic Development, Investment and Trade (EDIT) – Resource Development (Petroleum) (Winnipeg, MB)	204-748-4260 (Daytime) 800-223-5215 (MB only)
Manitoba Emergency Measures Organization	204-945-5555* (Emergency)
Manitoba Environment Climate and Parks Environmental and Spill Reporting Line	204-944-4888* (Emergency)

* 24-hour number

LOCAL AUTHORITIES	
Note: Refer to the Emergency Response Planning Map for jurisdictional boundaries.	
MANITOBA	
Municipality of North Cypress-Langford (Carberry, MB)	204-834-6600 (Daytime)
Municipality of North Norfolk (MacGregor, MB)	204-685-2211 (Daytime)
R.M. of Elton (Forrest, MB)	204-728-7834 (Daytime)
R.M. of Minto-Odanah (Minnedosa, MB)	204-867-3282 (Daytime)
R.M. of Oakview (Oak River, MB)	204-566-2146 (Daytime)
R.M. of Portage la Prairie (Portage la Prairie, MB)	204-239-8340 (Fire Department)

9.2.8.4 Site Notifications, Continued

Pipeline Section 8

* 24-hour number

SUPPORTING AGENCIES	
Note: Depending upon the type of incident, Plains will initiate notification to the following federal and provincial supporting agencies.	
FEDERAL	
CANUTEC (Canadian Transport Emergency Centre) - Ottawa, ON	888-CAN-UTEC* 888-226-8832* 613-992-4624* (Information) 613-996-6666 *666 (Cellular)*
Note: As required, in the event of an emergency involving dangerous goods, call CANUTEC.	
CANUTEC is the Canadian Transport Emergency Centre operated by the Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG) Directorate of Transport Canada. This is a federal emergency service based in Ottawa, ON. CANUTEC provides immediate reference for information on chemical spills and will also advise on methods to safely neutralize, decontaminate, approach or handle dangerous substances.	
Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada (DFO)	800-889-8852* (Emergency)
Note: If there is a release into a water body of any substance deleterious to fish, contact Fisheries and Oceans Canada (only if fish bearing water body).	
Transport Canada - Ottawa Situation Centre	888-857-4003* 204-983-3152 (Daytime) 416-952-0490* (Office)
Note: Transport Canada's Prairie and Northern Region (Winnipeg Office) is responsible for transportation safety throughout Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Yukon, Northwest Territories and Nunavut.	
Air Traffic Control: NAV CANADA (NOTAM – Notice to Airmen)	866-541-4102* (Toll Free) 877-992-6853* (Transport Canada Aviation Operations Centre)
One common toll-free phone number automatically directs you to a Flight Information Centre in the service area from which the call originates.	
Manitoba Environment Climate and Parks Environmental and Spill Reporting Line	204-944-4888* (Emergency)

9.2.8.4 Site Notifications, Continued

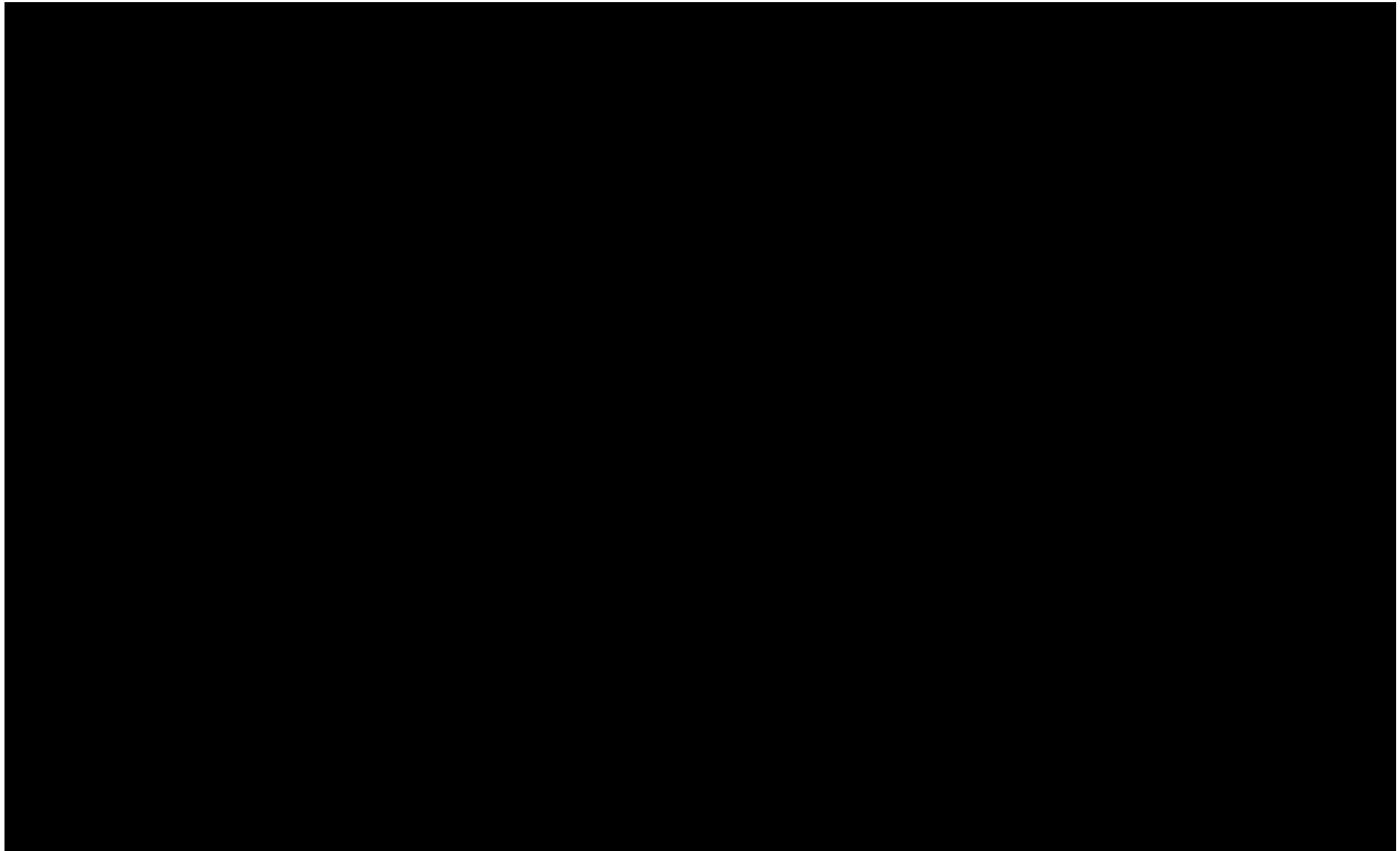
Pipeline Section 8

* 24-hour number

SUPPORTING AGENCIES, CONTINUED	
FEDERAL, Continued	
Note: Refer to Section 8: Government Agencies and Local Authorities, in the Plains Core Emergency Response Plan, for the Manitoba Emergency Measures Organization (MOE), Manitoba Sustainable Development and Canadian Environmental Protection Act Incident, Spill, and Release Reporting Requirements, which identifies who, what, where, when, why and how an environmental emergency is to be reported.	
MANITOBA	
Manitoba Workplace Safety and Health Branch (WSH)	855-957-SAFE (7233)* To Report an Incident
Manitoba Ministry of Labour and Immigration - Inspection and Technical Services	204-945-3373 (Daytime)
Manitoba Environment Climate and Parks Tip Line - Turn in Poachers - Report Forest Fires	800-782-0076
Manitoba Environment Climate and Parks Virden Conservation Officer	204-748-4240 (Daytime)
Note: The mandate of the Wildlife Branch is to protect wildlife resources.	
Manitoba Transportation and Infrastructure Region 3 - South Western (Birtle, MB)	204-842-7710* (Emergency)
Manitoba Transportation and Infrastructure Region 3 - South Western - Maintenance Manager (Brandon, MB)	204-726-6800
Manitoba Health Authority - Prairie Mountain Health (Brandon, MB)	204-724-8285* (Emergency)
Manitoba Health Authority Southern Health – Sante Sud Region (Notre Dame de Lourdes, MB)	204-248-7250* (Emergency)
Manitoba Workers' Compensation Board (WCB) Headquarters	855-954-4321 (Toll Free)

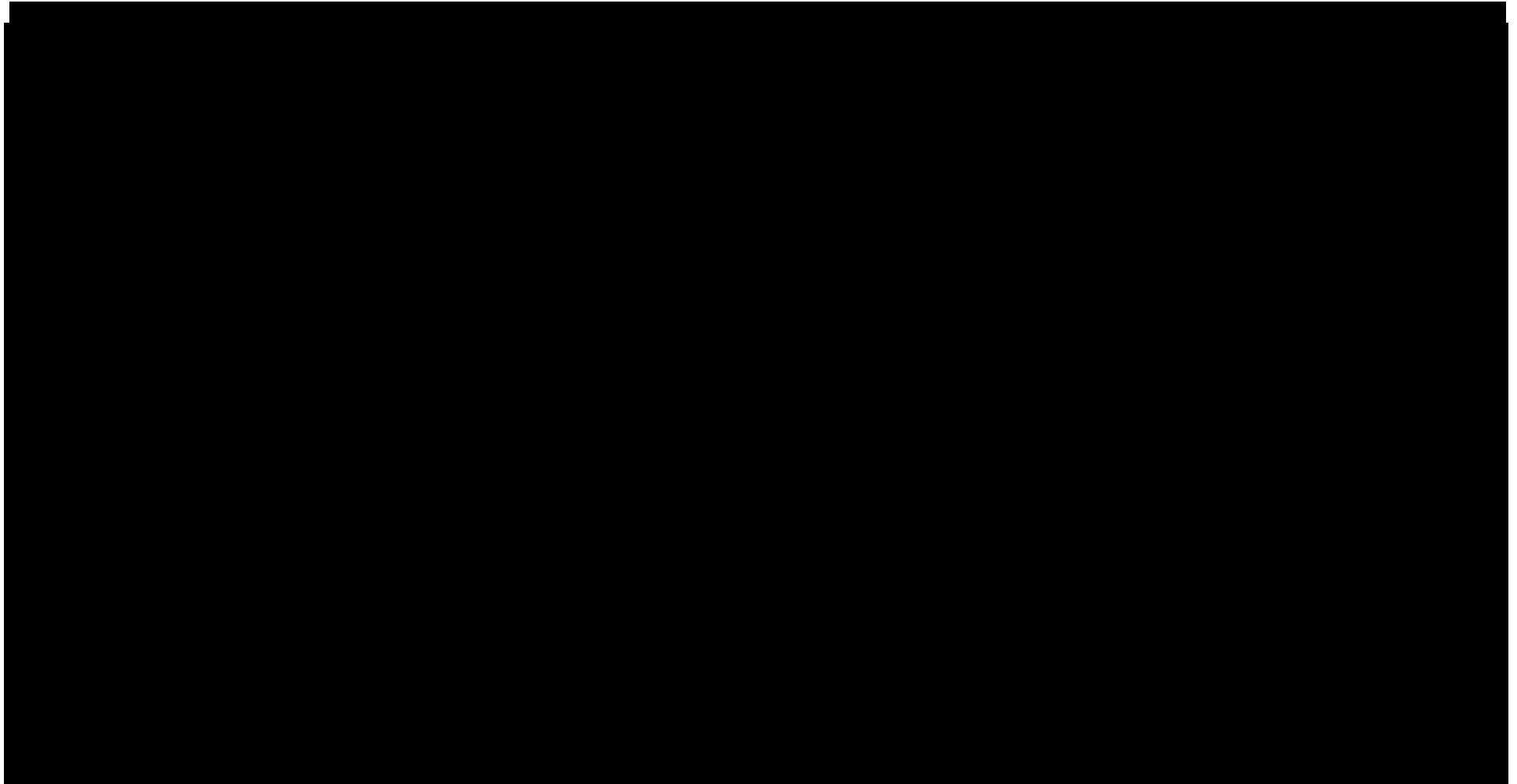
9.2.8.5 Technical Data

Pipeline Section 8



9.2.8.5 Technical Data, Continued

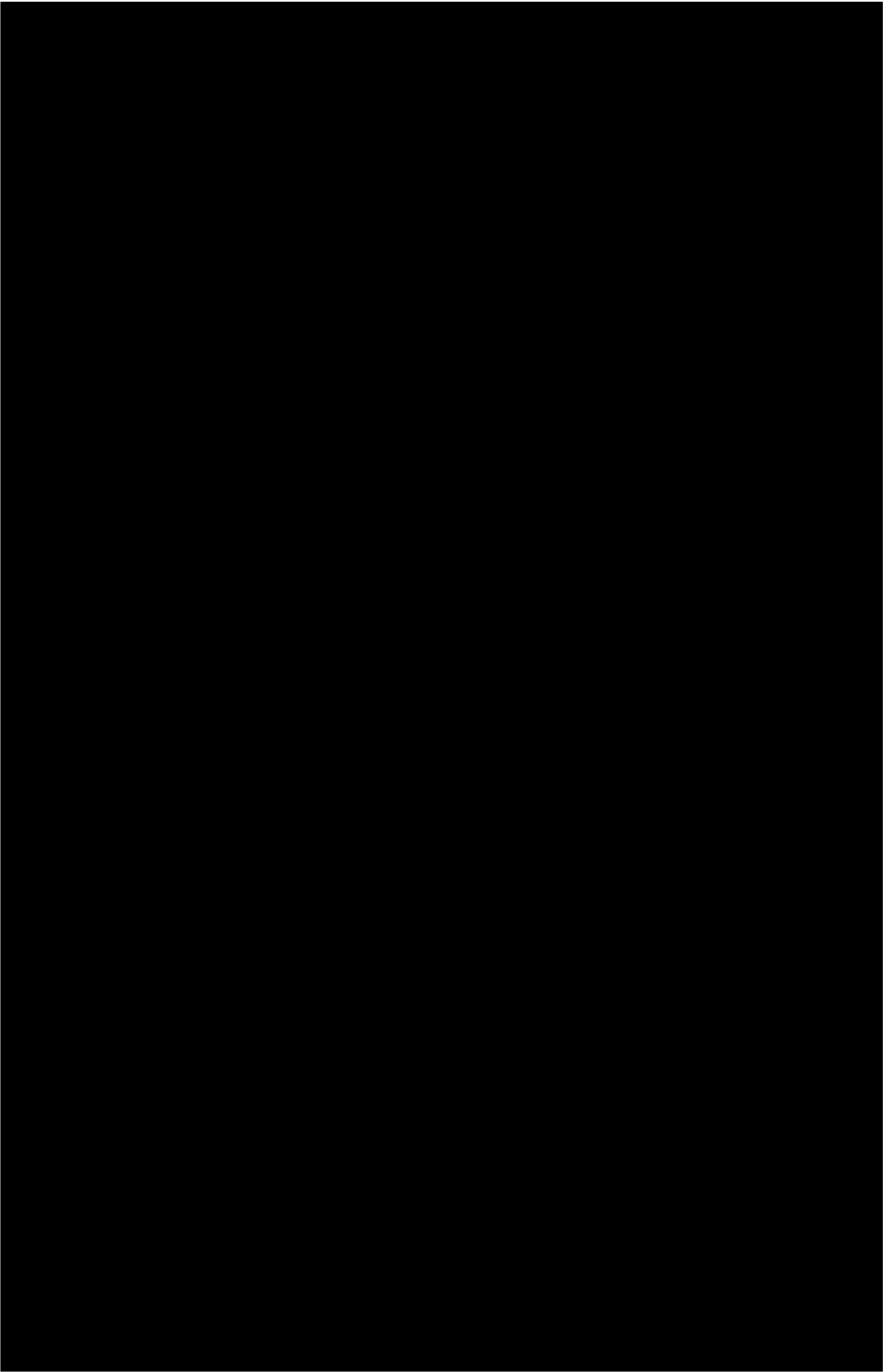
Pipeline Section 8



9.2.8.6 Major Accident Risk (MAR) Scenarios**Pipeline Section 8**

Not applicable to facility and/or area

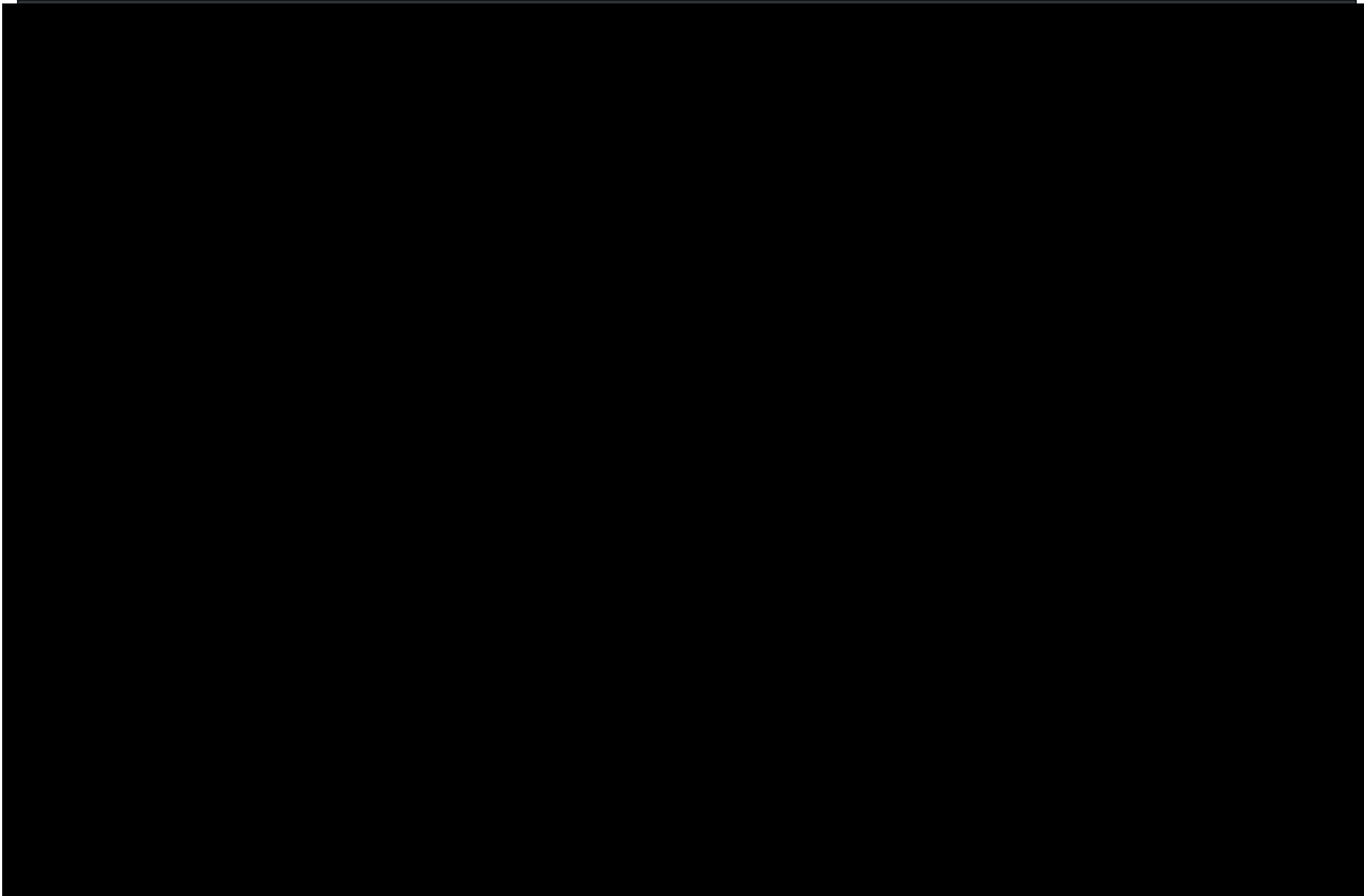
9.2.8.7 Maps and Plot Plans**Pipeline Section 8**



9.2.8.7 Maps and Plot Plans, Continued

Pipeline Section 8

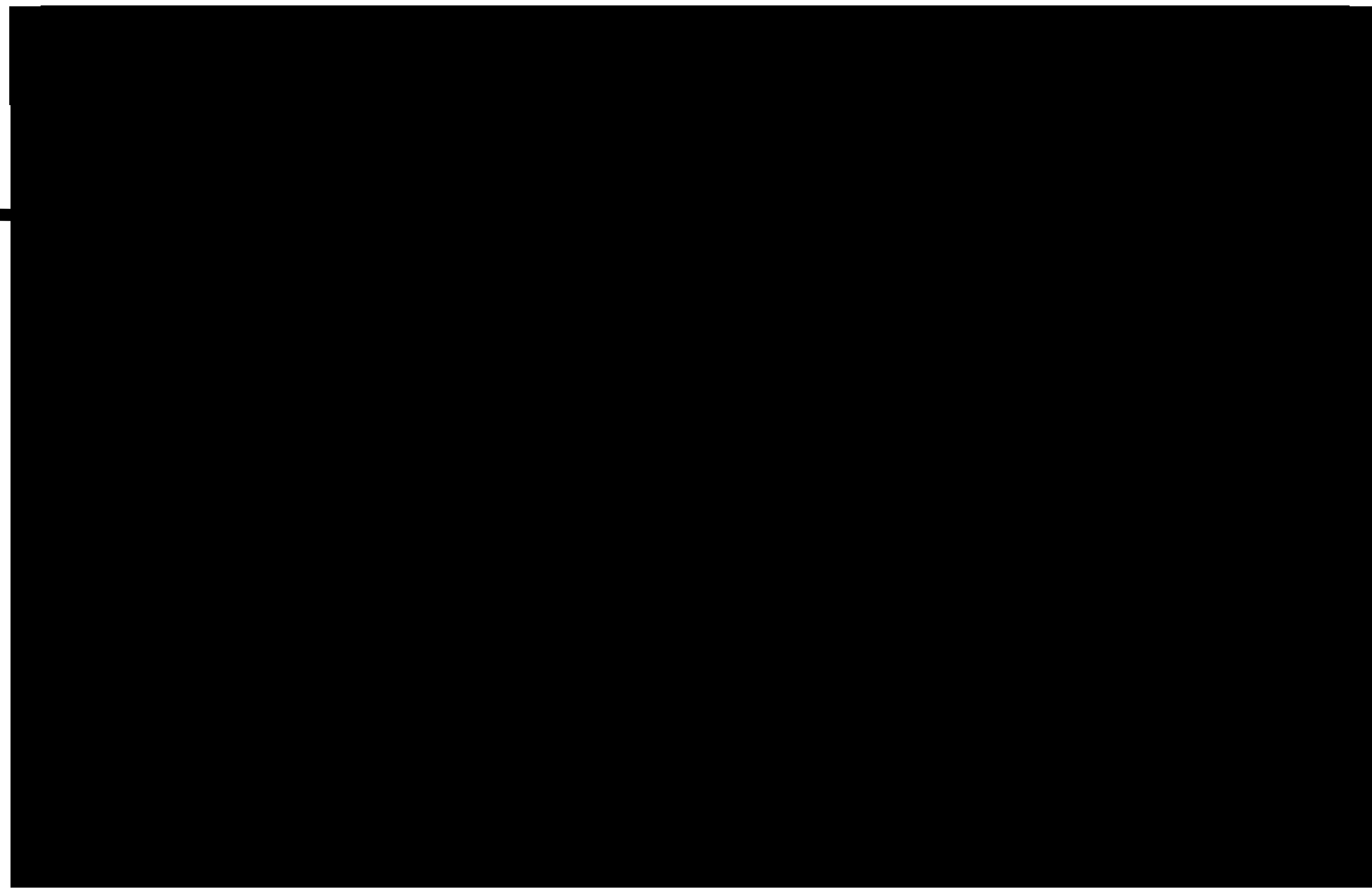




9.2.8.7 Maps and Plot Plans, Continued

Pipeline Section 8





9.2.8.8 Other Site-Specific Information

Pipeline Section 8



9.6 Local Public Information

Industrial Operators

Company	Telephone Number
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]

This page has been left intentionally blank.

9.2.8.9 Additional Site-Specific Information**Pipeline Section 8**

Not applicable to facility and/or area

9.2.9 Pipeline Section 9**9.2.9.1 Driving Directions**

[REDACTED]	
[REDACTED]	
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
T	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
		[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
		[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
T	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
T		[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

9.2.9.1 Driving Directions, Continued

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
		[REDACTED]	
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			
[REDACTED]			

9.2.9.2 Evacuation

[REDACTED]

9.2.9.3 Equipment Lists and Locations

Pipeline Section 9

Refer to **SECTION 9.1.9** for additional equipment lists and the Plains Response Equipment Locations Map.

Equipment Lists

Equipment Type	Quantity	Location
Fire Fighting Equipment		
[REDACTED]	1	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	1	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	1	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	1	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	1	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	1	[REDACTED]
First Aid Equipment		
[REDACTED]	1	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	1	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	1	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	1	[REDACTED]
Other Equipment		
[REDACTED]	1	[REDACTED]
Breathing Apparatus		
[REDACTED]	1	[REDACTED]

9.2.9.3 Equipment Lists and Locations, Continued

Pipeline Section 9

Equipment Lists

Equipment Type	Quantity	Location
Breathing Apparatus		
[REDACTED]	1	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	1	[REDACTED]

Communications Equipment

Equipment Type	Quantity	Location
[REDACTED]	1	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	1	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]		

9.2.9.4 Site Notifications

Pipeline Section 9

SITE SPECIFIC EMERGENCY NOTIFICATIONS - INTERNAL CONTACTS

Local Responders

Refer to **FIGURE 9.1.4-2**

* 24-hour number

RECEPTION CENTERS

Location

[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]

9.2.9.4 Site Notifications, Continued

Pipeline Section 9

* 24-hour number

FIRST RESPONDERS	
Ambulance/Fire/Police	
Provincial Ambulance/Fire/Police/Local RCMP	911*
STARS Emergency Link Centre (Air Ambulance)	888-888-4567
Note: Based off the location of the injured person(s), STARS Emergency Link Centre will determine which Air Ambulance Base to dispatch from.	
Note: Ambulance services in Manitoba are managed by the five regional health authorities	
Volunteer Fire Departments	
Cartier Fire Department (Elie, MB)	204-771-0867 (Fire Chief Cell)
Portage la Prairie Fire Department (Portage, MB)	204-239-8340
Local RCMP/Local Police	
Headingley RCMP (Headingley, MB)	204-888-0358
Portage la Prairie RCMP (Portage la Prairie, MB)	204-857-8767
Winnipeg Police Service (Winnipeg, MB)	204-986-6033
Hospitals	
Portage District General Hospital (Portage la Prairie, MB)	204-239-2211
Victoria General Hospital (Winnipeg, MB)	204-477-3148

9.2.9.4 Site Notifications, Continued

Pipeline Section 9

* 24-hour number

LEAD AGENCIES	
FEDERAL	
The Plains PPTC Pipeline is regulated by the Canada Energy Regulator (CER).	
Canada Energy Regulator (CER) Transportation Safety Board of Canada 819-997-7887* (Emergency) (TSB) - Ottawa, ON	
Note: First lead agency call to be made	
24-Hour CER Incident Cellular Telephone - Calgary, AB	403-299-2773
Note: If unable to reach the TSB Hot Line, call this contact	
Note: If an emergency occurs at this CER-regulated operation, Plains will initiate its emergency response plan, immediately contact the TSB's Hot Line to report all pipeline incidents and occurrences and complete the CER/TSB Online Event Reporting System (OERS) at https://apps.cer-rec.gc.ca/ers/home/index	
Through the provincial reporting method, courtesy notification should be given to the provincial regulator.	
MANITOBA	
Manitoba Economic Development, Investment and Trade (EDIT) – Resource Development (Petroleum) (Winnipeg, MB)	204-748-4260 (Daytime) 800-223-5215 (MB only)
Manitoba Emergency Measures Organization	204-945-5555* (Emergency)
Manitoba Environment Climate and Parks Environmental and Spill Reporting Line	204-944-4888* (Emergency)
Note: If an emergency occurs in Manitoba at this CER-regulated operation, Plains will initiate a courtesy notification to the Manitoba Natural Resources and Northern Development - Petroleum Branch and also notify the other Manitoba lead agencies listed below.	

* 24-hour number

LOCAL AUTHORITIES	
MANITOBA	
R.M. of Cartier (Elie, MB)	204-771-0867 (Fire Chief Cell)
R.M. of MacDonald (Sanford, MB)	204-736-2255
R.M. of Portage la Prairie (Portage la Prairie, MB)	204-239-8340 (Fire Department)

9.2.9.4 Site Notifications, Continued

Pipeline Section 9

* 24-hour number

SUPPORTING AGENCIES	
Note: Depending upon the type of incident, Plains will initiate notification to the following federal and provincial supporting agencies.	
FEDERAL	
CANUTEC (Canadian Transport Emergency Centre) - Ottawa, ON	888-CAN-UTEC* 888-226-8832* 613-992-4624* (Information) 613-996-6666 *666 (Cellular)*
Note: As required, in the event of an emergency involving dangerous goods, call CANUTEC.	
CANUTEC is the Canadian Transport Emergency Centre operated by the Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG) Directorate of Transport Canada. This is a federal emergency service based in Ottawa, ON. CANUTEC provides immediate reference for information on chemical spills and will also advise on methods to safely neutralize, decontaminate, approach or handle dangerous substances.	
Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada (DFO)	800-889-8852* (Emergency)
Note: If there is a release into a water body of any substance deleterious to fish, contact Fisheries and Oceans Canada (only if fish bearing water body).	
Transport Canada - Ottawa Situation Centre	888-857-4003* 204-983-3152 (Daytime) 416-952-0490* (Office)
Note: Transport Canada's Prairie and Northern Region (Winnipeg Office) is responsible for transportation safety throughout Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Yukon, Northwest Territories and Nunavut.	
Air Traffic Control: NAV CANADA (NOTAM – Notice to Airmen)	866-541-4102* (Toll Free) 877-992-6853* (Transport Canada Aviation Operations Centre)
One common toll-free phone number automatically directs you to a Flight Information Centre in the service area from which the call originates.	
Manitoba Environment Climate and Parks Environmental and Spill Reporting Line	204-944-4888* (Emergency)

9.2.9.4 Site Notifications, Continued

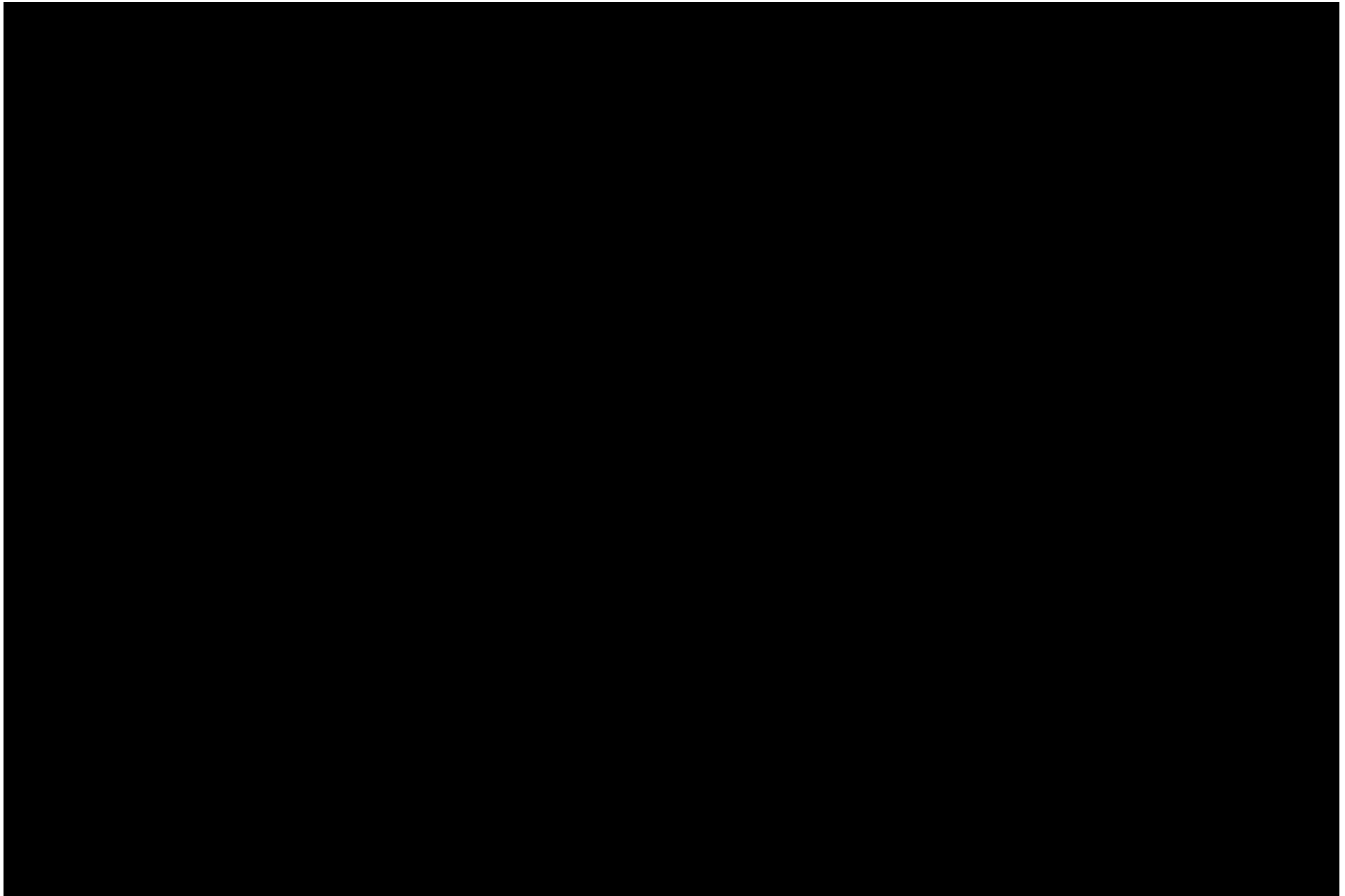
Pipeline Section 9

* 24-hour number

SUPPORTING AGENCIES, CONTINUED	
FEDERAL, Continued	
Note: Refer to Section 8: Government Agencies and Local Authorities, in the Plains Core Emergency Response Plan, for the Manitoba Emergency Measures Organization (MOE), Manitoba Sustainable Development and Canadian Environmental Protection Act Incident, Spill, and Release Reporting Requirements, which identifies who, what, where, when, why and how an environmental emergency is to be reported.	
MANITOBA	
Manitoba Workplace Safety and Health Branch (WSH)	855-957-SAFE (7233)* To Report an Incident
Manitoba Ministry of Labour and Immigration - Inspection and Technical Services	204-945-3373 (Daytime)
Manitoba Environment Climate and Parks Tip Line - Turn in Poachers - Report Forest Fires	800-782-0076
Manitoba Environment Climate and Parks Virden Conservation Officer	204-748-4240 (Daytime)
Note: The mandate of the Wildlife Branch is to protect wildlife resources.	
Manitoba Transportation and Infrastructure Region 3 - South Western (Birtle, MB)	204-842-7710* (Emergency)
Manitoba Transportation and Infrastructure Region 3 - South Western - Maintenance Manager (Brandon, MB)	204-726-6800
Manitoba Health Authority Winnipeg Regional Health Authority (Winnipeg, MB)	204-926-7000* (Emergency)
Manitoba Health Authority Southern Health – Sante Sud Region (Notre Dame de Lourdes, MB)	204-248-7250* (Emergency)
Manitoba Workers' Compensation Board (WCB) Headquarters	855-954-4321 (Toll Free)

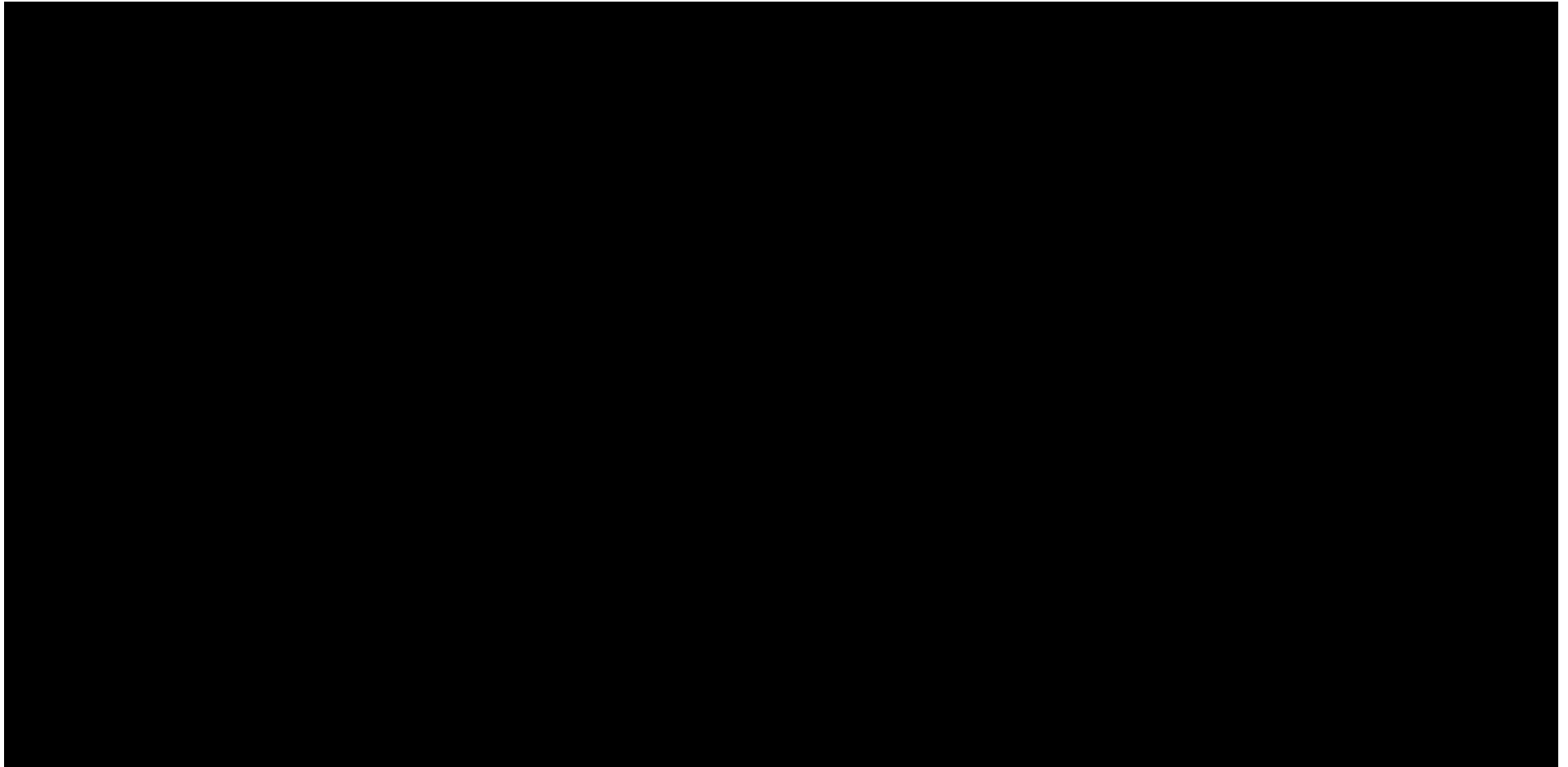
9.2.9.5 Technical Data

Pipeline Section 9



9.2.9.5 Technical Data, Continued

Pipeline Section 9



9.2.9.6 Major Accident Risk (MAR) Scenarios**Pipeline Section 9**

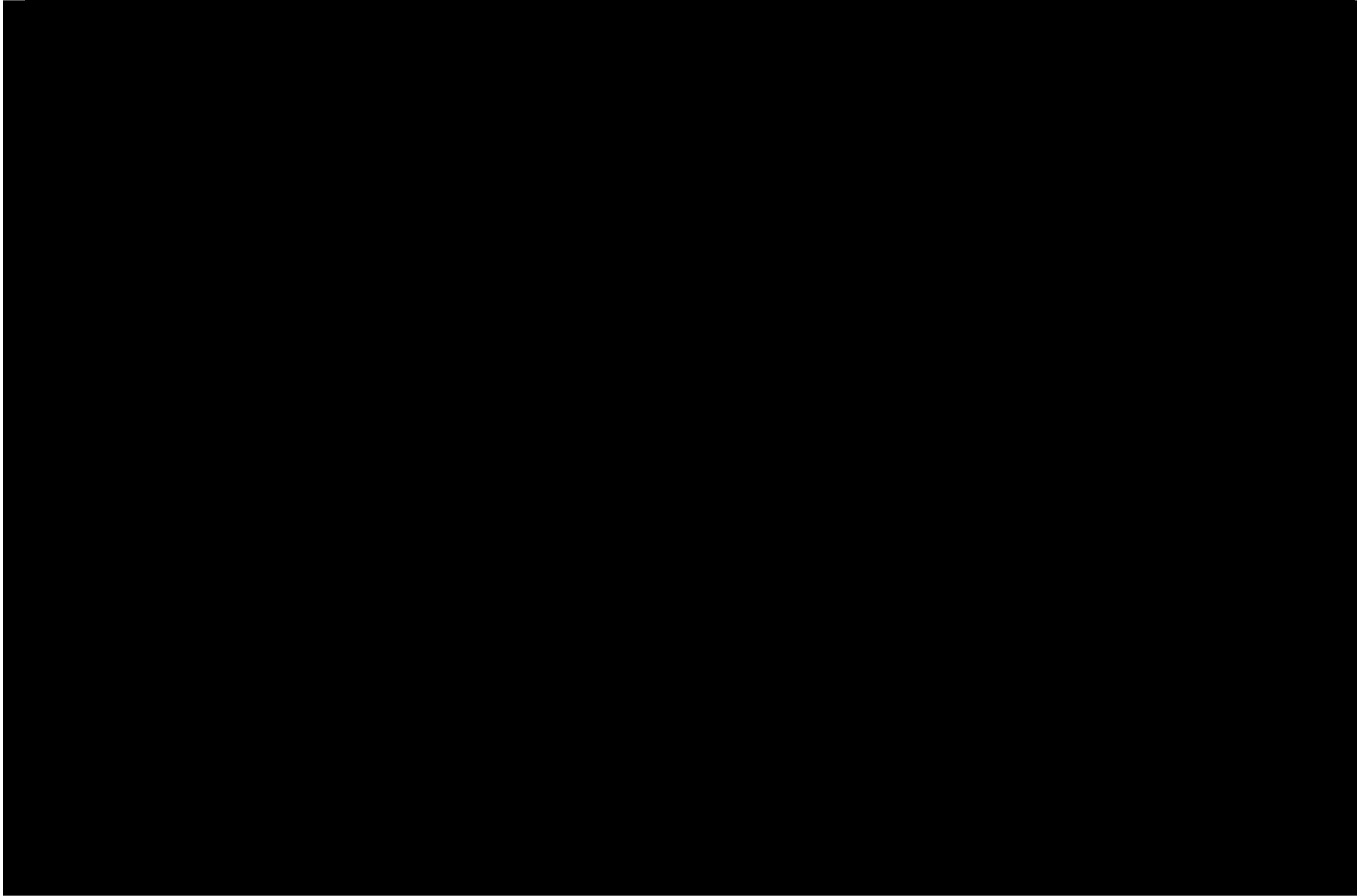
Not applicable to facility and/or area

9.2.9.7 Maps and Plot Plans**Pipeline Section 9**

9.2.9.7 Maps and Plot Plans, Continued

Pipeline Section 9

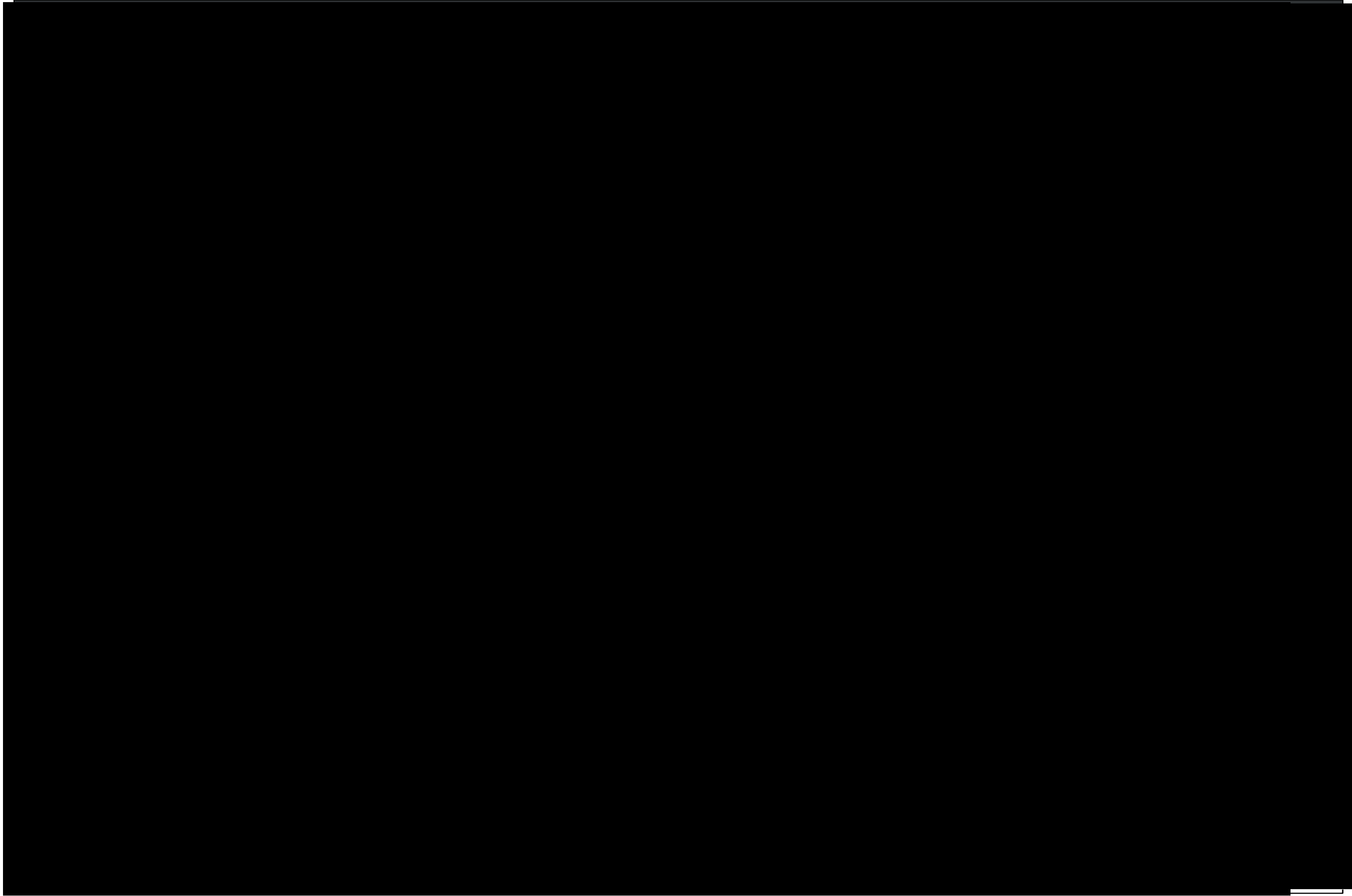




9.2.9.7 Maps and Plot Plans, Continued

Pipeline Section 9





9.2.9.8 Other Site-Specific Information

Pipeline Section 9



9.6 Local Public Information

Industrial Operators

Company	Telephone Number
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]

This page has been left intentionally blank.

9.2.9.9 Additional Site-Specific Information**Pipeline Section 9**

Not applicable to facility and/or area

9.3 CONSULTATION INFORMATION

The following confidential Personal information is only included in designated emergency response plan copies and is contained within a sealed envelope.